

Certified Mail Number: 7008 0150 0003 5219 4360



DATE: September 30, 2008

TO: Interested Parties / Applicant

RE: Raytheon Technical Services Company / F097-25007-00100

FROM: Richard Wise  
Administrator  
Office of Environmental Services

## Notice of Decision: Approval - Effective Immediately

Please be advised that on behalf of the Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Management, I have issued a decision regarding the enclosed matter. Pursuant to IC 13-15-5-3, this permit is effective immediately, unless a petition for stay of effectiveness is filed and granted according to IC 13-15-6-3, and may be revoked or modified in accordance with the provisions of IC 13-15-7-1.

If you wish to challenge this decision, IC 4-21.5-3 and IC 13-15-6-1 require that you file a petition for administrative review. This petition may include a request for stay of effectiveness and must be submitted to the Office of Environmental Adjudication, 100 North Senate Avenue, Government Center North, Room 501, Indianapolis, IN 46204, **within fifteen (15) calendar days of the receipt of this notice**. The filing of a petition for administrative review is complete on the earliest of the following dates that apply to the filing:

- (1) the date the document is delivered to the Office of Environmental Adjudication (OEA);
- (2) the date of the postmark on the envelope containing the document, if the document is mailed to OEA by U.S. mail; or
- (3) The date on which the document is deposited with a private carrier, as shown by receipt issued by the carrier, if the document is sent to the OEA by private carrier.

The petition must include facts demonstrating that you are either the applicant, a person aggrieved or adversely affected by the decision or otherwise entitled to review by law. Please identify the permit, decision, or other order for which you seek review by permit number, name of the applicant, location, date of this notice and all of the following:

- (1) the name and address of the person making the request;
- (2) the interest of the person making the request;
- (3) identification of any persons represented by the person making the request;
- (4) the reasons, with particularity, for the request;
- (5) the issues, with particularity, proposed for considerations at any hearing; and
- (6) identification of the terms and conditions which, in the judgment of the person making the request, would be appropriate in the case in question to satisfy the requirements of the law governing documents of the type issued by the Commissioner.

If you have technical questions regarding the enclosed documents, please contact the Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services, Air Permits at (317) 327-2234.

Enclosures



Air Quality Hotline: 317-327-4AIR | [knozone.com](http://knozone.com)

Department of Public Works  
Office of Environmental Services

2700 Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, IN 46221

317-327-2234  
Fax 327-2274  
TDD 327-5186  
[indygov.org/dpw](http://indygov.org/dpw)



**Federally Enforceable State Operating Permit  
Renewal  
INDIANA DEPARTMENT  
OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT  
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY  
AND OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES**

**Raytheon Technical Services Company  
6125 East 21st Street  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058**

(herein known as the Permittee) is hereby authorized to operate subject to the conditions contained herein, the source described in Section A (Source Summary) of this permit.

**The Permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Noncompliance with any provisions of this permit is grounds for enforcement action; permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application. It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. An emergency does constitute an affirmative defense in an enforcement action provided the Permittee complies with the applicable requirements set forth in Section B, Emergency Provisions.**

This permit is issued in accordance with 326 IAC 2 and 40 CFR Part 70 Appendix A and contains the conditions and provisions specified in 326 IAC 2-8 as required by 42 U.S.C. 7401, et. seq. (Clean Air Act as amended by the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments), 40 CFR Part 70.6, IC 13-15 and IC 13-17.

Indiana statutes from IC 13 and rules from 326 IAC, quoted in conditions in this permit, are those applicable at the time the permit was issued. The issuance or possession of this permit shall not alone constitute a defense against an alleged violation of any law, regulation or standard, except for the requirement to obtain a FESOP under 326 IAC 2-8.

Operation Permit No.: F097-25007-00100	
Issued by:	Issuance Date: September 30, 2008
Original Signed by	Expiration Date: September 30, 2018
Richard Wise Administrator Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services	



Air Quality Hotline: 317-327-4AIR | [knozone.com](http://knozone.com)

**Department of Public Works  
Office of Environmental Services**

2700 Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, IN 46221

317-327-2234  
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## SECTION A SOURCE SUMMARY

This permit is based on information requested by the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM), Office of Air Quality (OAQ) and Office of Environmental Services (OES). The information describing the source contained in conditions A.1 through A.3 is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions. However, the Permittee should be aware that a physical change or a change in the method of operation that may render this descriptive information obsolete or inaccurate may trigger requirements for the Permittee to obtain additional permits or seek modification of this permit pursuant to 326 IAC 2, or change other applicable requirements presented in the permit application.

### A.1 General Information [326 IAC 2-8-3(b)]

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The Permittee owns and operates a stationary operation of an avionic equipment manufacturing operation.

Source Address:	6125 East 21st Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058
Mailing Address:	6125 East 21st Street Mail Stop 4, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058
General Source Phone Number:	(317) 306-3525
SIC Code:	3823, 7699, 3669, 3679,3812
County Location:	Marion
Source Location Status:	Nonattainment for PM2.5 standard Attainment for all other criteria pollutants
Source Status:	Federally Enforceable State Operating Permit Program Minor Source, under PSD and Nonattainment NSR Minor Source, Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Not 1 of 28 Source Categories

### A.2 Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment Summary [326 IAC 2-8-3(c)(3)]

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This stationary source consists of the following emission units and pollution control devices:

- (a) Three (3) 20.25 MMBtu per hour Nebraska boilers, identified as EU1, EU2, and EU3, fired with natural gas, constructed after June 9, 1989, with emissions exhausted to a separate stack for each boiler, identified as stack vents S<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>2</sub> and S<sub>3</sub> respectively. Under 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc, the boilers are affected facilities.
- (b) The Production Paint Booths 1-5, identified as emission units 4 through 7 and 10, and the Aircraft Armament Equipment Paint Shop, identified as emission unit 8.
  - (1) The Production Paint Booth 1, emission unit 4, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 1 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 1 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>4</sub>.
  - (2) The Production Paint Booth 2, emissions unit 5, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 2 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 2 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>5</sub>.
  - (3) The Production Paint Booth 3, emission unit 6, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from overspray. Production Paint Booth 3 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 3 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>6</sub>.

- (4) The Production Paint Booth 4, emission unit 7, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 4 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 4 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>7</sub>.
  - (5) The Aircraft Armament Equipment Paint Shop, emission unit 8, is equipped with an airless atomized sprayer with a dry filter to control over spray. This paint booth is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was installed in 1995. Emissions are vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>8</sub>.
  - (6) The Production Paint Booth 5, emission unit 10, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 5 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1998. Emissions from Production Paint booth 5 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>10</sub>.
- (c) Degreasing Operations subject to 326 IAC 8-3-2 and 326 IAC 8-3-5.

A.3 Insignificant Activities [326 IAC 2-7-1(21)][326 IAC 2-8-3(c)(3)(I)]

This stationary source also includes the following insignificant activities:

- (a) A gasoline fuel transfer and dispensing operation handling less than or equal to 1,300 gallons per day, such as filling of tanks, automobiles, having a storage capacity less than or equal to 10,500 gallons;
- (b) A petroleum fuel, other than gasoline dispensing facility, having a storage capacity of less than or equal to 10,500 gallons, and dispensing less than or equal to 230,000 gallons per month;
- (c) Vessels storing lubricating oils, hydraulic oils, machining oils and machining fluids;
- (d) Machining where an aqueous cutting coolant continuously floods the machining interface;
- (e) Cleaners and solvents characterized as follows:
  - (1) having a vapor pressure equal to or less than 2 kPa; 15 mm Hg; or 0.3 psi measured at 38 degrees C (100 °F) or;
  - (2) having a vapor pressure equal to or less than 0.7 kPa; 5 mm Hg; or 0.1 psi measured at 20 C (68 °F);the use of which for all cleaners and solvents combined does not exceed 145 gallons per 12 months; [326 IAC 8-3-2] [326 IAC 8-3-5]
- (f) The following equipment related to manufacturing activities not resulting in emissions of HAPs: welding equipment;
- (g) Activities associated with the treatment of waste streams with an oil and grease content less than or equal to 1% by volume;
- (h) Forced and induced draft cooling tower systems not regulated under a NESHAP;
- (i) Asbestos abatement projects regulated by 326 IAC 14-10;

- (j) Equipment used to collect any material that might be released during a malfunction, process upset, or spill cleanup, including catch tanks, temporary liquid separators, tanks, and fluid handling equipment;
- (k) Blowdown for any of the following: sight glass: boiler; compressors; pumps and cooling towers;
- (l) Furnaces used for melting metals other than beryllium with a brim full capacity of less than or equal to 450 cubic inches by volume;
- (m) Emergency generators as follows:
  - Diesel generators not exceeding 1600 horse power;
- (n) A laboratory as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21)(D).

A.4 FESOP Applicability [326 IAC 2-8-2]

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This stationary source, otherwise required to have a Part 70 permit as described in 326 IAC 2-7-2(a), has applied to the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM), Office of Air Quality (OAQ) to renew a Federally Enforceable State Operating Permit (FESOP).

## SECTION B GENERAL CONDITIONS

### B.1 Definitions [326 IAC 2-8-1]

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Terms in this permit shall have the definition assigned to such terms in the referenced regulation. In the absence of definitions in the referenced regulation, the applicable definitions found in the statutes or regulations (IC 13-11, 326 IAC 1-2 and 326 IAC 2-7) shall prevail.

### B.2 Permit Term [326 IAC 2-8-4(2)][326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5][IC 13-15-3-6(a)]

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- (a) This permit, F097-25007-00100, is issued for a fixed term of ten (10) years from the issuance date of this permit, as determined in accordance with IC 4-21.5-3-5(f) and IC 13-15-5-3. Subsequent revisions, modifications, or amendments of this permit do not affect the expiration date of this permit.
- (b) If IDEM, OAQ and OES, upon receiving a timely and complete renewal permit application, fails to issue or deny the permit renewal prior to the expiration date of this permit, this existing permit shall not expire and all terms and conditions shall continue in effect, until the renewal permit has been issued or denied.

### B.3 Term of Conditions [326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5]

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Notwithstanding the permit term of a permit to construct, a permit to operate, or a permit modification, any condition established in a permit issued pursuant to a permitting program approved in the state implementation plan shall remain in effect until:

- (a) the condition is modified in a subsequent permit action pursuant to Title I of the Clean Air Act; or
- (b) the emission unit to which the condition pertains permanently ceases operation.

### B.4 Enforceability [326 IAC 2-8-6]

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- (a) Unless otherwise stated, all terms and conditions in this permit, including any provisions designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by IDEM and OES, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) and by citizens in accordance with the Clean Air Act.
- (b) Unless otherwise stated, all terms and conditions in this permit that are local requirements, including any provisions designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by OES.

### B.5 Severability [326 IAC 2-8-4(4)]

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The provisions of this permit are severable; a determination that any portion of this permit is invalid shall not affect the validity of the remainder of the permit.

### B.6 Property Rights or Exclusive Privilege [326 IAC 2-8-4(5)(D)]

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This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.

### B.7 Duty to Provide Information [326 IAC 2-8-4(5)(E)]

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- (a) The Permittee shall furnish to IDEM, OAQ and OES, within a reasonable time, any information that IDEM, OAQ and OES may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The submittal by the Permittee does require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1). Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to IDEM, OAQ and OES copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

- (b) For information furnished by the Permittee to IDEM, OAQ, the Permittee may include a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 326 IAC 17.1. When furnishing copies of requested records directly to U. S. EPA, the Permittee may assert a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 40 CFR 2, Subpart B.

**B.8 Certification [326 IAC 2-8-3(d)][326 IAC 2-8-4(3)(C)(i)][326 IAC 2-8-5(1)]**

---

- (a) Where specifically designated by this permit or required by an applicable requirement, any application form, report, or compliance certification submitted shall contain certification by an "authorized individual" of truth, accuracy, and completeness. This certification shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.
- (b) One (1) certification shall be included, using the attached Certification Form, with each submittal requiring certification. One (1) certification may cover multiple forms in one (1) submittal.
- (c) An "authorized individual" is defined at 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

**B.9 Annual Compliance Certification [326 IAC 2-8-5(a)(1)]**

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- (a) The Permittee shall annually submit a compliance certification report which addresses the status of the source's compliance with the terms and conditions contained in this permit, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices. All certifications shall cover the time period from January 1 to December 31 of the previous year, and shall be submitted no later than April 15 of each year to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

- (b) The annual compliance certification report required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ and OES on or before the date it is due.
- (c) The annual compliance certification report shall include the following:
  - (1) The appropriate identification of each term or condition of this permit that is the basis of the certification;
  - (2) The compliance status;
  - (3) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;

- (4) The methods used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period consistent with 326 IAC 2-8-4(3); and
- (5) Such other facts, as specified in Sections D of this permit, as IDEM, OAQ and OES may require to determine the compliance status of the source.

The submittal by the Permittee does require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

**B.10 Compliance Order Issuance [326 IAC 2-8-5(b)]**

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IDEM, OAQ and OES may issue a compliance order to this Permittee upon discovery that this permit is in nonconformance with an applicable requirement. The order may require immediate compliance or contain a schedule for expeditious compliance with the applicable requirement.

**B.11 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 1-6-3][326 IAC 2-8-4(9)][326 IAC 2-8-5(a)(1)]**

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- (a) If required by specific condition(s) in Section D of this permit, the Permittee shall maintain and implement Preventive Maintenance Plans (PMPs) including the following information on each facility:
  - (1) Identification of the individual(s) responsible for inspecting, maintaining, and repairing emission control devices;
  - (2) A description of the items or conditions that will be inspected and the inspection schedule for said items or conditions; and
  - (3) Identification and quantification of the replacement parts that will be maintained in inventory for quick replacement.
- (b) A copy of the PMPs shall be submitted to IDEM, OAQ and OES upon request and within a reasonable time, and shall be subject to review and approval by IDEM, OAQ and OES. IDEM, OAQ and OES may require the Permittee to revise its PMPs whenever lack of proper maintenance causes or is the primary contributor to an exceedance of any limitation on emissions or potential to emit. The PMPs do not require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).
- (c) To the extent the Permittee is required by 40 CFR Part 60/63 to have an Operation Maintenance, and Monitoring (OMM) Plan for a unit, such Plan is deemed to satisfy the PMP requirements of 326 IAC 1-6-3 for that unit.

**B.12 Emergency Provisions [326 IAC 2-8-12]**

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- (a) An emergency, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12), is not an affirmative defense for an action brought for noncompliance with a federal or state health-based emission limitation except as provided in 326 IAC 2-8-12.
- (b) An emergency, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12), constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with a health-based or technology-based emission limitation if the affirmative defense of an emergency is demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence that describe the following:
  - (1) An emergency occurred and the Permittee can, to the extent possible, identify the causes of the emergency;
  - (2) The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;

- (3) During the period of an emergency, the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards or other requirements in this permit;
- (4) For each emergency lasting one (1) hour or more, the Permittee notified IDEM, OAQ, and OES within four (4) daytime business hours after the beginning of the emergency, or after the emergency was discovered or reasonably should have been discovered;

Telephone Number: 1-800-451-6027 (ask for Office of Air Quality, Compliance Section), or  
Telephone Number: 317-233-0178 (ask for Compliance Section)  
Facsimile Number: 317-233-6865  
Office of Environmental Services phone: (317) 327-2234; fax: (317) 327-2274

- (5) For each emergency lasting one (1) hour or more, the Permittee submitted the attached Emergency Occurrence Report Form or its equivalent, either by mail or facsimile to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

within two (2) working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency.

The notice fulfills the requirement of 326 IAC 2-8-4(3)(C)(ii) and must contain the following:

- (A) A description of the emergency;
- (B) Any steps taken to mitigate the emissions; and
- (C) Corrective actions taken.

The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does not require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

- (6) The Permittee immediately took all reasonable steps to correct the emergency.
- (c) In any enforcement proceeding, the Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
  - (d) This emergency provision supersedes 326 IAC 1-6 (Malfunctions). This permit condition is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.

