



Mitchell E. Daniels, Jr.
Governor

Thomas W. Easterly
Commissioner

100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204
(317) 232-8603
(800) 451-6027
www.IN.gov/idem

TO: Interested Parties / Applicant
DATE: May 30, 2007
RE: Newco Metals Processing, INC. / 093-24011-00032
FROM: Nisha Sizemore
Chief, Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

Notice of Decision: Approval – Effective Immediately

Please be advised that on behalf of the Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Management, I have issued a decision regarding the enclosed matter. Pursuant to IC 13-17-3-4 and 326 IAC 2, this permit modification is effective immediately, unless a petition for stay of effectiveness is filed and granted, and may be revoked or modified in accordance with the provisions of IC 13-15-7-1.

If you wish to challenge this decision, IC 4-21.5-3-7 and IC 13-15-7-3 require that you file a petition for administrative review. This petition may include a request for stay of effectiveness and must be submitted to the Office Environmental Adjudication, 100 North Senate Avenue, Government Center North, Room 1049, Indianapolis, IN 46204, **within eighteen (18) days of the mailing of this notice**. The filing of a petition for administrative review is complete on the earliest of the following dates that apply to the filing:

- (1) the date the document is delivered to the Office of Environmental Adjudication (OEA);
- (2) the date of the postmark on the envelope containing the document, if the document is mailed to OEA by U.S. mail; or
- (3) The date on which the document is deposited with a private carrier, as shown by receipt issued by the carrier, if the document is sent to the OEA by private carrier.

The petition must include facts demonstrating that you are either the applicant, a person aggrieved or adversely affected by the decision or otherwise entitled to review by law. Please identify the permit, decision, or other order for which you seek review by permit number, name of the applicant, location, date of this notice and all of the following:

- (1) the name and address of the person making the request;
- (2) the interest of the person making the request;
- (3) identification of any persons represented by the person making the request;
- (4) the reasons, with particularity, for the request;
- (5) the issues, with particularity, proposed for considerations at any hearing; and
- (6) identification of the terms and conditions which, in the judgment of the person making the request, would be appropriate in the case in question to satisfy the requirements of the law governing documents of the type issued by the Commissioner.

Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-18(d), any person may petition the U.S. EPA to object to the issuance of a Title V operating permit or modification within sixty (60) days of the end of the forty-five (45) day EPA review period. Such an objection must be based only on issues that were raised with reasonable specificity during the public comment period, unless the petitioner demonstrates that it was impracticable to raise such issues, or if the grounds for such objection arose after the comment period.

To petition the U.S. EPA to object to the issuance of a Title V operating permit, contact:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
401 M Street
Washington, D.C. 20406

If you have technical questions regarding the enclosed documents, please contact the Office of Air Quality, Permits Branch at (317) 233-0178. Callers from within Indiana may call toll-free at 1-800-451-6027, ext. 3-0178.



INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
We make Indiana a cleaner, healthier place to live.

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Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251
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Mr. Paul Boening
Newco Metals Processing, Inc
4635 Peerless Road
Bedford, IN 47421

May 30, 2007

Re: 093-24011-00032
Fourth Significant Permit Modification to
Part 70 No.: T 093-7641-00032

Dear Mr. Boening.:

Newco Metals Processing, Inc. was issued a permit on September 1, 1999 for a stationary aluminum processing source. A letter requesting changes to this permit was received on November 29, 2006. Pursuant to the provisions of 326 IAC 2-7-12 a significant permit modification to this permit is hereby approved as described in the attached Technical Support Document.

The first part of this modification consists of a change from the current limit of 0.094 pounds of PM10 per ton of aluminum processed by the Magnetic Separator to 0.247 pounds of PM10 per ton of aluminum processed. The second part of this modification consists of combining the PSD minor emissions limitations for the two (2) rotary furnaces (RF-A and RF-B) and the hammermill (HM) in the permit because the units all share the same baghouse and combining emissions limitations would allow compliance testing to be conducted from a single emission point.

All other conditions of the permit shall remain unchanged and in effect. Please find enclosed a copy of the revised permit.

This decision is subject to the Indiana Administrative Orders and Procedures Act - IC 4-21.5-3-5. If you have any questions on this matter, please contact Kristen Layton, OAQ, 100 North Senate Avenue, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251, or call at (800) 451-6027, and ask for Kristen Layton or extension 3-3031, or dial (317) 233-3031.

Original signed by

Nisha Sizemore, Chief
Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

Attachments

KRL

cc: File - Lawrence County
U.S. EPA, Region V
Lawrence County Health Department
Air Compliance Section Inspector – Dick Sekula
Compliance Data Section
Administrative and Development



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PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY

**Newco Metals Processing, Inc.
4635 Peerless Road
Bedford, Indiana 47421**

(herein known as the Permittee) is hereby authorized to operate subject to the conditions contained herein, the source described in Section A (Source Summary) of this permit.

This permit is issued in accordance with 326 IAC 2 and 40 CFR Part 70 Appendix A and contains the conditions and provisions specified in 326 IAC 2-8 as required by 42 U.S.C. 7401, et. seq. (Clean Air Act as amended by the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments), 40 CFR Part 70.6, IC 13-15 and IC 13-17.

Operation Permit No.: T 093-7641-00032	
Issued by: Janet G. McCabe, Assistant Commissioner Office of Air Quality	Issuance Date: September 1, 1999 Expiration Date: September 1, 2004

First Reopening No. 093-13383-00032, issued on January 8, 2002
First Administrative Amendment 093-15433-00032, issued on January 28, 2002
First Significant Permit Modification 093-15313-00032, issued on December 3, 2002
Second Significant Permit Modification 093-18282-00032, issued on April 8, 2004
Second Administrative Amendment 093- 19425-00032, issued on November 22, 2004
Third Significant Permit Modification 093-21627-00032, issued on August 3, 2006

Fourth Significant Permit Modification: 093-24011-00032	
Original signed by: Nisha Sizemore, Chief Permits Branch Office of Air Quality	Issuance Date: May 30, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

A SOURCE SUMMARY

- A.1 General Information [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]
- A.2 Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment Summary [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)(3)]
[326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]
- A.3 Specifically Regulated Insignificant Activities [326 IAC 2-7-1(21)] [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)]
[326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]
- A.4 Part 70 Permit Applicability [326 IAC 2-7-2]

B GENERAL CONDITIONS

- B.1 Permit No Defense [326 IAC 2-1-10] [IC 13]
- B.2 Definitions [326 IAC 2-7-1]
- B.3 Permit Term [326 IAC 2-7-5(2)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5] [326 IAC 2-7-4(a)(1)(D)]
[IC 13-15-3-6(a)]
- B.4 Enforceability [326 IAC 2-7-7(a)]
- B.5 Termination of Right to Operate [326 IAC 2-7-10] [326 IAC 2-7-4(a)]
- B.6 Severability [326 IAC 2-7-5(5)]
- B.7 Property Rights or Exclusive Privilege [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(D)]
- B.8 Duty to Supplement and Provide Information [326 IAC 2-7-4(b)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(E)]
- B.9 Compliance with Permit Conditions [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(A)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(B)]
- B.10 Certification [326 IAC 2-7-4(f)] [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)]
- B.11 Annual Compliance Certification [326 IAC 2-7-6(5)]
- B.12 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(1),(3) and (13)] [326 IAC 2-7-6(1) and (6)]
[326 IAC 1-6-3]
- B.13 Emergency Provisions [326 IAC 2-7-16]
- B.14 Permit Shield [326 IAC 2-7-15]
- B.15 Multiple Exceedances [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)(E)]
- B.16 Deviations from Permit Requirements and Conditions [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)(ii)]
- B.17 Permit Modification, Reopening, Revocation and Reissuance, or Termination
[326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(C)] [326 IAC 2-7-8(a)] [326 IAC 2-7-9]
- B.18 Permit Renewal [326 IAC 2-7-4] [326 IAC 2-7-8(e)]
- B.19 Permit Amendment or Modification [326 IAC 2-7-11] [326 IAC 2-7-12]
- B.20 Permit Revision Under Economic Incentives and Other Programs [326 IAC 2-7-5(8)]
[326 IAC 2-7-12(b)(2)]
- B.21 Changes Under Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act [326 IAC 2-7-20(b)]
- B.22 Operational Flexibility [326 IAC 2-7-20] [326 IAC 2-7-10.5]
- B.23 Construction Permit Requirement [326 IAC 2]
- B.24 Inspection and Entry [326 IAC 2-7-6(2)]
- B.25 Transfer of Ownership or Operation [326 IAC 2-1-6] [326 IAC 2-7-11]
- B.26 Annual Fee Payment [326 IAC 2-7-19] [326 IAC 2-7-5(7)]
- B.27 Enhanced New Source Review [326 IAC 2]
- B.28 Credible Evidence [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-6] [62 FR 8314] [326 IAC 1-1-6]
- B.29 Term of Conditions [326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5]

C SOURCE OPERATION CONDITIONS

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- C.1 Particulate Matter Emission Limitations For Processes with Process Weight Rates Less
Than One Hundred (100) Pounds per Hour [326 IAC 6-3-2]
- C.2 Opacity [326 IAC 5-1]
- C.3 Open Burning [326 IAC 4-1] [IC 13-17-9]
- C.4 Incineration [326 IAC 4-2][326 IAC 9-1-2]
- C.5 Fugitive Dust Emissions [326 IAC 6-4]

- C.6 Fugitive Particulate Matter Emission Limitations [326 IAC 6-5]
- C.7 Asbestos Abatement Projects [326 IAC 14-10] [326 IAC 18] [40 CFR 61.140]

Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

- C.8 Performance Testing [326 IAC 3-6]

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

- C.9 Compliance Schedule [326 IAC 2-7-6(3)]
- C.10 Compliance Monitoring [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]
- C.11 Maintenance of Monitoring Equipment [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(A)(iii)]
- C.12 Monitoring Methods [326 IAC 3]
- C.13 Instrument Specifications

Corrective Actions and Response Steps [326 IAC 2-7-5] [326 IAC 2-7-6]

- C.14 Emergency Reduction Plans [326 IAC 1-5-2] [326 IAC 1-5-3]
- C.15 Risk Management Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(12)] [40 CFR 68.215]
- C.16 Response to Excursions or Exceedances [326 IAC 2-7-5] [326 IAC 2-7-6]
- C.17 Actions Related to Noncompliance Demonstrated by a Stack Test [326 IAC 2-7-5] [326 IAC 2-7-6]

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

- C.18 Emission Statement [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)(iii)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(7)] [326 IAC 2-7-19(c)] [326 IAC 2-6]
- C.19 Monitoring Data Availability [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)]
- C.20 General Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-6]
- C.21 General Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)]

Stratospheric Ozone Protection

- C.22 Compliance with 40 CFR 82 and 326 IAC 22-1

D.1 FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS - Two (2) rotary furnaces and one (1) hammermill

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- D.1.1 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]
- D.1.2 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]
- D.1.3 Opacity [326 IAC 2-1-3(i)(B)]

Compliance Determination Requirements

- D.1.4 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]
- D.1.5 Particulate Matter (PM)

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- D.1.6 Visible Emissions Notations
- D.1.7 Baghouse Parametric Monitoring
- D.1.8 Broken Bag or Failed Bag Detection

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

- D.1.9 Record Keeping Requirements

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- D.1.10 General Provisions Relating to NESHAP RRR [326 IAC 20-1] [40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A]
- D.1.11 NESHAP RRR Requirements [40 CFR Part 63, Subpart RRR] [326 IAC 20-70-1]
- D.1.12 One Time Deadlines Relating to NESHAP RRR

D.2 FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS - One (1) conveyorized screen separator, SS

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- D.2.1 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]
- D.2.2 Particulate Matter (PM) [326 IAC 6-3-2(e)]
- D.2.3 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

Compliance Determination Requirements

- D.2.4 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]
- D.2.5 Particulate Matter (PM)

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- D.2.6 Visible Emissions Notations
- D.2.7 Baghouse Parametric Monitoring
- D.2.8 Broken Bag or Failed Bag Detection

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

- D.2.9 Record Keeping Requirements
- D.2.10 Reporting Requirements

D.3 FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS - One (1) double drum magnetic separator, MS

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- D.3.1 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]
- D.3.2 Particulate Matter (PM) [326 IAC 6-3-2(e)]
- D.3.3 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

Compliance Determination Requirements

- D.3.4 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]
- D.3.5 Particulate Matter (PM)

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- D.3.6 Visible Emissions Notations
- D.3.7 Baghouse Parametric Monitoring
- D.3.8 Broken Bag or Failed Bag Detection

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

- D.3.9 Record Keeping Requirements
- D.3.10 Reporting Requirements

D.4 FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS - Specifically Regulated Insignificant Activity

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- D.4.1 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

Compliance Determination Requirements

- D.4.2 Particulate Matter (PM)

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

- D.4.3 Record Keeping Requirements
- D.4.4 Reporting Requirements

Certification Form
Part 70 Quarterly Report Forms
Semi-Annual Compliance Monitoring Form
Emergency/Deviation Occurrence Report

SECTION A

SOURCE SUMMARY

This permit is based on information requested by the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM), Office of Air Quality (OAQ). The information describing the source contained in conditions A.1 through A.3 is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions. However, the Permittee should be aware that a physical change or a change in the method of operation that may render this descriptive information obsolete or inaccurate may trigger requirements for the Permittee to obtain additional permits or seek modification of this permit pursuant to 326 IAC 2, or change other applicable requirements presented in the permit application.

A.1 General Information [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

The Permittee owns and operates a stationary aluminum processing source.

Source Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Mailing Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
SIC Code: 3341
County Location: Lawrence
County Status: Attainment for all criteria pollutants
Source Status: Part 70 Permit Program
Minor Source, under PSD Rules
Major Source, Section 112 of the Clean Air Act
1 of 28 Source Categories

A.2 Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment Summary [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

This stationary source consists of the following emission units and pollution control devices:

- (a) Two (2) natural gas-fired rotary furnaces that are not operated concurrently, identified as RF-A (constructed in 1996) and RF-B (constructed in 2006), each with a maximum heat input capacity of 10.0 million British thermal units per hour, and a maximum capacity of 10.0 tons of aluminum per hour, using a capture hood and a baghouse (DR-BH) as control, and exhausting to stack DR-BH-1.
- (b) One (1) conveyORIZED screen separator, identified as SS, with a maximum capacity of 8,000 pounds of scrap aluminum per hour, using a capture hood and a baghouse (SS-BH) as control, and exhausting to stack SS-BH.
- (c) One (1) double drum magnetic separator, identified as MS, with a maximum capacity of 3,000 pounds of scrap aluminum per hour, using a capture hood and a baghouse (MS-BH) as control, and exhausting to stack MS-BH.
- (d) One (1) hammermill (aluminum scrap shredder), identified as HM, equipped with a baghouse (DR-BH) and exhausting to stack DR-BH-1, capacity: 7.5 tons of aluminum per hour.

A.3 Specifically Regulated Insignificant Activities [326 IAC 2-7-1(21)] [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

This stationary source also includes the following insignificant activities which are specifically regulated, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21):

Other activities or categories not previously identified:

One (1) insignificant dross cooling operation, capacity: 6,516 pounds (3.258 tons) of dross per hour. (326 IAC 2-2, PSD Minor Limit)

A.4 Part 70 Permit Applicability [326 IAC 2-7-2]

This stationary source is required to have a Part 70 permit by 326 IAC 2-7-2 (Applicability) because:

- (a) It is a major source, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(22);
- (b) It is a source in a source category designated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) under 40 CFR 70.3 (Part 70 - Applicability).

SECTION B GENERAL CONDITIONS

B.1 Permit No Defense [326 IAC 2-1-10] [IC 13]

- (a) Indiana statutes from IC 13 and rules from 326 IAC, quoted in conditions in this permit, are those applicable at the time the permit was issued. The issuance or possession of this permit shall not alone constitute a defense against an alleged violation of any law, regulation or standard, except for the requirement to obtain a Part 70 permit under 326 IAC 2-7.
- (b) This prohibition shall not apply to alleged violations of applicable requirements for which the Commissioner has granted a permit shield in accordance with 326 IAC 2-1-3.2 or 326 IAC 2-7-15, as set out in this permit in the Section B condition entitled "Permit Shield."

B.2 Definitions [326 IAC 2-7-1]

Terms in this permit shall have the definition assigned to such terms in the referenced regulation. In the absence of definitions in the referenced regulation, any applicable definitions found in IC 13-11, 326 IAC 1-2 and 326 IAC 2-7 shall prevail.

B.3 Permit Term [326 IAC 2-7-5(2)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5] [326 IAC 2-7-4(a)(1)(D)] [IC 13-15-3-6(a)]

- (a) This permit, T 093-7641-00032 is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years from the original date, as determined in accordance with IC 4-21.5-3-5(f) and IC 13-15-5-3. Subsequent revisions, modifications, or amendments of this permit do not affect the expiration date.
- (b) If IDEM, OAQ, upon receiving a timely and complete renewal application, fails to issue or deny the permit renewal prior to the expiration date of this permit, this existing permit shall not expire and all terms and conditions shall continue in effect, including any permit shield provided in 326 IAC 2-7-15, until the renewal permit has been issued or denied.

B.4 Enforceability [326 IAC 2-7-7(a)]

- (a) All terms and conditions in this permit, including any provisions designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by IDEM.
- (b) Unless otherwise stated, terms and conditions of this permit, including any provisions to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) and citizens under the Clean Air Act.

B.5 Termination of Right to Operate [326 IAC 2-7-10] [326 IAC 2-7-4(a)]

The Permittee's right to operate this source terminates with the expiration of this permit unless a timely and complete renewal application is submitted at least nine (9) months prior to the date of expiration of the source's existing permit, consistent with 326 IAC 2-7-3 and 326 IAC 2-7-4(a).

B.6 Severability [326 IAC 2-7-5(5)]

The provisions of this permit are severable; a determination that any portion of this permit is invalid shall not affect the validity of the remainder of the permit.

B.7 Property Rights or Exclusive Privilege [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(D)]

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

B.8 Duty to Supplement and Provide Information [326 IAC 2-7-4(b)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(E)]

- (a) The Permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permits Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

- (b) The Permittee shall furnish to IDEM, OAQ, within a reasonable time, any information that IDEM, OAQ, may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit.
- (c) Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to IDEM, OAQ, copies of records required to be kept by this permit. If the Permittee wishes to assert a claim of confidentiality over any of the furnished records, the Permittee must furnish such records to IDEM, OAQ, along with a claim of confidentiality under 326 IAC 17. If requested by IDEM, OAQ, or the U.S. EPA, to furnish copies of requested records directly to U.S. EPA, and if the Permittee is making a claim of confidentiality regarding the furnished records, then the Permittee must furnish such confidential records directly to the U.S. EPA along with a claim of confidentiality under 40 CFR 2, Subpart B.

B.9 Compliance with Permit Conditions [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(A)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(B)]

- (a) The Permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Noncompliance with any provisions of this permit constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act and is grounds for:
 - (1) Enforcement action;
 - (2) Permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or
 - (3) Denial of a permit renewal application.
- (b) It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

B.10 Certification [326 IAC 2-7-4(f)] [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)]

- (a) Any application form, report, or compliance certification submitted under this permit shall contain certification by a responsible official of truth, accuracy, and completeness. This certification, and any other certification required under this permit, shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.
- (b) One (1) certification shall be included, using the attached Certification Form, with each submittal requiring certification. One (1) certification may cover multiple forms in one (1) submittal.
- (c) A responsible official is defined at 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

B.11 Annual Compliance Certification [326 IAC 2-7-6(5)]

- (a) The Permittee shall annually submit a compliance certification report which addresses the status of the source's compliance with the terms and conditions contained in this permit, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices. The certification shall cover the time period from January 1 to December 31 of the previous year, and shall be submitted no later than July 1 of each year to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance Data Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region V
Air and Radiation Division, Air Enforcement Branch - Indiana (AE-17J)
77 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590

- (b) The annual compliance certification report required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ, on or before the date it is due.
- (c) The annual compliance certification report shall include the following:
- (1) The identification of each term or condition of this permit that is the basis of the certification;
 - (2) The compliance status;
 - (3) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
 - (4) The methods used for determining compliance of the source, currently and over the reporting period consistent with 326 IAC 2-7-5(3);
 - (5) Such other facts, as specified in Sections D of this permit, as IDEM, OAQ, may require to determine the compliance status of the source.

The submittal by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

B.12 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(1),(3) and (13)] [326 IAC 2-7-6(1) and (6)]
[326 IAC 1-6-3]

- (a) If required by specific condition(s) in Section D of this permit, the Permittee shall prepare and maintain Preventive Maintenance Plans (PMP) within ninety (90) days after issuance of this permit, including the following information on each facility:
- (1) Identification of the individual(s) responsible for inspecting, maintaining, and repairing emission control devices;
 - (2) A description of the items or conditions that will be inspected and the inspection schedule for said items or conditions;
 - (3) Identification and quantification of the replacement parts that will be maintained in inventory for quick replacement.

If due to circumstances beyond its control, the PMP cannot be prepared and maintained within the above time frame, the Permittee may extend the date an additional ninety (90) days provided the Permittee notifies:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

- (b) A copy of the PMPs shall be submitted to IDEM, OAQ, upon request and within a reasonable time, and shall be subject to review and approval by IDEM, OAQ. IDEM, OAQ, may require the Permittee to revise its PMPs whenever lack of proper maintenance causes or contributes to any violation. The PMPs do not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (c) Records of preventive maintenance shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years. These records shall be kept at the source location for a minimum of three (3) years. The records may be stored elsewhere for the remaining two (2) years as long as they are available upon request. If the Commissioner makes a request for records to the Permittee, the Permittee shall furnish the records to the Commissioner within a reasonable time.

B.13 Emergency Provisions [326 IAC 2-7-16]

- (a) An emergency, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12), is not an affirmative defense for an action brought for noncompliance with a federal or state health-based emission limitation, except as provided in 326 IAC 2-7-16.
- (b) An emergency, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12), constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with a technology-based emission limitation if the affirmative defense of an emergency is demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence that describe the following:
 - (1) An emergency occurred and the Permittee can, to the extent possible, identify the causes of the emergency;
 - (2) The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - (3) During the period of an emergency, the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards or other requirements in this permit;
 - (4) For each emergency lasting one (1) hour or more, the Permittee notified IDEM, OAQ, within four (4) daytime business hours after the beginning of the emergency, or after the emergency was discovered or reasonably should have been discovered;

Telephone Number: 1-800-451-6027 (ask for Office of Air Quality, Compliance Section), or
Telephone Number: 317-233-0178 (ask for Compliance Section)
Facsimile Number: 317-233-6865

- (5) For each emergency lasting one (1) hour or more, the Permittee submitted notice, either in writing or facsimile, of the emergency to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

within two (2) working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency.

The notice fulfills the requirement of 326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)(ii) and must contain the following:

- (A) A description of the emergency;
- (B) Any steps taken to mitigate the emissions; and
- (C) Corrective actions taken.

The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (6) The Permittee immediately took all reasonable steps to correct the emergency.
- (c) In any enforcement proceeding, the Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- (d) This emergency provision supersedes 326 IAC 1-6 (Malfunctions) for sources subject to this rule after the effective date of this rule. This permit condition is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
- (e) The Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency shall make records available upon request to ensure that failure to implement a PMP did not cause or contribute to an exceedance of any limitations on emissions. However, IDEM, OAQ, may require that the Preventive Maintenance Plans required under 326 IAC 2-7-4-(c)(9) be revised in response to an emergency.
- (f) Failure to notify IDEM, OAQ, by telephone or facsimile of an emergency lasting more than one (1) hour in compliance with (b)(4) and (5) of this condition shall constitute a violation of 326 IAC 2-7 and any other applicable rules.
- (g) Operations may continue during an emergency only if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) If the emergency situation causes a deviation from a technology-based limit, the Permittee may continue to operate the affected emitting facilities during the emergency provided the Permittee immediately takes all reasonable steps to correct the emergency and minimize emissions.
 - (2) If an emergency situation causes a deviation from a health-based limit, the Permittee may not continue to operate the affected emissions facilities unless:
 - (A) The Permittee immediately takes all reasonable steps to correct the emergency situation and to minimize emissions; and
 - (B) Continued operation of the facilities is necessary to prevent imminent injury to persons, severe damage to equipment, substantial loss of capital investment, or loss of product or raw materials of substantial economic value.

Any operation shall continue no longer than the minimum time required to prevent the situations identified in (g)(2)(B) of this condition.

B.14 Permit Shield [326 IAC 2-7-15]

-
- (a) This condition provides a permit shield as addressed in 326 IAC 2-7-15.
- (b) This permit shall be used as the primary document for determining compliance with applicable requirements established by previously issued permits. Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed in compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance, provided that:
- (1) The applicable requirements are included and specifically identified in this permit; or
 - (2) The permit contains an explicit determination or concise summary of a determination that other specifically identified requirements are not applicable.
- (c) If, after issuance of this permit, it is determined that the permit is in nonconformance with an applicable requirement that applied to the source on the date of permit issuance, including any term or condition from a previously issued construction or operation permit, IDEM, OAQ, shall immediately take steps to reopen and revise this permit and issue a compliance order to the Permittee to ensure expeditious compliance with the applicable requirement until the permit is reissued. The permit shield shall continue in effect so long as the Permittee is in compliance with the compliance order.
- (d) No permit shield shall apply to any permit term or condition that is determined after issuance of this permit to have been based on erroneous information supplied in the permit application.
- (e) Nothing in 326 IAC 2-7-15 or in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
- (1) The provisions of Section 303 of the Clean Air Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the U.S. EPA under Section 303 of the Clean Air Act;
 - (2) The liability of the Permittee for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of this permit's issuance;
 - (3) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Clean Air Act; and
 - (4) The ability of U.S. EPA to obtain information from the Permittee under Section 114 of the Clean Air Act.
- (f) This permit shield is not applicable to any change made under 326 IAC 2-7-20(b)(2) (Sections 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act changes) and 326 IAC 2-7-20(c)(2) (trading based on State Implementation Plan (SIP) provisions).
- (g) This permit shield is not applicable to modifications eligible for group processing until after IDEM, OAQ, has issued the modifications. [326 IAC 2-7-12(c)(7)]
- (h) This permit shield is not applicable to minor Part 70 permit modifications until after IDEM, OAQ, has issued the modification. [326 IAC 2-7-12(b)(8)]

B.15 Multiple Exceedances [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)(E)]

Any exceedance of a permit limitation or condition contained in this permit, which occurs contemporaneously with an exceedance of an associated surrogate or operating parameter established to detect or assure compliance with that limit or condition, both arising out of the same act or occurrence, shall constitute a single potential violation of this permit.

B.16 Deviations from Permit Requirements and Conditions [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)(ii)]

- (a) Deviations from any permit requirements (for emergencies see Section B - Emergency Provisions), the probable cause of such deviations, and any response steps or preventive measures taken shall be reported to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the discovery of the deviation.

- (b) A deviation is an exceedance of a permit limitation or a failure to comply with a requirement of the permit or a rule. It does not include:

- (1) An excursion from compliance monitoring parameters as identified in Section D of this permit unless tied to an applicable rule or limit; or
- (2) An emergency as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12); or
- (3) Failure to implement elements of the Preventive Maintenance Plan unless lack of maintenance has caused or contributed to a deviation.
- (4) Failure to make or record information required by the compliance monitoring provisions of Section D unless such failure exceeds 5% of the required data in any calendar quarter.

A Permittee's failure to take the appropriate response step when an excursion of a compliance monitoring parameter has occurred is a deviation.

- (c) Written notification shall be submitted on the attached Emergency/Deviation Occurrence Reporting Form or its substantial equivalent. The notification does not need to be certified by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (d) Proper notice submittal under 326 IAC 2-7-16 satisfies the requirement of this subsection.

B.17 Permit Modification, Reopening, Revocation and Reissuance, or Termination
[326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(C)] [326 IAC 2-7-8(a)] [326 IAC 2-7-9]

- (a) This permit may be modified, reopened, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a Part 70 permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated non-compliance does not stay any condition of this permit. [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(C)]
- (b) This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the circumstances listed in IC 13-15-7-2 or if IDEM, OAQ, determines any of the following:
- (1) That this permit contains a material mistake.
 - (2) That inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions.
 - (3) That this permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with an applicable requirement. [326 IAC 2-7-9(a)(3)]
- (c) Proceedings by IDEM, OAQ, to reopen and revise this permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of this

permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening and revision shall be made as expeditiously as practicable. [326 IAC 2-7-9(b)]

- (d) The reopening and revision of this permit, under 326 IAC 2-7-9(a), shall not be initiated before notice of such intent is provided to the Permittee by IDEM, OAQ, at least thirty (30) days in advance of the date this permit is to be reopened, except that IDEM, OAQ, may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency. [326 IAC 2-7-9(c)]

B.18 Permit Renewal [326 IAC 2-7-4] [326 IAC 2-7-8(e)]

- (a) The application for renewal shall be submitted using the application form or forms prescribed by IDEM, OAQ, and shall include the information specified in 326 IAC 2-7-4. Such information shall be included in the application for each emission unit at this source, except those emission units included on the trivial or insignificant activities list contained in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21) and 326 IAC 2-7-1(40).

Request for renewal shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permits Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

- (b) A timely renewal application is one that is:
- (1) Submitted at least nine (9) months prior to the date of the expiration of this permit; and
 - (2) If the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ, on or before the date it is due. [326 IAC 2-5-3]
- (c) If the Permittee submits a timely and complete application for renewal of this permit, the source's failure to have a permit is not a violation of 326 IAC 2-7 until IDEM, OAQ, takes final action on the renewal application, except that this protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the Permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by IDEM, OAQ, any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.

B.19 Permit Amendment or Modification [326 IAC 2-7-11] [326 IAC 2-7-12]

- (a) The Permittee must comply with the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-11 or 326 IAC 2-7-12 whenever the Permittee seeks to amend or modify this permit.
- (b) Any application requesting an amendment or modification of this permit shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permits Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

Any such application should be certified by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34) only if a certification is required by the terms of the applicable rule.

- (c) The Permittee may implement administrative amendment changes addressed in the request for an administrative amendment immediately upon submittal of the request. [326 IAC 2-7-11(c)(3)]

B.20 Permit Revision Under Economic Incentives and Other Programs [326 IAC 2-7-5(8)]
[326 IAC 2-7-12 (b)(2)]

- (a) No Part 70 permit revision shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable Part 70 permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in a Part 70 permit.
- (b) Notwithstanding 326 IAC 2-7-12(b)(1)(D)(i) and 326 IAC 2-7-12(c)(1), minor Part 70 permit modification procedures may be used for Part 70 modifications involving the use of economic incentives, marketable Part 70 permits, emissions trading, and other similar approaches to the extent that such minor Part 70 permit modification procedures are explicitly provided for in the applicable State Implementation Plan (SIP) or in applicable requirements promulgated or approved by the U.S. EPA.

B.21 Changes Under Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act [326 IAC 2-7-20(b)]

The Permittee may make Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act changes (this term is defined at 326 IAC 2-7-1(36)) without a permit revision, subject to the constraint of 326 IAC 2-7-20(a) and the following additional conditions:

- (a) For each such change, the required written notification shall include a brief description of the change within the source, the date on which the change will occur, any change in emissions, and any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change.
- (b) The permit shield, described in 326 IAC 2-7-15, shall not apply to any change made under 326 IAC 2-7-20(b).

B.22 Operational Flexibility [326 IAC 2-7-20]

- (a) The Permittee may make any change or changes at the source that are described in 326 IAC 2-7-20(b), (c), or (e), without a prior permit revision, if each of the following conditions is met:

- (1) The changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act;
- (2) Any approval required by 326 IAC 2-1 has been obtained;
- (3) The changes do not result in emissions which exceed the limitations provided in this permit (whether expressed herein as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions);
- (4) The Permittee notifies the:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permits Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region V
Air and Radiation Division, Regulation Development Branch - Indiana (AR-18J)
77 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590

in advance of the change by written notification at least ten (10) days in advance of the proposed change. The Permittee shall attach every such notice to the Permittee's copy of this permit; and

- (5) The Permittee maintains records on-site, on a rolling five (5) year basis, which document all such changes and emission trades that are subject to 326 IAC 2-7-20(b), (c), or (e). The Permittee shall make such records available, upon reasonable request, for public review.
- (b) For each such Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act change, the required written notification shall include the following:
 - (1) A brief description of the change within the source;
 - (2) The date on which the change will occur;
 - (3) Any change in emissions; and
 - (4) Any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change.

The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (c) Emission Trades [326 IAC 2-7-20(c)]
The Permittee may trade emissions increases and decreases at the source, where the applicable SIP provides for such emission trades without requiring a permit revision, subject to the constraints of Section (a) of this condition and those in 326 IAC 2-7-20(c).
- (d) Alternative Operating Scenarios [326 IAC 2-7-20(d)]
The Permittee may make changes at the source within the range of alternative operating scenarios that are described in the terms and conditions of this permit in accordance with 326 IAC 2-7-5(9). No prior notification of IDEM, OAQ, or U.S. EPA is required.
- (e) Backup fuel switches specifically addressed in, and limited under, Section D of this permit shall not be considered alternative operating scenarios. Therefore, the notification requirements of part (a) of this condition do not apply.

B.23 Construction Permit Requirement [326 IAC 2]

Except as allowed by Indiana P.L. 130-1996 Section 12, as amended by P.L. 244-1997, modification, construction, or reconstruction shall be approved as required by and in accordance with 326 IAC 2.

B.24 Inspection and Entry [326 IAC 2-7-6(2)]

Upon presentation of proper identification cards, credentials, and other documents as may be required by law, the Permittee shall allow IDEM, OAQ, U.S. EPA, or an authorized representative to perform the following:

- (a) Enter upon the Permittee's premises where a Part 70 source is located, or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;

- (b) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (c) Inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (d) Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements; and
- (e) Utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring, or other equipment for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements. [326 IAC 2-7-6(6)]
 - (1) The Permittee may assert a claim that, in the opinion of the Permittee, information removed or about to be removed from the source by IDEM, OAQ, or an authorized representative, contains information that is confidential under IC 5-14-3-4(a). The claim shall be made in writing before or at the time the information is removed from the source. In the event that a claim of confidentiality is so asserted, neither IDEM, OAQ, nor an authorized representative, may disclose the information unless and until IDEM, OAQ, makes a determination under 326 IAC 17-1-7 through 326 IAC 17-1-9 that the information is not entitled to confidential treatment and that determination becomes final. [IC 5-14-3-4; IC 13-14-11-3; 326 IAC 17-1-7 through 326 IAC 17-1-9]
 - (2) The Permittee, and IDEM, OAQ, acknowledge that the federal law applies to claims of confidentiality made by the Permittee with regard to information removed or about to be removed from the source by U.S. EPA. [40 CFR Part 2, Subpart B]

B.25 Transfer of Ownership or Operation [326 IAC 2-1-6] [326 IAC 2-7-11]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-1-6 and 326 IAC 2-7-11:

- (a) In the event that ownership of this source is changed, the Permittee shall notify IDEM, OAQ, Permits Branch, within thirty (30) days of the change. Notification shall include a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the Permittee and the new owner.
- (b) The written notification shall be sufficient to transfer the permit to the new owner by an administrative amendment pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-11. The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (c) IDEM, OAQ, shall reserve the right to issue a new permit.

B.26 Annual Fee Payment [326 IAC 2-7-19] [326 IAC 2-7-5(7)]

- (a) The Permittee shall pay annual fees to IDEM, OAQ, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of a billing. If the Permittee does not receive a bill from IDEM, OAQ, the applicable fee is due April 1 of each year.
- (b) Failure to pay may result in administrative enforcement action, or revocation of this permit.

- (c) The Permittee may call the following telephone numbers: 1-800-451-6027 or 317-233-4230 (ask for OAQ, Billing, Licensing, and Training Section), to determine the appropriate permit fee.

B.27 Enhanced New Source Review [326 IAC 2]

The requirements of the construction permit rules in 326 IAC 2 are satisfied by this permit for any previously unpermitted facilities and facilities to be constructed within eighteen (18) months after the date of issuance of this permit, as listed in Sections A.2 and A.3.

B.28 Credible Evidence [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-6] [62 FR 8314] [326 IAC 1-1-6]

For the purpose of submitting compliance certifications or establishing whether or not the Permittee has violated or is in violation of any condition of this permit, nothing in this permit shall preclude the use, including the exclusive use, of any credible evidence or information relevant to whether the Permittee would have been in compliance with the condition of this permit if the appropriate performance or compliance test or procedure had been performed.

B.29 Term of Conditions [326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5]

Notwithstanding the permit term of a permit to construct, a permit to operate, or a permit modification, any condition established in a permit issued pursuant to a permitting program approved in the state implementation plan shall remain in effect until:

- (a) the condition is modified in a subsequent permit action pursuant to Title I of the Clean Air Act; or
- (b) the emission unit to which the condition pertains permanently ceases operation.

SECTION C

SOURCE OPERATION CONDITIONS

Entire Source

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

C.1 Particulate Matter Emission Limitations For Processes with Process Weight Rates Less Than One Hundred (100) Pounds per Hour [326 IAC 6-3-2]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-3-2(e)(2), particulate emissions from any process not exempt under 326 IAC 6-3-1(b) or (c) which has a maximum process weight rate less than 100 pounds per hour and the methods in 326 IAC 6-3-2(b) through (d) do not apply shall not exceed 0.551 pounds per hour.

C.2 Opacity [326 IAC 5-1]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 5-1-2 (Opacity Limitations), except as provided in 326 IAC 5-1-3 (Temporary Exemptions), opacity shall meet the following, unless otherwise stated in this permit:

- (a) Opacity shall not exceed an average of forty percent (40%) in any one (1) six (6) minute averaging period as determined in 326 IAC 5-1-4.
- (b) Opacity shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) for more than a cumulative total of fifteen (15) minutes (sixty (60) readings as measured according to 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 9 or fifteen (15) one (1) minute nonoverlapping integrated averages for a continuous opacity monitor) in a six (6) hour period.

C.3 Open Burning [326 IAC 4-1] [IC 13-17-9]

The Permittee shall not open burn any material except as provided in 326 IAC 4-1-3, 326 IAC 4-1-4 or 326 IAC 4-1-6. The previous sentence notwithstanding, the Permittee may open burn in accordance with an open burning approval issued by the Commissioner under 326 IAC 4-1-4.1. 326 IAC 4-1-3 (a)(2)(A) and (B) are not federally enforceable.

C.4 Incineration [326 IAC 4-2] [326 IAC 9-1-2]

The Permittee shall not operate an incinerator or incinerate any waste or refuse except as provided in 326 IAC 4-2 and 326 IAC 9-1-2.

C.5 Fugitive Dust Emissions [326 IAC 6-4]

The Permittee shall not allow fugitive dust to escape beyond the property line or boundaries of the property, right-of-way, or easement on which the source is located, in a manner that would violate 326 IAC 6-4 (Fugitive Dust Emissions). 326 IAC 6-4-2(4) is not federally enforceable.

C.6 Fugitive Particulate Matter Emission Limitations [326 IAC 6-5]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-5 (Fugitive Particulate Matter Emission Limitations), fugitive particulate matter emissions shall currently be controlled according to the plan submitted on December 12, 1996. If the plan is disapproved by IDEM, OAQ, the Permittee shall have an additional thirty (30) days to resolve the differences and submit an approvable plan. The current plan consists of:

- (a) furnaces being located indoors when possible.
- (b) furnaces being enclosed on three sides and the hoods being enclosed on three sides when the furnaces must be located outside.
- (c) fugitive emissions from the unpaved roads and parking areas being treated with water or a suitable and effective dust suppressant approved by the commissioner as needed.
- (d) aggregate piles being relocated indoors where possible.

- (e) areas around the aggregate piles being cleaned and swept as needed.
- (f) vehicle transfer distance between furnaces and piles being minimized.
- (g) the application of water or a suitable and effective chemical dust suppressants being used to minimize visible emissions from the aggregate piles where necessary.
- (h) the frequency, if applicable, of water or chemical spray being as needed.

C.7 Asbestos Abatement Projects [326 IAC 14-10] [326 IAC 18] [40 CFR 61.140]

- (a) Notification requirements apply to each owner or operator. If the combined amount of regulated asbestos containing material (RACM) to be stripped, removed or disturbed is at least 260 linear feet on pipes or 160 square feet on other facility components, or at least thirty-five (35) cubic feet on all facility components, then the notification requirements of 326 IAC 14-10-3 are mandatory. All demolition projects require notification whether or not asbestos is present.
- (b) The Permittee shall ensure that a written notification is sent on a form provided by the Commissioner at least ten (10) working days before asbestos stripping or removal work or before demolition begins, per 326 IAC 14-10-3, and shall update such notice as necessary, including, but not limited to the following:
 - (1) When the amount of affected asbestos containing material increases or decreases by at least twenty percent (20%); or
 - (2) If there is a change in the following:
 - (A) Asbestos removal or demolition start date;
 - (B) Removal or demolition contractor; or
 - (C) Waste disposal site.
- (c) The Permittee shall ensure that the notice is postmarked or delivered according to the guidelines set forth in 326 IAC 14-10-3(2).
- (d) The notice to be submitted shall include the information enumerated in 326 IAC 14-10-3(3).

All required notifications shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Asbestos Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

The notifications do not require a certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (e) Procedures for Asbestos Emission Control
The Permittee shall comply with the emission control procedures in 326 IAC 14-10-4 and 40 CFR 61.145(c). Per 326 IAC 14-10-4 emission control requirements are mandatory for any removal or disturbance of RACM greater than three (3) linear feet on pipes or three (3) square feet on any other facility components or a total of at least 0.75 cubic feet on all facility components.

- (f) Indiana Accredited Asbestos Inspector
The Permittee shall comply with 326 IAC 14-10-1(a) that requires the owner or operator, prior to a renovation/demolition, to use an Indiana Accredited Asbestos Inspector to thoroughly inspect the affected portion of the facility for the presence of asbestos. The requirement that the inspector be accredited is federally enforceable.

Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

C.8 Performance Testing [326 IAC 3-6]

- (a) All testing shall be performed according to the provisions of 326 IAC 3-6 (Source Sampling Procedures), except as provided elsewhere in this permit, utilizing methods approved by IDEM, OAQ.

A test protocol, except as provided elsewhere in this permit, shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance Data Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

no later than thirty-five (35) days prior to the intended test date. The Permittee shall submit a notice of the actual test date to the above address so that it is received at least two weeks prior to the test date.

- (b) All test reports must be received by IDEM, OAQ within forty-five (45) days after the completion of the testing. An extension may be granted by the Commissioner, if the source submits to IDEM, OAQ, a reasonable written explanation within five (5) days prior to the end of the initial forty-five (45) day period.

The documentation submitted by the Permittee does not require certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

C.9 Compliance Schedule [326 IAC 2-7-6(3)]

The Permittee:

- (a) Has certified that all facilities at this source are in compliance with all applicable requirements; and
- (b) Has submitted a statement that the Permittee will continue to comply with such requirements; and
- (c) Will comply with such applicable requirements that become effective during the term of this permit.

C.10 Compliance Monitoring [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

Compliance with applicable requirements shall be documented as required by this permit. The Permittee shall be responsible for installing any necessary equipment and initiating any required monitoring related to that equipment, no more than ninety (90) days after receipt of this permit. If due to circumstances beyond its control, this schedule cannot be met, the Permittee may extend compliance schedule an additional ninety (90) days provided the Permittee notifies:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

in writing, prior to the end of the initial ninety (90) day compliance schedule, with full justification of the reasons for the inability to meet this date.

The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

C.11 Maintenance of Monitoring Equipment [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(A)(iii)]

- (a) In the event that a breakdown of the monitoring equipment occurs, a record shall be made of the times and reasons of the breakdown and efforts made to correct the problem. To the extent practicable, supplemental or intermittent monitoring of the parameter should be implemented at intervals no less frequent than required in Section D of this permit until such time as the monitoring equipment is back in operation. In the case of continuous monitoring, supplemental or intermittent monitoring of the parameter should be implemented at intervals no less than one (1) hour until such time as the continuous monitor is back in operation.
- (b) The Permittee shall install, calibrate, quality assure, maintain, and operate all necessary monitors and related equipment. In addition, prompt corrective action shall be initiated whenever indicated.

C.12 Monitoring Methods [326 IAC 3]

Any monitoring or testing performed to meet the applicable requirements of this permit shall be performed according to the provisions of 326 IAC 3, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, or other approved methods as specified in this permit.

C.13 Instrument Specifications

When required by any condition of this permit, an analog instrument used to measure a parameter related to the operation of an air pollution control device shall have a scale such that the expected maximum reading for the normal range shall be no less than twenty percent (20%) of full scale.

Corrective Actions and Response Steps [326 IAC 2-7-5] [326 IAC 2-7-6]

C.14 Emergency Reduction Plans [326 IAC 1-5-2] [326 IAC 1-5-3]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 1-5-2 (Emergency Reduction Plans; Submission):

- (a) The Permittee shall prepare written emergency reduction plans (ERPs) consistent with safe operating procedures.
- (b) These ERPs shall be submitted for approval to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

within ninety (90) days after the date of issuance of this permit.

The ERP does not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (c) If the ERP is disapproved by IDEM, OAQ, the Permittee shall have an additional thirty (30) days to resolve the differences and submit an approvable ERP.
- (d) These ERPs shall state those actions that will be taken, when each episode level is declared, to reduce or eliminate emissions of the appropriate air pollutants.
- (e) Said ERPs shall also identify the sources of air pollutants, the approximate amount of reduction of the pollutants, and a brief description of the manner in which the reduction will be achieved.
- (f) Upon direct notification by IDEM, OAQ, that a specific air pollution episode level is in effect, the Permittee shall immediately put into effect the actions stipulated in the approved ERP for the appropriate episode level. [326 IAC 1-5-3]

C.15 Risk Management Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(12)] [40 CFR 68.215]

If a regulated substance, subject to 40 CFR 68, is present in a process in more than the threshold quantity, 40 CFR 68 is an applicable requirement and the Permittee shall:

- (a) Submit:
 - (1) A compliance schedule for meeting the requirements of 40 CFR 68 by the date provided in 40 CFR 68.10(a); or
 - (2) As a part of the compliance certification submitted under 326 IAC 2-7-6(5), a certification statement that the source is in compliance with all the requirements of 40 CFR 68, including the registration and submission of a Risk Management Plan (RMP); and
 - (3) A verification to IDEM, OAQ, that a RMP or a revised plan was prepared and submitted as required by 40 CFR 68.
- (b) Provide annual certification to IDEM, OAQ, that the Risk Management Plan is being properly implemented.