- (e) The Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency shall make records available upon request to ensure that failure to implement a PMP did not cause or contribute to an exceedance of any limitations on emissions. However, IDEM, OAQ and OES may require that the Preventive Maintenance Plans required under 326 IAC 2-8-3(c)(6) be revised in response to an emergency.
- (f) Failure to notify IDEM, OAQ and OES by telephone or facsimile of an emergency lasting more than one (1) hour in accordance with (b)(4) and (5) of this condition shall constitute a violation of 326 IAC 2-8 and any other applicable rules.
- (g) Operations may continue during an emergency only if the following conditions are met:
  - (1) If the emergency situation causes a deviation from a technology-based limit, the Permittee may continue to operate the affected emitting facilities during the emergency provided the Permittee immediately takes all reasonable steps to correct the emergency and minimize emissions.
  - (2) If an emergency situation causes a deviation from a health-based limit, the Permittee may not continue to operate the affected emissions facilities unless:
    - (A) The Permittee immediately takes all reasonable steps to correct the emergency situation and to minimize emissions; and
    - (B) Continued operation of the facilities is necessary to prevent imminent injury to persons, severe damage to equipment, substantial loss of capital investment, or loss of product or raw material of substantial economic value.

Any operations shall continue no longer than the minimum time required to prevent the situations identified in (g)(2)(B) of this condition.
- (h) The Permittee shall include all emergencies in the Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report.

**B.13 Prior Permits Superseded [326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5]**

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- (a) All terms and conditions of permits established prior to F097-25007-00100 and issued pursuant to permitting programs approved into the state implementation plan have been either:
  - (1) incorporated as originally stated,
  - (2) revised, or
  - (3) deleted.
- (b) All previous registrations and permits are superseded by this permit.

**B.14 Termination of Right to Operate [326 IAC 2-8-9][326 IAC 2-8-3(h)]**

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The Permittee's right to operate this source terminates with the expiration of this permit unless a timely and complete renewal application is submitted at least nine (9) months prior to the date of expiration of the source's existing permit, consistent with 326 IAC 2-8-3(h) and 326 IAC 2-8-9.

**B.15** Deviations from Permit Requirements and Conditions [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)(C)(ii)]

- (a) Deviations from any permit requirements (for emergencies see Section B - Emergency Provisions), the probable cause of such deviations, and any response steps or preventive measures taken shall be reported to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Compliance Data Section, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251  
and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

using the attached Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report, or its equivalent. A deviation required to be reported pursuant to an applicable requirement that exists independent of this permit, shall be reported according to the schedule stated in the applicable requirement and does not need to be included in this report.

The Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report does require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

- (b) A deviation is an exceedance of a permit limitation or a failure to comply with a requirement of the permit.

**B.16** Permit Modification, Reopening, Revocation and Reissuance, or Termination [326 IAC 2-8-4(5)(C)][326 IAC 2-8-7(a)][326 IAC 2-8-8]

- (a) This permit may be modified, reopened, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a Federally Enforceable State Operating Permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any condition of this permit. [326 IAC 2-8-4(5)(C)] The notification by the Permittee does require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).
- (b) This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the circumstances listed in IC 13-15-7-2 or if IDEM, OAQ and OES determines any of the following:
- (1) That this permit contains a material mistake.
  - (2) That inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions.
  - (3) That this permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with an applicable requirement. [326 IAC 2-8-8(a)]
- (c) Proceedings by IDEM, OAQ and OES to reopen and revise this permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of this permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening and revision shall be made as expeditiously as practicable. [326 IAC 2-8-8(b)]
- (d) The reopening and revision of this permit, under 326 IAC 2-8-8(a), shall not be initiated before notice of such intent is provided to the Permittee by IDEM, OAQ and OES at least thirty (30) days in advance of the date this permit is to be reopened, except that IDEM,

OAQ and OES may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.  
[326 IAC 2-8-8(c)]

**B.17 Permit Renewal [326 IAC 2-8-3(h)]**

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- (a) The application for renewal shall be submitted using the application form or forms prescribed by IDEM, OAQ and OES and shall include the information specified in 326 IAC 2-8-3. Such information shall be included in the application for each emission unit at this source, except those emission units included on the trivial or insignificant activities list contained in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21) and 326 IAC 2-7-1(40). The renewal application does require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

Request for renewal shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Permits Branch, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251  
and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

- (b) A timely renewal application is one that is:
- (1) Submitted at least nine (9) months prior to the date of the expiration of this permit; and
  - (2) If the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ and OES on or before the date it is due.
- (c) If the Permittee submits a timely and complete application for renewal of this permit, the source's failure to have a permit is not a violation of 326 IAC 2-8 until IDEM, OAQ and OES takes final action on the renewal application, except that this protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the Permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by IDEM, OAQ and OES any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.

**B.18 Permit Amendment or Revision [326 IAC 2-8-10][326 IAC 2-8-11.1]**

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- (a) Permit amendments and revisions are governed by the requirements of 326 IAC 2-8-10 or 326 IAC 2-8-11.1 whenever the Permittee seeks to amend or modify this permit.
- (b) Any application requesting an amendment or modification of this permit shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Permits Branch, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251  
and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

Any such application shall be certified by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

- (c) The Permittee may implement administrative amendment changes addressed in the request for an administrative amendment immediately upon submittal of the request. [326 IAC 2-8-10(b)(3)]

B.19 Operational Flexibility [326 IAC 2-8-15][326 IAC 2-8-11.1]

- (a) The Permittee may make any change or changes at the source that are described in 326 IAC 2-8-15(b) through (d) without a prior permit revision, if each of the following conditions is met:

- (1) The changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act;
- (2) Any approval required by 326 IAC 2-8-11.1 has been obtained;
- (3) The changes do not result in emissions which exceed the limitations provided in this permit (whether expressed herein as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions);
- (4) The Permittee notifies the:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Permits Branch, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

and

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region V  
Air and Radiation Division, Regulation Development Branch - Indiana (AR-18J)  
77 West Jackson Boulevard  
Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590

in advance of the change by written notification at least ten (10) days in advance of the proposed change. The Permittee shall attach every such notice to the Permittee's copy of this permit; and

- (5) The Permittee maintains records on-site, on a rolling five (5) year basis, which document all such changes and emission trades that are subject to

326 IAC 2-8-15(b) through (d). The Permittee shall make such records available, upon reasonable request, for public review.

Such records shall consist of all information required to be submitted to IDEM, OAQ and OES in the notices specified in 326 IAC 2-8-15(b)(2), (c)(1), and (d).

- (b) Emission Trades [326 IAC 2-8-15(c)]  
The Permittee may trade emissions increases and decreases at the source, where the applicable SIP provides for such emission trades without requiring a permit revision, subject to the constraints of Section (a) of this condition and those in 326 IAC 2-8-15(c).
- (c) Alternative Operating Scenarios [326 IAC 2-8-15(d)]  
The Permittee may make changes at the source within the range of alternative operating scenarios that are described in the terms and conditions of this permit in accordance with 326 IAC 2-8-4(7). No prior notification of IDEM, OAQ, or U.S. EPA is required.
- (d) Backup fuel switches specifically addressed in, and limited under, Section D of this permit shall not be considered alternative operating scenarios. Therefore, the notification requirements of part (a) of this condition do not apply.

B.20 Source Modification Requirement [326 IAC 2-8-11.1]

A modification, construction, or reconstruction is governed by the requirements of 326 IAC 2 and 326 IAC 2-8-11.1.

B.21 Inspection and Entry [326 IAC 2-8-5(a)(2)][IC 13-14-2-2][IC 13-17-3-2][IC 13-30-3-1]

Upon presentation of proper identification cards, credentials, and other documents as may be required by law, and subject to the Permittee's right under all applicable laws and regulations to assert that the information collected by the agency is confidential and entitled to be treated as such, the Permittee shall allow IDEM, OAQ, U.S. EPA, and OES or an authorized representative to perform the following:

- (a) Enter upon the Permittee's premises where a FESOP source is located, or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (b) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (c) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (d) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements; and
- (e) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring, or other equipment for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements.

B.22 Transfer of Ownership or Operational Control [326 IAC 2-8-10]

- (a) The Permittee must comply with the requirements of 326 IAC 2-8-10 whenever the Permittee seeks to change the ownership or operational control of the source and no other change in the permit is necessary.
- (b) Any application requesting a change in the ownership or operational control of the source shall contain a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and new Permittee. The application shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Permits Branch, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

The application which shall be submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

- (c) The Permittee may implement administrative amendment changes addressed in the request for an administrative amendment immediately upon submittal of the request. [326 IAC 2-8-10(b)(3)]

B.23 Annual Fee Payment [326 IAC 2-7-19] [326 IAC 2-8-4(6)] [326 IAC 2-8-16][326 IAC 2-1.1-7]

- (a) The Permittee shall pay annual fees to IDEM, OAQ and OES within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of a billing. Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-19(b), if the Permittee does not receive a bill from IDEM, OAQ and OES the applicable fee is due April 1 of each year.
- (b) Failure to pay may result in administrative enforcement action or revocation of this permit.
- (c) The Permittee may call the following telephone numbers: 1-800-451-6027 or 317-233-4230 (ask for OAQ, Billing, Licensing, and Training Section), to determine the appropriate permit fee.

B.24 Credible Evidence [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)][326 IAC 2-8-5][62 FR 8314] [326 IAC 1-1-6]

For the purpose of submitting compliance certifications or establishing whether or not the Permittee has violated or is in violation of any condition of this permit, nothing in this permit shall preclude the use, including the exclusive use, of any credible evidence or information relevant to whether the Permittee would have been in compliance with the condition of this permit if the appropriate performance or compliance test or procedure had been performed.

## SECTION C SOURCE OPERATION CONDITIONS

Entire Source

### Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-8-4(1)]

C.1 Particulate Emission Limitations For Processes with Process Weight Rates Less Than One Hundred (100) Pounds per Hour [326 IAC 6-3-2]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-3-2(e)(2), particulate emissions from any process not exempt under 326 IAC 6-3-1(b) or (c) which has a maximum process weight rate less than 100 pounds per hour and the methods in 326 IAC 6-3-2(b) through (d) do not apply shall not exceed 0.551 pounds per hour.

C.2 Overall Source Limit [326 IAC 2-8]

The purpose of this permit is to limit this source's potential to emit to less than major source levels for the purpose of Section 502(a) of the Clean Air Act.

(a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-8:

- (1) The potential to emit any regulated pollutant, except particulate matter (PM), from the entire source shall be limited to less than one hundred (100) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period.
- (2) The potential to emit any individual hazardous air pollutant (HAP) from the entire source shall be limited to less than ten (10) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period; and
- (3) The potential to emit any combination of HAPs from the entire source shall be limited to less than twenty-five (25) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period.

(b) The potential to emit particulate matter (PM) from the entire source shall be limited to less than two hundred fifty (250) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period. This limitation shall make the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)) not applicable.

(c) The potential to emit particulate matter less 2.5 microns (PM<sub>2.5</sub>) from the entire source shall be limited to less than one hundred fifty (100) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period. This limitation shall make the requirements of 326 IAC 2-1.1-5 (Nonattainment New Source Review) not applicable.

(d) This condition shall include all emission points at this source including those that are insignificant as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21). The source shall be allowed to add insignificant activities not already listed in this permit, provided that the source's potential to emit does not exceed the above specified limits.

(e) Section D of this permit contains independently enforceable provisions to satisfy this requirement.

C.3 Opacity [326 IAC 5-1]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 5-1-2 (Opacity Limitations), except as provided in 326 IAC 5-1-3 (Temporary Alternative Opacity Limitations), opacity shall meet the following, unless otherwise stated in this permit:

- (a) Opacity shall not exceed an average of thirty percent (30%) in any one (1) six (6) minute averaging period as determined in 326 IAC 5-1-4.
- (b) Opacity shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) for more than a cumulative total of fifteen (15) minutes (sixty (60) readings as measured according to 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 9 or fifteen (15) one (1) minute nonoverlapping integrated averages for a continuous opacity monitor) in a six (6) hour period.

**C.4 Open Burning [326 IAC 4-1] [IC 13-17-9]**

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The Permittee shall not open burn any material except as provided in 326 IAC 4-1-3, 326 IAC 4-1-4 or 326 IAC 4-1-6. The previous sentence notwithstanding, the Permittee may open burn in accordance with an open burning approval issued by the Commissioner under 326 IAC 4-1-4.1.

**C.5 Incineration [326 IAC 4-2] [326 IAC 9-1-2]**

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The Permittee shall not operate an incinerator or incinerate any waste or refuse except as provided in 326 IAC 4-2 and 326 IAC 9-1-2.

**C.6 Fugitive Dust Emissions [326 IAC 6-4]**

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The Permittee shall not allow fugitive dust to escape beyond the property line or boundaries of the property, right-of-way, or easement on which the source is located, in a manner that would violate 326 IAC 6-4 (Fugitive Dust Emissions).

**C.7 Asbestos Abatement Projects [326 IAC 14-10] [326 IAC 18] [40 CFR 61, Subpart M]**

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- (a) Notification requirements apply to each owner or operator. If the combined amount of regulated asbestos containing material (RACM) to be stripped, removed or disturbed is at least 260 linear feet on pipes or 160 square feet on other facility components, or at least thirty-five (35) cubic feet on all facility components, then the notification requirements of 326 IAC 14-10-3 are mandatory. All demolition projects require notification whether or not asbestos is present.
- (b) The Permittee shall ensure that a written notification is sent on a form provided by the Commissioner at least ten (10) working days before asbestos stripping or removal work or before demolition begins, per 326 IAC 14-10-3, and shall update such notice as necessary, including, but not limited to the following:
  - (1) When the amount of affected asbestos containing material increases or decreases by at least twenty percent (20%); or
  - (2) If there is a change in the following:
    - (A) Asbestos removal or demolition start date;
    - (B) Removal or demolition contractor; or
    - (C) Waste disposal site.
- (c) The Permittee shall ensure that the notice is postmarked or delivered according to the guidelines set forth in 326 IAC 14-10-3(2).
- (d) The notice to be submitted shall include the information enumerated in 326 IAC 14-10-3(3).

All required notifications shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Asbestos Section, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-52 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

The notice shall include a signed certification from the owner or operator that the information provided in this notification is correct and that only Indiana licensed workers and project supervisors will be used to implement the asbestos removal project. The notifications do not require a certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

- (e) **Procedures for Asbestos Emission Control**  
The Permittee shall comply with the applicable emission control procedures in 326 IAC 14-10-4 and 40 CFR 61.145(c). Per 326 IAC 14-10-1, emission control requirements are applicable for any removal or disturbance of RACM greater than three (3) linear feet on pipes or three (3) square feet on any other facility components or a total of at least 0.75 cubic feet on all facility components.
- (f) **Demolition and Renovation**  
The Permittee shall thoroughly inspect the affected facility or part of the facility where the demolition or renovation will occur for the presence of asbestos pursuant to 40 CFR 61.145(a).
- (g) **Indiana Licensed Asbestos Inspector**  
The Permittee shall comply with 326 IAC 14-10-1(a) that requires the owner or operator, prior to a renovation/demolition, to use an Indiana Licensed Asbestos Inspector to thoroughly inspect the affected portion of the facility for the presence of asbestos.

### **Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)]**

#### **C.8 Performance Testing [326 IAC 3-6]**

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- (a) All testing shall be performed according to the provisions of 326 IAC 3-6 (Source Sampling Procedures), except as provided elsewhere in this permit, utilizing any applicable procedures and analysis methods specified in 40 CFR 51, 40 CFR 60, 40 CFR 61, 40 CFR 63, 40 CFR 75, or other procedures approved by IDEM, OAQ.

A test protocol, except as provided elsewhere in this permit, shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Compliance Data Section, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

no later than thirty-five (35) days prior to the intended test date. The protocol submitted by the Permittee does not require certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

- (b) The Permittee shall notify IDEM, OAQ of the actual test date at least fourteen (14) days prior to the actual test date. The notification submitted by the Permittee does not require certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).
- (c) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-6-4(b), all test reports must be received by IDEM, OAQ and OES not later than forty-five (45) days after the completion of the testing. An extension may be granted by IDEM, OAQ and OES if the Permittee submits to IDEM, OAQ, a reasonable written explanation not later than five (5) days prior to the end of the initial forty-five (45) day period.