All documents submitted pursuant to this condition shall include the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

C.16 Response to Excursions or Exceedances [326 IAC 2-7-5] [326 IAC 2-7-6]

- (a) Upon detecting an excursion or exceedance, the Permittee shall restore operation of the emissions unit (including any control device and associated capture system) to its normal or usual manner of operation as expeditiously as practicable in accordance with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions.
- (b) The response shall include minimizing the period of any startup, shutdown or malfunction and taking any necessary corrective actions to restore normal operation and prevent the likely recurrence of the cause of an excursion or exceedance (other than those caused by excused startup or shutdown conditions). Corrective actions may include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (1) initial inspection and evaluation;
 - (2) recording that operations returned to normal without operator action (such as through response by a computerized distribution control system); or

- (3) any necessary follow-up actions to return operation to within the indicator range, designated condition, or below the applicable emission limitation or standard, as applicable.
- (c) A determination of whether the Permittee has used acceptable procedures in response to an excursion or exceedance will be based on information available, which may include, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (1) monitoring results;
 - (2) review of operation and maintenance procedures and records;
 - (3) inspection of the control device, associated capture system, and the process.
- (d) Failure to take reasonable response steps shall be considered a deviation from the permit.
- (e) The Permittee shall maintain the following records:
 - (1) monitoring data;
 - (2) monitor performance data, if applicable; and
 - (3) corrective actions taken.

C.17 Actions Related to Noncompliance Demonstrated by a Stack Test [326 IAC 2-7-5] [326 IAC 2-7-6]

- (a) When the results of a stack test performed in conformance with Section C - Performance Testing, of this permit exceed the level specified in any condition of this permit, the Permittee shall take appropriate corrective actions. The Permittee shall submit a description of these corrective actions to IDEM, OAQ, within thirty (30) days of receipt of the test results. The Permittee shall take appropriate action to minimize emissions from the affected facility while the corrective actions are being implemented. IDEM, OAQ shall notify the Permittee within thirty (30) days, if the corrective actions taken are deficient. The Permittee shall submit a description of additional corrective actions taken to IDEM, OAQ within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notice of deficiency. IDEM, OAQ reserves the authority to use enforcement activities to resolve noncompliant stack tests.
- (b) A retest to demonstrate compliance shall be performed within one hundred twenty (120) days of receipt of the original test results. Should the Permittee demonstrate to IDEM, OAQ that retesting in one-hundred and twenty (120) days is not practicable, IDEM, OAQ may extend the retesting deadline. Failure of the second test to demonstrate compliance with the appropriate permit conditions may be grounds for immediate revocation of the permit to operate the affected facility.

The documents submitted pursuant to this condition do not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

C.18 Emission Statement [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)(iii)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(7)] [326 IAC 2-7-19(c)] [326 IAC 2-6]

- (a) In accordance with the compliance schedule specified in 326 IAC 2-6-3(b)(3), starting in 2006 and every three (3) years thereafter, the Permittee shall submit by July 1 an emission statement covering the previous calendar year. The emission statement shall contain, at a minimum, the information specified in 326 IAC 2-6-4(c) and shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) Indicate estimated actual emissions of all pollutants listed in 326 IAC 2-6-4(a);
- (2) Indicate estimated actual emissions of regulated pollutants as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(32) ("Regulated pollutant which is used only for purposes of Section 19 of this rule") from the source, for purposes of Part 70 fee assessment.

The statement must be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Technical Support and Modeling Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

The emission statement does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (b) The emission statement required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ, on or before the date it is due.

C.19 Monitoring Data Availability [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)]

- (a) With the exception of performance tests conducted in accordance with Section C - Performance Testing, all observations, sampling, maintenance procedures, and record keeping, required as a condition of this permit shall be performed at all times the equipment is operating at normal representative conditions.
- (b) As an alternative to the observations, sampling, maintenance procedures, and record keeping of subsection (a) above, when the equipment listed in Section D of this permit is not operating, the Permittee shall either record the fact that the equipment is shut down or perform the observations, sampling, maintenance procedures, and record keeping that would otherwise be required by this permit.
- (c) If the equipment is operating but abnormal conditions prevail, additional observations and sampling should be taken with a record made of the nature of the abnormality.
- (d) If for reasons beyond its control, the operator fails to make required observations, sampling, maintenance procedures, or record keeping, reasons for this must be recorded.
- (e) At its discretion, IDEM may excuse such failure providing adequate justification is documented and such failures do not exceed five percent (5%) of the operating time in any quarter.
- (f) Temporary, unscheduled unavailability of staff qualified to perform the required observations, sampling, maintenance procedures, or record keeping shall be considered a valid reason for failure to perform the requirements stated in (a) above.

C.20 General Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)][326 IAC 2-7-6]

- (a) Records of all required monitoring data and support information shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. These records shall be kept at the source location for a minimum of three (3) years and available upon the request of an IDEM, OAQ, representative. The records may be stored elsewhere for the remaining two (2) years as long as they are available

upon request. If the Commissioner makes a written request for records to the Permittee, the Permittee shall furnish the records to the Commissioner within a reasonable time.

- (b) Records of required monitoring information shall include, where applicable:
 - (1) The date, place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - (2) The dates analyses were performed;
 - (3) The company or entity performing the analyses;
 - (4) The analytic techniques or methods used;
 - (5) The results of such analyses; and
 - (6) The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
- (c) Support information shall include, where applicable:
 - (1) Copies of all reports required by this permit;
 - (2) All original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation;
 - (3) All calibration and maintenance records; and
 - (4) Records of preventive maintenance shall be sufficient to demonstrate that improper maintenance did not cause or contribute to a violation of any limitation on emissions or potential to emit. To be relied upon subsequent to any such violation, these records may include, but are not limited to: work orders, parts inventories, and operator's standard operating procedures. Records of response steps taken shall indicate whether the response steps were performed in accordance with the Compliance Response Plan required by Section C - Compliance Monitoring Plan - Failure to take Response Steps, of this permit, and whether a deviation from a permit condition was reported. All records shall briefly describe what maintenance and response steps were taken and indicate who performed the tasks.
- (d) All record keeping requirements not already legally required shall be implemented within ninety (90) days of permit issuance.

C.21 General Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)]

- (a) To affirm that the source has met all the compliance monitoring requirements stated in this permit the source shall submit a Semi-annual Compliance Monitoring Report. Any deviation from the requirements and the date(s) of each deviation must be reported.
- (b) The report required in (a) of this condition and reports required by conditions in Section D of this permit shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance Data Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251
- (c) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, any notice, report, or other submission required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or

before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ, on or before the date it is due.

- (d) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, any semi-annual report shall be submitted within thirty (30) days of the end of the reporting period.
- (e) All instances of deviations as described in Section B - Deviations from Permit Requirements Conditions must be clearly identified in such reports.
- (f) Any corrective actions or response steps taken as a result of each deviation must be clearly identified in such reports.
- (g) The first report shall cover the period commencing on the date of issuance of this permit and ending on the last day of the reporting period.

The documents submitted pursuant to this condition do not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

Stratospheric Ozone Protection

C.22 Compliance with 40 CFR 82 and 326 IAC 22-1

Pursuant to 40 CFR 82 (Protection of Stratospheric Ozone), Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners in Subpart B, the Permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction:

- (a) Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to 40 CFR 82.156.
- (b) Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158.
- (c) Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161.

SECTION D.1

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (a) Two (2) natural gas-fired rotary furnaces that are not operated concurrently, identified as RF-A (constructed in 2006) and RF-B (constructed in 1996), each with a maximum heat input capacity of 10.0 million British thermal units per hour, and a maximum capacity of 10.0 tons of aluminum per hour, using a capture hood and a baghouse (DR-BH) as control, and exhausting to stack DR-BH-1.
- (d) One (1) hammermill (aluminum scrap shredder), identified as HM, equipped with a baghouse (DR-BH) and exhausting to stack DR-BH-1, capacity: 7.50 tons of aluminum per hour.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.1.1 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

The following limitations shall apply:

Rotary Furnaces RF-A and RF-B and Hammermill HM

- (a) The PM emissions from the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, and Hammermill HM shall not exceed 10.28 pounds per hour.
- (b) The PM₁₀ emissions from the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, and Hammermill HM shall not exceed 14.26 pounds per hour.
- (c) The two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, shall not operate concurrently.

Compliance with these limits, in combination with the limits in Conditions D.2.1, D.3.1, and D.4.1, shall ensure that the PM and PM₁₀ emissions from the entire source do not exceed one hundred (100) tons per year each and renders the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)) not applicable.

D.1.2 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for these facilities and their control devices.

D.1.3 Opacity [326 IAC 2-1-3(i)(B)]

Pursuant to CP 093-5345-00032, issued November 7, 1996, visible emissions escaping the capture hood shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) opacity, taken as an average of three (3) readings taken five (5) seconds apart.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.1.4 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

Within ninety (90) days after the issuance of SPM 093-21627-00032, in order to demonstrate compliance with Conditions D.1.1(a) and (b), the Permittee shall perform PM and PM₁₀ testing of stack DR-BH-1 when only one (1) of the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, and the hammermill, identified as HM, is in operation, utilizing methods as approved by the Commissioner. This test shall be repeated at least once every five (5) years from the date of the most recent valid compliance demonstration on one (1) of the rotary furnaces and the hammermill. This test shall be conducted on the rotary furnace for which the longest amount of

time has elapsed since its previous test. PM₁₀ includes filterable and condensable PM₁₀. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section C - Performance Testing.

D.1.5 Particulate Matter (PM)

- (a) Pursuant to CP 093-5345-00032, issued November 7, 1996, the capture hood and baghouses for PM control shall be in operation at all times when either rotary furnace is in operation.
- (b) In order to comply with the limitations in Conditions D.1.1(a),(b) and D.1.11, the baghouse (DR-BH) for particulate control shall be in operation and control emissions from the hammermill, identified as HM, at all times that the hammermill is in operation.
- (c) In the event that bag failure is observed in a multi-compartment baghouse, if operations will continue for ten (10) days or more after the failure is observed before the failed units will be repaired or replaced, the Permittee shall promptly notify the IDEM, OAQ of the expected date the failed units will be repaired or replaced. The notification shall also include the status of the applicable compliance monitoring parameters with respect to normal, and the results of any response actions taken up to the time of notification.
- (d) Pursuant to CP 093-5345-00032, issued November 7, 1996, the capture hoods shall either be enclosed on three sides (if the furnace is located outdoors), or be located with the furnace inside a building to minimize drafts.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.1.6 Visible Emissions Notations

- (a) Visible emission notations of the baghouse stack (DR-BH-1) exhaust shall be performed once per day during normal daylight operations when exhausting to the atmosphere. A trained employee shall record whether emissions are normal or abnormal.
- (b) For processes operated continuously, "normal" means those conditions prevailing, or expected to prevail, eighty percent (80%) of the time the process is in operation, not counting startup or shut down time.
- (c) In the case of batch or discontinuous operations, readings shall be taken during that part of the operation that would normally be expected to cause the greatest emissions.
- (d) A trained employee is an employee who has worked at the plant at least one (1) month and has been trained in the appearance and characteristics of normal visible emissions for that specific process.
- (e) Pursuant to CP 093-5345-00032, issued November 7, 1996, notations of visible emissions escaping the capture hood shall be performed.
- (f) If abnormal emissions are observed, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances shall be considered a deviation from this permit.

D.1.7 Baghouse Parametric Monitoring

The Permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse used in conjunction with the rotary furnaces and hammermill, at least once per day when the rotary furnaces and hammermill are in operation and are venting to the atmosphere. When for any one reading, the pressure drop across the baghouse is outside the normal range of 0.5 and 8.0 inches of water or a range established during the latest stack test, the Permittee shall take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances. A pressure reading that is outside the

above mentioned range is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances.

The instruments used for determining the pressure shall comply with Section C - Instrument Specifications, of this permit, shall be subject to approval by IDEM, OAQ, and shall be calibrated at least once every six (6) months.

D.1.8 Broken Bag or Failed Bag Detection

- (a) For a single compartment baghouse controlling emissions from a process operated continuously, a failed unit and the associated process will be shut down immediately until the failed unit has been repaired or replaced. Operations may continue only if the event qualifies as an emergency and the Permittee satisfies the requirements of the emergency provisions of this permit (Section B - Emergency Provisions).
- (b) For a single compartment baghouse controlling emissions from a batch process, the feed to the process shall be shut down immediately until the failed unit has been repaired or replaced. The emission unit shall be shut down no later than the completion of the processing of the material in the emission unit. Operations may continue only if the event qualifies as an emergency and the Permittee satisfies the requirements of the emergency provisions of this permit (Section B - Emergency Provisions).

Bag failure can be indicated by a significant drop in the baghouse's pressure reading with abnormal visible emissions, by an opacity violation, or by other means such as gas temperature, flow rate, air infiltration, leaks, dust traces or triboflows.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirement [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.1.9 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with Condition D.1.1(c), the Permittee shall maintain daily records of operation of each of the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B.
- (b) To document compliance with Condition D.1.6, the Permittee shall maintain records of visible emission notations of the baghouse stack (DR-BH-1) exhaust once per day.
- (c) To document compliance with Condition D.1.7, the Permittee shall maintain records of pressure drop once per day when venting to the atmosphere.
- (d) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.1.10 General Provisions Relating to NESHAP RRR [326 IAC 20-1] [40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A]

Pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1518, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A – General Provisions, which are incorporated by reference as 326 IAC 20-1-1, as specified in Appendix A of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart RRR in accordance with the schedule in 40 CFR 63 Subpart RRR.

D.1.11 NESHAP RRR Requirements [40 CFR Part 63, Subpart RRR] [326 IAC 20-70-1]

Pursuant to CFR Part 63, Subpart RRR, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 63.1500 which are incorporated by reference as 326 IAC 20-70, for the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, and the one (1) hammermill (HM), identified as HM, as specified as follows:

General

§ 63.1501 Dates

- (c) The owner or operator of any affected source which is constructed or reconstructed at any existing aluminum die casting facility, aluminum foundry, or aluminum extrusion facility which otherwise meets the applicability criteria set forth in §63.1500 must comply with the requirements of this subpart by March 24, 2003 or upon startup, whichever is later.

§ 63.1502 Incorporation by reference.

- (a) The following material is incorporated by reference in the corresponding sections noted. The incorporation by reference (IBR) of certain publications listed in the rule will be approved by the Director of the Office of the Federal Register as of the date of publication of the final rule in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. This material is incorporated as it exists on the date of approval:

- (1) Chapters 3 and 5 of "Industrial Ventilation: A Manual of Recommended Practice," American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, (23rd edition, 1998), IBR approved for §63.1506(c), and
- (2) "Interim Procedures for Estimating Risks Associated with Exposures to Mixtures of Chlorinated Dibenzo-p-Dioxins and -Dibenzofurans (CDDs and CDFs) and 1989 Update" (EPA/625/3-89/016).

- (b) The material incorporated by reference is available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA); and at the Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center, U.S. EPA, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC. For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to:
http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html.

The material is also available for purchase from the following addresses:

- (1) Customer Service Department, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), 1330 Kemper Meadow Drive, Cincinnati, OH 45240-1634, telephone number (513) 742-2020; and
- (2) The National Technical Information Service (NTIS), 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, NTIS no. PB 90-145756.

§ 63.1503 Definitions

Terms used in this subpart are defined in the Clean Air Act as amended (CAA), in §63.2, or in this section as follows:

Add-on air pollution control device means equipment installed on a process vent that reduces the quantity of a pollutant that is emitted to the air.

Afterburner means an air pollution control device that uses controlled flame combustion to convert combustible materials to noncombustible gases; also known as an incinerator or a thermal oxidizer.

Aluminum scrap means fragments of aluminum stock removed during manufacturing (*i.e.*, machining), manufactured aluminum articles or parts rejected or discarded and useful only as material for reprocessing, and waste and discarded material made of aluminum.

Aluminum scrap shredder means a unit that crushes, grinds, or breaks aluminum scrap into a more uniform size prior to processing or charging to a *scrap dryer/delacquering kiln/decoating kiln*, or furnace. A bale breaker is not an *aluminum scrap shredder*.

Bag leak detection system means an instrument that is capable of monitoring particulate matter loadings in the exhaust of a fabric filter (*i.e.*, baghouse) in order to detect bag failures. A *bag leak detection system* includes, but is not limited to, an instrument that operates on triboelectric, light scattering, light transmittance, or other effect to monitor relative particulate matter loadings.

Chips means small, uniformly-sized, unpainted pieces of aluminum scrap, typically below 1 1/4 inches in any dimension, primarily generated by turning, milling, boring, and machining of aluminum parts.

Clean charge means furnace charge materials, including molten aluminum; T-bar; sow; ingot; billet; pig; alloying elements; aluminum scrap known by the owner or operator to be entirely free of paints, coatings, and lubricants; uncoated/unpainted aluminum chips that have been thermally dried or treated by a centrifugal cleaner; aluminum scrap dried at 343 °C (650 °F) or higher; aluminum scrap delacquered/decoated at 482 °C (900 °F) or higher, and runaround scrap.

Cover flux means salt added to the surface of molten aluminum in a *group 1* or *group 2 furnace*, without agitation of the molten aluminum, for the purpose of preventing oxidation.

Customer returns means any aluminum product which is returned by a customer to the aluminum company that originally manufactured the product prior to resale of the product or further distribution in commerce, and which contains no paint or other solid coatings (*i.e.*, lacquers).

D/F means dioxins and furans.

Dioxins and furans means tetra-, penta-, hexa-, and octachlorinated dibenzo dioxins and furans.

Dross means the slags and skimmings from aluminum melting and refining operations consisting of fluxing agent(s), impurities, and/or oxidized and non-oxidized aluminum, from scrap aluminum charged into the furnace.

Dross-only furnace means a furnace, typically of rotary barrel design, dedicated to the reclamation of aluminum from dross formed during melting, holding, fluxing, or alloying operations carried out in other process units. Dross and salt flux are the sole feedstocks to this type of furnace.

Emission unit means a *group 1 furnace* or *in-line fluxer* at a *secondary aluminum production facility*.

Fabric filter means an add-on air pollution control device used to capture particulate matter by filtering gas streams through filter media; also known as a baghouse.

Feed/charge means, for a furnace or other process unit that operates in batch mode, the total weight of material (including molten aluminum, T-bar, sow, ingot, etc.) and alloying agents that enter the furnace during an operating cycle. For a furnace or other process unit that operates continuously, *feed/charge* means the weight of material (including molten aluminum, T-bar, sow, ingot, etc.) and alloying agents that enter the process unit within a specified time period (*e.g.*, a time period equal to the performance test period). The *feed/charge* for a dross only furnace includes the total weight of dross and solid flux.

Fluxing means refining of molten aluminum to improve product quality, achieve product specifications, or reduce material loss, including the addition of solvents to remove impurities

(solvent flux); and the injection of gases such as chlorine, or chlorine mixtures, to remove magnesium (demagging) or hydrogen bubbles (degassing). *Fluxing* may be performed in the furnace or outside the furnace by an *in-line fluxer*.

Furnace hearth means the combustion zone of a furnace in which the molten metal is contained.

Group 1 furnace means a furnace of any design that melts, holds, or processes aluminum that contains paint, lubricants, coatings, or other foreign materials with or without *reactive fluxing*, or processes *clean charge* with *reactive fluxing*.

Group 2 furnace means a furnace of any design that melts, holds, or processes only *clean charge* and that performs no *fluxing* or performs *fluxing* using only nonreactive, non-HAP-containing/non-HAP-generating gases or agents.

HCl means, for the purposes of this subpart, emissions of hydrogen chloride that serve as a surrogate measure of the total emissions of the HAPs hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride and chlorine.

In-line fluxer means a device exterior to a furnace, located in a transfer line from a furnace, used to refine (flux) molten aluminum; also known as a flux box, degassing box, or demagging box.

Internal scrap means all aluminum scrap regardless of the level of contamination which originates from castings or extrusions produced by an aluminum die casting facility, aluminum foundry, or aluminum extrusion facility, and which remains at all times within the control of the company that produced the castings or extrusions.

Lime means calcium oxide or other alkaline reagent.

Lime-injection means the continuous addition of lime upstream of a *fabric filter*.

Melting/holding furnace means a *group 1 furnace* that processes only *clean charge*, performs melting, holding, and fluxing functions, and does not transfer molten aluminum to or from another furnace except for purposes of alloy changes, off-specification product drains, or maintenance activities.

Operating cycle means for a batch process, the period beginning when the feed material is first charged to the operation and ending when all feed material charged to the operation has been processed. For a batch melting or holding furnace process, *operating cycle* means the period including the charging and melting of scrap aluminum and the fluxing, refining, alloying, and tapping of molten aluminum (the period from tap-to-tap).

PM means, for the purposes of this subpart, emissions of particulate matter that serve as a measure of total particulate emissions and as a surrogate for metal HAPs contained in the particulates, including but not limited to, antimony, arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, and selenium.

Pollution prevention means source reduction as defined under the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (e.g., equipment or technology modifications, process or procedure modifications, reformulation or redesign of products, substitution of raw materials, and improvements in housekeeping, maintenance, training, or inventory control), and other practices that reduce or eliminate the creation of pollutants through increased efficiency in the use of raw materials, energy, water, or other resources, or protection of natural resources by conservation.

Reactive fluxing means the use of any gas, liquid, or solid flux (other than cover flux) that results in a HAP emission. Argon and nitrogen are not reactive and do not produce HAP.

Reconstruction means the replacement of components of an affected source or *emission unit* such that the fixed capital cost of the new components exceeds 50 percent of the fixed capital cost that would be required to construct a comparable new affected source, and it is technologically and economically feasible for the reconstructed source to meet relevant standard(s) established in this subpart. Replacement of the refractory in a furnace is routine maintenance and is not a *reconstruction*. The repair and replacement of *in-line fluxer* components (e.g., rotors/shafts, burner tubes, refractory, warped steel) is considered to be routine maintenance and is not considered a *reconstruction*. *In-line fluxers* are typically removed to a maintenance/repair area and are replaced with repaired units. The replacement of an existing *in-line fluxer* with a repaired unit is not considered a *reconstruction*.

Residence time means, for an *afterburner*, the duration of time required for gases to pass through the *afterburner* combustion zone. *Residence time* is calculated by dividing the *afterburner* combustion zone volume in cubic feet by the volumetric flow rate of the gas stream in actual cubic feet per second.