### **Compliance Requirements [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]**

#### **C.9 Compliance Requirements [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]**

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The commissioner may require stack testing, monitoring, or reporting at any time to assure compliance with all applicable requirements by issuing an order under 326 IAC 2-1.1-11. Any monitoring or testing shall be performed in accordance with 326 IAC 3 or other methods approved by the commissioner or the U. S. EPA.

### **Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4][326 IAC 2-8-5(a)(1)]**

#### **C.10 Compliance Monitoring [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)][326 IAC 2-8-5(a)(1)]**

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Unless otherwise specified in this permit, all monitoring and record keeping requirements not already legally required shall be implemented within ninety (90) days of permit issuance. If required by Section D, the Permittee shall be responsible for installing any necessary equipment and initiating any required monitoring related to that equipment. If due to circumstances beyond its control, that equipment cannot be installed and operated within ninety (90) days, the Permittee may extend the compliance schedule related to the equipment for an additional ninety (90) days provided the Permittee notifies:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

in writing, prior to the end of the initial ninety (90) day compliance schedule, with full justification of the reasons for the inability to meet this date.

The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

Unless otherwise specified in the approval for the new emission unit(s), compliance monitoring for new emission units or emission units added through a permit revision shall be implemented when operation begins.

**C.11 Monitoring Methods [326 IAC 3] [40 CFR 60] [40 CFR 63]**

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Any monitoring or testing required by Section D of this permit shall be performed according to the provisions of 326 IAC 3, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, 40 CFR 60, Appendix B, 40 CFR 63, or other approved methods as specified in this permit.

**C.12 Instrument Specifications [326 IAC 2-1.1-11] [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)][326 IAC 2-8-5(1)]**

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- (a) When required by any condition of this permit, an analog instrument used to measure a parameter related to the operation of an air pollution control device shall have a scale such that the expected maximum reading for the normal range shall be no less than twenty percent (20%) of full scale.
- (b) The Permittee may request that the IDEM, OAQ approve the use of an instrument that does not meet the above specifications provided the Permittee can demonstrate that an alternative instrument specification will adequately ensure compliance with permit conditions requiring the measurement of the parameters.

**Corrective Actions and Response Steps [326 IAC 2-8-4][326 IAC 2-8-5(a)(1)]**

**C.13 Risk Management Plan [326 IAC 2-8-4] [40 CFR 68]**

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If a regulated substance, as defined in 40 CFR 68, is present at a source in more than a threshold quantity, the Permittee must comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 68.

**C.14 Response to Excursions or Exceedances [326 IAC 2-8-4] [326 IAC 2-8-5]**

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- (a) Upon detecting an excursion or exceedance, the Permittee shall restore operation of the emissions unit (including any control device and associated capture system) to its normal or usual manner of operation as expeditiously as practicable in accordance with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions.
- (b) The response shall include minimizing the period of any startup, shutdown or malfunction and taking any necessary corrective actions to restore normal operation and prevent the likely recurrence of the cause of an excursion or exceedance (other than those caused by excused startup or shutdown conditions). Corrective actions may include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - (1) initial inspection and evaluation;
  - (2) recording that operations returned to normal without operator action (such as through response by a computerized distribution control system); or
  - (3) any necessary follow-up actions to return operation to within the indicator range, designated condition, or below the applicable emission limitation or standard, as applicable.
- (c) A determination of whether the Permittee has used acceptable procedures in response to an excursion or exceedance will be based on information available, which may include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - (1) monitoring results;
  - (2) review of operation and maintenance procedures and records; and/or
  - (3) inspection of the control device, associated capture system, and the process.

- (d) Failure to take reasonable response steps shall be considered a deviation from the permit.
- (e) The Permittee shall maintain the following records:
  - (1) monitoring data;
  - (2) monitor performance data, if applicable; and
  - (3) corrective actions taken.

**C.15 Actions Related to Noncompliance Demonstrated by a Stack Test [326 IAC 2-8-4][326 IAC 2-8-5]**

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- (a) When the results of a stack test performed in conformance with Section C - Performance Testing, of this permit exceed the level specified in any condition of this permit, the Permittee shall take appropriate response actions. The Permittee shall submit a description of these response actions to IDEM, OAQ and OES, within thirty (30) days of receipt of the test results. The Permittee shall take appropriate action to minimize excess emissions from the affected facility while the response actions are being implemented.
- (b) A retest to demonstrate compliance shall be performed within one hundred twenty (120) days of receipt of the original test results. Should the Permittee demonstrate to IDEM, OAQ that retesting in one hundred twenty (120) days is not practicable, IDEM, OAQ may extend the retesting deadline.
- (c) IDEM, OAQ reserves the authority to take any actions allowed under law in response to noncompliant stack tests.

The response action documents submitted pursuant to this condition do require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

**Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)]**

**C.16 General Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)] [326 IAC 2-8-5]**

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- (a) Records of all required monitoring data, reports and support information required by this permit shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. These records shall be physically present or electronically accessible at the source location for a minimum of three (3) years. The records may be stored elsewhere for the remaining two (2) years as long as they are available upon request. If the Commissioner or OES makes a request for records to the Permittee, the Permittee shall furnish the records to the Commissioner or OES within a reasonable time.
- (b) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, all record keeping requirements not already legally required shall be implemented within ninety (90) days of permit issuance.

**C.17 General Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)(C)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]**

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- (a) The Permittee shall submit the attached Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report or its equivalent. Any deviation from permit requirements, the date(s) of each deviation, the cause of the deviation, and the response steps taken must be reported. This report shall be submitted within thirty (30) days of the end of the reporting period. The Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report shall include the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).
- (b) The report required in (a) of this condition and reports required by conditions in Section D of this permit shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Compliance Data Section, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46221

- (c) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, any notice, report, or other submission required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ and OES on or before the date it is due.
- (d) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, all reports required in Section D of this permit shall be submitted within thirty (30) days of the end of the reporting period. All reports do require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).
- (e) Reporting periods are based on calendar years, unless otherwise specified in this permit. For the purpose of this permit "calendar year" means the twelve (12) month period from January 1 to December 31 inclusive.
- (f) If the Permittee is a member of IDEM's Environmental Stewardship Program (ESP), the Permittee may report in the manner below for any reporting requirement except Section B - Deviations from Permit Requirements, that allows reporting per this paragraph:
  - (1) Each report shall be submitted semi-annually, covering the periods from January 1 to June 30 and July 1 to December 31.
  - (2) Each report, shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ on or before the date it is due.
  - (3) Each report shall be submitted within thirty (30) days of the end of the reporting period. All reports do require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).
  - (4) The Permittee shall use the attached Environmental Stewardship Program Reporting Forms or their equivalent.
  - (5) Each report shall be submitted to the address listed in paragraph (b) of this condition.

If the Permittee is removed from or withdraws from the ESP, the Permittee shall begin quarterly reporting according to paragraphs (a) through (e) of this condition and the condition(s) requiring the reporting. If the Permittee is removed from or withdraws from the ESP during the second quarter of a semi-annual period, the Permittee shall submit all reports for the first quarter of the period within thirty (30) days of the removal or withdrawal from the ESP.

## **Stratospheric Ozone Protection**

### **C.18 Compliance with 40 CFR 82 and 326 IAC 22-1**

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Pursuant to 40 CFR 82 (Protection of Stratospheric Ozone), Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners in Subpart B, the Permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction:

- (a) Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to 40 CFR 82.156.
- (b) Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158.
- (c) Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161.

## SECTION D.1 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

### Emissions Unit Description:

- (a) Three (3) 20.25 MMBtu per hour Nebraska boilers, identified as EU1, EU2, and EU3, fired with natural gas, constructed after June 9, 1989, with emissions exhausted to a separate stack for each boiler, identified as stack vents S<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>2</sub> and S<sub>3</sub> respectively. Under 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc, the boilers are affected facilities.

(The information describing the process contained in this emissions unit description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

### Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-8-4(1)]

#### D.1.1 Particulate Matter Emissions (PM) [326 IAC 6-2-4]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-2-4 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Indirect Heating), particulate emissions from the boilers, identified as EU1, EU2, and EU3, shall be limited to 0.38 pounds per million. The particulate emissions were based on the following equation:

$$Pt = 1.09 / Q^{0.26}$$

Where:

Pt = Pounds of particulate matter emitted per million Btu (lb/MMBtu) heat input.

Q = Total source maximum operating capacity rating in million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr) heat input. The maximum operating capacity rating is defined as the maximum capacity at which the facility is operated or the nameplate capacity, whichever is specified in the facility's permit application, except when some lower capacity is contained in the facility's operation permit; in which case, the capacity specified in the operation permit shall be used. Q for the EU1, EU2, and EU3 is 60.75 MMBtu/hr.

#### D.1.2 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-8-4(9)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for these facilities and any control devices.

### New Source Performance Standards [40 CFR 60, Subpart A, Subpart Dc [326 IAC 12]

#### D.1.3 General Provisions Relating to New Source Performance Standards [326 IAC 12-1] [40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A]

- (a) Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.1, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A – General Provisions, which are incorporated by reference as 326 IAC 12-1 for the boilers identified as EU1, EU2 and EU3 except as otherwise specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc.

- (b) Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.10, the Permittee shall submit all required notifications and reports to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

Indianapolis OES  
Air Compliance  
2700 South Belmont Ave.  
Indianapolis, IN 46221

D.1.4 Standards of Performance for Small-Commercial-Institutional- Steam Generating Units  
Requirements [40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc] [40 CFR 60.24(f)(3)]

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The Permittee shall comply with the following provisions of 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc (included as Attachment A of this permit), for the boilers, identified as EU1, EU2, and EU3:

- (1) 40 CFR 60.40c(a)
- (2) 40 CFR 60.40c(b)
- (3) 40 CFR 60.41c
- (4) 40 CFR 60.48c (a)
- (5) 40 CFR 60.48c (a)(1)
- (6) 40 CFR 60.48c (a)(3)
- (7) 40 CFR 60.48c (g)(2)
- (8) 40 CFR 60.48c (i)
- (9) 40 CFR 60.48c (j)

## SECTION D.2 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

### Emissions Unit Description:

- (b) The Production Paint Booths 1-5, identified as emission units 4 through 7 and 10, and the Aircraft Armament Equipment Paint Shop, identified as emission unit 8.
- (1) The Production Paint Booth 1, emission unit 4, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 1 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 1 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>4</sub>.
  - (2) The Production Paint Booth 2, emissions unit 5, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 2 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 2 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>5</sub>.
  - (3) The Production Paint Booth 3, emission unit 6, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from overspray. Production Paint Booth 3 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 3 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>6</sub>.
  - (4) The Production Paint Booth 4, emission unit 7, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 4 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 4 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>7</sub>.
  - (5) The Aircraft Armament Equipment Paint Shop, emission unit 8, is equipped with an airless atomized sprayer with a dry filter to control over spray. This paint booth is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was installed in 1995. Emissions are vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>8</sub>.
  - (6) The Production Paint Booth 5, emission unit 10, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 5 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1998. Emissions from Production Paint booth 5 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>10</sub>.

(The information describing the process contained in this emissions unit description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

### Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-8-4(1)]

D.2.1 VOC and HAP FESOP Limit [326 IAC 2-8-4] [326 IAC 8-2-9] [326 IAC 2-4.1] [326 IAC 2-2]  
Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-8-4:

- (a) The VOC input to Paint Booths EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10 shall be less than fifteen (15) pounds per day each. Compliance with this limit, shall render the requirements of 326 IAC 8-2-9 and 326 IAC 2-2 (PSD) not applicable.

- (b) The amount of any single HAP delivered to the six (6) paint booths (EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10) shall be limited to less than eight and a half (8.5) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.
- (c) The amount of any combination of HAPs delivered to the six (6) paint booths (EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10) shall be less than twelve and a half (19.5) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

Compliance with the above limits, combined with the potential to emit VOC and HAPs from all other emission units at the source, shall limit the VOC from the entire source to less than 100 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period, single HAP to less than 10 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period and combination HAPs to less than 25 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period. Therefore, the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7 (Part 70 Permit Program) and 326 IAC 2-4.1 (Major Sources of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP)) are not applicable.

#### D.2.2 Particulate Emissions [326 IAC 6-3-2]

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Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-3-2(d), Particulate emissions from the surface coating processes (EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10) shall be controlled by a dry particulate filter and subject to the following:

- (a) the Permittee shall operate the control device in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
- (b) If overspray is visibly detected at the exhaust or accumulates on the ground, the source shall inspect the control device and do either of the following no later than four (4) hours after such observation:
  - (1) Repair control device so that no overspray is visibly detectable at the exhaust or accumulates on the ground.
  - (2) Operate equipment so that no overspray is visibly detectable at the exhaust or accumulates on the ground. If overspray is visibly detected, the source shall maintain a record of the action taken as a result of the inspection, any repairs of the control device, or change in operations, so that overspray is not visibly detected at the exhaust or accumulates on the ground. These records must be maintained for five (5) years.

#### D.2.3 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-8-4(9)]

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A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for these facilities and any control devices.

### **Compliance Determination Requirements**

#### D.2.4 Volatile Organic Compounds

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Compliance with the VOC emissions limitations contained in Condition D.2.1 shall be determined based on the daily calculated VOC emissions rate. The daily VOC emissions rate shall be calculated based on the daily pounds of solvents and coatings as applied and the VOC content of coatings and solvents as applied.

### **Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4][326 IAC 2-8-5(a)(1)]**

#### D.2.5 Monitoring

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- (a) Daily inspections shall be performed to verify the placement, integrity and particle loading of the filters. As a member of IDEM's Environmental Stewardship Program

(ESP), Raytheon Corporation is eligible for certain member benefits. IDEM, OAQ and OES have determined that Raytheon is eligible for an alternative monitoring schedule for Paint Booths EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10. While a member of the ESP, Raytheon shall conduct overspray observations monthly rather than weekly from the paint booth stacks (S4, S5, S6, S7, S8, and S10) while one or more of the booths are in operation. When a condition exists which should result in a response step, the Permittee shall take reasonable response in accordance Section C – Response to Excursions or Exceedances. This section shall be followed whenever a condition exists which should result in a response step(s). Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation from this permit.

- (b) Monthly inspections shall be performed of the coating emissions from the stack and the presence of overspray on the rooftops and the nearby ground. When there is a notable change in overspray emissions, or when evidence of overspray emissions is observed, the Permittee shall take reasonable response in accordance Section C – Response to Excursions or Exceedances. This section shall be followed whenever a condition exists which should result in a response step(s). Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation from this permit.

### **Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)]**

#### **D.2.6 Record Keeping Requirement**

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- (a) To document compliance with Condition D.2.1, the Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (1) through (6) below. Records maintained for (1) through (6) shall be taken daily and shall be complete and sufficient to establish compliance with the VOC usage limits and/or the VOC and HAP emission limits established in Condition D.2.1.
- (1) The VOC and HAP content of each coating material and solvent used;
  - (2) The amount of coating material and solvent less water used on daily basis;
    - (a) Records shall include purchase orders, invoices, and material safety data sheets (MSDS) necessary to verify the type and amount used;
    - (b) Solvent usage records shall differentiate between those added to coatings and those used as cleanup solvents;
  - (3) The volume weighted VOC and HAP content of the coatings used for each day;
  - (4) The cleanup solvent usage for each day;
  - (5) The total VOC and HAP usage for each day; and
  - (6) The weight of VOCs and HAPs emitted for each compliance period.
- (b) To document compliance with Condition D.2.5, the Permittee shall maintain a log of daily and monthly inspections.
- (c) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements of this permit.

#### D.2.7 Reporting Requirement

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If the Permittee is a member of IDEM's Environmental Stewardship Program (ESP) program, the Permittee may submit reports summarizing the information to document compliance with Condition D.2.1 according to the provisions of paragraph (f) of Section C - General Reporting Requirements.