Rotary dross cooler means a water-cooled rotary barrel device that accelerates cooling of dross.

Runaround scrap means scrap materials generated on-site by aluminum casting, extruding, rolling, scalping, forging, forming/stamping, cutting, and trimming operations and that do not contain paint or solid coatings. Uncoated/unpainted aluminum chips generated by turning, boring, milling, and similar machining operations may be clean charge if they have been thermally dried or treated by a centrifugal cleaner, but are not considered to be *runaround scrap*.

Scrap dryer/delacquering kiln/decoating kiln means a unit used primarily to remove various organic contaminants such as oil, paint, lacquer, ink, plastic, and/or rubber from *aluminum scrap* (including used beverage containers) prior to melting.

Secondary aluminum processing unit (SAPU). An existing SAPU means all existing *group 1 furnaces* and all existing *in-line fluxers* within a *secondary aluminum production facility*. Each existing *group 1 furnace* or existing *in-line fluxer* is considered an *emission unit* within a *secondary aluminum processing unit*. A new SAPU means any combination of individual *group 1 furnaces* and *in-line fluxers* within a *secondary aluminum processing facility* which either were constructed or reconstructed after February 11, 1999, or have been permanently redesignated as new emission units pursuant to §63.1505(k)(6). Each of the *group 1 furnaces* or *in-line fluxers* within a new SAPU is considered an *emission unit* within that *secondary aluminum processing unit*.

Secondary aluminum production facility means any establishment using *clean charge*, *aluminum scrap*, or dross from aluminum production, as the raw material and performing one or more of the following processes: scrap shredding, scrap drying/delacquering/decoating, thermal chip drying, furnace operations (i.e., melting, holding, sweating, refining, fluxing, or alloying), recovery of aluminum from dross, in-line fluxing, or dross cooling. A *secondary aluminum production facility* may be independent or part of a primary aluminum production facility. For purposes of this subpart, aluminum die casting facilities, aluminum foundries, and aluminum extrusion facilities are not considered to be secondary aluminum production facilities if the only materials they melt are *clean charge*, customer returns, or internal scrap, and if they do not operate sweat furnaces, thermal chip dryers, or scrap dryers/delacquering kilns/decoating kilns. The determination of whether a facility is a *secondary aluminum production facility* is only for purposes of this subpart and any regulatory requirements which are derived from the applicability of this subpart, and is separate from any determination which may be made under other environmental laws and regulations, including whether the same facility is a "secondary metal production facility" as that term is used in 42 U.S.C. §7479(1) and 40 CFR 52.21(b)(1)(i)(A) ("prevention of significant deterioration of air quality").

Sidewell means an open well adjacent to the hearth of a furnace with connecting arches between the hearth and the open well through which molten aluminum is circulated between the hearth, where heat is applied by burners, and the open well, which is used for charging scrap and solid flux or salt to the furnace, injecting fluxing agents, and skimming dross.

Sweat furnace means a furnace used exclusively to reclaim aluminum from scrap that contains substantial quantities of iron by using heat to separate the low-melting point aluminum from the scrap while the higher melting-point iron remains in solid form.

TEQ means the international method of expressing toxicity equivalents for dioxins and furans as defined in "Interim Procedures for Estimating Risks Associated with Exposures to Mixtures of Chlorinated Dibenzo-p-Dioxins and -Dibenzofurans (CDDs and CDFs) and 1989 Update" (EPA-625/3-89-016), available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia 22161, NTIS no. PB 90-145756.

THC means, for the purposes of this subpart, total hydrocarbon emissions that also serve as a surrogate for the emissions of organic HAP compounds.

Thermal chip dryer means a device that uses heat to evaporate oil or oil/water mixtures from unpainted/uncoated aluminum chips. Pre-heating boxes or other dryers which are used solely to remove water from aluminum scrap are not considered to be thermal chip dryers for purposes of this subpart.

Three-day, 24-hour rolling average means daily calculations of the average 24-hour emission rate (lbs/ton of feed/charge), over the 3 most recent consecutive 24-hour periods, for a *secondary aluminum processing unit*.

Total reactive chlorine flux injection rate means the sum of the total weight of chlorine in the gaseous or liquid reactive flux and the total weight of chlorine in the solid reactive chloride flux, divided by the total weight of feed/charge, as determined by the procedure in §63.1512(o).

Emission Standards and Operating Requirements

§ 63.1505 Emission standards for affected sources and emission units.

- (a) *Summary.* The owner or operator of a new or existing affected source must comply with each applicable limit in this section. Table 1 to this subpart summarizes the emission standards for each type of source.
- (b) *Aluminum scrap shredder.* On and after the compliance date established by §63.1501, the owner or operator of an aluminum scrap shredder at a secondary aluminum production facility that is a major source must not discharge or cause to be discharged to the atmosphere:
 - (1) Emissions in excess of 0.023 grams (g) of PM per dry standard cubic meter (dscm) (0.010 grain (gr) of PM per dry standard cubic foot (dscf)); and
 - (2) Visible emissions (VE) in excess of 10 percent opacity from any PM add-on air pollution control device if a continuous opacity monitor (COM) or visible emissions monitoring is chosen as the monitoring option.
- (i) *Group 1 furnace.* The owner or operator of a group 1 furnace must use the limits in this paragraph to determine the emission standards for a SAPU.

- (1) 0.20 kg of PM per Mg (0.40 lb of PM per ton) of feed/charge from a group 1 furnace, that is not a melting/holding furnace processing only clean charge, at a secondary aluminum production facility that is a major source;
 - (3) 15 µg of D/F TEQ per Mg (2.1×10^{-4} gr of D/F TEQ per ton) of feed/charge from a group 1 furnace at a secondary aluminum production facility that is a major or area source. This limit does not apply if the furnace processes only clean charge; and
 - (4) 0.20 kg of HCl per Mg (0.40 lb of HCl per ton) of feed/charge or, if the furnace is equipped with an add-on air pollution control device, 10 percent of the uncontrolled HCl emissions, by weight, for a group 1 furnace at a secondary aluminum production facility that is a major source.
 - (6) The owner or operator may determine the emission standards for a SAPU by applying the group 1 furnace limits on the basis of the aluminum production weight in each group 1 furnace, rather than on the basis of feed/charge.
- (k) *Secondary aluminum processing unit.* On and after the compliance date established by §63.1501, the owner or operator must comply with the emission limits calculated using the equations for PM and HCl in paragraphs (k)(1) and (2) of this section for each secondary aluminum processing unit at a secondary aluminum production facility that is a major source. The owner or operator must comply with the emission limit calculated using the equation for D/F in paragraph (k)(3) of this section for each secondary aluminum processing unit at a secondary aluminum production facility that is a major or area source.
- (1) The owner or operator must not discharge or allow to be discharged to the atmosphere any 3-day, 24-hour rolling average emissions of PM in excess of:

$$L_{C_{PM}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (L_{ti_{PM}} \times T_{ti})}{\sum_{i=1}^n (T_{ti})} \quad (Eq. 1)$$

Where,

$L_{ti_{PM}}$ = The PM emission limit for individual emission unit i in paragraph (i)(1) and (2) of this section for a group 1 furnace or in paragraph (j)(2) of this section for an in-line fluxer;

T_{ti} = The feed/charge rate for individual emission unit i ; and

L_{cPM} = The PM emission limit for the secondary aluminum processing unit.

Note: In-line fluxers using no reactive flux materials cannot be included in this calculation since they are not subject to the PM limit.

- (2) The owner or operator must not discharge or allow to be discharged to the atmosphere any 3-day, 24-hour rolling average emissions of HCl in excess of:

$$L_{c_{HCl}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (L_{ti_{HCl}} \times T_{ti})}{\sum_{i=1}^n (T_{ti})} \quad (\text{Eq. 2})$$

Where,

$L_{ti_{HCl}}$ = The HCl emission limit for individual emission unit i in paragraph (i)(4) of this section for a group 1 furnace or in paragraph (j)(1) of this section for an in-line fluxer; and

$L_{c_{HCl}}$ = The HCl emission limit for the secondary aluminum processing unit.

Note: In-line fluxers using no reactive flux materials cannot be included in this calculation since they are not subject to the HCl limit.

- (3) The owner or operator must not discharge or allow to be discharged to the atmosphere any 3-day, 24-hour rolling average emissions of D/F in excess of:

$$L_{c_{D/F}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (L_{ti_{D/F}} \times T_{ti})}{\sum_{i=1}^n (T_{ti})} \quad (\text{Eq. 3})$$

Where,

$L_{ti_{D/F}}$ = The D/F emission limit for individual emission unit i in paragraph (i)(3) of this section for a group 1 furnace; and

$L_{c_{D/F}}$ = The D/F emission limit for the secondary aluminum processing unit.

Note: Clean charge furnaces cannot be included in this calculation since they are not subject to the D/F limit.

- (4) The owner or operator of a SAPU at a secondary aluminum production facility that is a major source may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits of paragraphs (k)(1) through (3) of this section by demonstrating that each emission unit within the SAPU is in compliance with the applicable emission limits of paragraphs (i) and (j) of this section.
- (6) With the prior approval of the responsible permitting authority, an owner or operator may redesignate any existing group 1 furnace or in-line fluxer at a secondary aluminum production facility as a new emission unit. Any emission unit so redesignated may thereafter be included in a new SAPU at that facility. Any such redesignation will be solely for the purpose of this MACT standard and will be irreversible.

§ 63.1506 Operating requirements.

- (a) *Summary.*
- (1) On and after the compliance date established by §63.1501, the owner or operator must operate all new and existing affected sources and control equipment according to the requirements in this section.
 - (4) Operating requirements are summarized in Table 2 to this subpart.
- (b) *Labeling.* The owner or operator must provide and maintain easily visible labels posted at each group 1 furnace, group 2 furnace, in-line fluxer and scrap dryer/delacquering kiln/decoating kiln that identifies the applicable emission limits and means of compliance, including:
- (1) The type of affected source or emission unit (e.g., scrap dryer/delacquering kiln/decoating kiln, group 1 furnace, group 2 furnace, in-line fluxer).
 - (2) The applicable operational standard(s) and control method(s) (work practice or control device). This includes, but is not limited to, the type of charge to be used for a furnace (e.g., clean scrap only, all scrap, etc.), flux materials and addition practices, and the applicable operating parameter ranges and requirements as incorporated in the OM&M plan.
- (c) *Capture/collection systems.* For each affected source or emission unit equipped with an add-on air pollution control device, the owner or operator must:
- (1) Design and install a system for the capture and collection of emissions to meet the engineering standards for minimum exhaust rates as published by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists in chapters 3 and 5 of "Industrial Ventilation: A Manual of Recommended Practice" (incorporated by reference in §63.1502 of this subpart);
 - (2) Vent captured emissions through a closed system, except that dilution air may be added to emission streams for the purpose of controlling temperature at the inlet to a fabric filter; and
 - (3) Operate each capture/collection system according to the procedures and requirements in the OM&M plan.
- (d) *Feed/charge weight.* The owner or operator of each affected source or emission unit subject to an emission limit in kg/Mg (lb/ton) or µg/Mg (gr/ton) of feed/charge must:
- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (d)(3) of this section, install and operate a device that measures and records or otherwise determine the weight of feed/charge (or throughput) for each operating cycle or time period used in the performance test; and
 - (2) Operate each weight measurement system or other weight determination procedure in accordance with the OM&M plan.
 - (3) The owner or operator may chose to measure and record aluminum production weight from an affected source or emission unit rather than feed/charge weight to an affected source or emission unit, provided that:

- (i) The aluminum production weight, rather than feed/charge weight is measured and recorded for all emission units within a SAPU; and
 - (ii) All calculations to demonstrate compliance with the emission limits for SAPUs are based on aluminum production weight rather than feed/charge weight.
- (e) *Aluminum scrap shredder.* The owner or operator of a scrap shredder with emissions controlled by a fabric filter must operate a bag leak detection system, or a continuous opacity monitor, or conduct visible emissions observations.
 - (1) If a bag leak detection system is used to meet the monitoring requirements in §63.1510, the owner or operator must:
 - (i) Initiate corrective action within 1-hour of a bag leak detection system alarm and complete the corrective action procedures in accordance with the OM&M plan.
 - (ii) Operate each fabric filter system such that the bag leak detection system alarm does not sound more than 5 percent of the operating time during a 6-month block reporting period. In calculating this operating time fraction, if inspection of the fabric filter demonstrates that no corrective action is required, no alarm time is counted. If corrective action is required, each alarm shall be counted as a minimum of 1 hour. If the owner or operator takes longer than 1 hour to initiate corrective action, the alarm time shall be counted as the actual amount of time taken by the owner or operator to initiate corrective action.
 - (3) If visible emission observations are used to meet the monitoring requirements in §63.1510, the owner or operator must initiate corrective action within 1-hour of any observation of visible emissions during a daily visible emissions test and complete the corrective action procedures in accordance with the OM&M plan.
- (p) *Corrective action.* When a process parameter or add-on air pollution control device operating parameter deviates from the value or range established during the performance test and incorporated in the OM&M plan, the owner or operator must initiate corrective action. Corrective action must restore operation of the affected source or emission unit (including the process or control device) to its normal or usual mode of operation as expeditiously as practicable in accordance with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Corrective actions taken must include follow-up actions necessary to return the process or control device parameter level(s) to the value or range of values established during the performance test and steps to prevent the likely recurrence of the cause of a deviation.

Monitoring and Compliance Requirements

§ 63.1510 Monitoring requirements.

- (a) *Summary.* On and after the compliance date established by §63.1501, the owner or operator of a new or existing affected source or emission unit must monitor all control equipment and processes according to the requirements in this section. Monitoring requirements for each type of affected source and emission unit are summarized in Table 3 to this subpart.
- (b) *Operation, maintenance, and monitoring (OM&M) plan.* The owner or operator must prepare and implement for each new or existing affected source and emission unit, a

written operation, maintenance, and monitoring (OM&M) plan. The owner or operator of an existing affected source must submit the OM&M plan to the responsible permitting authority no later than the compliance date established by §63.1501(a). The owner or operator of any new affected source must submit the OM&M plan to the responsible permitting authority within 90 days after a successful initial performance test under §63.1511(b), or within 90 days after the compliance date established by §63.1501(b) if no initial performance test is required. The plan must be accompanied by a written certification by the owner or operator that the OM&M plan satisfies all requirements of this section and is otherwise consistent with the requirements of this subpart. The owner or operator must comply with all of the provisions of the OM&M plan as submitted to the permitting authority, unless and until the plan is revised in accordance with the following procedures. If the permitting authority determines at any time after receipt of the OM&M plan that any revisions of the plan are necessary to satisfy the requirements of this section or this subpart, the owner or operator must promptly make all necessary revisions and resubmit the revised plan. If the owner or operator determines that any other revisions of the OM&M plan are necessary, such revisions will not become effective until the owner or operator submits a description of the changes and a revised plan incorporating them to the permitting authority. Each plan must contain the following information:

- (1) Process and control device parameters to be monitored to determine compliance, along with established operating levels or ranges, as applicable, for each process and control device.
- (2) A monitoring schedule for each affected source and emission unit.
- (3) Procedures for the proper operation and maintenance of each process unit and add-on control device used to meet the applicable emission limits or standards in §63.1505.
- (4) Procedures for the proper operation and maintenance of monitoring devices or systems used to determine compliance, including:
 - (i) Calibration and certification of accuracy of each monitoring device, at least once every 6 months, according to the manufacturer's instructions; and
 - (ii) Procedures for the quality control and quality assurance of continuous emission or opacity monitoring systems as required by the general provisions in subpart A of this part.
- (5) Procedures for monitoring process and control device parameters, including procedures for annual inspections of afterburners, and if applicable, the procedure to be used for determining charge/feed (or throughput) weight if a measurement device is not used.
- (6) Corrective actions to be taken when process or operating parameters or add-on control device parameters deviate from the value or range established in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, including:
 - (i) Procedures to determine and record the cause of an deviation or excursion, and the time the deviation or excursion began and ended; and
 - (ii) Procedures for recording the corrective action taken, the time corrective action was initiated, and the time/date corrective action was completed.

- (7) A maintenance schedule for each process and control device that is consistent with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for routine and long-term maintenance.
 - (8) Documentation of the work practice and pollution prevention measures used to achieve compliance with the applicable emission limits and a site-specific monitoring plan as required in paragraph (o) of this section for each group 1 furnace not equipped with an add-on air pollution control device.
- (c) *Labeling.* The owner or operator must inspect the labels for each group 1 furnace, group 2 furnace, in-line fluxer and scrap dryer/delacquering kiln/decoating kiln at least once per calendar month to confirm that posted labels as required by the operational standard in §63.1506(b) are intact and legible.
- (d) *Capture/collection system.* The owner or operator must:
- (1) Install, operate, and maintain a capture/collection system for each affected source and emission unit equipped with an add-on air pollution control device; and
 - (2) Inspect each capture/collection and closed vent system at least once each calendar year to ensure that each system is operating in accordance with the operating requirements in §63.1506(c) and record the results of each inspection.
- (e) *Feed/charge weight.* The owner or operator of an affected source or emission unit subject to an emission limit in kg/Mg (lb/ton) or µg/Mg (gr/ton) of feed/charge must install, calibrate, operate, and maintain a device to measure and record the total weight of feed/charge to, or the aluminum production from, the affected source or emission unit over the same operating cycle or time period used in the performance test. Feed/charge or aluminum production within SAPUs must be measured and recorded on an emission unit-by-emission unit basis. As an alternative to a measurement device, the owner or operator may use a procedure acceptable to the applicable permitting authority to determine the total weight of feed/charge or aluminum production to the affected source or emission unit.
- (1) The accuracy of the weight measurement device or procedure must be ±1 percent of the weight being measured. The owner or operator may apply to the permitting agency for approval to use a device of alternative accuracy if the required accuracy cannot be achieved as a result of equipment layout or charging practices. A device of alternative accuracy will not be approved unless the owner or operator provides assurance through data and information that the affected source will meet the relevant emission standard.
 - (2) The owner or operator must verify the calibration of the weight measurement device in accordance with the schedule specified by the manufacturer, or if no calibration schedule is specified, at least once every 6 months.
- (f) *Fabric filters and lime-injected fabric filters.* The owner or operator of an affected source or emission unit using a fabric filter or lime-injected fabric filter to comply with the requirements of this subpart must install, calibrate, maintain, and continuously operate a bag leak detection system as required in paragraph (f)(1) of this section or a continuous opacity monitoring system as required in paragraph (f)(2) of this section. The owner or operator of an aluminum scrap shredder must install and operate a bag leak detection system as required in paragraph (f)(1) of this section, install and operate a continuous opacity monitoring system as required in paragraph (f)(2) of this section, or conduct visible emission observations as required in paragraph (f)(3) of this section.

- (1) These requirements apply to the owner or operator of a new or existing affected source or existing emission unit using a bag leak detection system.
 - (i) The owner or operator must install and operate a bag leak detection system for each exhaust stack of a fabric filter.
 - (ii) Each triboelectric bag leak detection system must be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained according to the "Fabric Filter Bag Leak Detection Guidance," (September 1997). This document is available from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards; Emissions, Monitoring and Analysis Division; Emission Measurement Center (MD-19), Research Triangle Park, NC 27711. This document also is available on the Technology Transfer Network (TTN) under Emission Measurement Technical Information (EMTIC), Continuous Emission Monitoring. Other bag leak detection systems must be installed, operated, calibrated, and maintained in a manner consistent with the manufacturer's written specifications and recommendations.
 - (iii) The bag leak detection system must be certified by the manufacturer to be capable of detecting PM emissions at concentrations of 10 milligrams per actual cubic meter (0.0044 grains per actual cubic foot) or less.
 - (iv) The bag leak detection system sensor must provide output of relative or absolute PM loadings.
 - (v) The bag leak detection system must be equipped with a device to continuously record the output signal from the sensor.
 - (vi) The bag leak detection system must be equipped with an alarm system that will sound automatically when an increase in relative PM emissions over a preset level is detected. The alarm must be located where it is easily heard by plant operating personnel.
 - (vii) For positive pressure fabric filter systems, a bag leak detection system must be installed in each baghouse compartment or cell. For negative pressure or induced air fabric filters, the bag leak detector must be installed downstream of the fabric filter.
 - (viii) Where multiple detectors are required, the system's instrumentation and alarm may be shared among detectors.
 - (ix) The baseline output must be established by adjusting the range and the averaging period of the device and establishing the alarm set points and the alarm delay time.
 - (x) Following initial adjustment of the system, the owner or operator must not adjust the sensitivity or range, averaging period, alarm set points, or alarm delay time except as detailed in the OM&M plan. In no case may the sensitivity be increased by more than 100 percent or decreased more than 50 percent over a 365-day period unless such adjustment follows a complete fabric filter inspection which demonstrates that the fabric filter is in good operating condition.

- (3) These requirements apply to the owner or operator of a new or existing aluminum scrap shredder who conducts visible emission observations. The owner or operator must:
 - (i) Perform a visible emissions test for each aluminum scrap shredder using a certified observer at least once a day according to the requirements of Method 9 in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60. Each Method 9 test must consist of five 6-minute observations in a 30-minute period; and
 - (ii) Record the results of each test.
- (j) *Total reactive flux injection rate.* These requirements apply to the owner or operator of a group 1 furnace (with or without add-on air pollution control devices) or in-line fluxer. The owner or operator must:
 - (3) Record, for each 15-minute block period during each operating cycle or time period used in the performance test during which reactive fluxing occurs, the time, weight, and type of flux for each addition of:
 - (ii) Solid reactive flux.
 - (4) Calculate and record the total reactive flux injection rate for each operating cycle or time period used in the performance test using the procedure in §63.1512(o).
 - (5) The owner or operator of a group 1 furnace or in-line fluxer performing reactive fluxing may apply to the Administrator for approval of an alternative method for monitoring and recording the total reactive flux addition rate based on monitoring the weight or quantity of reactive flux per ton of feed/charge for each operating cycle or time period used in the performance test. An alternative monitoring method will not be approved unless the owner or operator provides assurance through data and information that the affected source will meet the relevant emission standards on a continuous basis.
- (s) *Site-specific requirements for secondary aluminum processing units.*
 - (1) An owner or operator of a secondary aluminum processing unit at a facility must include, within the OM&M plan prepared in accordance with §63.1510(b), the following information:
 - (i) The identification of each emission unit in the secondary aluminum processing unit;
 - (ii) The specific control technology or pollution prevention measure to be used for each emission unit in the secondary aluminum processing unit and the date of its installation or application;
 - (iii) The emission limit calculated for each secondary aluminum processing unit and performance test results with supporting calculations demonstrating initial compliance with each applicable emission limit;
 - (iv) Information and data demonstrating compliance for each emission unit with all applicable design, equipment, work practice or operational standards of this subpart; and
 - (v) The monitoring requirements applicable to each emission unit in a secondary aluminum processing unit and the monitoring procedures for

daily calculation of the 3-day, 24-hour rolling average using the procedure in §63.1510(t).

- (2) The SAPU compliance procedures within the OM&M plan may not contain any of the following provisions:
 - (i) Any averaging among emissions of differing pollutants;
 - (ii) The inclusion of any affected sources other than emission units in a secondary aluminum processing unit;
 - (iii) The inclusion of any emission unit while it is shutdown; or
 - (iv) The inclusion of any periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction in emission calculations.
 - (3) To revise the SAPU compliance provisions within the OM&M plan prior to the end of the permit term, the owner or operator must submit a request to the applicable permitting authority containing the information required by paragraph (s)(1) of this section and obtain approval of the applicable permitting authority prior to implementing any revisions.
- (t) *Secondary aluminum processing unit.* Except as provided in paragraph (u) of this section, the owner or operator must calculate and record the 3-day, 24-hour rolling average emissions of PM, HCl, and D/F for each secondary aluminum processing unit on a daily basis. To calculate the 3-day, 24-hour rolling average, the owner or operator must:
- (1) Calculate and record the total weight of material charged to each emission unit in the secondary aluminum processing unit for each 24-hour day of operation using the feed/charge weight information required in paragraph (e) of this section. If the owner or operator chooses to comply on the basis of weight of aluminum produced by the emission unit, rather than weight of material charged to the emission unit, all performance test emissions results and all calculations must be conducted on the aluminum production weight basis.
 - (2) Multiply the total feed/charge weight to the emission unit, or the weight of aluminum produced by the emission unit, for each emission unit for the 24-hour period by the emission rate (in lb/ton of feed/charge) for that emission unit (as determined during the performance test) to provide emissions for each emission unit for the 24-hour period, in pounds.
 - (3) Divide the total emissions for each SAPU for the 24-hour period by the total material charged to the SAPU, or the weight of aluminum produced by the SAPU over the 24-hour period to provide the daily emission rate for the SAPU.
 - (4) Compute the 24-hour daily emission rate using Equation 4:

$$E_{\text{day}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (T_i \times ER_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n T_i} \quad (\text{Eq. 4})$$

Where,

- E_{day} = The daily PM, HCl, or D/F emission rate for the secondary aluminum processing unit for the 24-hour period;
- T_i = The total amount of feed, or aluminum produced, for emission unit i for the 24-hour period (tons or Mg);
- ER_i = The measured emission rate for emission unit i as determined in the performance test (lb/ton or $\mu\text{g}/\text{Mg}$ of feed/charge); and
- n = The number of emission units in the secondary aluminum processing unit.

- (5) Calculate and record the 3-day, 24-hour rolling average for each pollutant each day by summing the daily emission rates for each pollutant over the 3 most recent consecutive days and dividing by 3.
- (u) *Secondary aluminum processing unit compliance by individual emission unit demonstration.* As an alternative to the procedures of paragraph (t) of this section, an owner or operator may demonstrate, through performance tests, that each individual emission unit within the secondary aluminum production unit is in compliance with the applicable emission limits for the emission unit.
- (w) *Alternative monitoring methods.* If an owner or operator wishes to use an alternative monitoring method to demonstrate compliance with any emission standard in this subpart, other than those alternative monitoring methods which may be authorized pursuant to §63.1510(j)(5) and §63.1510(v), the owner or operator may submit an application to the Administrator. Any such application will be processed according to the criteria and procedures set forth in paragraphs (w)(1) through (6) of this section.
- (1) The Administrator will not approve averaging periods other than those specified in this section.
- (2) The owner or operator must continue to use the original monitoring requirement until necessary data are submitted and approval is received to use another monitoring procedure.
- (3) The owner or operator shall submit the application for approval of alternate monitoring methods no later than the notification of the performance test. The application must contain the information specified in paragraphs (w)(3) (i) through (iii) of this section:
- (i) Data or information justifying the request, such as the technical or economic infeasibility, or the impracticality of using the required approach;
- (ii) A description of the proposed alternative monitoring requirements, including the operating parameters to be monitored, the monitoring approach and technique, and how the limit is to be calculated; and
- (iii) Data and information documenting that the alternative monitoring requirement(s) would provide equivalent or better assurance of compliance with the relevant emission standard(s).

- (4) The Administrator will not approve an alternate monitoring application unless it would provide equivalent or better assurance of compliance with the relevant emission standard(s). Before disapproving any alternate monitoring application, the Administrator will provide:
 - (i) Notice of the information and findings upon which the intended disapproval is based; and
 - (ii) Notice of opportunity for the owner or operator to present additional supporting information before final action is taken on the application. This notice will specify how much additional time is allowed for the owner or operator to provide additional supporting information.
- (5) The owner or operator is responsible for submitting any supporting information in a timely manner to enable the Administrator to consider the application prior to the performance test. Neither submittal of an application nor the Administrator's failure to approve or disapprove the application relieves the owner or operator of the responsibility to comply with any provisions of this subpart.
- (6) The Administrator may decide at any time, on a case-by-case basis, that additional or alternative operating limits, or alternative approaches to establishing operating limits, are necessary to demonstrate compliance with the emission standards of this subpart.

§ 63.1511 Performance test/compliance demonstration general requirements

- (a) *Site-specific test plan.* Prior to conducting any performance test required by this subpart, the owner or operator must prepare a site-specific test plan which satisfies all of the requirements, and must obtain approval of the plan pursuant to the procedures, set forth in §63.7(c).
- (b) *Initial performance test.* Following approval of the site-specific test plan, the owner or operator must demonstrate initial compliance with each applicable emission, equipment, work practice, or operational standard for each affected source and emission unit, and report the results in the notification of compliance status report as described in §63.1515(b). The owner or operator of any existing affected source for which an initial performance test is required to demonstrate compliance must conduct this initial performance test no later than the date for compliance established by §63.1501(a). The owner or operator of any new affected source for which an initial performance test is required must conduct this initial performance test within 90 days after the date for compliance established by §63.1501(b). Except for the date by which the performance test must be conducted, the owner or operator must conduct each performance test in accordance with the requirements and procedures set forth in §63.7(c). Owners or operators of affected sources located at facilities which are area sources are subject only to those performance testing requirements pertaining to D/F. Owners or operators of sweat furnaces meeting the specifications of §63.1505(f)(1) are not required to conduct a performance test.
 - (1) The owner or operator must conduct each test while the affected source or emission unit is operating at the highest production level with charge materials representative of the range of materials processed by the unit and, if applicable, at the highest reactive fluxing rate.
 - (2) Each performance test for a continuous process must consist of 3 separate runs; pollutant sampling for each run must be conducted for the time period specified

- in the applicable method or, in the absence of a specific time period in the test method, for a minimum of 3 hours.
- (3) Each performance test for a batch process must consist of three separate runs; pollutant sampling for each run must be conducted over the entire process operating cycle.
 - (4) Where multiple affected sources or emission units are exhausted through a common stack, pollutant sampling for each run must be conducted over a period of time during which all affected sources or emission units complete at least 1 entire process operating cycle or for 24 hours, whichever is shorter.
 - (5) Initial compliance with an applicable emission limit or standard is demonstrated if the average of three runs conducted during the performance test is less than or equal to the applicable emission limit or standard.
- (c) *Test methods.* The owner or operator must use the following methods in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60 to determine compliance with the applicable emission limits or standards:
- (1) Method 1 for sample and velocity traverses.
 - (2) Method 2 for velocity and volumetric flow rate.
 - (3) Method 3 for gas analysis.
 - (4) Method 4 for moisture content of the stack gas.
 - (5) Method 5 for the concentration of PM.
 - (6) Method 9 for visible emission observations.
 - (7) Method 23 for the concentration of D/F.
 - (9) Method 26A for the concentration of HCl. Where a lime-injected fabric filter is used as the control device to comply with the 90 percent reduction standard, the owner or operator must measure the fabric filter inlet concentration of HCl at a point before lime is introduced to the system.
- (d) *Alternative methods.* The owner or operator may use an alternative test method, subject to approval by the Administrator.
- (e) *Repeat tests.* The owner or operator of new or existing affected sources and emission units located at secondary aluminum production facilities that are major sources must conduct a performance test every 5 years following the initial performance test.
- (f) *Testing of representative emission units.* With the prior approval of the permitting authority, an owner or operator may utilize emission rates obtained by testing a particular type of group 1 furnace which is not controlled by any add-on control device, or by testing an in-line flux box which is not controlled by any add-on control device, to determine the emission rate for other units of the same type at the same facility. Such emission test results may only be considered to be representative of other units if all of the following criteria are satisfied:
- (1) The tested emission unit must use feed materials and charge rates which are comparable to the emission units that it represents;

- (2) The tested emission unit must use the same type of flux materials in the same proportions as the emission units it represents;
 - (3) The tested emission unit must be operated utilizing the same work practices as the emission units that it represents;
 - (4) The tested emission unit must be of the same design as the emission units that it represents; and
 - (5) The tested emission unit must be tested under the highest load or capacity reasonably expected to occur for any of the emission units that it represents.
- (g) *Establishment of monitoring and operating parameter values.* The owner or operator of new or existing affected sources and emission units must establish a minimum or maximum operating parameter value, or an operating parameter range for each parameter to be monitored as required by §63.1510 that ensures compliance with the applicable emission limit or standard. To establish the minimum or maximum value or range, the owner or operator must use the appropriate procedures in this section and submit the information required by §63.1515(b)(4) in the notification of compliance status report. The owner or operator may use existing data in addition to the results of performance tests to establish operating parameter values for compliance monitoring provided each of the following conditions are met to the satisfaction of the applicable permitting authority:
- (1) The complete emission test report(s) used as the basis of the parameter(s) is submitted.
 - (2) The same test methods and procedures as required by this subpart were used in the test.
 - (3) The owner or operator certifies that no design or work practice changes have been made to the source, process, or emission control equipment since the time of the report.
 - (4) All process and control equipment operating parameters required to be monitored were monitored as required in this subpart and documented in the test report.
- (h) *Testing of commonly-ducted units within a secondary aluminum processing unit.* When group 1 furnaces and/or in-line fluxers are included in a single existing SAPU or new SAPU, and the emissions from more than one emission unit within that existing SAPU or new SAPU are manifolded to a single control device, compliance for all units within the SAPU is demonstrated if the total measured emissions from all controlled and uncontrolled units in the SAPU do not exceed the emission limits calculated for that SAPU based on the applicable equation in §63.1505(k).
- (i) *Testing of commonly-ducted units not within a secondary aluminum processing unit.* With the prior approval of the permitting authority, an owner or operator may do combined performance testing of two or more individual affected sources or emission units which are not included in a single existing SAPU or new SAPU, but whose emissions are manifolded to a single control device. Any such performance testing of commonly-ducted units must satisfy the following basic requirements:
- (1) All testing must be designed to verify that each affected source or emission unit individually satisfies all emission requirements applicable to that affected source or emission unit;

- (2) All emissions of pollutants subject to a standard must be tested at the outlet from each individual affected source or emission unit while operating under the highest load or capacity reasonably expected to occur, and prior to the point that the emissions are manifolded together with emissions from other affected sources or emission units;
- (3) The combined emissions from all affected sources and emission units which are manifolded to a single emission control device must be tested at the outlet of the emission control device;
- (4) All tests at the outlet of the emission control device must be conducted with all affected sources and emission units whose emissions are manifolded to the control device operating simultaneously under the highest load or capacity reasonably expected to occur; and
- (5) For purposes of demonstrating compliance of a commonly-ducted unit with any emission limit for a particular type of pollutant, the emissions of that pollutant by the individual unit shall be presumed to be controlled by the same percentage as total emissions of that pollutant from all commonly-ducted units are controlled at the outlet of the emission control device.

§ 63.1512 Performance test/compliance demonstration requirements and procedures.

- (a) *Aluminum scrap shredder.* The owner or operator must conduct performance tests to measure PM emissions at the outlet of the control system. If visible emission observations is the selected monitoring option, the owner or operator must record visible emission observations from each exhaust stack for all consecutive 6-minute periods during the PM emission test according to the requirements of Method 9 in appendix A to 40 CFR part 60.
- (d) *Group 1 furnace with add-on air pollution control devices.*
 - (3) The owner or operator may choose to determine the rate of reactive flux addition to the group 1 furnace and assume, for the purposes of demonstrating compliance with the SAPU emission limit, that all reactive flux added to the group 1 furnace is emitted. Under these circumstances, the owner or operator is not required to conduct an emission test for HCl.
- (j) *Secondary aluminum processing unit.* The owner or operator must conduct performance tests as described in paragraphs (j)(1) through (3) of this section. The results of the performance tests are used to establish emission rates in lb/ton of feed/charge for PM and HCl and µg TEQ/Mg of feed/charge for D/F emissions from each emission unit. These emission rates are used for compliance monitoring in the calculation of the 3-day, 24-hour rolling average emission rates using the equation in §63.1510(t). A performance test is required for:
 - (2) Each group 1 furnace that processes scrap other than clean charge to measure emissions of PM and D/F and either:
 - (i) Emissions of HCl (for the emission limit); or
 - (ii) The mass flow rate of HCl at the inlet to and outlet from the control device (for the percent reduction standard).

- (k) *Feed/charge weight measurement.* During the emission test(s) conducted to determine compliance with emission limits in a kg/Mg (lb/ton) format, the owner or operator of an affected source or emission unit, subject to an emission limit in a kg/Mg (lb/ton) of feed/charge format, must measure (or otherwise determine) and record the total weight of feed/charge to the affected source or emission unit for each of the three test runs and calculate and record the total weight. An owner or operator that chooses to demonstrate compliance on the basis of the aluminum production weight must measure the weight of aluminum produced by the emission unit or affected source instead of the feed/charge weight.
- (o) *Flux injection rate.* The owner or operator must use these procedures to establish an operating parameter value or range for the total reactive chlorine flux injection rate.

- (2) Record the identity, composition, and total weight of each addition of solid reactive flux for the 3 test runs;
- (3) Determine the total reactive chlorine flux injection rate by adding the recorded measurement of the total weight of chlorine in the gaseous or liquid reactive flux injected and the total weight of chlorine in the solid reactive flux using Equation 5:

$$W_t = F_1W_1 + F_2W_2 \quad (Eq. 5)$$

Where,

- W_t = Total chlorine usage, by weight;
- F_1 = Fraction of gaseous or liquid flux that is chlorine;
- W_1 = Weight of reactive flux gas injected;
- F_2 = Fraction of solid reactive chloride flux that is chlorine (e.g., $F = 0.75$ for magnesium chloride; and
- W_2 = Weight of solid reactive flux;

- (4) Divide the weight of total chlorine usage (W_t) for the 3 test runs by the recorded measurement of the total weight of feed for the 3 test runs; and
- (5) If a solid reactive flux other than magnesium chloride is used, the owner or operator must derive the appropriate proportion factor subject to approval by the applicable permitting authority.
- (q) *Bag leak detection system.* The owner or operator of an affected source or emission unit using a bag leak detection system must submit the information described in §63.1515(b)(6) as part of the notification of compliance status report to document conformance with the specifications and requirements in §63.1510(f).
- (r) *Labeling.* The owner or operator of each scrap dryer/delacquering kiln/decoating kiln, group 1 furnace, group 2 furnace and in-line fluxer must submit the information described in §63.1515(b)(3) as part of the notification of compliance status report to document conformance with the operational standard in §63.1506(b).
- (s) *Capture/collection system.* The owner or operator of a new or existing affected source or emission unit with an add-on control device must submit the information described in §63.1515(b)(2) as part of the notification of compliance status report to document conformance with the operational standard in §63.1506(c).

§ 63.1513 Equations for determining compliance.

(b) *PM, HCl and D/F emission limits.*

(1) Use Equation 7 of this section to determine compliance with an emission limit for PM or HCl:

$$E = \frac{C \times Q \times K_1}{P} \quad (\text{Eq. 7})$$

Where:

- E = Emission rate of PM or HCl, kg/Mg (lb/ton) of feed;
- C = Concentration of PM or HCl, g/dscm (gr/dscf);
- Q = Volumetric flow rate of exhaust gases, dscm/hr (dscf/hr);
- K₁ = Conversion factor, 1 kg/1,000 g (1 lb/7,000 gr); and
- P = Production rate, Mg/hr (ton/hr).

(2) Use Equation 7A of this section to determine compliance with an emission limit for D/F:

$$E = \frac{C \times Q}{P} \quad (\text{Eq. 7A})$$

Where:

- E = Emission rate of D/F, µg/Mg (gr/ton) of feed;
- C = Concentration of D/F, µg/dscm (gr/dscf);
- Q = Volumetric flow rate of exhaust gases, dscm/hr (dscf/hr); and
- P = Production rate, Mg/hr (ton/hr).

(c) *HCl percent reduction standard.* Use Equation 8 to determine compliance with an HCl percent reduction standard:

$$\%R = \frac{L_i - L_o}{L_i} \times 100 \quad (\text{Eq. 8})$$

Where,

- %R = Percent reduction of the control device;
- L_i = Inlet loading of pollutant, kg/Mg (lb/ton); and
- L_o = Outlet loading of pollutant, kg/Mg (lb/ton).

(d) *Conversion of D/F measurements to TEQ units.* To convert D/F measurements to TEQ units, the owner or operator must use the procedures and equations in "Interim Procedures for Estimating Risks Associated with Exposures to Mixtures of Chlorinated Dibenzo-p-Dioxins and -Dibenzofurans (CDDs and CDFs) and 1989 Update" (EPA-

625/3–89–016), incorporated by reference in §63.1502 of this subpart, available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Virginia, NTIS no. PB 90–145756.

(e) *Secondary aluminum processing unit.* Use the procedures in paragraphs (e)(1), (2), and (3) or the procedure in paragraph (e)(4) of this section to determine compliance with emission limits for a secondary aluminum processing unit.

(1) Use Equation 9 to compute the mass-weighted PM emissions for a secondary aluminum processing unit. Compliance is achieved if the mass-weighted emissions for the secondary aluminum processing unit (E_{cPM}) is less than or equal to the emission limit for the secondary aluminum processing unit (L_{cPM}) calculated using Equation 1 in §63.1505(k).

$$E_{C_{PM}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (E_{ti_{PM}} \times T_{ti})}{\sum_{i=1}^n (T_{ti})} \quad (Eq. 9)$$

Where,

E_{cPM} = The mass-weighted PM emissions for the secondary aluminum processing unit;

$E_{ti_{PM}}$ = Measured PM emissions for individual emission unit i ;

T_{ti} = The average feed rate for individual emission unit i during the operating cycle or performance test period; and

n = The number of emission units in the secondary aluminum processing unit.

(2) Use Equation 10 to compute the aluminum mass-weighted HCl emissions for the secondary aluminum processing unit. Compliance is achieved if the mass-weighted emissions for the secondary aluminum processing unit (E_{cHCl}) is less than or equal to the emission limit for the secondary aluminum processing unit (L_{cHCl}) calculated using Equation 2 in §63.1505(k).

$$E_{C_{HCl}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (E_{ti_{HCl}} \times T_{ti})}{\sum_{i=1}^n (T_{ti})} \quad (Eq. 10)$$

Where,

E_{cHCl} = The mass-weighted HCl emissions for the secondary aluminum processing unit; and

$E_{ti_{HCl}}$ = Measured HCl emissions for individual emission unit i .

(3) Use Equation 11 to compute the aluminum mass-weighted D/F emissions for the secondary aluminum processing unit. Compliance is achieved if the mass-weighted emissions for the secondary aluminum processing unit is less than or equal to the emission limit for the secondary aluminum processing unit ($L_{cD/F}$) calculated using Equation 3 in §63.1505(k).

$$E_{C_{D/F}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (E_{ti_{D/F}} \times T_{ti})}{\sum_{i=1}^n (T_{ti})} \quad (\text{Eq. 11})$$

Where,

$E_{cD/F}$ = The mass-weighted D/F emissions for the secondary aluminum processing unit; and

$E_{tiD/F}$ = Measured D/F emissions for individual emission unit i .

- (4) As an alternative to using the equations in paragraphs (e)(1), (2), and (3) of this section, the owner or operator may demonstrate compliance for a secondary aluminum processing unit by demonstrating that each existing group 1 furnace is in compliance with the emission limits for a new group 1 furnace in §63.1505(i) and that each existing in-line fluxer is in compliance with the emission limits for a new in-line fluxer in §63.1505(j).

Notifications, Reports, And Records

§ 63.1515 Notifications.

- (a) *Initial notifications.* The owner or operator must submit initial notifications to the applicable permitting authority as described in paragraphs (a)(1) through (7) of this section.
- (6) As required by §63.9(e) and (f), the owner or operator must provide notification of the anticipated date for conducting performance tests and visible emission observations. The owner or operator must notify the Administrator of the intent to conduct a performance test at least 60 days before the performance test is scheduled; notification of opacity or visible emission observations for a performance test must be provided at least 30 days before the observations are scheduled to take place.
- (b) *Notification of compliance status report.* Each owner or operator of an existing affected source must submit a notification of compliance status report within 60 days after the compliance date established by §63.1501(a). Each owner or operator of a new affected source must submit a notification of compliance status report within 90 days after conducting the initial performance test required by §63.1511(b), or within 90 days after the compliance date established by §63.1501(b) if no initial performance test is required. The notification must be signed by the responsible official who must certify its accuracy. A complete notification of compliance status report must include the information specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (10) of this section. The required information may be submitted in an operating permit application, in an amendment to an operating permit application, in a separate submittal, or in any combination. In a State with an approved operating permit program where delegation of authority under section 112(l) of the CAA has not been requested or approved, the owner or operator must provide duplicate notification to the applicable Regional Administrator. If an owner or operator submits the information specified in this section at different times or in different submittals, later submittals may refer to earlier submittals instead of duplicating and resubmitting the information previously submitted. A complete notification of compliance status report must include:

- (1) All information required in §63.9(h). The owner or operator must provide a complete performance test report for each affected source and emission unit for which a performance test is required. A complete performance test report includes all data, associated measurements, and calculations (including visible emission and opacity tests).
- (3) Unit labeling as described in §63.1506(b), including process type or furnace classification and operating requirements.
- (4) The compliant operating parameter value or range established for each affected source or emission unit with supporting documentation and a description of the procedure used to establish the value (*e.g.*, lime injection rate, total reactive chlorine flux injection rate, afterburner operating temperature, fabric filter inlet temperature), including the operating cycle or time period used in the performance test.
- (5) Design information and analysis, with supporting documentation, demonstrating conformance with the requirements for capture/collection systems in §63.1506(c).
- (6) If applicable, analysis and supporting documentation demonstrating conformance with EPA guidance and specifications for bag leak detection systems in §63.1510(f).
- (9) The OM&M plan (including site-specific monitoring plan for each group 1 furnace with no add-on air pollution control device).
- (10) Startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan, with revisions.

§ 63.1516 Reports.