Otherwise, a quarterly summary of the information to document compliance with Condition D.2.1 shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, using the reporting forms located at the end of this permit, or their equivalent, within thirty (30) days after the end of the quarter being reported. The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by an "authorized individual" as defined by 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(1).

## SECTION D.3 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

### Emissions Unit Description:

(c) Degreasing Operations subject to 326 IAC 8-3-2 and 326 IAC 8-3-5.

(The information describing the process contained in this emissions unit description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

### Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-8-4(1)]

#### D.3.1 Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) [326 IAC 8-3-2]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-2 (Cold Cleaner Operations), the owner or operator shall:

- (a) Equip the cleaner with a cover;
- (b) Equip the cleaner with a facility for draining cleaned parts;
- (c) Close the degreaser cover whenever parts are not being handled in the cleaner;
- (d) Drain cleaned parts for at least fifteen (15) seconds or until dripping ceases;
- (e) Provide a permanent, conspicuous label summarizing the operation requirements;
- (f) Store waste solvent only in covered containers and not dispose of waste solvent or transfer it to another party, in such a manner that greater than twenty percent (20%) of the waste solvent (by weight) can evaporate into the atmosphere.

#### D.3.2 Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) [326 IAC 8-3-5]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-5(a) (Cold Cleaner Degreaser Operation and Control), the owner or operator of a cold cleaner degreaser facility existing prior to January 1, 1980 shall ensure that the following control equipment requirements are met:
  - (1) Equip the degreaser with a cover. The cover must be designed so that it can be easily operated with one (1) hand if:
    - (A) The solvent volatility is greater than two (2) kiloPascals (fifteen (15) millimeters of mercury or three-tenths (0.3) pounds per square inch) measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38°C) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100°F));
    - (B) The solvent is agitated; or
    - (C) The solvent is heated.
  - (2) Equip the degreaser with a facility for draining cleaned articles. If the solvent volatility is greater than four and three-tenths (4.3) kiloPascals (thirty-two (32) millimeters of mercury or six-tenths (0.6) pounds per square inch) measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38°C) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100°F)), then the drainage facility must be internal such that articles are enclosed under the cover while draining. The drainage facility may be external for applications where an internal type cannot fit into the cleaning system.

- (3) Provide a permanent, conspicuous label which lists the operating requirements outlined in subsection (b).
  - (4) The solvent spray, if used, must be a solid, fluid stream and shall be applied at a pressure which does not cause excessive splashing.
  - (5) Equip the degreaser with one (1) of the following control devices if the solvent volatility is greater than four and three-tenths (4.3) kiloPascals (thirty-two (32) millimeters of mercury or six-tenths (0.6) pounds per square inch) measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38<sup>o</sup>C) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100<sup>o</sup>F)), or if the solvent is heated to a temperature greater than forty-eight and nine-tenths degrees Celsius (48.9<sup>o</sup>C) (one hundred twenty degrees Fahrenheit (120<sup>o</sup>F):
    - (A) A freeboard that attains a freeboard ratio of seventy-five hundredths (0.75) or greater.
    - (B) A water cover when solvent is used is insoluble in, and heavier than water.
    - (C) Other systems of demonstrated equivalent control such as a refrigerated chiller or carbon adsorption. Such systems shall be submitted to the U.S. EPA as a SIP revision.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-5(b) (Cold Cleaner Degreaser Operation and Control), the owner or operator of a cold cleaning facility construction of which commenced after July 1, 1990, shall ensure that the following operating requirements are met:
- (1) Close the cover whenever articles are not being handled in the degreaser.
  - (2) Drain cleaned articles for at least fifteen (15) seconds or until dripping ceases.
  - (3) Store waste solvent only in covered containers and prohibit the disposal or transfer of waste solvent in any manner in which greater than twenty percent (20%) of the waste solvent by weight could evaporate.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT  
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY  
and  
INDIANAPOLIS OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES  
FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE STATE OPERATING PERMIT (FESOP)  
CERTIFICATION**

Source Name: Raytheon Technical Services Company  
Source Address: 6125 East 21st Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
Mailing Address: 6125 East 21st Street Mail Stop 4, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
FESOP Permit No.: F097-25007-00100

**This certification shall be included when submitting monitoring, testing reports/results  
or other documents as required by this permit.**

Please check what document is being certified:

- Annual Compliance Certification Letter
- Test Result (specify)\_\_\_\_\_
- Report (specify)\_\_\_\_\_
- Notification (specify)\_\_\_\_\_
- Affidavit (specify)\_\_\_\_\_
- Other (specify)\_\_\_\_\_

I certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

Signature:

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Date:

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT  
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY  
COMPLIANCE BRANCH  
100 North Senate Avenue  
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003  
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251  
Phone: 317-233-0178  
Fax: 317-233-6865**

**and  
INDIANAPOLIS OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES  
Air Compliance  
2700 South Belmont Avenue  
Indianapolis, IN 46221-2209**

**FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE STATE OPERATING PERMIT (FESOP)  
EMERGENCY OCCURRENCE REPORT**

Source Name: Raytheon Technical Services Company  
Source Address: 6125 East 21st Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
Mailing Address: 6125 East 21st Street Mail Stop 4, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
FESOP Permit No.: F097-25007-00100

**This form consists of 2 pages**

**Page 1 of 2**

- |   |
|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> This is an emergency as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12) <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The Permittee must notify the Office of Air Quality (OAQ), within four (4) business hours (1-800-451-6027 or 317-233-0178, ask for Compliance Section); and</li><li>• The Permittee must submit notice in writing or by facsimile within two (2) working days (Facsimile Number: 317-233-6865), and follow the other requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-16</li></ul> |
|---|

If any of the following are not applicable, mark N/A

Facility/Equipment/Operation:
Control Equipment:
Permit Condition or Operation Limitation in Permit:
Description of the Emergency:
Describe the cause of the Emergency:

If any of the following are not applicable, mark N/A

Page 2 of 2

Date/Time Emergency started:
Date/Time Emergency was corrected:
Was the facility being properly operated at the time of the emergency?    Y    N Describe:
Type of Pollutants Emitted: TSP, PM-10, SO <sub>2</sub> , VOC, NO <sub>x</sub> , CO, Pb, other:
Estimated amount of pollutant(s) emitted during emergency:
Describe the steps taken to mitigate the problem:
Describe the corrective actions/response steps taken:
Describe the measures taken to minimize emissions:
If applicable, describe the reasons why continued operation of the facilities are necessary to prevent imminent injury to persons, severe damage to equipment, substantial loss of capital investment, or loss of product or raw materials of substantial economic value:

Form Completed by: \_\_\_\_\_

Title / Position: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

A certification is not required for this report.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT  
 OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY  
 COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION  
 and  
 CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES**

**FESOP Semi-Annual Report**

Source Name: Raytheon Technical Services Company  
 Source Address: 6125 East 21st Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
 Mailing Address: 6125 East 21st Street Mail Stop 4, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
 FESOP Permit No.: F097-25007-00100  
 Facility: Six (6) paint booths (EU 4 through EU 8, and EU 10)  
 Parameter: VOC  
 Limit: The VOC input to Paint Booths EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10 shall be less than fifteen (15) pounds per day each.

Month: \_\_\_\_\_ Year: \_\_\_\_\_

Day	Pounds of VOC emitted this day						Day	Pounds of VOC emitted this day					
	EU 4	EU 5	EU 6	EU 7	EU 8	EU 10		EU 4	EU 5	EU 6	EU 7	EU 8	EU 10
1							17						
2							18						
3							19						
4							20						
5							21						
6							22						
7							23						
8							24						
9							25						
10							26						
11							27						
12							28						
13							29						
14							30						
15							31						
16													

- No deviation occurred in this month.
- Deviation/s occurred in this month.  
 Deviation has been reported on \_\_\_\_\_

Submitted by: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Title / Position: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT  
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY  
COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION  
and  
CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES**

**FESOP Semi-Annual Report**

Source Name: Raytheon Technical Services Company  
Source Address: 6125 East 21st Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
Mailing Address: 6125 East 21st Street Mail Stop 4, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
FESOP Permit No.: F097-25007-00100  
Facility: Six (6) paint booths (EU 4 through EU 8, and EU 10)  
Parameter: Single HAP  
Limit: The amount of any single HAP delivered to the six (6) paint booths (EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10) shall be limited to less than eight and a half (8.5) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

YEAR: \_\_\_\_\_

Month	Column 1	Column 2	Column 1 + Column 2
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total
Month 1			
Month 2			
Month 3			
Month 4			
Month 5			
Month 6			

- No deviation occurred in this quarter.
- Deviation/s occurred in this quarter.  
Deviation has been reported on: \_\_\_\_\_

Submitted by: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title / Position: \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT  
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY  
COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION  
and  
CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES**

**FESOP Semi-Annual Report**

Source Name: Raytheon Technical Services Company  
Source Address: 6125 East 21st Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
Mailing Address: 6125 East 21st Street Mail Stop 4, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
FESOP Permit No.: F097-25007-00100  
Facility: Six (6) paint booths (EU 4 through EU 8, and EU 10)  
Parameter: Combination HAPs  
Limit: The amount of any combination of HAPs delivered to the six (6) paint booths (EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10) shall be less than twelve and a half (12.5) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

YEAR: \_\_\_\_\_

Month	Column 1	Column 2	Column 1 + Column 2
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total
Month 1			
Month 2			
Month 3			
Month 4			
Month 5			
Month 6			

- No deviation occurred in this quarter.
- Deviation/s occurred in this quarter.  
Deviation has been reported on: \_\_\_\_\_

Submitted by: \_\_\_\_\_  
Title / Position: \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT  
 OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY  
 COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION  
 and OES  
 FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE STATE OPERATING PERMIT (FESOP)  
 QUARTERLY DEVIATION AND COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT**

Source Name: Raytheon Technical Services Company  
 Source Address: 6125 East 21st Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
 Mailing Address: 6125 East 21st Street Mail Stop 4, Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058  
 FESOP Permit No.: F097-25007-00100

**Months:** \_\_\_\_\_ **to** \_\_\_\_\_ **Year:** \_\_\_\_\_

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<p>This report shall be submitted quarterly based on a calendar year. Any deviation from the requirements, the date(s) of each deviation, the probable cause of the deviation, and the response steps taken must be reported. A deviation required to be reported pursuant to an applicable requirement that exists independent of the permit, shall be reported according to the schedule stated in the applicable requirement and does not need to be included in this report. Additional pages may be attached if necessary. If no deviations occurred, please specify in the box marked ΔNo deviations occurred this reporting period@.</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> NO DEVIATIONS OCCURRED THIS REPORTING PERIOD.	
<input type="checkbox"/> THE FOLLOWING DEVIATIONS OCCURRED THIS REPORTING PERIOD	
<b>Permit Requirement</b> (specify permit condition #)	
<b>Date of Deviation:</b>	<b>Duration of Deviation:</b>
<b>Number of Deviations:</b>	
<b>Probable Cause of Deviation:</b>	
<b>Response Steps Taken:</b>	
<b>Permit Requirement</b> (specify permit condition #)	
<b>Date of Deviation:</b>	<b>Duration of Deviation:</b>
<b>Number of Deviations:</b>	
<b>Probable Cause of Deviation:</b>	
<b>Response Steps Taken:</b>	

<b>Permit Requirement</b> (specify permit condition #)	
<b>Date of Deviation:</b>	<b>Duration of Deviation:</b>
<b>Number of Deviations:</b>	
<b>Probable Cause of Deviation:</b>	
<b>Response Steps Taken:</b>	
<b>Permit Requirement</b> (specify permit condition #)	
<b>Date of Deviation:</b>	<b>Duration of Deviation:</b>
<b>Number of Deviations:</b>	
<b>Probable Cause of Deviation:</b>	
<b>Response Steps Taken:</b>	
<b>Permit Requirement</b> (specify permit condition #)	
<b>Date of Deviation:</b>	<b>Duration of Deviation:</b>
<b>Number of Deviations:</b>	
<b>Probable Cause of Deviation:</b>	
<b>Response Steps Taken:</b>	

Form Completed by: \_\_\_\_\_

Title / Position: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

## Attachment A

### ***Subpart Dc—Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units***

**Source:** 72 FR 32759, June 13, 2007, unless otherwise noted.

#### ***§ 60.40c Applicability and delegation of authority.***

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, the affected facility to which this subpart applies is each steam generating unit for which construction, modification, or reconstruction is commenced after June 9, 1989 and that has a maximum design heat input capacity of 29 megawatts (MW) (100 million British thermal units per hour (MMBtu/hr)) or less, but greater than or equal to 2.9 MW (10 MMBtu/hr).

(b) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority to a State under section 111(c) of the Clean Air Act, §60.48c(a)(4) shall be retained by the Administrator and not transferred to a State.

(c) Steam generating units that meet the applicability requirements in paragraph (a) of this section are not subject to the sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) or particulate matter (PM) emission limits, performance testing requirements, or monitoring requirements under this subpart (§§60.42c, 60.43c, 60.44c, 60.45c, 60.46c, or 60.47c) during periods of combustion research, as defined in §60.41c.

(d) Any temporary change to an existing steam generating unit for the purpose of conducting combustion research is not considered a modification under §60.14.

(e) Heat recovery steam generators that are associated with combined cycle gas turbines and meet the applicability requirements of subpart GG or KKKK of this part are not subject to this subpart. This subpart will continue to apply to all other heat recovery steam generators that are capable of combusting more than or equal to 2.9 MW (10 MMBtu/hr) heat input of fossil fuel but less than or equal to 29 MW (100 MMBtu/hr) heat input of fossil fuel. If the heat recovery steam generator is subject to this subpart, only emissions resulting from combustion of fuels in the steam generating unit are subject to this subpart. (The gas turbine emissions are subject to subpart GG or KKKK, as applicable, of this part).

(f) Any facility covered by subpart AAAA of this part is not covered by this subpart.

(g) Any facility covered by an EPA approved State or Federal section 111(d)/129 plan implementing subpart BBBB of this part is not covered by this subpart.

#### ***§ 60.41c Definitions.***

As used in this subpart, all terms not defined herein shall have the meaning given them in the Clean Air Act and in subpart A of this part.

*Annual capacity factor* means the ratio between the actual heat input to a steam generating unit from an individual fuel or combination of fuels during a period of 12 consecutive calendar months and the potential heat input to the steam generating unit from all fuels had the steam generating unit been operated for 8,760 hours during that 12-month period at the maximum design heat input capacity. In the case of steam generating units that are rented or leased, the actual heat input shall be determined based on the combined heat input from all operations of the affected facility during a period of 12 consecutive calendar months.

*Coal* means all solid fuels classified as anthracite, bituminous, subbituminous, or lignite by the American Society of Testing and Materials in ASTM D388 (incorporated by reference, see §60.17), coal refuse, and petroleum coke. Coal-derived synthetic fuels derived from coal for the purposes of creating useful heat, including but not limited to solvent refined coal, gasified coal, coal-oil mixtures, and coal-water mixtures, are also included in this definition for the purposes of this subpart.

*Coal refuse* means any by-product of coal mining or coal cleaning operations with an ash content greater than 50 percent (by weight) and a heating value less than 13,900 kilojoules per kilogram (kJ/kg) (6,000 Btu per pound (Btu/lb) on a dry basis.

*Cogeneration steam generating unit* means a steam generating unit that simultaneously produces both electrical (or mechanical) and thermal energy from the same primary energy source.

*Combined cycle system* means a system in which a separate source (such as a stationary gas turbine, internal combustion engine, or kiln) provides exhaust gas to a steam generating unit.

*Combustion research* means the experimental firing of any fuel or combination of fuels in a steam generating unit for the purpose of conducting research and development of more efficient combustion or more effective prevention or control of air pollutant emissions from combustion, provided that, during these periods of research and development, the heat generated is not used for any purpose other than preheating combustion air for use by that steam generating unit ( *i.e.* , the heat generated is released to the atmosphere without being used for space heating, process heating, driving pumps, preheating combustion air for other units, generating electricity, or any other purpose).