- (a) *Startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan/reports.* The owner or operator must develop and implement a written plan as described in §63.6(e)(3) that contains specific procedures to be followed for operating and maintaining the source during periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, and a program of corrective action for malfunctioning process and air pollution control equipment used to comply with the standard. The owner or operator shall also keep records of each event as required by §63.10(b) and record and report if an action taken during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction is not consistent with the procedures in the plan as described in §63.6(e)(3). In addition to the information required in §63.6(e)(3), the plan must include:
 - (1) Procedures to determine and record the cause of the malfunction and the time the malfunction began and ended; and
 - (2) Corrective actions to be taken in the event of a malfunction of a process or control device, including procedures for recording the actions taken to correct the malfunction or minimize emissions.
- (b) *Excess emissions/summary report.* The owner or operator must submit semiannual reports according to the requirements in §63.10(e)(3). Except, the owner or operator must submit the semiannual reports within 60 days after the end of each 6-month period instead of within 30 days after the calendar half as specified in §63.10(e)(3)(v). When no deviations of parameters have occurred, the owner or operator must submit a report stating that no excess emissions occurred during the reporting period.

- (1) A report must be submitted if any of these conditions occur during a 6-month reporting period:
 - (i) The corrective action specified in the OM&M plan for a bag leak detection system alarm was not initiated within 1 hour.
 - (iii) The corrective action specified in the OM&M plan for visible emissions from an aluminum scrap shredder was not initiated within 1 hour.
 - (iv) An excursion of a compliant process or operating parameter value or range (e.g., lime injection rate or screw feeder setting, total reactive chlorine flux injection rate, afterburner operating temperature, fabric filter inlet temperature, definition of acceptable scrap, or other approved operating parameter).
 - (v) An action taken during a startup, shutdown, or malfunction was not consistent with the procedures in the plan as described in §63.6(e)(3).
 - (vi) An affected source (including an emission unit in a secondary aluminum processing unit) was not operated according to the requirements of this subpart.
 - (vii) A deviation from the 3-day, 24-hour rolling average emission limit for a secondary aluminum processing unit.
- (3) The owner or operator must submit the results of any performance test conducted during the reporting period, including one complete report documenting test methods and procedures, process operation, and monitoring parameter ranges or values for each test method used for a particular type of emission point tested.
- (c) *Annual compliance certifications.* For the purpose of annual certifications of compliance required by 40 CFR part 70 or 71, the owner or operator must certify continuing compliance based upon, but not limited to, the following conditions:
 - (1) Any period of excess emissions, as defined in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, that occurred during the year were reported as required by this subpart; and
 - (2) All monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements were met during the year.

§ 63.1517 Records

- (a) As required by §63.10(b), the owner or operator shall maintain files of all information (including all reports and notifications) required by the general provisions and this subpart.
 - (1) The owner or operator must retain each record for at least 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. The most recent 2 years of records must be retained at the facility. The remaining 3 years of records may be retained off site.
 - (2) The owner or operator may retain records on microfilm, computer disks, magnetic tape, or microfiche; and

- (3) The owner or operator may report required information on paper or on a labeled computer disk using commonly available and EPA-compatible computer software.
- (b) In addition to the general records required by §63.10(b), the owner or operator of a new or existing affected source (including an emission unit in a secondary aluminum processing unit) must maintain records of:
 - (1) For each affected source and emission unit with emissions controlled by a fabric filter or a lime-injected fabric filter:
 - (i) If a bag leak detection system is used, the number of total operating hours for the affected source or emission unit during each 6-month reporting period, records of each alarm, the time of the alarm, the time corrective action was initiated and completed, and a brief description of the cause of the alarm and the corrective action(s) taken.
 - (iii) If an aluminum scrap shredder is subject to visible emission observation requirements, records of all Method 9 observations, including records of any visible emissions during a 30-minute daily test, with a brief explanation of the cause of the emissions, the time the emissions occurred, the time corrective action was initiated and completed, and the corrective action taken.
 - (5) For each group 1 furnace (with or without add-on air pollution control devices) or in-line fluxer, records of 15-minute block average weights of gaseous or liquid reactive flux injection, total reactive flux injection rate and calculations (including records of the identity, composition, and weight of each addition of gaseous, liquid or solid reactive flux), including records of any period the rate exceeds the compliant operating parameter value and corrective action taken.
 - (6) For each continuous monitoring system, records required by §63.10(c).
 - (7) For each affected source and emission unit subject to an emission standard in kg/Mg (lb/ton) of feed/charge, records of feed/charge (or throughput) weights for each operating cycle or time period used in the performance test.
 - (13) Records of monthly inspections for proper unit labeling for each affected source and emission unit subject to labeling requirements.
 - (14) Records of annual inspections of emission capture/collection and closed vent systems.
 - (15) Records for any approved alternative monitoring or test procedure.
 - (16) Current copy of all required plans, including any revisions, with records documenting conformance with the applicable plan, including:
 - (i) Startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan;
 - (ii) OM&M plan; and
 - (iii) Site-specific secondary aluminum processing unit emission plan (if applicable).

- (17) For each secondary aluminum processing unit, records of total charge weight, or if the owner or operator chooses to comply on the basis of aluminum production, total aluminum produced for each 24-hour period and calculations of 3-day, 24-hour rolling average emissions.

Table 1 to Subpart RRR--Emission Standards for New and Existing Affected Sources

Affected source/ Emission unit	Pollutant	Limit	Units
All new and existing affected sources and emission units that are controlled with a PM add-on control device and that choose to monitor with a COM; and all new and existing aluminum scrap shredders that choose to monitor with a COM or to monitor visible emissions	Opacity	10	percent
New and existing aluminum scrap shredder	PM	0.01	gr/dscf
New and existing thermal chip dryer	THC	0.80	lb/ton of feed
	D/F ^a	2.50	μg TEQ/Mg of feed
New and existing scrap dryer/delacquering kiln/decoating kiln	PM	0.08	lb/ton of feed
	HCl	0.80	lb/ton of feed
	THC	0.06	lb/ton of feed
	D/F ^a	0.25	μg TEQ/Mg of feed
Or Alternative limits if afterburner has a design residence time of at least 1 second and operates at a temperature of at least 1400 °F	PM	0.30	lb/ton of feed
	HCl	1.50	lb/ton of feed
	THC	0.20	lb/ton of feed
	D/F ^a	5.0	μg TEQ/Mg of feed
New and existing sweat furnace	D/F ^a	0.80	ng TEQ/dscm @ 11% O ₂ ^b
New and existing dross-only furnace	PM	0.30	lb/ton of feed

New and existing in-line fluxer ^c	HCl	0.04	lb/ton of feed
	PM	0.01	lb/ton of feed
New and existing in-line fluxer with no reactive fluxing		No limit	Work practice: no reactive fluxing
New and existing rotary dross cooler	PM	0.04	gr/dscf
New and existing clean furnace (Group 2)		No limit	Work practices: clean charge only and no reactive fluxing
New and existing group 1 melting/holding furnace (processing only clean charge) ^c	PM	0.80	lb/ton of feed
	HCl	0.40	lb/ton of feed
		or 10	percent of the HCl upstream of an add-on control device
New and existing group 1 furnace ^c	PM	0.40	lb/ton of feed
	HCl	0.40	lb/ton of feed
		or 10	percent of the HCl upstream of an add-on control device
	D/F ^a	15.0	µg TEQ/Mg of feed
New and existing group 1 furnace ^c with clean charge only	PM	0.40	lb/ton of feed
	HCl	0.40	lb/ton of feed
		Or 10	percent of the HCl upstream of an add-on control device
	D/F ^a	No Limit	Clean charge only

New and existing secondary aluminum processing unit^{a,d} (consists of all existing group 1 furnaces and existing in-line flux boxes at the facility, or all simultaneously constructed new group 1 furnaces and new in-line fluxers)

PM^e

$$L_{t_{PM}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (L_{i_{PM}} \times T_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n (T_i)}$$

HCl^f

$$L_{t_{HCl}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (L_{i_{HCl}} \times T_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n (T_i)}$$

D/F^g

$$L_{t_{D/F}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (L_{i_{D/F}} \times T_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n (T_i)}$$

^a D/F limit applies to a unit at a major or area source.

^b Sweat furnaces equipped with afterburners meeting the specifications of §63.1505(f) (1) are not required to conduct a performance test.

^c These limits are also used to calculate the limits applicable to secondary aluminum processing units.

^d Equation definitions: $L_{i_{PM}}$ = the PM emission limit for individual emission unit i in the secondary aluminum processing unit [kg/Mg (lb/ton) of feed]; T_i = the feed rate for individual emission unit i in the secondary aluminum processing unit; $L_{t_{PM}}$ = the overall PM emission limit for the secondary aluminum processing unit [kg/Mg (lb/ton) of feed]; $L_{i_{HCl}}$ = the HCl emission limit for individual emission unit i in the secondary aluminum processing unit [kg/Mg (lb/ton) of feed]; $L_{t_{HCl}}$ = the overall HCl emission limit for the secondary aluminum processing unit [kg/Mg (lb/ton) of feed]; $L_{i_{D/F}}$ = the D/F emission limit for individual emission unit i [μ g TEQ/Mg (gr TEQ/ton) of feed]; $L_{t_{D/F}}$ = the overall D/F emission limit for the secondary aluminum processing unit [μ g TEQ/Mg (gr TEQ/ton) of feed]; n = the number of units in the secondary aluminum processing unit.

^e In-line fluxers using no reactive flux materials cannot be included in this calculation since they are not subject to the PM limit.

^f In-line fluxers using no reactive flux materials cannot be included in this calculation since they are not subject to the HCl limit.

^g Clean charge furnaces cannot be included in this calculation since they are not subject to the D/F limit.

Table 2 to Subpart RRR of Part 63—Summary of Operating Requirements for New and Existing Affected Sources and Emission Units

Affected source/emission unit	Monitor type/operation/ process	Operating requirements
All affected sources and emission units with an add-on air pollution control device.	Emission capture and collection system.	Design and install in accordance with Industrial Ventilation: A Handbook of Recommended Practice; operate in accordance with OM&M plan.b
All affected sources and emission units subject to production-based (lb/ton of feed) emission limits a.	Charge/feed weight or Production weight.	Operate a device that records the weight of each charge; Operate in accordance with OM&M plan.b
Group 1 furnace, group 2 furnace, in-line fluxer and scrap dryer/delacquering kiln/decoating kiln.	Labeling.....	Identification, operating parameter ranges and operating requirements posted at affected sources and emission units; control device temperature and residence time requirements posted at scrap dryer/delacquering kiln/decoating kiln.
Aluminum scrap shredder with fabric filter.	Bag leak detector or.....	Initiate corrective action within 1-hr of alarm and complete in accordance with OM&M plan b; operate such that alarm does not sound more than 5% of operating time in 6-month period.
	VE.....	Initiate corrective action within 1-hr of any observed VE and complete in accordance with the OM&M plan.b
Rotary cross cooler with fabric filter...	Bag leak detector or.....	Initiate corrective action within 1-hr of alarm and complete in accordance with the OM&M plan; b operate such that alarm does not sound more than 5% of operating time in 6-month period.
In-line fluxer with lime-injected fabric	Bag leak detector or.....	Initiate corrective action within 1-hr

a Thermal chip dryers, scrap dryers/delacquering kilns/decoating kilns, dross-only furnaces, in-line fluxers and group 1 furnaces including melting/holding furnaces.
 b OM&M plan_Operation, maintenance, and monitoring plan.

Table 3 to Subpart RRR of Part 63—Summary of Monitoring Requirements for New and Existing Affected Sources and Emission Units

Affected source/Emission unit	Monitor type/Operation/ Process	Monitoring requirements
All affected sources and emission units with an add-on air pollution control device.	Emission capture and collection system.	Annual inspection of all emission capture, collection, and transport systems to ensure that systems continue to operate in accordance with ACGIH standards.
All affected sources and emission units subject to production-based (lb/ton of feed/charge) emission limits a.	Feed/charge weight.....	Record weight of each feed/charge, weight measurement device or other procedure accuracy of ±1% b; calibrate according to manufacturers specifications, or at least once every 6 months.
Group 1 furnace, group 2 furnace, in-line fluxer, and scrap dryer/delacquering kiln/decoating kiln.	Labeling.....	Check monthly to confirm that labels are intact and legible.
Aluminum scrap shredder with fabric filter.	Bag leak detector or.....	Install and operate in accordance with ``Fabric Filter Bag Leak Detection Guidance'' c; record voltage output from bag leak detector.
	VE.....	Conduct and record results of 30-minute daily test in accordance with Method 9.
Rotary dross cooler with fabric filter...	Bag leak detector or.....	Install and operate in accordance with ``Fabric Filter Bag Leak Detection Guidance'' c; record output voltage from bag leak detector. and record 6-minute block averages.

a Thermal chip dryers, scrap dryers/delacquering kilns/decoating kilns, dross-only furnaces, in-line fluxers and group 1 furnaces or melting/holding furnaces.
 b Permitting agency may approve measurement devices of alternative accuracy, for example in cases where flux rates are very low and costs of meters of specified accuracy are prohibitive; or where feed/charge weighing devices of specified accuracy are not practicable due to equipment layout or charging practices.
 c Non-triboelectric bag leak detectors must be installed and operated in accordance with manufacturers' specifications.

Appendix A to Subpart RRR of Part 63—General Provisions Applicability to Subpart RRR

Citation	Requirement	Applies to RRR	Comment
§ 63.1(a)(1)-(4)	General Applicability.	Yes.	
§ 63.1(a)(5)		No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.1(a)(6)-(8)		Yes.	
§ 63.1(a)(9)		No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.1(a)(10)-(14)		Yes.	
§ 63.1(b)	Initial Applicability Determination.	Yes.	EPA retains approval authority.
§ 63.1(c)(1)	Applicability After Standard Established.	Yes.	
§ 63.1(c)(2)		Yes.	States have option to exclude area sources from title V permit program.
§ 63.1(c)(3)		No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.1(c)(4)-(5)		Yes.	
§ 63.1(d)		No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.1(e)	Applicability of Permit Program.	Yes.	
§ 63.2	Definitions.	Yes.	Additional definitions in § 63.1503.
§ 63.3	Units and Abbreviations.	Yes.	
§ 63.4(a)(1)-(3)	Prohibited Activities.	Yes.	
§ 63.4(a)(4)		No.	[Reserved]
§ 63.4(a)(5)		Yes.	
§ 63.4(b)-(c)	Circumvention/ Severability.	Yes.	
§ 63.5(a)	Construction and Reconstruction Applicability.	Yes.	
§ 63.5(b)(1)	Existing, New, Reconstructed Sources Requirements.	Yes.	
§ 63.5(b)(2)		No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.5(b)(3)-(6)		Yes.	
§ 63.5(c)		No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.5(d)	Application for Approval of Construction/ Reconstruction.	Yes.	
§ 63.5(e)	Approval of Construction/ Reconstruction.	Yes.	

§ 63.5(f)	Approval of Construction/ Reconstruction Based on State Review.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(a)	Compliance with Standards and Maintenance Applicability.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(b)(1)-(5)	New and Reconstructed Sources Dates.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(b)(6)	.....	No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.6(b)(7)	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(c)(1)	Existing Sources Dates	Yes.	§ 63.1501 specifies dates.
§ 63.6(c)(2)	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(c)(3)-(4)	.....	No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.6(c)(5)	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(d)	.....	No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.6(e)(1)-(2)	Operation & Maintenance Requirements.	Yes.	§ 63.1510 requires plan.
§ 63.6(e)(3)	Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Plan.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(f)	Compliance with Emission Standards.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(g)	Alternative Standard.	No.	.....
§ 63.6(h)	Compliance with Opacity/VE Standards.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(i)(1)-(14)	Extension of Compliance.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(i)(15)	.....	No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.6(i)(16)	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.6(j)	Exemption from Compliance.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.7(a)-(h)	Performance Test Requirements- Applicability and Dates.	Yes.	Except § 63.1511 establishes dates for initial performance tests.
§ 63.7(b)	Notification	Yes.	.....
§ 63.7(c)	Quality Assurance/Test Plan.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.7(d)	Testing Facilities	Yes.	.....
§ 63.7(e)	Conduct of Tests	Yes.	.....
§ 63.7(f)	Alternative Test Method.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.7(g)	Data Analysis	Yes.	.....
§ 63.7(h)	Waiver of Tests	Yes.	.....
§ 63.8(a)(1)	Monitoring Requirements Applicab	Yes.	.....

	ility.		
§ 63.8(a)(2)	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.8(a)(3)	.....	No.	[Reserved]
§ 63.8(a)(4)	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.8(b)	Conduct of Monitoring.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.8(c)(1)-(3)	CMS Operation and Maintenance.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.8(c)(4)-(8)	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.8(d)	Quality Control.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.8(e)	CMS Performance Evaluation.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.8(f)(1)-(5)	Alternative Monitoring Method.	No.	§ 63.1510(w) includes provisions for monitoring alternatives.
§ 63.8(f)(6)	Alternative to RATA Test.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.8(g)(1)	Data Reduction.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.8(g)(2)	.....	No.	§ 63.1512 requires five 6- minute averages for an aluminum scrap shredder.
§ 63.8(g)(3)-(5)	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.9(a)	Notification Requirements Applicability.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.9(b)	Initial Notifications.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.9(c)	Request for Compliance Extension.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.9(d)	New Source Notification for Special Compliance Requirements.	Yes.	.....
63.9(e)	Notification of Performance Test.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.9(f)	Notification of VE/ Opacity Test.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.9(g)	Additional CMS Notifications.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.9(h)(1)-(3)	Notification of Compliance Status.	Yes.	Except § 63.1515 establishes dates for notification of compliance status reports.
§ 63.9(h)(4)	.....	No.	[Reserved].
§ 63.9(h)(5)-(6)	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.9(i)	Adjustment of Deadlines.	Yes.	.....

§ 63.9(j).....	Change in Previous Information.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(a).....	Recordkeeping/Reporting Applicability.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(b).....	General Requirements..	Yes.....	§ 63.1517 includes additional requirements.
§ 63.10(c)(1).....	Additional CMS Recordkeeping.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(c)(2)-(4).....	.....	No.....	[Reserved].
§ 63.10(c)(5).....	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(c)(6).....	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(c)(7)-(8).....	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(c)(9).....	.....	No.....	[Reserved].
§ 63.10(c)(10)-(13).....	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(c)(14).....	.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(d)(1).....	General Reporting Requirements.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(d)(2).....	Performance Test Results.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(d)(3).....	Opacity or VE Observations.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(d)(4)-(5).....	Progress Reports/Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction Reports.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(e)(1)-(2).....	Additional CMS Reports	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(e)(3).....	Excess Emissions/CMS Performance Reports.	Yes.....	Reporting deadline given in § 63.1516.
§ 63.10(e)(4).....	COMS Data Reports.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.10(f).....	Recordkeeping/Reporting Waiver.	Yes.	.....
§ 63.11(a)-(b).....	Control Device Requirements.	No.....	Flares not applicable.
§ 63.12(a)-(c).....	State Authority and Delegations.	Yes.	EPA retains authority for applicability determinations.
§ 63.13.....	Addresses.....	Yes.	.....
§ 63.14.....	Incorporation by Reference.	Yes.....	Chapters 3 and 5 of ACGIH Industrial Ventilation Manual for capture/ collection systems; and Interim Procedures for Estimating Risk Associated with

Exposure to Mixtures
of Chlorinated
Dibenzofurans (CDDs
and CDFs) and 1989
Update (incorporated
by reference in
§ 63.1502).

§ 63.15..... Availability of Information/
Confidentiality. Yes.

D.1.12 One Time Deadlines Relating to NESHAP RRR

- (a) Pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1511(b), using the procedures set forth in §63.7(c), the Permittee shall perform an initial performance test on the rotary furnace, identified as RF-A (constructed in 2006), within ninety (90) days after startup.
- (b) Pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1515(a)(6), as required by 40 CFR 63.9(e) and (f), the Permittee shall notify the IDEM, OAQ, of the intent to conduct an initial performance test on the rotary furnace, identified as RF-A (constructed in 2006) within thirty (30) days after startup.
- (c) Pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1515(b), for the rotary furnace, identified as RF-A (constructed in 2006), the Permittee shall submit a notification of compliance status report within 90 days after the date that the initial performance test required in paragraph (a) of this condition has been performed. The notification shall be signed by the responsible official who must certify its accuracy. The report shall include:
 - (1) All information required in 40 CFR 63.9(h). The Permittee shall provide a complete performance test report for each affected unit, including data, associated measurements, and calculations.
 - (2) The approved site-specific test plan and performance evaluation test results for each continuous monitoring system.
 - (3) Unit labeling as described in 40 CFR 63.1506(b), including process type or each affected unit classification and operating requirements.
 - (4) The compliant operating parameter value or range established for each affected source or emission unit with supporting documentation and a description of the procedure used to establish the value (e.g., alkaline agent injection rate, fabric filter inlet temperature), including the operating cycle or time period used in the performance test.
 - (5) Design information and analysis, with supporting documentation, demonstrating conformance with the requirements for the capture/collection system required in 40 CFR 63.1506(c).
 - (6) Analysis and supporting documentation demonstrating conformance with EPA guidance and specifications for bag leak detection systems required in 40 CFR 63.1510(f).
 - (7) Approved Operation, Maintenance, and Monitoring Plan.
 - (8) Startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan.

SECTION D.2

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (b) One (1) conveyORIZED screen separator, identified as SS, with a maximum capacity of 8,000 pounds of scrap aluminum per hour, using a capture hood and a baghouse (SS-BH) as control, and exhausting to stack SS-BH.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.2.1 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

The following limitations shall apply:

Screen Separator SS

- (a) The throughput of aluminum at the screen separator, identified as SS, shall not exceed 35,040 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.
- (b) The PM and PM₁₀ emissions from the screen separator, identified as SS, shall not exceed 0.918 pounds per ton of aluminum, each.

Compliance with these limits, in combination with the limits in Conditions D.1.1, D.3.1, and D.4.1, shall ensure that the PM and PM₁₀ emissions from the entire source do not exceed one hundred (100) tons per year each and renders the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)) not applicable.

D.2.2 Particulate Matter (PM) [326 IAC 6-3-2(e)]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Manufacturing Processes), the particulate emission rate from the conveyORIZED screen separator shall not exceed 10.4 pounds per hour when operating at a process weight rate of 8,000 pounds per hour.

The pounds per hour limitation was calculated with the following equation:

Interpolation of the data for the process weight rate up to 60,000 pounds per hour shall be accomplished by use of the equation:

$$E = 4.10 P^{0.67} \quad \text{where } E = \text{rate of emission in pounds per hour; and} \\ P = \text{process weight rate in tons per hour}$$

D.2.3 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for this facility and its control device.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.2.4 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

Within ninety (90) days after the issuance of SPM 093-21627-00032, in order to demonstrate compliance with Condition D.2.1(b), the Permittee shall perform PM and PM₁₀ testing of the screen separator's stack exhaust (stack SS-BH) utilizing methods as approved by the Commissioner. This test shall be repeated at least once every five (5) years from the date of this

valid compliance demonstration. PM₁₀ includes filterable and condensable PM₁₀. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section C - Performance Testing.