*Conventional technology* means wet flue gas desulfurization technology, dry flue gas desulfurization technology, atmospheric fluidized bed combustion technology, and oil hydrodesulfurization technology.

*Distillate oil* means fuel oil that complies with the specifications for fuel oil numbers 1 or 2, as defined by the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D396 (incorporated by reference, see §60.17).

*Dry flue gas desulfurization technology* means a SO<sub>2</sub> control system that is located between the steam generating unit and the exhaust vent or stack, and that removes sulfur oxides from the combustion gases of the steam generating unit by contacting the combustion gases with an alkaline reagent and water, whether introduced separately or as a premixed slurry or solution and forming a dry powder material. This definition includes devices where the dry powder material is subsequently converted to another form. Alkaline reagents used in dry flue gas desulfurization systems include, but are not limited to, lime and sodium compounds.

*Duct burner* means a device that combusts fuel and that is placed in the exhaust duct from another source (such as a stationary gas turbine, internal combustion engine, kiln, etc.) to allow the firing of additional fuel to heat the exhaust gases before the exhaust gases enter a steam generating unit.

*Emerging technology* means any SO<sub>2</sub> control system that is not defined as a conventional technology under this section, and for which the owner or operator of the affected facility has received approval from the Administrator to operate as an emerging technology under §60.48c(a)(4).

*Federally enforceable* means all limitations and conditions that are enforceable by the Administrator, including the requirements of 40 CFR parts 60 and 61, requirements within any applicable State implementation plan, and any permit requirements established under 40 CFR 52.21 or under 40 CFR 51.18 and 51.24.

*Fluidized bed combustion technology* means a device wherein fuel is distributed onto a bed (or series of beds) of limestone aggregate (or other sorbent materials) for combustion; and these materials are forced upward in the device by the flow of combustion air and the gaseous products of combustion. Fluidized bed combustion technology includes, but is not limited to, bubbling bed units and circulating bed units.

*Fuel pretreatment* means a process that removes a portion of the sulfur in a fuel before combustion of the fuel in a steam generating unit.

*Heat input* means heat derived from combustion of fuel in a steam generating unit and does not include the heat derived from preheated combustion air, recirculated flue gases, or exhaust gases from other sources (such as stationary gas turbines, internal combustion engines, and kilns).

*Heat transfer medium* means any material that is used to transfer heat from one point to another point.

*Maximum design heat input capacity* means the ability of a steam generating unit to combust a stated maximum amount of fuel (or combination of fuels) on a steady state basis as determined by the physical design and characteristics of the steam generating unit.

*Natural gas* means: (1) A naturally occurring mixture of hydrocarbon and nonhydrocarbon gases found in geologic formations beneath the earth's surface, of which the principal constituent is methane; or (2) liquefied petroleum (LP) gas, as defined by the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D1835 (incorporated by reference, see §60.17).

*Noncontinental area* means the State of Hawaii, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the Northern Mariana Islands.

*Oil* means crude oil or petroleum, or a liquid fuel derived from crude oil or petroleum, including distillate oil and residual oil.

*Potential sulfur dioxide emission rate* means the theoretical SO<sub>2</sub> emissions (nanograms per joule (ng/J) or lb/MMBtu heat input) that would result from combusting fuel in an uncleaned state and without using emission control systems.

*Process heater* means a device that is primarily used to heat a material to initiate or promote a chemical reaction in which the material participates as a reactant or catalyst.

*Residual oil* means crude oil, fuel oil that does not comply with the specifications under the definition of distillate oil, and all fuel oil numbers 4, 5, and 6, as defined by the American Society for Testing and Materials in ASTM D396 (incorporated by reference, see §60.17).

*Steam generating unit* means a device that combusts any fuel and produces steam or heats water or any other heat transfer medium. This term includes any duct burner that combusts fuel and is part of a combined cycle system. This term does not include process heaters as defined in this subpart.

*Steam generating unit operating day* means a 24-hour period between 12:00 midnight and the following midnight during which any fuel is combusted at any time in the steam generating unit. It is not necessary for fuel to be combusted continuously for the entire 24-hour period.

*Wet flue gas desulfurization technology* means an SO<sub>2</sub> control system that is located between the steam generating unit and the exhaust vent or stack, and that removes sulfur oxides from the combustion gases of the steam generating unit by contacting the combustion gases with an alkaline slurry or solution and forming a liquid material. This definition includes devices where the liquid material is subsequently converted to another form. Alkaline reagents used in wet flue gas desulfurization systems include, but are not limited to, lime, limestone, and sodium compounds.

*Wet scrubber system* means any emission control device that mixes an aqueous stream or slurry with the exhaust gases from a steam generating unit to control emissions of PM or SO<sub>2</sub>.

*Wood* means wood, wood residue, bark, or any derivative fuel or residue thereof, in any form, including but not limited to sawdust, sanderdust, wood chips, scraps, slabs, millings, shavings, and processed pellets made from wood or other forest residues.

### **§ 60.42c Standard for sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>).**

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (e) of this section, on and after the date on which the performance test is completed or required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, the owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts only coal shall neither: cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from the affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of 87 ng/J (0.20 lb/MMBtu) heat input or 10 percent (0.10) of the potential SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate (90 percent reduction), nor cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from the affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of 520 ng/J (1.2 lb/MMBtu) heat input. If coal is combusted with other fuels, the affected facility shall neither: cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from the affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of 87 ng/J (0.20 lb/MMBtu) heat input or 10 percent (0.10) of the potential SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate (90

percent reduction), nor cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from the affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of the emission limit is determined pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section.

(b) Except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (e) of this section, on and after the date on which the performance test is completed or required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, the owner or operator of an affected facility that:

(1) Combusts only coal refuse alone in a fluidized bed combustion steam generating unit shall neither:

(i) Cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of 87 ng/J (0.20 lb/MMBtu) heat input or 20 percent (0.20) of the potential SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate (80 percent reduction); nor

(ii) Cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of 520 ng/J (1.2 lb/MMBtu) heat input. If coal is fired with coal refuse, the affected facility subject to paragraph (a) of this section. If oil or any other fuel (except coal) is fired with coal refuse, the affected facility is subject to the 87 ng/J (0.20 lb/MMBtu) heat input SO<sub>2</sub> emissions limit or the 90 percent SO<sub>2</sub> reduction requirement specified in paragraph (a) of this section and the emission limit is determined pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section.

(2) Combusts only coal and that uses an emerging technology for the control of SO<sub>2</sub> emissions shall neither:

(i) Cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of 50 percent (0.50) of the potential SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate (50 percent reduction); nor

(ii) Cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of 260 ng/J (0.60 lb/MMBtu) heat input. If coal is combusted with other fuels, the affected facility is subject to the 50 percent SO<sub>2</sub> reduction requirement specified in this paragraph and the emission limit determined pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section.

(c) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts coal, alone or in combination with any other fuel, and is listed in paragraphs (c)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of the emission limit determined pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section. Percent reduction requirements are not applicable to affected facilities under paragraphs (c)(1), (2), (3), or (4).

(1) Affected facilities that have a heat input capacity of 22 MW (75 MMBtu/hr) or less.

(2) Affected facilities that have an annual capacity for coal of 55 percent (0.55) or less and are subject to a federally enforceable requirement limiting operation of the affected facility to an annual capacity factor for coal of 55 percent (0.55) or less.

(3) Affected facilities located in a noncontinental area.

(4) Affected facilities that combust coal in a duct burner as part of a combined cycle system where 30 percent (0.30) or less of the heat entering the steam generating unit is from combustion of coal in the duct burner and 70 percent (0.70) or more of the heat entering the steam generating unit is from exhaust gases entering the duct burner.

(d) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts oil shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of 215 ng/J (0.50 lb/MMBtu) heat input; or, as an alternative, no owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts oil shall combust oil in the affected facility that contains greater than 0.5 weight percent sulfur. The percent reduction requirements are not applicable to affected facilities under this paragraph.

(e) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts coal, oil, or coal and oil with any

other fuel shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain SO<sub>2</sub> in excess of the following:

(1) The percent of potential SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate or numerical SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate required under paragraph (a) or (b)(2) of this section, as applicable, for any affected facility that

(i) Combusts coal in combination with any other fuel;

(ii) Has a heat input capacity greater than 22 MW (75 MMBtu/hr); and

(iii) Has an annual capacity factor for coal greater than 55 percent (0.55); and

(2) The emission limit determined according to the following formula for any affected facility that combusts coal, oil, or coal and oil with any other fuel:



Where:

$E_s$  = SO<sub>2</sub> emission limit, expressed in ng/J or lb/MMBtu heat input;

$K_a$  = 520 ng/J (1.2 lb/MMBtu);

$K_b$  = 260 ng/J (0.60 lb/MMBtu);

$K_c$  = 215 ng/J (0.50 lb/MMBtu);

$H_a$  = Heat input from the combustion of coal, except coal combusted in an affected facility subject to paragraph (b)(2) of this section, in Joules (J) [MMBtu];

$H_b$  = Heat input from the combustion of coal in an affected facility subject to paragraph (b)(2) of this section, in J (MMBtu); and

$H_c K_a H_b$  = Heat input from the combustion of oil, in J (MMBtu).

(f) Reduction in the potential SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate through fuel pretreatment is not credited toward the percent reduction requirement under paragraph (b)(2) of this section unless:

(1) Fuel pretreatment results in a 50 percent (0.50) or greater reduction in the potential SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate; and

(2) Emissions from the pretreated fuel (without either combustion or post-combustion SO<sub>2</sub> control) are equal to or less than the emission limits specified under paragraph (b)(2) of this section.

(g) Except as provided in paragraph (h) of this section, compliance with the percent reduction requirements, fuel oil sulfur limits, and emission limits of this section shall be determined on a 30-day rolling average basis.

(h) For affected facilities listed under paragraphs (h)(1), (2), or (3) of this section, compliance with the emission limits or fuel oil sulfur limits under this section may be determined based on a certification from the fuel supplier, as described under §60.48c(f), as applicable.

(1) Distillate oil-fired affected facilities with heat input capacities between 2.9 and 29 MW (10 and 100 MMBtu/hr).

(2) Residual oil-fired affected facilities with heat input capacities between 2.9 and 8.7 MW (10 and 30 MMBtu/hr).

(3) Coal-fired facilities with heat input capacities between 2.9 and 8.7 MW (10 and 30 MMBtu/hr).

(i) The SO<sub>2</sub> emission limits, fuel oil sulfur limits, and percent reduction requirements under this section apply at all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction.

(j) Only the heat input supplied to the affected facility from the combustion of coal and oil is counted under this section. No credit is provided for the heat input to the affected facility from wood or other fuels or for heat derived from exhaust gases from other sources, such as stationary gas turbines, internal combustion engines, and kilns.

### **§ 60.43c Standard for particulate matter (PM).**

(a) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before February 28, 2005, that combusts coal or combusts mixtures of coal with other fuels and has a heat input capacity of 8.7 MW (30 MMBtu/hr) or greater, shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain PM in excess of the following emission limits:

(1) 22 ng/J (0.051 lb/MMBtu) heat input if the affected facility combusts only coal, or combusts coal with other fuels and has an annual capacity factor for the other fuels of 10 percent (0.10) or less.

(2) 43 ng/J (0.10 lb/MMBtu) heat input if the affected facility combusts coal with other fuels, has an annual capacity factor for the other fuels greater than 10 percent (0.10), and is subject to a federally enforceable requirement limiting operation of the affected facility to an annual capacity factor greater than 10 percent (0.10) for fuels other than coal.

(b) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before February 28, 2005, that combusts wood or combusts mixtures of wood with other fuels (except coal) and has a heat input capacity of 8.7 MW (30 MMBtu/hr) or greater, shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain PM in excess of the following emissions limits:

(1) 43 ng/J (0.10 lb/MMBtu) heat input if the affected facility has an annual capacity factor for wood greater than 30 percent (0.30); or

(2) 130 ng/J (0.30 lb/MMBtu) heat input if the affected facility has an annual capacity factor for wood of 30 percent (0.30) or less and is subject to a federally enforceable requirement limiting operation of the affected facility to an annual capacity factor for wood of 30 percent (0.30) or less.

(c) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts coal, wood, or oil and has a heat input capacity of 8.7 MW (30 MMBtu/hr) or greater shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that exhibit greater than 20 percent opacity (6-minute average), except for one 6-minute period per hour of not more than 27 percent opacity.

(d) The PM and opacity standards under this section apply at all times, except during periods of startup, shutdown, or malfunction.

(e)(1) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or is required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that commences construction, reconstruction, or modification after February 28, 2005, and that combusts coal, oil, wood, a mixture of these fuels, or a mixture of these fuels with any other fuels and has a heat input capacity of 8.7 MW (30 MMBtu/hr) or greater shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain PM in excess of 13 ng/J (0.030 lb/MMBtu) heat input, except as provided in paragraphs (e)(2), (e)(3), and (e)(4) of this section.

(2) As an alternative to meeting the requirements of paragraph (e)(1) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility for which modification commenced after February 28, 2005, may elect to meet the requirements of this paragraph. On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that commences modification after February 28, 2005 shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain PM in excess of both:

(i) 22 ng/J (0.051 lb/MMBtu) heat input derived from the combustion of coal, oil, wood, a mixture of these fuels, or a mixture of these fuels with any other fuels; and

(ii) 0.2 percent of the combustion concentration (99.8 percent reduction) when combusting coal, oil, wood, a mixture of these fuels, or a mixture of these fuels with any other fuels.

(3) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or is required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, no owner or operator of an affected facility that commences modification after February 28, 2005, and that combusts over 30 percent wood (by heat input) on an annual basis and has a heat input capacity of 8.7 MW (30 MMBtu/hr) or greater shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from that affected facility any gases that contain PM in excess of 43 ng/J (0.10 lb/MMBtu) heat input.

(4) On and after the date on which the initial performance test is completed or is required to be completed under §60.8, whichever date comes first, an owner or operator of an affected facility that commences construction, reconstruction, or modification after February 28, 2005, and that combusts only oil that contains no more than 0.50 weight percent sulfur or a mixture of 0.50 weight percent sulfur oil with other fuels not subject to a PM standard under §60.43c and not using a post-combustion technology (except a wet scrubber) to reduce PM or SO<sub>2</sub> emissions is not subject to the PM limit in this section.

### **§ 60.44c Compliance and performance test methods and procedures for sulfur dioxide.**

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (g) and (h) of this section and §60.8(b), performance tests required under §60.8 shall be conducted following the procedures specified in paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of this section, as applicable. Section 60.8(f) does not apply to this section. The 30-day notice required in §60.8(d) applies only to the initial performance test unless otherwise specified by the Administrator.

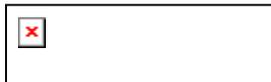
(b) The initial performance test required under §60.8 shall be conducted over 30 consecutive operating days of the steam generating unit. Compliance with the percent reduction requirements and SO<sub>2</sub> emission limits under §60.42c shall be determined using a 30-day average. The first operating day included in the initial performance test shall be scheduled within 30 days after achieving the maximum production rate at which the affected facility will be operated, but not later than 180 days after the initial startup of the facility. The steam generating unit load during the 30-day period does not have to be the maximum design heat input capacity, but must be representative of future operating conditions.

(c) After the initial performance test required under paragraph (b) of this section and §60.8, compliance with the percent reduction requirements and SO<sub>2</sub> emission limits under §60.42c is based on the average percent reduction and the average SO<sub>2</sub> emission rates for 30 consecutive steam generating unit operating days. A separate performance test is completed at the end of each steam generating unit operating day, and a new 30-day average percent reduction and SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate are calculated to show compliance with the standard.

(d) If only coal, only oil, or a mixture of coal and oil is combusted in an affected facility, the procedures in Method 19 of appendix A of this part are used to determine the hourly SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate ( $E_{ho}$ ) and the 30-day average SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate ( $E_{ao}$ ). The hourly averages used to compute the 30-day averages are obtained from the CEMS. Method 19 of appendix A of this part shall be used to calculate  $E_{ao}$  when using daily fuel sampling or Method 6B of appendix A of this part.

(e) If coal, oil, or coal and oil are combusted with other fuels:

(1) An adjusted  $E_{ho}$  ( $E_{ho0}$ ) is used in Equation 19–19 of Method 19 of appendix A of this part to compute the adjusted  $E_{ao}$  ( $E_{ao0}$ ). The  $E_{ho0}$  is computed using the following formula:



Where:

$E_{ho0}$  = Adjusted  $E_{ho}$ , ng/J (lb/MMBtu);

$E_{ho}$  = Hourly  $SO_2$  emission rate, ng/J (lb/MMBtu);

$E_w$  =  $SO_2$  concentration in fuels other than coal and oil combusted in the affected facility, as determined by fuel sampling and analysis procedures in Method 9 of appendix A of this part, ng/J (lb/MMBtu). The value  $E_w$  for each fuel lot is used for each hourly average during the time that the lot is being combusted. The owner or operator does not have to measure  $E_w$  if the owner or operator elects to assume  $E_w = 0$ .

$X_k$  = Fraction of the total heat input from fuel combustion derived from coal and oil, as determined by applicable procedures in Method 19 of appendix A of this part.

(2) The owner or operator of an affected facility that qualifies under the provisions of §60.42c(c) or (d) (where percent reduction is not required) does not have to measure the parameters  $E_w$  or  $X_k$  if the owner or operator of the affected facility elects to measure emission rates of the coal or oil using the fuel sampling and analysis procedures under Method 19 of appendix A of this part.

(f) Affected facilities subject to the percent reduction requirements under §60.42c(a) or (b) shall determine compliance with the  $SO_2$  emission limits under §60.42c pursuant to paragraphs (d) or (e) of this section, and shall determine compliance with the percent reduction requirements using the following procedures:

(1) If only coal is combusted, the percent of potential  $SO_2$  emission rate is computed using the following formula:



Where:

$\%P_s$  = Potential  $SO_2$  emission rate, in percent;

$\%R_g$  =  $SO_2$  removal efficiency of the control device as determined by Method 19 of appendix A of this part, in percent; and

$\%R_f$  =  $SO_2$  removal efficiency of fuel pretreatment as determined by Method 19 of appendix A of this part, in percent.

(2) If coal, oil, or coal and oil are combusted with other fuels, the same procedures required in paragraph (f)(1) of this section are used, except as provided for in the following:

(i) To compute the  $\%P_s$ , an adjusted  $\%R_g$  ( $\%R_{g0}$ ) is computed from  $E_{ao0}$  from paragraph (e)(1) of this section and an adjusted average  $SO_2$  inlet rate ( $E_{ai0}$ ) using the following formula:



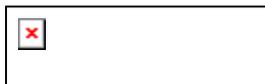
Where:

$\%R_{g,o}$  = Adjusted  $\%R_g$ , in percent;

$E_{a,o}$  = Adjusted  $E_{a,o}$ , ng/J (lb/MMBtu); and

$E_{a,i}$  = Adjusted average  $SO_2$ inlet rate, ng/J (lb/MMBtu).

(ii) To compute  $E_{a,i}$ , an adjusted hourly  $SO_2$ inlet rate ( $E_{h,i}$ ) is used. The  $E_{h,i}$  is computed using the following formula:



Where:

$E_{h,i}$  = Adjusted  $E_{h,i}$ , ng/J (lb/MMBtu);

$E_{h,i}$  = Hourly  $SO_2$ inlet rate, ng/J (lb/MMBtu);

$E_w$  =  $SO_2$ concentration in fuels other than coal and oil combusted in the affected facility, as determined by fuel sampling and analysis procedures in Method 19 of appendix A of this part, ng/J (lb/MMBtu). The value  $E_w$ for each fuel lot is used for each hourly average during the time that the lot is being combusted. The owner or operator does not have to measure  $E_w$ if the owner or operator elects to assume  $E_w= 0$ ; and

$X_k$  = Fraction of the total heat input from fuel combustion derived from coal and oil, as determined by applicable procedures in Method 19 of appendix A of this part.

(g) For oil-fired affected facilities where the owner or operator seeks to demonstrate compliance with the fuel oil sulfur limits under §60.42c based on shipment fuel sampling, the initial performance test shall consist of sampling and analyzing the oil in the initial tank of oil to be fired in the steam generating unit to demonstrate that the oil contains 0.5 weight percent sulfur or less. Thereafter, the owner or operator of the affected facility shall sample the oil in the fuel tank after each new shipment of oil is received, as described under §60.46c(d)(2).

(h) For affected facilities subject to §60.42c(h)(1), (2), or (3) where the owner or operator seeks to demonstrate compliance with the  $SO_2$ standards based on fuel supplier certification, the performance test shall consist of the certification, the certification from the fuel supplier, as described under §60.48c(f), as applicable.

(i) The owner or operator of an affected facility seeking to demonstrate compliance with the  $SO_2$ standards under §60.42c(c)(2) shall demonstrate the maximum design heat input capacity of the steam generating unit by operating the steam generating unit at this capacity for 24 hours. This demonstration shall be made during the initial performance test, and a subsequent demonstration may be requested at any other time. If the demonstrated 24-hour average firing rate for the affected facility is less than the maximum design heat input capacity stated by the manufacturer of the affected facility, the demonstrated 24-hour average firing rate shall be used to determine the annual capacity factor for the affected facility; otherwise, the maximum design heat input capacity provided by the manufacturer shall be used.

(j) The owner or operator of an affected facility shall use all valid  $SO_2$ emissions data in calculating  $\%P_s$ and  $E_{h,o}$ under paragraphs (d), (e), or (f) of this section, as applicable, whether or not the minimum emissions data requirements under §60.46c(f) are achieved. All valid emissions data, including valid data collected during periods of startup,

shutdown, and malfunction, shall be used in calculating %P<sub>s</sub> or E<sub>no</sub> pursuant to paragraphs (d), (e), or (f) of this section, as applicable.

### **§ 60.45c Compliance and performance test methods and procedures for particulate matter.**

(a) The owner or operator of an affected facility subject to the PM and/or opacity standards under §60.43c shall conduct an initial performance test as required under §60.8, and shall conduct subsequent performance tests as requested by the Administrator, to determine compliance with the standards using the following procedures and reference methods, except as specified in paragraph (c) of this section.

(1) Method 1 of appendix A of this part shall be used to select the sampling site and the number of traverse sampling points.

(2) Method 3 of appendix A of this part shall be used for gas analysis when applying Method 5, 5B, or 17 of appendix A of this part.

(3) Method 5, 5B, or 17 of appendix A of this part shall be used to measure the concentration of PM as follows:

(i) Method 5 of appendix A of this part may be used only at affected facilities without wet scrubber systems.

(ii) Method 17 of appendix A of this part may be used at affected facilities with or without wet scrubber systems provided the stack gas temperature does not exceed a temperature of 160 °C (320 °F). The procedures of Sections 8.1 and 11.1 of Method 5B of appendix A of this part may be used in Method 17 of appendix A of this part only if Method 17 of appendix A of this part is used in conjunction with a wet scrubber system. Method 17 of appendix A of this part shall not be used in conjunction with a wet scrubber system if the effluent is saturated or laden with water droplets.

(iii) Method 5B of appendix A of this part may be used in conjunction with a wet scrubber system.

(4) The sampling time for each run shall be at least 120 minutes and the minimum sampling volume shall be 1.7 dry standard cubic meters (dscm) [60 dry standard cubic feet (dscf)] except that smaller sampling times or volumes may be approved by the Administrator when necessitated by process variables or other factors.

(5) For Method 5 or 5B of appendix A of this part, the temperature of the sample gas in the probe and filter holder shall be monitored and maintained at 160 ±14 °C (320±25 °F).

(6) For determination of PM emissions, an oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) measurement shall be obtained simultaneously with each run of Method 5, 5B, or 17 of appendix A of this part by traversing the duct at the same sampling location.

(7) For each run using Method 5, 5B, or 17 of appendix A of this part, the emission rates expressed in ng/J (lb/MMBtu) heat input shall be determined using:

(i) The O<sub>2</sub> or CO<sub>2</sub> measurements and PM measurements obtained under this section, (ii) The dry basis F factor, and

(iii) The dry basis emission rate calculation procedure contained in Method 19 of appendix A of this part.

(8) Method 9 of appendix A of this part (6-minute average of 24 observations) shall be used for determining the opacity of stack emissions.

(b) The owner or operator of an affected facility seeking to demonstrate compliance with the PM standards under §60.43c(b)(2) shall demonstrate the maximum design heat input capacity of the steam generating unit by operating the steam generating unit at this capacity for 24 hours. This demonstration shall be made during the initial performance test, and a subsequent demonstration may be requested at any other time. If the demonstrated 24-hour

average firing rate for the affected facility is less than the maximum design heat input capacity stated by the manufacturer of the affected facility, the demonstrated 24-hour average firing rate shall be used to determine the annual capacity factor for the affected facility; otherwise, the maximum design heat input capacity provided by the manufacturer shall be used.

(c) In place of PM testing with EPA Reference Method 5, 5B, or 17 of appendix A of this part, an owner or operator may elect to install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a CEMS for monitoring PM emissions discharged to the atmosphere and record the output of the system. The owner or operator of an affected facility who elects to continuously monitor PM emissions instead of conducting performance testing using EPA Method 5, 5B, or 17 of appendix A of this part shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a CEMS and shall comply with the requirements specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(13) of this section.

(1) Notify the Administrator 1 month before starting use of the system.

(2) Notify the Administrator 1 month before stopping use of the system.

(3) The monitor shall be installed, evaluated, and operated in accordance with §60.13 of subpart A of this part.

(4) The initial performance evaluation shall be completed no later than 180 days after the date of initial startup of the affected facility, as specified under §60.8 of subpart A of this part or within 180 days of notification to the Administrator of use of CEMS if the owner or operator was previously determining compliance by Method 5, 5B, or 17 of appendix A of this part performance tests, whichever is later.

(5) The owner or operator of an affected facility shall conduct an initial performance test for PM emissions as required under §60.8 of subpart A of this part. Compliance with the PM emission limit shall be determined by using the CEMS specified in paragraph (d) of this section to measure PM and calculating a 24-hour block arithmetic average emission concentration using EPA Reference Method 19 of appendix A of this part, section 4.1.

(6) Compliance with the PM emission limit shall be determined based on the 24-hour daily (block) average of the hourly arithmetic average emission concentrations using CEMS outlet data.

(7) At a minimum, valid CEMS hourly averages shall be obtained as specified in paragraph (d)(7)(i) of this section for 75 percent of the total operating hours per 30-day rolling average.

(i) At least two data points per hour shall be used to calculate each 1-hour arithmetic average.

(ii) [Reserved]

(8) The 1-hour arithmetic averages required under paragraph (d)(7) of this section shall be expressed in ng/J or lb/MMBtu heat input and shall be used to calculate the boiler operating day daily arithmetic average emission concentrations. The 1-hour arithmetic averages shall be calculated using the data points required under §60.13(e)(2) of subpart A of this part.

(9) All valid CEMS data shall be used in calculating average emission concentrations even if the minimum CEMS data requirements of paragraph (d)(7) of this section are not met.

(10) The CEMS shall be operated according to Performance Specification 11 in appendix B of this part.

(11) During the correlation testing runs of the CEMS required by Performance Specification 11 in appendix B of this part, PM and O<sub>2</sub>(or CO<sub>2</sub>) data shall be collected concurrently (or within a 30- to 60-minute period) by both the continuous emission monitors and the test methods specified in paragraph (d)(7)(i) of this section.

(i) For PM, EPA Reference Method 5, 5B, or 17 of appendix A of this part shall be used.

(ii) For O<sub>2</sub>(or CO<sub>2</sub>), EPA reference Method 3, 3A, or 3B of appendix A of this part, as applicable shall be used.

(12) Quarterly accuracy determinations and daily calibration drift tests shall be performed in accordance with procedure 2 in appendix F of this part. Relative Response Audit's must be performed annually and Response Correlation Audits must be performed every 3 years.

(13) When PM emissions data are not obtained because of CEMS breakdowns, repairs, calibration checks, and zero and span adjustments, emissions data shall be obtained by using other monitoring systems as approved by the Administrator or EPA Reference Method 19 of appendix A of this part to provide, as necessary, valid emissions data for a minimum of 75 percent of total operating hours on a 30-day rolling average.

(d) The owner or operator of an affected facility seeking to demonstrate compliance under §60.43c(e)(4) shall follow the applicable procedures under §60.48c(f). For residual oil-fired affected facilities, fuel supplier certifications are only allowed for facilities with heat input capacities between 2.9 and 8.7 MW (10 to 30 MMBtu/hr).

### **§ 60.46c Emission monitoring for sulfur dioxide.**

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility subject to the SO<sub>2</sub>emission limits under §60.42c shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a CEMS for measuring SO<sub>2</sub>concentrations and either O<sub>2</sub>or CO<sub>2</sub>concentrations at the outlet of the SO<sub>2</sub>control device (or the outlet of the steam generating unit if no SO<sub>2</sub>control device is used), and shall record the output of the system. The owner or operator of an affected facility subject to the percent reduction requirements under §60.42c shall measure SO<sub>2</sub>concentrations and either O<sub>2</sub>or CO<sub>2</sub>concentrations at both the inlet and outlet of the SO<sub>2</sub>control device.

(b) The 1-hour average SO<sub>2</sub>emission rates measured by a CEMS shall be expressed in ng/J or lb/MMBtu heat input and shall be used to calculate the average emission rates under §60.42c. Each 1-hour average SO<sub>2</sub>emission rate must be based on at least 30 minutes of operation, and shall be calculated using the data points required under §60.13(h)(2). Hourly SO<sub>2</sub>emission rates are not calculated if the affected facility is operated less than 30 minutes in a 1-hour period and are not counted toward determination of a steam generating unit operating day.

(c) The procedures under §60.13 shall be followed for installation, evaluation, and operation of the CEMS.

(1) All CEMS shall be operated in accordance with the applicable procedures under Performance Specifications 1, 2, and 3 of appendix B of this part.

(2) Quarterly accuracy determinations and daily calibration drift tests shall be performed in accordance with Procedure 1 of appendix F of this part.

(3) For affected facilities subject to the percent reduction requirements under §60.42c, the span value of the SO<sub>2</sub>CEMS at the inlet to the SO<sub>2</sub>control device shall be 125 percent of the maximum estimated hourly potential SO<sub>2</sub>emission rate of the fuel combusted, and the span value of the SO<sub>2</sub>CEMS at the outlet from the SO<sub>2</sub>control device shall be 50 percent of the maximum estimated hourly potential SO<sub>2</sub>emission rate of the fuel combusted.

(4) For affected facilities that are not subject to the percent reduction requirements of §60.42c, the span value of the SO<sub>2</sub>CEMS at the outlet from the SO<sub>2</sub>control device (or outlet of the steam generating unit if no SO<sub>2</sub>control device is used) shall be 125 percent of the maximum estimated hourly potential SO<sub>2</sub>emission rate of the fuel combusted.

(d) As an alternative to operating a CEMS at the inlet to the SO<sub>2</sub>control device (or outlet of the steam generating unit if no SO<sub>2</sub>control device is used) as required under paragraph (a) of this section, an owner or operator may elect to determine the average SO<sub>2</sub>emission rate by sampling the fuel prior to combustion. As an alternative to operating a CEMS at the outlet from the SO<sub>2</sub>control device (or outlet of the steam generating unit if no SO<sub>2</sub>control device is used) as required under paragraph (a) of this section, an owner or operator may elect to determine the average SO<sub>2</sub>emission rate by using Method 6B of appendix A of this part. Fuel sampling shall be conducted pursuant to either paragraph (d)(1) or (d)(2) of this section. Method 6B of appendix A of this part shall be conducted pursuant to paragraph (d)(3) of this section.

(1) For affected facilities combusting coal or oil, coal or oil samples shall be collected daily in an as-fired condition at the inlet to the steam generating unit and analyzed for sulfur content and heat content according the Method 19 of

appendix A of this part. Method 19 of appendix A of this part provides procedures for converting these measurements into the format to be used in calculating the average SO<sub>2</sub> input rate.