D.2.5 Particulate Matter (PM)

- (a) In order to comply with Conditions D.2.1 and D.2.2, the capture hood and baghouse (SS-BH) for PM control shall be in operation at all times when the conveyORIZED screen separator is in operation.
- (b) In the event that bag failure is observed in a multi-compartment baghouse, if operations will continue for ten (10) days or more after the failure is observed before the failed units will be repaired or replaced, the Permittee shall promptly notify the IDEM, OAQ of the expected date the failed units will be repaired or replaced. The notification shall also include the status of the applicable compliance monitoring parameters with respect to normal, and the results of any response actions taken up to the time of notification.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.2.6 Visible Emissions Notations

- (a) Daily visible emission notations of the baghouse stack (SS-BH) exhaust shall be performed during normal daylight operations when exhausting to the atmosphere. A trained employee shall record whether emissions are normal or abnormal.
- (b) For processes operated continuously, "normal" means those conditions prevailing, or expected to prevail, eighty percent (80%) of the time the process is in operation, not counting startup or shut down time.
- (c) In the case of batch or discontinuous operations, readings shall be taken during that part of the operation that would normally be expected to cause the greatest emissions.
- (d) A trained employee is an employee who has worked at the plant at least one (1) month and has been trained in the appearance and characteristics of normal visible emissions for that specific process.
- (e) If abnormal emissions are observed, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances shall be considered a deviation from this permit.

D.2.7 Baghouse Parametric Monitoring

The Permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse used in conjunction with the conveyORIZED screen separator, at least once per day when the conveyORIZED screen separator is in operation and is venting to the atmosphere. When for any one reading, the pressure drop across the baghouse is outside the normal range of 0.5 and 5.0 inches of water or a range established during the latest stack test, the Permittee shall take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances. A pressure reading that is outside the above mentioned range is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances.

The instruments used for determining the pressure shall comply with Section C - Instrument Specifications, of this permit, shall be subject to approval by IDEM, OAQ, and shall be calibrated at least once every six (6) months.

D.2.8 Broken Bag or Failed Bag Detection

- (a) For a single compartment baghouse controlling emissions from a process operated continuously, a failed unit and the associated process will be shut down immediately until the failed unit has been repaired or replaced. Operations may continue only if the event

qualifies as an emergency and the Permittee satisfies the requirements of the emergency provisions of this permit (Section B - Emergency Provisions).

- (b) For a single compartment baghouse controlling emissions from a batch process, the feed to the process shall be shut down immediately until the failed unit has been repaired or replaced. The emission unit shall be shut down no later than the completion of the processing of the material in the emission unit. Operations may continue only if the event qualifies as an emergency and the Permittee satisfies the requirements of the emergency provisions of this permit (Section B - Emergency Provisions).

Bag failure can be indicated by a significant drop in the baghouse's pressure reading with abnormal visible emissions, by an opacity violation, or by other means such as gas temperature, flow rate, air infiltration, leaks, dust traces or triboflows.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirement [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.2.9 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with Condition D.2.1(a) the Permittee shall maintain records of the aluminum throughput at the screen separator on a monthly basis.
- (b) To document compliance with Condition D.2.6, the Permittee shall maintain records of daily visible emission notations of the baghouse stack (SS-BH) exhaust.
- (c) To document compliance with Condition D.2.7, the Permittee shall maintain records of pressure drop once per day when venting to the atmosphere.
- (d) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

D.2.10 Reporting Requirements

A quarterly summary of the information to document compliance with Condition D.2.1(a) shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, using the reporting forms located at the end of this permit, or their equivalent, within thirty (30) days after the end of the quarter being reported. The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

SECTION D.3

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (c) One (1) double drum magnetic separator, identified as MS, with a maximum capacity of 3,000 pounds of scrap aluminum per hour, using a capture hood and a baghouse (MS-BH) as control, and exhausting to stack MS-BH.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.3.1 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

The following limitations shall apply:

Magnetic Separator MS

- (a) The throughput of aluminum at the magnetic separator, identified as MS, shall not exceed 13,140 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.
- (b) The PM emissions from the magnetic separator, identified as MS, shall not exceed 1.62 pounds per ton of aluminum throughput.
- (c) The PM₁₀ emissions from the magnetic separator, identified as MS, shall not exceed 0.247 pounds per ton of aluminum throughput.

Compliance with these limits, in combination with the limits in Conditions D.1.1, D.2.1, and D.4.1, shall ensure that the PM and PM₁₀ emissions from the entire source do not exceed one hundred (100) tons per year each and renders the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)) not applicable.

D.3.2 Particulate Matter (PM) [326 IAC 6-3-2(e)]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Manufacturing Processes), the particulate emission rate from the double drum magnetic separator shall not exceed 5.38 pounds per hour when operating at a process weight rate of 3,000 pounds per hour.

The pounds per hour limitation was calculated with the following equation:

Interpolation of the data for the process weight rate up to 60,000 pounds per hour shall be accomplished by use of the equation:

$$E = 4.10 P^{0.67} \quad \text{where } E = \text{rate of emission in pounds per hour; and} \\ P = \text{process weight rate in tons per hour}$$

D.3.3 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for this facility and its control device.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.3.4 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

Within ninety (90) days after the issuance of SPM 093-21627-00032, in order to demonstrate compliance with Conditions D.3.1(b) and (c), the Permittee shall perform PM and PM₁₀ testing of the magnetic separator's stack exhaust (stack MS-BH) utilizing methods as approved by the Commissioner. This test shall be repeated at least once every five (5) years from the date of this valid compliance demonstration. PM₁₀ includes filterable and condensable PM₁₀. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section C - Performance Testing.

D.3.5 Particulate Matter (PM)

- (a) In order to comply with Conditions D.3.1 and D.3.2, the capture hood and baghouse (MS-BH) for PM control shall be in operation at all times when the double drum magnetic separator is in operation.
- (b) In the event that bag failure is observed in a multi-compartment baghouse, if operations will continue for ten (10) days or more after the failure is observed before the failed units will be repaired or replaced, the Permittee shall promptly notify the IDEM, OAQ of the expected date the failed units will be repaired or replaced. The notification shall also include the status of the applicable compliance monitoring parameters with respect to normal, and the results of any response actions taken up to the time of notification.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.3.6 Visible Emissions Notations

- (a) Daily visible emission notations of the baghouse stack (MS-BH) exhaust shall be performed during normal daylight operations when exhausting to the atmosphere. A trained employee shall record whether emissions are normal or abnormal.
- (b) For processes operated continuously, "normal" means those conditions prevailing, or expected to prevail, eighty percent (80%) of the time the process is in operation, not counting startup or shut down time.
- (c) In the case of batch or discontinuous operations, readings shall be taken during that part of the operation that would normally be expected to cause the greatest emissions.
- (d) A trained employee is an employee who has worked at the plant at least one (1) month and has been trained in the appearance and characteristics of normal visible emissions for that specific process.
- (e) If abnormal emissions are observed, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances shall be considered a deviation from this permit.

D.3.7 Baghouse Parametric Monitoring

The Permittee shall record the pressure drop across the baghouse used in conjunction with the double drum magnetic separator, at least once per day when the conveyORIZED screen separator is in operation and is venting to the atmosphere. When for any one reading, the pressure drop across the baghouse is outside the normal range of 0.5 and 5.0 inches of water or a range established during the latest stack test, the Permittee shall take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances. A pressure reading that is outside the above mentioned range is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances.

The instruments used for determining the pressure shall comply with Section C - Instrument Specifications, of this permit, shall be subject to approval by IDEM, OAQ, and shall be calibrated at least once every six (6) months.

D.3.8 Broken Bag or Failed Bag Detection

- (a) For a single compartment baghouse controlling emissions from a process operated continuously, a failed unit and the associated process will be shut down immediately until the failed unit has been repaired or replaced. Operations may continue only if the event qualifies as an emergency and the Permittee satisfies the requirements of the emergency provisions of this permit (Section B - Emergency Provisions).
- (b) For a single compartment baghouse controlling emissions from a batch process, the feed to the process shall be shut down immediately until the failed unit has been repaired or replaced. The emission unit shall be shut down no later than the completion of the processing of the material in the emission unit. Operations may continue only if the event qualifies as an emergency and the Permittee satisfies the requirements of the emergency provisions of this permit (Section B - Emergency Provisions).

Bag failure can be indicated by a significant drop in the baghouse's pressure reading with abnormal visible emissions, by an opacity violation, or by other means such as gas temperature, flow rate, air infiltration, leaks, dust traces or triboflows.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirement [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.3.9 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with Condition D.3.1(a) the Permittee shall maintain records of the aluminum throughput at the magnetic separator on a monthly basis.
- (b) To document compliance with Condition D.3.6 the Permittee shall maintain records of daily visible emission notations of the baghouse stack (MS-BH) exhaust.
- (c) To document compliance with Condition D.3.7, the Permittee shall maintain records of pressure drop once per day when venting to the atmosphere.
- (d) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

D.3.10 Reporting Requirements

A quarterly summary of the information to document compliance with Condition D.3.1(a) shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, using the reporting forms located at the end of this permit, or their equivalent, within thirty (30) days after the end of the quarter being reported. The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

SECTION D.4

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)] Specifically Regulated Insignificant Activity

Other activities or categories not previously identified:

One (1) insignificant dross cooling operation, capacity: 6,516 pounds (3.258 tons) of dross per hour. (326 IAC 2-2, PSD Minor Limit)

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.4.1 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

The following limitations shall apply:

Insignificant Dross Cooling Operation

- (a) The throughput of dross at the insignificant dross cooling operation shall not exceed 28,540 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.
- (b) The PM emissions from the insignificant dross cooling operation shall not exceed 0.150 pounds per ton of dross.
- (c) The PM₁₀ emissions from the insignificant dross cooling operation shall not exceed 0.200 pounds per ton of dross.

Compliance with these limits, in combination with the limits in Conditions D.1.1, D.2.1, and D.3.1, shall ensure that the PM and PM₁₀ emissions from the entire source do not exceed one hundred (100) tons per year, each and renders the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)) not applicable.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.4.2 Particulate Matter (PM)

In order to demonstrate compliance with D.4.1, pursuant to CP 093-5345-00032, issued November 7, 1996, the waste dross cooling area shall either be covered and piped to a baghouse, or be located inside a building to minimize emissions.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirement [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.4.3 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with Condition D.4.1(a) the Permittee shall maintain records of the dross throughput at the insignificant dross cooling operation on a monthly basis.
- (b) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

D.4.4 Reporting Requirements

A quarterly summary of the information to document compliance with Condition D.4.1(a) shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, using the reporting forms located at the end of this permit, or their equivalent, within thirty (30)

days after the end of the quarter being reported. The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the “responsible official” as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY**

**PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT
CERTIFICATION**

Source Name: Newco Metals Processing, Inc.
Source Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Mailing Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Part 70 Permit No.: T 093-7641-00032

This certification shall be included when submitting monitoring, testing reports/results or other documents as required by this permit.

Please check what document is being certified:

- Annual Compliance Certification Letter
- Test Result (specify) _____
- Report (specify) _____
- Notification (specify) _____
- Other (specify) _____

I certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

Signature:

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Date:

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION**

Part 70 Quarterly Report

Source Name: Newco Metals Processing, Inc.
Source Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Mailing Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Part 70 Permit No.: T 093-7641-00032
Facility: Screen Separator SS
Parameter: Aluminum Throughput
Limit: Not to exceed 35,040 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

YEAR: _____

Month	Aluminum Throughput (tons)	Aluminum Throughput (tons)	Aluminum Throughput (tons)
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total

- No deviation occurred in this month.
- Deviation/s occurred in this month.
Deviation has been reported on: _____

Submitted by: _____

Title/Position: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION**

Part 70 Quarterly Report

Source Name: Newco Metals Processing, Inc.
Source Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Mailing Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Part 70 Permit No.: T 093-7641-00032
Facility: Magnetic Separator MS
Parameter: Aluminum Throughput
Limit: Not to exceed 13,140 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

YEAR: _____

Month	Aluminum Throughput (tons)	Aluminum Throughput (tons)	Aluminum Throughput (tons)
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total

- No deviation occurred in this month.
- Deviation/s occurred in this month.
Deviation has been reported on: _____

Submitted by: _____
Title/Position: _____
Signature: _____
Date: _____
Phone: _____

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION**

Part 70 Quarterly Report

Source Name: Newco Metals Processing, Inc.
Source Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Mailing Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Part 70 Permit No.: T 093-7641-00032
Facility: Insignificant Dross Cooling Operation
Parameter: Dross Throughput
Limit: Not to exceed 28,540 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

YEAR: _____

Month	Dross Throughput (tons)	Dross Throughput (tons)	Dross Throughput (tons)
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total

- No deviation occurred in this month.
- Deviation/s occurred in this month.
Deviation has been reported on: _____

Submitted by: _____

Title/Position: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION**

**PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT
SEMI-ANNUAL COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT**

Source Name: Newco Metals Processing, Inc.
Source Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Mailing Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Part 70 Permit No.: T 093-7641-00032

Months: _____ to _____ Year: _____

<p>This report is an affirmation that the source has met all the compliance monitoring requirements stated in this permit. This report shall be submitted semi-annually. Any deviation from the compliance monitoring requirements and the date(s) of each deviation must be reported. Additional pages may be attached if necessary. This form can be supplemented by attaching the Emergency/Deviation Occurrence Report. If no deviations occurred, please specify in the box marked "No deviations occurred this reporting period".</p>		
<p><input type="checkbox"/> NO DEVIATIONS OCCURRED THIS REPORTING PERIOD</p>		
<p><input type="checkbox"/> THE FOLLOWING DEVIATIONS OCCURRED THIS REPORTING PERIOD.</p>		
Compliance Monitoring Requirement	Number of Deviations	Date of Each Deviation

Form Completed By: _____
Title/Position: _____
Date: _____
Phone: _____

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
COMPLIANCE BRANCH
100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251
Phone: 317-233-0178
Fax: 317-233-6865**

**PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT
EMERGENCY/DEVIATION OCCURRENCE REPORT**

Source Name: Newco Metals Processing, Inc.
Source Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Mailing Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Part 70 Permit No.: T 093-7641-00032

This form consists of 2 pages

Page 1 of 2

Check either No. 1 or No.2
<input type="checkbox"/> 1. This is an emergency as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The Permittee must notify the Office of Air Quality (OAQ), within four (4) business hours (1-800-451-6027 or 317-233-0178, ask for Compliance Section); and• The Permittee must submit notice in writing or by facsimile within two (2) days (Facsimile Number: 317-233-6865), and follow the other requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-16
<input type="checkbox"/> 2. This is a deviation, reportable per 326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(c) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The Permittee must submit notice in writing within ten (10) calendar days

If any of the following are not applicable, mark N/A

Facility/Equipment/Operation:
Control Equipment:
Permit Condition or Operation Limitation in Permit:
Description of the Emergency/Deviation:
Describe the cause of the Emergency/Deviation:

If any of the following are not applicable, mark N/A

Date/Time Emergency/Deviation started:
Date/Time Emergency/Deviation was corrected:
Was the facility being properly operated at the time of the emergency/deviation? Y N Describe:
Type of Pollutants Emitted: TSP, PM-10, SO ₂ , VOC, NO _x , CO, Pb, other:
Estimated amount of pollutant(s) emitted during emergency/deviation:
Describe the steps taken to mitigate the problem:
Describe the corrective actions/response steps taken:
Describe the measures taken to minimize emissions:
If applicable, describe the reasons why continued operation of the facilities are necessary to prevent imminent injury to persons, severe damage to equipment, substantial loss of capital investment, or loss of product or raw materials of substantial economic value:

Form Completed by: _____

Title / Position: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

**Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Office of Air Quality**

Addendum to the
Technical Support Document for a Part 70 Operating Permit

Source Description and Location

Source Name:	Newco Metals Processing, Inc.
Source Location:	4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, IN 47421
County:	Lawrence
SIC Code:	3341
Operating Permit No.:	T093-7641-00032
Operating Permit Issuance Date:	September 2, 1999
Modification No.:	093-24011-00032
Permit Reviewer:	Kristen Layton

On February 15, 2007, the Office of Air Quality (OAQ) had a notice published in the Times-Mail in Bedford, Indiana, stating that Newco Metals Processing, Inc. had applied for a Part 70 Significant Permit Modification. The notice also stated that OAQ proposed to issue a permit for this modification and provided information on how the public could review the proposed permit and other documentation. Finally, the notice informed interested parties that there was a period of thirty (30) days to provide comments on whether or not this permit should be issued as proposed.

Upon further review, IDEM, OAQ has decided to make the following revisions to the permit (deleted language appears as ~~strike throughs~~ and new language appears in **bold**). The Table of Contents has been modified to reflect these changes.

1. Upon further review, IDEM, OAQ has decided to move the requirements of Condition D.1.5(e) – Particulate Matter (PM) to Condition D.4.2 – Particulate Matter (PM) because the requirements in D.1.5(e) pertain to units listed in Section D.4, not Section D.1.

D.1.5 Particulate Matter (PM)

- (a) Pursuant to CP 093-5345-00032, issued November 7, 1996, the capture hood and baghouses for PM control shall be in operation at all times when either rotary furnace is in operation.
- (b) In order to comply with the limitations in Conditions D.1.1(a),(b) and D.1.11, the baghouse (DR-BH) for particulate control shall be in operation and control emissions from the hammermill, identified as HM, at all times that the hammermill is in operation.
- (c) In the event that bag failure is observed in a multi-compartment baghouse, if operations will continue for ten (10) days or more after the failure is observed before the failed units will be repaired or replaced, the Permittee shall promptly notify the IDEM, OAQ of the expected date the failed units will be repaired or replaced. The notification shall also include the status of the applicable compliance monitoring parameters with respect to normal, and the results of any response actions taken up to the time of notification.
- (d) Pursuant to CP 093-5345-00032, issued November 7, 1996, the capture hoods shall either be enclosed on three sides (if the furnace is located outdoors), or be located with the furnace inside a building to minimize drafts.

- (e) ~~Pursuant to CP 093-5345-00032, issued November 7, 1996, the waste cross cooling area shall either be covered and piped to a baghouse, or be located inside a building to minimize emissions.~~

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.4.2 Particulate Matter (PM)

In order to demonstrate compliance with D.4.1, pursuant to CP 093-5345-00032, issued November 7, 1996, the waste cross cooling area shall either be covered and piped to a baghouse, or be located inside a building to minimize emissions.

On March 15, 2007, Newco Metals Processing, Inc. submitted comments on the proposed Part 70 permit. The summary of the comments is as follows:

Comment 1: Section D.1 – Facility Description (a) lists RF-A as being constructed in 1996 and RF-B as being constructed in 2006. This is incorrect. RF-A was constructed in 2006 and RF-B was constructed in 1996.

Response 1: Section D.1 – Facility Description (a) has been changed to reflect the correct construction years for furnaces RF-A and RF-B.

SECTION D.1

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (a) Two (2) natural gas-fired rotary furnaces that are not operated concurrently, identified as RF-A (constructed in ~~1996~~ **2006**) and RF-B (constructed in ~~2006~~ **1996**), each with a maximum heat input capacity of 10.0 million British thermal units per hour, and a maximum capacity of 10.0 tons of aluminum per hour, using a capture hood and a baghouse (DR-BH) as control, and exhausting to stack DR-BH-1.
- (d) One (1) hammermill (aluminum scrap shredder), identified as HM, equipped with a baghouse (DR-BH) and exhausting to stack DR-BH-1, capacity: 7.50 tons of aluminum per hour.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Comment 2: As a result of furnaces RF-A and RF-B being mislabeled in Section D.1 – Facility Description, Condition D.1.12 – One Time Deadlines Relating to NESHAP RRR needs to be changed to reflect that furnace RF-A (not RF-B) should be tested 90 days after startup.

Response 2: Condition D.1.12 has been changed as follows to reflect the correct furnace:

D.1.12 One Time Deadlines Relating to NESHAP RRR

- (a) Pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1511(b), using the procedures set forth in §63.7(c), the Permittee shall perform an initial performance test on the rotary furnace, identified as ~~RF-B~~ **RF-A (constructed in 2006)**, within ninety (90) days after startup.
- (b) Pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1515(a)(6), as required by 40 CFR 63.9(e) and (f), the Permittee shall notify the IDEM, OAQ, of the intent to conduct an initial performance test on the rotary furnace, identified as ~~RF-B~~ **RF-A (constructed in 2006)** within thirty (30) days after startup.

- (c) Pursuant to 40 CFR 63.1515(b), for the rotary furnace, identified as ~~RF-B~~ **RF-A (constructed in 2006)**, the Permittee shall submit a notification of compliance status report within 90 days after the date that the initial performance test required in paragraph (a) of this condition has been performed. The notification shall be signed by the responsible official who must certify its accuracy. The report shall include:
- (1) All information required in 40 CFR 63.9(h). The Permittee shall provide a complete performance test report for each affected unit, including data, associated measurements, and calculations.
 - (2) The approved site-specific test plan and performance evaluation test results for each continuous monitoring system.
 - (3) Unit labeling as described in 40 CFR 63.1506(b), including process type or each affected unit classification and operating requirements.
 - (4) The compliant operating parameter value or range established for each affected source or emission unit with supporting documentation and a description of the procedure used to establish the value (e.g., alkaline agent injection rate, fabric filter inlet temperature), including the operating cycle or time period used in the performance test.
 - (5) Design information and analysis, with supporting documentation, demonstrating conformance with the requirements for the capture/collection system required in 40 CFR 63.1506(c).
 - (6) Analysis and supporting documentation demonstrating conformance with EPA guidance and specifications for bag leak detection systems required in 40 CFR 63.1510(f).
 - (7) Approved Operation, Maintenance, and Monitoring Plan.
 - (8) Startup, shutdown, and malfunction plan.

On February 26, 2007, Mr. Robert H. Clifton submitted comments on the proposed Part 70 permit. The summary of the comments is as follows:

Comment 1: The commenter indicated that he had his van repainted about two (2) years ago, as a result of the source's present emissions. He also stated that last fall gray material was starting to imbed in the paint again and in the spring the gray material was all over the van again. He asked if this is happening to his vehicle (which is parked outside), what are the emissions doing to houses and roofs. The commenter also stated that he has been told that emissions from Newco Metals Processing, Inc. pit their employees' windshields and that the company pays to replace these windshields. He feels Newco Metals Processing, Inc. should not be allowed to emit at their current level, let alone increase the amount of emissions.

Response 1: IDEM, OAQ does not know how emissions from Newco Metals Processing, Inc. would cause damage to paint, windshield glass, siding, or asphalt shingles. The Clean Air Act, which was last amended in 1990, requires the EPA to set National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for pollutants considered harmful to public health and the environment. The Clean Air Act established two types of national air quality standards. Primary standards set limits to protect public health, including the health of "sensitive" populations such as asthmatics, children, and the elderly. Secondary standards set limits to protect public welfare, including protection against visibility impairment, damage to

animals, crops, vegetation, and buildings. The following pollutants are regulated by NAAQS: ozone, particulate matter, carbon monoxide, sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, and lead. Lawrence County is in attainment for all NAAQS, meaning the level of each of these pollutants in the ambient air is safe. If you believe there are compliance issues you can contact Dick Sekula, OAQ, 100 North Senate Avenue, MC 61-53 IGCN 1003, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251, or call at (800)451-6027, and ask for Dick Sekula or extension 2-8437, or dial (317)232-8437. Further information about NAAQs can be found at: <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/naaqs/>. No changes to the permit have been made as a result of this comment.