(2) As an alternative fuel sampling procedure for affected facilities combusting oil, oil samples may be collected from the fuel tank for each steam generating unit immediately after the fuel tank is filled and before any oil is combusted. The owner or operator of the affected facility shall analyze the oil sample to determine the sulfur content of the oil. If a partially empty fuel tank is refilled, a new sample and analysis of the fuel in the tank would be required upon filling. Results of the fuel analysis taken after each new shipment of oil is received shall be used as the daily value when calculating the 30-day rolling average until the next shipment is received. If the fuel analysis shows that the sulfur content in the fuel tank is greater than 0.5 weight percent sulfur, the owner or operator shall ensure that the sulfur content of subsequent oil shipments is low enough to cause the 30-day rolling average sulfur content to be 0.5 weight percent sulfur or less.

(3) Method 6B of appendix A of this part may be used in lieu of CEMS to measure SO<sub>2</sub> at the inlet or outlet of the SO<sub>2</sub> control system. An initial stratification test is required to verify the adequacy of the Method 6B of appendix A of this part sampling location. The stratification test shall consist of three paired runs of a suitable SO<sub>2</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> measurement train operated at the candidate location and a second similar train operated according to the procedures in §3.2 and the applicable procedures in section 7 of Performance Specification 2 of appendix B of this part. Method 6B of appendix A of this part, Method 6A of appendix A of this part, or a combination of Methods 6 and 3 of appendix A of this part or Methods 6C and 3A of appendix A of this part are suitable measurement techniques. If Method 6B of appendix A of this part is used for the second train, sampling time and timer operation may be adjusted for the stratification test as long as an adequate sample volume is collected; however, both sampling trains are to be operated similarly. For the location to be adequate for Method 6B of appendix A of this part 24-hour tests, the mean of the absolute difference between the three paired runs must be less than 10 percent (0.10).

(e) The monitoring requirements of paragraphs (a) and (d) of this section shall not apply to affected facilities subject to §60.42c(h) (1), (2), or (3) where the owner or operator of the affected facility seeks to demonstrate compliance with the SO<sub>2</sub> standards based on fuel supplier certification, as described under §60.48c(f), as applicable.

(f) The owner or operator of an affected facility operating a CEMS pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, or conducting as-fired fuel sampling pursuant to paragraph (d)(1) of this section, shall obtain emission data for at least 75 percent of the operating hours in at least 22 out of 30 successive steam generating unit operating days. If this minimum data requirement is not met with a single monitoring system, the owner or operator of the affected facility shall supplement the emission data with data collected with other monitoring systems as approved by the Administrator.

### **§ 60.47c Emission monitoring for particulate matter.**

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (c), (d), (e), and (f) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility combusting coal, oil, or wood that is subject to the opacity standards under §60.43c shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a COMS for measuring the opacity of the emissions discharged to the atmosphere and record the output of the system.

(b) All COMS for measuring opacity shall be operated in accordance with the applicable procedures under Performance Specification 1 of appendix B of this part. The span value of the opacity COMS shall be between 60 and 80 percent.

(c) Affected facilities that burn only distillate oil that contains no more than 0.5 weight percent sulfur and/or liquid or gaseous fuels with potential sulfur dioxide emission rates of 26 ng/J (0.06 lb/MMBtu) heat input or less and that do not use a post-combustion technology to reduce SO<sub>2</sub> or PM emissions are not required to operate a CEMS for measuring opacity if they follow the applicable procedures under §60.48c(f).

(d) Owners or operators complying with the PM emission limit by using a PM CEMS monitor instead of monitoring opacity must calibrate, maintain, and operate a CEMS, and record the output of the system, for PM emissions discharged to the atmosphere as specified in §60.45c(d). The CEMS specified in paragraph §60.45c(d) shall be operated and data recorded during all periods of operation of the affected facility except for CEMS breakdowns and repairs. Data is recorded during calibration checks, and zero and span adjustments.

(e) An affected facility that does not use post-combustion technology (except a wet scrubber) for reducing PM, SO<sub>2</sub>, or carbon monoxide (CO) emissions, burns only gaseous fuels or fuel oils that contain less than or equal to 0.5 weight percent sulfur, and is operated such that emissions of CO to the atmosphere from the affected facility are maintained at levels less than or equal to 0.15 lb/MMBtu on a boiler operating day average basis is not required to operate a COMS for measuring opacity. Owners and operators of affected facilities electing to comply with this paragraph must demonstrate compliance according to the procedures specified in paragraphs (e)(1) through (4) of this section.

(1) You must monitor CO emissions using a CEMS according to the procedures specified in paragraphs (e)(1)(i) through (iv) of this section.

(i) The CO CEMS must be installed, certified, maintained, and operated according to the provisions in §60.58b(i)(3) of subpart Eb of this part.

(ii) Each 1-hour CO emissions average is calculated using the data points generated by the CO CEMS expressed in parts per million by volume corrected to 3 percent oxygen (dry basis).

(iii) At a minimum, valid 1-hour CO emissions averages must be obtained for at least 90 percent of the operating hours on a 30-day rolling average basis. At least two data points per hour must be used to calculate each 1-hour average.

(iv) Quarterly accuracy determinations and daily calibration drift tests for the CO CEMS must be performed in accordance with procedure 1 in appendix F of this part.

(2) You must calculate the 1-hour average CO emissions levels for each steam generating unit operating day by multiplying the average hourly CO output concentration measured by the CO CEMS times the corresponding average hourly flue gas flow rate and divided by the corresponding average hourly heat input to the affected source. The 24-hour average CO emission level is determined by calculating the arithmetic average of the hourly CO emission levels computed for each steam generating unit operating day.

(3) You must evaluate the preceding 24-hour average CO emission level each steam generating unit operating day excluding periods of affected source startup, shutdown, or malfunction. If the 24-hour average CO emission level is greater than 0.15 lb/MMBtu, you must initiate investigation of the relevant equipment and control systems within 24 hours of the first discovery of the high emission incident and, take the appropriate corrective action as soon as practicable to adjust control settings or repair equipment to reduce the 24-hour average CO emission level to 0.15 lb/MMBtu or less.

(4) You must record the CO measurements and calculations performed according to paragraph (e) of this section and any corrective actions taken. The record of corrective action taken must include the date and time during which the 24-hour average CO emission level was greater than 0.15 lb/MMBtu, and the date, time, and description of the corrective action.

(f) An affected facility that burns only gaseous fuels or fuel oils that contain less than or equal to 0.5 weight percent sulfur and operates according to a written site-specific monitoring plan approved by the appropriate delegated permitting authority is not required to operate a COMS for measuring opacity. This monitoring plan must include procedures and criteria for establishing and monitoring specific parameters for the affected facility indicative of compliance with the opacity standard.

### **§ 60.48c Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.**

(a) The owner or operator of each affected facility shall submit notification of the date of construction or reconstruction and actual startup, as provided by §60.7 of this part. This notification shall include:

(1) The design heat input capacity of the affected facility and identification of fuels to be combusted in the affected facility.

(2) If applicable, a copy of any federally enforceable requirement that limits the annual capacity factor for any fuel or mixture of fuels under §60.42c, or §60.43c.

(3) The annual capacity factor at which the owner or operator anticipates operating the affected facility based on all fuels fired and based on each individual fuel fired.

(4) Notification if an emerging technology will be used for controlling SO<sub>2</sub> emissions. The Administrator will examine the description of the control device and will determine whether the technology qualifies as an emerging technology. In making this determination, the Administrator may require the owner or operator of the affected facility to submit additional information concerning the control device. The affected facility is subject to the provisions of §60.42c(a) or (b)(1), unless and until this determination is made by the Administrator.

(b) The owner or operator of each affected facility subject to the SO<sub>2</sub> emission limits of §60.42c, or the PM or opacity limits of §60.43c, shall submit to the Administrator the performance test data from the initial and any subsequent performance tests and, if applicable, the performance evaluation of the CEMS and/or COMS using the applicable performance specifications in appendix B of this part.

(c) The owner or operator of each coal-fired, oil-fired, or wood-fired affected facility subject to the opacity limits under §60.43c(c) shall submit excess emission reports for any excess emissions from the affected facility that occur during the reporting period.

(d) The owner or operator of each affected facility subject to the SO<sub>2</sub> emission limits, fuel oil sulfur limits, or percent reduction requirements under §60.42c shall submit reports to the Administrator.

(e) The owner or operator of each affected facility subject to the SO<sub>2</sub> emission limits, fuel oil sulfur limits, or percent reduction requirements under §60.42c shall keep records and submit reports as required under paragraph (d) of this section, including the following information, as applicable.

(1) Calendar dates covered in the reporting period.

(2) Each 30-day average SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate (ng/J or lb/MMBtu), or 30-day average sulfur content (weight percent), calculated during the reporting period, ending with the last 30-day period; reasons for any noncompliance with the emission standards; and a description of corrective actions taken.

(3) Each 30-day average percent of potential SO<sub>2</sub> emission rate calculated during the reporting period, ending with the last 30-day period; reasons for any noncompliance with the emission standards; and a description of the corrective actions taken.

(4) Identification of any steam generating unit operating days for which SO<sub>2</sub> or diluent (O<sub>2</sub> or CO<sub>2</sub>) data have not been obtained by an approved method for at least 75 percent of the operating hours; justification for not obtaining sufficient data; and a description of corrective actions taken.

(5) Identification of any times when emissions data have been excluded from the calculation of average emission rates; justification for excluding data; and a description of corrective actions taken if data have been excluded for periods other than those during which coal or oil were not combusted in the steam generating unit.

(6) Identification of the F factor used in calculations, method of determination, and type of fuel combusted.

(7) Identification of whether averages have been obtained based on CEMS rather than manual sampling methods.

(8) If a CEMS is used, identification of any times when the pollutant concentration exceeded the full span of the CEMS.

(9) If a CEMS is used, description of any modifications to the CEMS that could affect the ability of the CEMS to comply with Performance Specifications 2 or 3 of appendix B of this part.

(10) If a CEMS is used, results of daily CEMS drift tests and quarterly accuracy assessments as required under appendix F, Procedure 1 of this part.

(11) If fuel supplier certification is used to demonstrate compliance, records of fuel supplier certification is used to demonstrate compliance, records of fuel supplier certification as described under paragraph (f)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section, as applicable. In addition to records of fuel supplier certifications, the report shall include a certified statement signed by the owner or operator of the affected facility that the records of fuel supplier certifications submitted represent all of the fuel combusted during the reporting period.

(f) Fuel supplier certification shall include the following information:

(1) For distillate oil:

(i) The name of the oil supplier;

(ii) A statement from the oil supplier that the oil complies with the specifications under the definition of distillate oil in §60.41c; and

(iii) The sulfur content of the oil.

(2) For residual oil:

(i) The name of the oil supplier;

(ii) The location of the oil when the sample was drawn for analysis to determine the sulfur content of the oil, specifically including whether the oil was sampled as delivered to the affected facility, or whether the sample was drawn from oil in storage at the oil supplier's or oil refiner's facility, or other location;

(iii) The sulfur content of the oil from which the shipment came (or of the shipment itself); and

(iv) The method used to determine the sulfur content of the oil.

(3) For coal:

(i) The name of the coal supplier;

(ii) The location of the coal when the sample was collected for analysis to determine the properties of the coal, specifically including whether the coal was sampled as delivered to the affected facility or whether the sample was collected from coal in storage at the mine, at a coal preparation plant, at a coal supplier's facility, or at another location. The certification shall include the name of the coal mine (and coal seam), coal storage facility, or coal preparation plant (where the sample was collected);

(iii) The results of the analysis of the coal from which the shipment came (or of the shipment itself) including the sulfur content, moisture content, ash content, and heat content; and

(iv) The methods used to determine the properties of the coal.

(4) For other fuels:

(i) The name of the supplier of the fuel;

(ii) The potential sulfur emissions rate of the fuel in ng/J heat input; and

(iii) The method used to determine the potential sulfur emissions rate of the fuel.

(g)(1) Except as provided under paragraphs (g)(2) and (g)(3) of this section, the owner or operator of each affected facility shall record and maintain records of the amount of each fuel combusted during each operating day.

(2) As an alternative to meeting the requirements of paragraph (g)(1) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility that combusts only natural gas, wood, fuels using fuel certification in §60.48c(f) to demonstrate compliance with the SO<sub>2</sub> standard, fuels not subject to an emissions standard (excluding opacity), or a mixture of these fuels may elect to record and maintain records of the amount of each fuel combusted during each calendar month.

(3) As an alternative to meeting the requirements of paragraph (g)(1) of this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility or multiple affected facilities located on a contiguous property unit where the only fuels combusted in any steam generating unit (including steam generating units not subject to this subpart) at that property are natural gas, wood, distillate oil meeting the most current requirements in §60.42C to use fuel certification to demonstrate compliance with the SO<sub>2</sub> standard, and/or fuels, excluding coal and residual oil, not subject to an emissions standard (excluding opacity) may elect to record and maintain records of the total amount of each steam generating unit fuel delivered to that property during each calendar month.

(h) The owner or operator of each affected facility subject to a federally enforceable requirement limiting the annual capacity factor for any fuel or mixture of fuels under §60.42c or §60.43c shall calculate the annual capacity factor individually for each fuel combusted. The annual capacity factor is determined on a 12-month rolling average basis with a new annual capacity factor calculated at the end of the calendar month.

(i) All records required under this section shall be maintained by the owner or operator of the affected facility for a period of two years following the date of such record.

(j) The reporting period for the reports required under this subpart is each six-month period. All reports shall be submitted to the Administrator and shall be postmarked by the 30th day following the end of the reporting period.

Indiana Department of Environmental Management  
Office of Air Quality  
and  
Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services

Technical Support Document (TSD) for a Federally Enforceable State  
Operating Permit Renewal

**Source Background and Description**

<b>Source Name:</b>	<b>Raytheon Technical Services Company</b>
<b>Source Location:</b>	<b>6125 East 21<sup>st</sup> Street (Mail Stop 71), Indianapolis, Indiana 46219-2058</b>
<b>County:</b>	<b>Marion</b>
<b>SIC Code:</b>	<b>3669, 3679, 3812, 3823, 7699</b>
<b>Permit Renewal No.:</b>	<b>F097-25007-00100</b>
<b>Permit Reviewer:</b>	<b>Anh-tuan Nguyen</b>

The Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) Office of Air Quality (OAQ) and Indianapolis Office of Environmental Services (OES) have reviewed the operating permit renewal application from Raytheon Technical Services Company relating to the operation of an avionic equipment manufacturing operation.

**History**

On July 10, 2007, Raytheon Technical Services Company submitted an application to OAQ and OES requesting to renew its operating permit. Raytheon Technical Services Company was issued a FESOP Renewal F097-14722-00100 on May 21, 2003.

**Permitted Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment**

- (a) Three (3) 20.25 MMBtu per hour Nebraska boilers, identified as EU1, EU2, and EU3, fired with natural gas, constructed after June 9, 1989, with emissions exhausted to a separate stack for each boiler, identified as stack vents S<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>2</sub> and S<sub>3</sub> respectively. Under 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc, the boilers are affected facilities.
- (b) The Production Paint Booths 1-5, identified as emission units 4 through 7 and 10, and the Aircraft Armament Equipment Paint Shop, identified as emission unit 8.
  - (1) The Production Paint Booth 1, emission unit 4, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 1 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 1 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>4</sub>.
  - (2) The Production Paint Booth 2, emissions unit 5, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 2 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 2 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>5</sub>.
  - (3) The Production Paint Booth 3, emission unit 6, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from overspray. Production Paint Booth 3 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was

constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 3 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>6</sub>.