Comment 2: The commenter stated that at least one (1) neighbor feels that the emissions from Newco Metals Processing, Inc. contain cancer causing materials.

Response 2: This existing source is a major source of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) as defined in 40 CFR 63.41, because the potential to emit for HAP emissions is greater than ten (10) tons per year for a single HAP and greater than twenty-five (25) tons per year for a combination of HAPs. IDEM is aware of the fact that Newco Metals Processing, Inc. has emissions of several HAPs, as defined in 40 CFR 63.41, and the U.S. EPA has classified some of these as "known carcinogens." These include dioxin, arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, nickel, selenium, benzene, dichlorobenzene, and formaldehyde. According to Significant Source Modification number 093-21621-00032, the potential to emit of dioxin, cadmium, chromium, nickel, benzene, dichlorobenze, and formaldehyde is less than 0.1 tons per year. According to permit number 093-15313-00032, the potential to emit of arsenic, beryllium, and selenium is less than ten (10) tons per year each. This source is subject to the National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Subpart RRR which regulates dioxin. HAPs not regulated by 40 CFR 63, Subpart RRR are limited by 40 CFR 63, Subpart A. All HAP emissions including known carcinogens from this source are regulated by the terms of this permit to be limited to levels that will not constitute a threat to human health or the environment. Further information about HAPs can be found at: <http://www.epa.gov/ttn/atw/index.html>. No changes to the permit have been made as a result of this comment.

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Office of Air Quality

Technical Support Document (TSD) for a Part 70 Significant Permit Modification.

Source Description and Location

Source Name:	Newco Metals Processing, Inc.
Source Location:	4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, IN 47421
County:	Lawrence
SIC Code:	3341
Operation Permit No.:	T 093-7641-00032
Operation Permit Issuance Date:	September 2, 1999
Significant Permit Modification No.:	093-24011-00032
Permit Reviewer:	Kristen Layton

Existing Approvals

The source submitted an application for a Part 70 Operating Permit Renewal on December 11, 2003. At this time, this application is still under review. The source is operating under the following approvals:

- (a) Title V (Part 70) Operating Permit No. (093-7641-00032), issued on September 1, 1999;
- (b) Reopening No. (093-13383-00032), issued on January 8, 2002;
- (c) Administrative Amendment No. (093-15433-00032), issued on January 28, 2002;
- (d) Significant Permit Modification No. (093-15313-00032), issued on December 3, 2002;
- (e) Significant Permit Modification No. (093-18282-00032), issued on April 8, 2004;
- (f) Administrative Amendment No. (093-19425-00032), issued on November 2, 2004;
- (g) Significant Source Modification No. (093-21621-00032), issued on June 13, 2006; and
- (h) Significant Permit Modification No. (093-21627-00032), issued on August 3, 2006.

County Attainment Status

The source is located in Lawrence County.

Pollutant	Status
PM10	attainment
PM2.5	attainment
SO ₂	attainment
NO ₂	attainment
8-hour Ozone	attainment
CO	attainment
Lead	attainment

- (a) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) are regulated under the Clean Air Act (CAA) for the purposes of attaining and maintaining the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for ozone. Therefore, VOC and NO_x emissions are considered when evaluating the rule applicability relating to ozone. Lawrence County has been designated as attainment or unclassifiable for ozone. Therefore, VOC and NO_x emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2.
- (b) Lawrence County has been classified as attainment for PM_{2.5}. U.S. EPA has not yet established the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2 for PM_{2.5} emissions. Therefore, until the U.S.EPA adopts specific provisions for PSD review for PM_{2.5} emissions, it has directed states to regulate PM₁₀ emissions as a surrogate for PM_{2.5} emissions.
- (c) Lawrence County has been classified as attainment or unclassifiable for all other criteria pollutants. Therefore, these emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2.
- (d) Fugitive Emissions
Since this type of operation is in one of the twenty-eight (28) listed source categories under 326 IAC 2-2 or 326 IAC 2-3, fugitive emissions are counted toward the determination of PSD and Emission Offset applicability.

Source Status

The table below summarizes the potential to emit of the entire source, prior to the proposed modification, after consideration of all enforceable limits established in the effective permits:

Pollutant	Emissions (tons/year)
PM	73.7
PM ₁₀	82.3
SO ₂	0.027
VOC	5.04
CO	3.75
NO _x	4.46

- (a) This existing source is not a major stationary source, under PSD (326 IAC 2-2), because no regulated pollutant is emitted at a rate of 100 tons per year or more, and it is one of the twenty-eight (28) listed source categories, as specified in 326 IAC 2-2-1(gg)(1).
- (b) These emissions are based upon the Technical Support Document for permit No. 093-21627-00032.

Actual Emissions

The following table shows the actual emissions from the source. This information reflects the 2005 OAQ emission data.

Pollutant	Actual Emissions (tons/year)
PM	No data
PM10	1
SO ₂	0
VOC	0
CO	3
NO _x	3
Lead	0.00

Description of Proposed Modification

The Office of Air Quality (OAQ) has reviewed a modification application, submitted by Newco Metals Processing, Inc. on November 29, 2006, relating to modifying their current PM10 limit for the drum magnetic separator and combining the emissions limitations for the two rotary furnaces and hammermill in the Title V permit. The following is a list of the proposed modifications:

- (a) The PM10 limit for the magnetic separator has been increased from 0.094 pounds of PM10 per ton of aluminum processed to 0.247 pounds of PM10 per ton of aluminum processed due to data gathered during the September 2006 compliance test.
- (b) The emissions limitations for the two rotary furnaces (RF-A and RF-B) and hammermill have been combined in the Title V permit because these units are controlled by the same baghouse.
- (c) The throughput limits on the two (2) rotary furnaces (RF-A and RF-B) and the hammermill have been deleted from the permit, since the previous emissions limits in lbs/ton have been replaced with lbs/hr limits.

Enforcement Issues

IDEM is aware information has been submitted for Newco Metals Processing, Inc.'s September 2006 compliance test and that the source may be out of compliance with the Title V Permit No. 093-7641-00032. IDEM is reviewing this matter and will take the appropriate action.

Emission Calculations

See Appendix A of this document for detailed emission calculations.

Permit Level Determination – Part 70

The modification will be incorporated into the Part 70 Operating Permit through a significant permit modification issued pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-12(d) and 326 IAC 2-7-12(b), because it does involve a significant change to an existing monitoring requirement and it involves a change that requires a case-by-case determination of an emission limitation in the Part 70 permit.

Permit Level Determination – PSD or Emission Offset

The table below summarizes the potential to emit, reflecting all limits, of the emission units. Any control equipment is considered federally enforceable only after issuance of this Part 70 permit modification, and only to the extent that the effect of the control equipment is made practically enforceable in the permit. The modified emission units appear in bold.

Pollutant	PM (tons/yr)	PM ₁₀ (tons/yr)	SO ₂ (tons/yr)	VOC (tons/yr)	CO (tons/yr)	NO _x (tons/yr)
Rotary Furnace Operations -RF-A or RF-B (Emissions From Process Operations and Combustion) and Hammermill (HM)	44.9	62.4	0.026	0.241	3.68	4.38
Insignificant Dross Cooling Operation	2.14	2.84	-	-	-	-
Screen Separator (SS)	16.1	16.1	-	-	-	-
Magnetic Separator (MS)	10.6	1.621	-	-	-	-
Insignificant Activities (Natural gas-fired space heaters and parts washer (PW))	0.002	0.006	0.0005	4.80	0.070	0.083
Total Source-wide Potential Emissions After Issuance	73.7	83.27	0.027	5.04	3.75	4.46
PSD Major Source Threshold	100	100	100	100	100	100

The source-wide emissions after this modification are still limited to less than PSD major thresholds. Therefore, 326 IAC 2-2 does not apply to this source.

Federal Rule Applicability Determination

There is no change in the federal applicability requirements due to this modification.

State Rule Applicability Determination

The following state rules are applicable to the source due to the modification:

326 IAC 2-2 (PSD)

In order to limit the source-wide potential PM and PM₁₀ emissions to less than one hundred (100) tons per year, each, the source has accepted the following limitations to be PSD Minor:

Rotary Furnaces RF-A and RF-B and Hammermill HM

- (1) The PM emissions from the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, and Hammermill HM shall not exceed 10.28 pounds per hour.
- (2) The PM₁₀ emissions from the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, and Hammermill HM shall not exceed 14.26 pounds per hour.
- (3) The two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, shall not operate concurrently.

Insignificant Dross Cooling Operation

- (4) The throughput of dross at the insignificant dross cooling operation shall not exceed 28,540 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.
- (5) The PM emissions from the insignificant dross cooling operation shall not exceed 0.150 pounds per ton of dross.
- (6) The PM₁₀ emissions from the insignificant dross cooling operation shall not exceed

0.200 pounds per ton of dross.

Screen Separator SS

- (7) The throughput of aluminum at the screen separator, identified as SS, shall not exceed 35,040 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.
- (8) The PM and PM₁₀ emissions from the screen separator, identified as SS, shall not exceed 0.918 pounds per ton of aluminum, each.

Magnetic Separator MS

- (9) The throughput of aluminum at the magnetic separator, identified as MS, shall not exceed 13,140 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.
- (10) The PM emissions from the magnetic separator, identified as MS, shall not exceed 1.62 pounds per ton of aluminum throughput.
- (11) The PM₁₀ emissions from the magnetic separator, identified as MS, shall not exceed 0.247 pounds per ton of aluminum throughput.

Note: The throughput limitations in paragraphs (a) (4), (7), and (9) in this section are based on the maximum throughputs in tons per hour that are listed in Appendix A of this document multiplied times 8,760 hours per year. The pounds per hour limits in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) have been shown to be achievable based on compliance test data and calculations based on the maximum throughputs in tons per hour that are listed in Appendix A of this document multiplied times 8,760 hours per year.

Compliance Determination and Monitoring Requirements

Permits issued under 326 IAC 2-7 are required to ensure that sources can demonstrate compliance with all applicable state and federal rules on a continuous basis. All state and federal rules contain compliance provisions, however, these provisions do not always fulfill the requirement for a continuous demonstration. When this occurs IDEM, OAQ, in conjunction with the source, must develop specific conditions to satisfy 326 IAC 2-7-5. As a result, Compliance Determination Requirements are included in the permit. The Compliance Determination Requirements in Section D of the permit are those conditions that are found directly within state and federal rules and the violation of which serves as grounds for enforcement action.

If the Compliance Determination Requirements are not sufficient to demonstrate continuous compliance, they will be supplemented with Compliance Monitoring Requirements, also in Section D of the permit. Unlike Compliance Determination Requirements, failure to meet Compliance Monitoring conditions would serve as a trigger for corrective actions and not grounds for enforcement action. However, a violation in relation to a compliance monitoring condition will arise through a source's failure to take the appropriate corrective actions within a specific time period.

The Compliance Determination Requirements applicable to this modification are as follows:

- (a) Newco Metals Processing, Inc. has applicable compliance determination conditions as specified below:
 - (1) Within ninety (90) days after the issuance of SPM 093-21627-00032, in order to demonstrate compliance with Conditions D.1.1(a) and (b), the Permittee shall perform PM and PM₁₀ testing of stack DR-BH-1 when only one (1) of the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, and the hammermill, identified as HM, is in operation,

utilizing methods as approved by the Commissioner. This test shall be repeated at least once every five (5) years from the date of this valid compliance demonstration. PM₁₀ includes filterable and condensable PM₁₀. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section C - Performance Testing.

- (2) To document compliance with Condition D.1.6, the Permittee shall maintain records of visible emission notations of the baghouse stack (DR-BH-1) exhaust once per day.
- (3) To document compliance with Condition D.1.7, the Permittee shall maintain records of pressure drop once per day when venting to the atmosphere.
- (4) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

There is no change in the Compliance Monitoring Requirement applicability due to this modification.

Proposed Changes

The changes listed below have been made to Part 70 Operating Permit No. (093-7641-00032). Deleted language appears as ~~strike throughs~~ and new language appears in **bold**:

- (1) Section D.3.1 was modified per the request of the Permittee as follows:

D.3.1 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

The following limitations shall apply:

Magnetic Separator MS

- (a) The throughput of aluminum at the magnetic separator, identified as MS, shall not exceed 13,140 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.
- (b) The PM emissions from the magnetic separator, identified as MS, shall not exceed 1.62 pounds per ton of aluminum throughput.
- (c) The PM₁₀ emissions from the magnetic separator, identified as MS, shall not exceed ~~0.094~~ **0.247** pounds per ton of aluminum throughput.

Compliance with these limits, in combination with the limits in Conditions D.1.1, D.2.1, and D.4.1, shall ensure that the PM and PM₁₀ emissions from the entire source do not exceed one hundred (100) tons per year each and renders the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)) not applicable.

- (2) Section D.1.1 was modified per the request of the Permittee as follows:

D.1.1 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

The following limitations shall apply:

Rotary Furnaces RF-A and RF-B and **Hammermill HM**

- ~~(a)~~ ~~The throughput of aluminum at the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, shall not exceed a total of 87,600 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.~~
- ~~(b)~~**(a)** The PM emissions from the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, **and Hammermill HM** shall not exceed ~~0.705~~ **10.28** pounds per **hour** ~~ton of aluminum throughput.~~

~~(e)(b)~~ The PM₁₀ emissions from the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, **and Hammermill HM** shall not exceed ~~4.14~~ **14.26** pounds per hour ~~ten of aluminum throughput~~.

~~(d)(c)~~ The two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, shall not operate concurrently.

Hammermill HM

~~(e)~~ The scrap throughput at the hammermill shall not exceed ~~65,700 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.~~

~~(f)~~ The PM and PM_{4.0} emissions from the hammermill shall not exceed 0.422 pounds per ton of scrap throughput, each.

Compliance with these limits, in combination with the limits in Conditions D.2.1, D.3.1, and D.4.1, shall ensure that the PM and PM₁₀ emissions from the entire source do not exceed one hundred (100) tons per year each and renders the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)) not applicable.

- (3) Per request of the Permittee and upon further review IDEM, OAQ Compliance Branch has determined that a testing frequency of one (1) of the rotary furnaces and hammermill once every five (5) years is sufficient. The language of Section D.1.4 has been modified since both the rotary furnaces (RF-A and RF-B) and the hammermill are controlled by the same baghouse and compliance testing can be done from a single emission point. Therefore, the testing frequency and the language of Section D.1.4 has been modified as follows:

D.1.4 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

~~(a)~~ Within ninety (90) days after the issuance of SPM 093-21627-05064-**00032**, in order to demonstrate compliance with Conditions D.1.1~~(b)~~**(a)** and ~~(e)(b)~~, the Permittee shall perform PM and PM₁₀ testing of stack DR-BH-1 when only one (1) of the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B, **and the hammermill, identified as HM**, is in operation, utilizing methods as approved by the Commissioner. This test shall be repeated at least once every five (5) years from the date of ~~this~~ **the most recent** valid compliance demonstration **on one (1) of the rotary furnaces and the hammermill. This test shall be conducted on the rotary furnace for which the longest amount of time has elapsed since its previous test.** PM₁₀ includes filterable and condensable PM₁₀. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section C - Performance Testing.

~~(b)~~ Within ninety (90) days after the issuance of SPM 093-21627-05064, in order to demonstrate compliance with Condition D.1.1~~(f)~~, the Permittee shall perform PM and PM_{4.0} testing of stack DR-BH-1 when only the hammermill, identified as HM, is in operation, utilizing methods as approved by the Commissioner. This test shall be repeated at least once every five (5) years from the date of this valid compliance demonstration. ~~PM_{4.0} includes filterable and condensable PM_{4.0}.~~ Testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section C - Performance Testing.

- (4) Section D.1.5, D.1.9, and D.1.10 have been updated to reflect changes in Section D.1.1 as follows:

D.1.5 Particulate Matter (PM)

(a) Pursuant to CP 093-5345-05064 **00032**, issued November 7, 1996, the capture hood and baghouses for PM control shall be in operation at all times when ~~the corresponding~~ **either** rotary furnaces ~~are~~ **is** in operation.

(b) In order to comply with the limitations in Conditions D.1.1~~(f)~~**(a),(b)** and D.1.11, the baghouse (DR-BH) for particulate control shall be in operation and control emissions from the hammermill, identified as HM, at all times that the hammermill is in operation.

(c) In the event that bag failure is observed in a multi-compartment baghouse, if operations will continue for ten (10) days or more after the failure is observed before the failed units will be

repaired or replaced, the Permittee shall promptly notify the IDEM, OAQ of the expected date the failed units will be repaired or replaced. The notification shall also include the status of the applicable compliance monitoring parameters with respect to normal, and the results of any response actions taken up to the time of notification.

- (d) Pursuant to CP 093-5345-~~05064~~ **00032**, issued November 7, 1996, the capture hoods shall either be enclosed on three sides (if the furnace is located outdoors), or be located with the furnace inside a building to minimize drafts.
- (c) Pursuant to CP 093-5345-~~05064~~ **00032**, issued November 7, 1996, the waste dross cooling area shall either be covered and piped to a baghouse, or be located inside a building to minimize emissions.

D.1.9 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with Conditions D.1.1(a) and (e)(c), the Permittee shall maintain **daily** records of ~~aluminum and scrap throughput at the rotary furnaces and the hammermill on a monthly basis~~ **operation of each of the two (2) rotary furnaces, identified as RF-A and RF-B.**
- (b) To document compliance with Condition D.1.6, the Permittee shall maintain records of visible emission notations of the baghouse stack (DR-BH-1) exhaust once per day.
- (c) To document compliance with Condition D.1.7, the Permittee shall maintain records of pressure drop once per day when venting to the atmosphere.
- (d) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

D.1.10 Reporting Requirements

~~A quarterly summary of the information to document compliance with Conditions D.1.1(a) and (e) shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, using the reporting forms located at the end of this permit, or their equivalent, within thirty (30) days after the end of the quarter being reported. The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).~~

- (5) Section D.1 and the Table of Contents were renumbered to reflect the removal of D.1.10. The Part 70 quarterly reports for Rotary Furnaces RF-A and RF-B and the Hammermill HM were removed.
- (6) Upon internal review, IDEM, OAQ has determined that it is not necessary to list the Responsible Official name or title in Section A.1.

A.1 General Information [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

The Permittee owns and operates a stationary aluminum processing source.

~~Responsible Official:~~ **Plant Manager**
Source Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
Mailing Address: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
SIC Code: 3341
County Location: Lawrence
County Status: Attainment for all criteria pollutants
Source Status: Part 70 Permit Program
Minor Source, under PSD Rules
Major Source, Section 112 of the Clean Air Act
1 of 28 Source Categories

- (7) Upon internal review, IDEM, OAQ has determined that a new plant ID number needed to be issued for this stationary aluminum processing source, since the previous plant ID number was for a portable source. The plant ID number has been changed throughout the entire permit as follows:

093-~~05064~~ **00032**

Conclusion and Recommendation

The operation of this source shall be subject to the conditions of the attached proposed Part 70 Significant Permit Modification No. 093-24011-00032. The staff recommend to the Commissioner that this Part 70 Significant Permit Modification be approved.

Appendix A: Emission Calculations
Source-wide Limited Potential to Emit From Secondary Aluminum Processing Only

Company Name: Newco Metals Processing, Inc.
 Address City IN Zip: 4635 Peerless Road, Bedford, Indiana 47421
 Permit Numbers: 093-24011-00032
 Plt ID: 093-00032
 Reviewer: Kristen Layton
 Application Date: November 29, 2006

Rotary Furnaces RF-A or RF-B Potential Emissions From Melting and Pouring (Process Emissions Only)

Pollutant	Maximum Throughput (tons/hr)	Emission Factor Before Controls (lbs/ton)	Allowable Control Efficiency	Emission Factor Limitation (lbs/ton)	Potential Emissions (lbs/hr)	Potential Emissions (lbs/yr)	Limited Potential to Emit (tons/yr)
PM	10.000	10.500	93.25%	0.709	7.088	62087	31.04
PM-10	10.000	16.400	93.25%	1.107	11.070	96973	48.49

PM and PM-10 Emission Factors are based on 2005 stack test results divided by 1 minus Control Efficiency (%)

Hammermill (HM)

Pollutant	Maximum Throughput (tons/hr)	Emission Factor Before Controls (lbs/ton)	Allowable Control Efficiency	Emission Factor Limitation (lbs/ton)	Potential Emissions (lbs/hr)	Potential Emissions (lbs/yr)	Limited Potential to Emit (tons/yr)
PM	7.500	6.300	93.25%	0.425	3.189	27939	13.97
PM-10	7.500	6.300	93.25%	0.425	3.189	27939	13.97

PM and PM-10 Emission Factors are based on 2001 stack test results divided by 1 minus Control Efficiency (%)

Dross Cooling Operation

Pollutant	Maximum Throughput (tons/hr)	Emission Factor Before Controls (lbs/ton)	Allowable Control Efficiency	Emission Factor Limitation (lbs/ton)	Potential Emissions (lbs/hr)	Potential Emissions (lbs/yr)	Limited Potential to Emit (tons/yr)
PM	3.258	0.150	0.00%	0.150	0.489	4281	2.14
PM-10	3.258	0.200	0.00%	0.200	0.652	5708	2.85

PM and PM-10 Emission Factors are based on test results from Aluminum Recorver Technologies, conducted in September 2003 plus a 0.05 lbs/ton safety factor for each pollutant

Screen Separator (SS)

Pollutant	Maximum Throughput (tons/hr)	Emission Factor Before Controls (lbs/ton)	Allowable Control Efficiency	Emission Factor Limitation (lbs/ton)	Potential Emissions (lbs/hr)	Potential Emissions (lbs/yr)	Limited Potential to Emit (tons/yr)
PM	4.00	13.6	93.25%	0.918	3.67	32167	16.1
PM-10	4.00	13.6	93.25%	0.918	3.67	32167	16.1

PM and PM-10 Emission Factors are based on 2001 stack test results divided by 1 minus Control Efficiency (%)

Magnetic Separator (MS)

Pollutant	Maximum Throughput (tons/hr)	Emission Factor Before Controls (lbs/ton)	Allowable Control Efficiency	Emission Factor Limitation (lbs/ton)	Potential Emissions (lbs/hr)	Potential Emissions (lbs/yr)	Limited Potential to Emit (tons/yr)
PM	1.50	2.161	25.00%	1.62	2.431	21297	10.6
PM-10	1.50	0.329	25.00%	0.247	0.370	3242	1.621

PM Emission Factor is based on 2001stack test result. PM10 Emission Factor is based on 2006 stack test result.

Emission Factor Limitation (lbs/ton) = Emission Factor Before Controls (lbs/ton) * (1 - Allowable Control Efficiency (%))

Maximum Throughput (tons/hr) * Emission Factor Limitaion (lbs/ton) = Potential Emissions (lbs/hr) * (8760hrs/yr) * (1 ton / 2,000 lbs) = Limited Potential to Emit (tons/yr)

Total Limited PM Emissions	16.9		73.9
Total Limited PM-10 Emissions	19.0		83.0