- (4) The Production Paint Booth 4, emission unit 7, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 4 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1987. Emissions from Production Paint booth 4 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>7</sub>.
- (5) The Aircraft Armament Equipment Paint Shop, emission unit 8, is equipped with an airless atomized sprayer with a dry filter to control over spray. This paint booth is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was installed in 1995. Emissions are vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>8</sub>.
- (6) The Production Paint Booth 5, emission unit 10, is equipped with one atomized airless spray gun and a dry filter to control particulate emissions from over spray. Production Paint Booth 5 is used to coat avionics equipment. This booth was constructed in 1998. Emissions from Production Paint booth 5 is vented through a stack identified as stack S<sub>10</sub>.

- (c) Degreasing Operations subject to 326 IAC 8-3-2 and 326 IAC 8-3-5.

### Insignificant Activities

- (a) A gasoline fuel transfer and dispensing operation handling less than or equal to 1,300 gallons per day, such as filling of tanks, automobiles, having a storage capacity less than or equal to 10,500 gallons;
- (b) A petroleum fuel, other than gasoline dispensing facility, having a storage capacity of less than or equal to 10,500 gallons, and dispensing less than or equal to 230,000 gallons per month;
- (c) Vessels storing lubricating oils, hydraulic oils, machining oils and machining fluids;
- (d) Machining where an aqueous cutting coolant continuously floods the machining interface;
- (e) Cleaners and solvents characterized as follows:
  - (1) having a vapor pressure equal to or less than 2 kPa; 15 mm Hg; or 0.3 psi measured at 38 degrees C (100 °F) or;
  - (2) having a vapor pressure equal to or less than 0.7 kPa; 5 mm Hg; or 0.1 psi measured at 20 C (68 °F);the use of which for all cleaners and solvents combined does not exceed 145 gallons per 12 months; [326 IAC 8-3-2] [326 IAC 8-3-5]
- (f) The following equipment related to manufacturing activities not resulting in emissions of HAPs: welding equipment;
- (g) Activities associated with the treatment of waste streams with an oil and grease content less than or equal to 1% by volume;
- (h) Forced and induced draft cooling tower systems not regulated under a NESHAP;
- (i) Asbestos abatement projects regulated by 326 IAC 14-10;

- (j) Equipment used to collect any material that might be released during a malfunction, process upset, or spill cleanup, including catch tanks, temporary liquid separators, tanks, and fluid handling equipment;
- (k) Blowdown for any of the following: sight glass: boiler; compressors; pumps and cooling towers;
- (l) Furnaces used for melting metals other than beryllium with a brim full capacity of less than or equal to 450 cubic inches by volume;
- (m) Emergency generators as follows:  
Diesel generators not exceeding 1600 horse power;
- (n) A laboratory as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21)(D).

### Existing Approvals

Since the issuance of the FESOP F097-14722-00100 on May 21, 2003, the source has constructed or has been operating under the following approvals as well:

- (a) Administrative Amendment No. 097-18986-00100 issued on September 3, 2004;
- (b) Minor Permit Revision No. 097-22970-00100 issued on August 15, 2006; and

All terms and conditions of previous permits issued pursuant to permitting programs approved into the state implementation plan have been either incorporated as originally stated, revised, or deleted by this permit. All previous registrations and permits are superseded by this permit.

The following terms and conditions from previous approvals have been revised in this FESOP Renewal:

- (a) Compliance Monitoring for Paint Booths EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10

As a member of IDEM's Environmental Stewardship Program (ESP), Raytheon Corporation is eligible for certain member benefits. IDEM, OAQ and OES have determined that Raytheon is eligible for an alternative monitoring schedule for Paint Booths EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10. This condition has changed to reflect that while a member of the ESP, Raytheon shall conduct overspray observations monthly rather than weekly.

- (b) Reporting for Paint Booths EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10

As a member of IDEM's Environmental Stewardship Program (ESP), Raytheon Corporation is eligible for certain member benefits. IDEM, OAQ and OES have determined that Raytheon is eligible for a less frequent reporting schedule. Therefore, certain reporting conditions have changed to reflect that while a member of the ESP, Raytheon can submit certain reports semi-annually rather than quarterly.

### Enforcement Issue

There are no enforcement actions pending.

### Stack Summary

Stack ID	Operation	Height (feet)	Diameter (feet)	Flow Rate (acfm)	Temperature (°F)
01	Boiler	50	2.5	4166	400
02	Boiler	50	2.5	4166	400
03	Boiler	50	2.5	4166	400
04	Paint Booth	35	2.8	12667	70
05	Paint Booth	35	2.8	12667	70
06	Paint Booth	35	2.8	12667	70
07	Paint Booth	35	3.5	12667	70
08	Paint Booth	16	3	13500	70
10	Paint Booth	40	4	15600	70

### Emission Calculations

See Appendix A of this document for detailed emission calculations.

### County Attainment Status

The source is located in Marion County.

Pollutant	Designation
SO <sub>2</sub>	Better than national standards.
CO	Attainment effective February 18, 2000, for the part of the city of Indianapolis bounded by 11 <sup>th</sup> Street on the north; Capitol Avenue on the west; Georgia Street on the south; and Delaware Street on the east. Unclassifiable or attainment effective November 15, 1990, for the remainder of Indianapolis and Marion County.
O <sub>3</sub>	Attainment effective November 8, 2007, for the 8-hour ozone standard. <sup>1</sup>
PM <sub>10</sub>	Unclassifiable effective November 15, 1990.
NO <sub>2</sub>	Cannot be classified or better than national standards.
Pb	Attainment effective July 10, 2000, for the part of Franklin Township bounded by Thompson Road on the south; Emerson Avenue on the west; Five Points Road on the east; and Troy Avenue on the north. Attainment effective July 10, 2000, for the part of Wayne Township bounded by Rockville Road on the north; Girls School Road on the east; Washington Street on the south; and Bridgeport Road on the west. The remainder of the county is not designated.
<sup>1</sup> Attainment effective October 18, 2000, for the 1-hour ozone standard for the Indianapolis area, including Marion County, and is a maintenance area for the 1-hour ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for purposes of 40 CFR 51, Subpart X*. The 1-hour designation was revoked effective June 15, 2005. Basic Nonattainment effective April 5, 2005 for PM <sub>2.5</sub> .	

(a) Ozone Standards

- (1) On October 25, 2006, the Indiana Air Pollution Control Board finalized a rule revision to 326 IAC 1-4-1 revoking the one-hour ozone standard in Indiana.
- (2) On September 6, 2007, the Indiana Air Pollution Control Board finalized a temporary emergency rule to re-designate Allen, Clark, Elkhart, Floyd, LaPorte, St. Joseph as attainment for the 8-hour ozone standard.
- (3) On November 9, 2007, the Indiana Air Pollution Control Board finalized a temporary emergency rule to re-designate Boone, Clark, Elkhart, Floyd, LaPorte, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Madison, Marion, Morgan, Shelby, and St. Joseph as attainment for the 8-hour ozone standard.
- (4) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) and Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) are regulated under the Clean Air Act (CAA) for the purposes of attaining and maintaining the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for ozone. Therefore, VOC and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions are considered when evaluating the rule applicability relating to ozone. Marion County has been designated as attainment or unclassifiable for ozone. Therefore, VOC and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2.

(b) PM<sub>2.5</sub>

Marion County has been classified as nonattainment for PM<sub>2.5</sub> in 70 FR 943 dated January 5, 2005. On May 8<sup>th</sup>, 2008, U.S. EPA promulgated specific New Source Review rules for PM<sub>2.5</sub> emissions, and the effective date of these rules was July 15<sup>th</sup>, 2008. Therefore, direct PM<sub>2.5</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub> emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements of Nonattainment New Source Review, 326 IAC 2-1.1-5. See the State Rule Applicability – Entire Source section.

(c) Other Criteria Pollutants

Marion County has been classified as attainment or unclassifiable in Indiana for CO, Pb, PM, SO<sub>2</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>. Therefore, these emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2.

(d) Fugitive Emissions

Since this type of operation is not one of the twenty-eight (28) listed source categories under 326 IAC 2-2 or 326 IAC 2-3, fugitive emissions are not counted toward the determination of PSD and Emission Offset applicability.

### Unrestricted Potential Emissions

This table reflects the unrestricted potential emissions of the source.

Pollutant	tons/year
PM	3.77
PM <sub>10</sub>	5.29
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	5.29
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.82
VOC	320.89
CO	23.32
NO <sub>x</sub>	30.51

HAPs	tons/year
MIK (Hexone)	16.32
Combined HAP	31.5

- (a) The potential to emit (as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(29)) of VOC is equal to or greater than 100 tons per year. The source is subject to the provisions of 326 IAC 2-7. However, the source has agreed to limit their VOC emissions to less than Title V levels, therefore the source will be issued a FESOP.
- (b) The potential to emit (as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(29)) of all other criteria pollutants are less than 100 tons per year.
- (c) The potential to emit (as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(29)) of any single HAP is equal to or greater than ten (10) tons per year and the potential to emit (as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(29)) of a combination of HAPs is equal to or greater than twenty-five (25) tons per year. However, the source has agreed to limit their single HAP emissions and total HAP emissions below Title V limits. Therefore, the source will be issued a FESOP

**Actual Emissions**

The following table shows the actual emissions from the source. This information reflects the 2002 OAQ emission data.

Pollutant	Actual Emissions (tons/year)
PM	Not Reported
PM10	Not Reported
SO <sub>2</sub>	Not Reported
VOC	7
CO	3
NO <sub>x</sub>	4
HAP	Not Reported

**Potential to Emit After Issuance**

The source has opted to remain a FESOP source. The table below summarizes the potential to emit, reflecting all limits of the emission units. Any control equipment is considered enforceable only after issuance of this FESOP and only to the extent that the effect of the control equipment is made practically enforceable in the permit.

Process/facility	Potential to Emit (tons/year)							
	PM	PM10*	PM2.5	SO <sub>2</sub>	VOC	CO	NO <sub>x</sub>	HAPs
Three Boilers EU 1, EU 2 and EU 3	0.51	2.02	2.02	0.16	1.46	22.35	26.61	Single HAP: < 0.5 (hexane) Combination HAPs: Less than 1

Process/facility	Potential to Emit (tons/year)							
	PM	PM10*	PM2.5	SO <sub>2</sub>	VOC	CO	NO <sub>x</sub>	HAPs
Paint Booths EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8 and EU 10	3.15	3.15	3.15	0	16.43 <sup>1</sup>	0	0	Single HAP: Less than 8.5 <sup>2</sup> Combination HAPs: Less than 19.5 <sup>2</sup>
Degreasing Activities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.85	0.00	0.00	Single HAP: 3.46 (MIBK) Combination HAPs: 3.46
Insignificant Activities	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.66	0.11	0.97	3.90	0.09 (hexane)
Total Emissions	16.39	17.90	17.90	0.82	37.85	23.32	30.51	Single HAP: Less than 10 Combination HAPs: Less than 25
Title V Major Source Thresholds	NA	100	-	100	100	100	100	single 10, combined 25
PSD & Nonattainment NSR Major Source Thresholds	250	250	100	250	250	250	250	NA

\* Under the Part 70 Permit program (40 CFR 70), particulate matter with an aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to a nominal 10 micrometers (PM10), not particulate matter (PM), is considered as a "regulated air pollutant".

<sup>1</sup> Paint Booths EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10 are each limited to less than 15 pounds per day pursuant to 326 IAC 8-2-8 and such that 326 IAC 8-2-9 does not apply.  
<sup>2</sup> Paint Booths EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10 combined are limited to less than 8.5 tons per year of a single HAP and less than 19.5 tons per year of a combination of HAPs.

- (a) This existing stationary source is not major for PSD because the emissions of each criteria pollutant are less than two hundred fifty (<250) tons per year, and it is not one of the twenty-eight (28) listed source categories.
- (b) This existing stationary source is not major for Nonattainment New Source Review because the emissions of the nonattainment pollutant, PM10 (PM10 emissions are a surrogate for PM2.5 emissions), are less than one hundred (<100) tons per year.

**Federal Rule Applicability**

The following federal rules are applicable to the source:

- (a) The three natural gas fired boilers, identified as EU1, EU2, and EU 3 are each subject to the requirements of 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc because they were each constructed after June 9, 1989 and each have a maximum design heat input capacity of 29 megawatts (MW) (100 million Btu per hour (Btu/hr)) or less, but greater than or equal to 2.9 MW (10 million Btu/hr).

Nonapplicable portions of the NSPS will not be included in the permit. The boilers are subject to the following portions of Subpart Dc.

- (1) 40 CFR 60.40c(a)
- (2) 40 CFR 60.40c(b)
- (3) 40 CFR 60.41c
- (4) 40 CFR 60.48c(a)

- (5) 40 CFR 60.48c (a)(1)
- (6) 40 CFR 60.48c (a)(3)
- (7) 40 CFR 60.48c (g)(2)
- (8) 40 CFR 60.48c (i)
- (9) 40 CFR 60.48c (j)

The provisions of 40 CFR 60 Subpart A – General Provisions, which are incorporated as 326 IAC 12-1-1, apply to the emission units described in this section except when otherwise specified in 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc.

- (b) The two (2) storage vessels used as fuel transfer and dispensing facilities and listed as insignificant activities are not subject to the NSPS, 40 CFR Part 60.110b through 60.117b Subpart Kb (326 IAC 12) because this rule only applies to storage vessels with capacity greater than or equal to seventy five (75) cubic meters (m<sup>3</sup>) and these storage vessels have capacity less than seventy five (75) m<sup>3</sup>.
- (c) There are no other New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) (326 IAC 12 and 40 CFR Part 60) included in this permit renewal.
- (d) There are no National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) (326 IAC 14, 326 IAC 20 and 40 CFR Part 63) included in this permit renewal.
- (e) The requirements of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Halogenated Solvent Cleaning, Subpart T are not included in the permit because Raytheon does not use any solvent containing methylene chloride (CAS No. 75-09-2), perchloroethylene (CAS No. 127-18-4), trichloroethylene (CAS No. 79-01-6), 1,1,1-trichloroethane (CAS No. 71-55-6), carbon tetrachloride (CAS No. 56-23-5) or chloroform (CAS No. 67-66-3), or any combination of these halogenated HAP solvents, in a total concentration greater than 5 percent by weight, as a cleaning and/or drying agent.
- (f) The requirements of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Aerospace Manufacturing and Rework Facilities, Subpart GG are not included in the permit. Raytheon is not a major source of Hazardous Air Pollutants.
- (g) The requirements of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) for Surface Coating of Miscellaneous Metal Parts and Products, Subpart MMMM are not included in the permit. Raytheon is not a major source of Hazardous Air Pollutants.
- (h) The requirements of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP): Paint Stripping and Miscellaneous Surface Coating Operations at Area Sources, Subpart HHHHHH are not included in the permit. Pursuant to 40 CFR 63.11169(d)(2), this rule does not apply to the surface coating of military munitions, as defined in §63.11180, manufactured by or for the Armed Forces of the United States (including the Coast Guard and the National Guard of any such State) or equipment directly and exclusively used for the purposes of transporting military munitions.
- (i) Pursuant to 40 CFR 64.2, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) is not included in the permit, because the potential to emit of the source is limited to less than the Title V major source thresholds and the source is not required to obtain a Part 70 or Part 71 permit.

## State Rule Applicability - Entire Source

### 326 IAC 1-5-2 (Emergency Reduction Plans)

The source has submitted an Emergency Reduction Plan (ERP) on May 1, 2003. The ERP has been verified to fulfill the requirements of 326 IAC 1-5-2 (Emergency Reduction Plans).

### 326 IAC 2-1.1-5 (Nonattainment New Source Review)

Marion County has been classified as nonattainment for PM<sub>2.5</sub> in 70 FR 943 dated January 5, 2005. On May 8<sup>th</sup>, 2008, U.S. EPA promulgated specific New Source Review rules for PM<sub>2.5</sub> emissions, and the effective date of these rules was July 15<sup>th</sup>, 2008. Therefore, direct PM<sub>2.5</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub> emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements of Nonattainment New Source Review, 326 IAC 2-1.1-5. This existing source is not a major stationary source, under Nonattainment New Source Review (326 IAC 2-1.1-5), because the potential to emit of PM<sub>2.5</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub> are less than 100 tons per year. Therefore, pursuant to 326 IAC 2-1.1-5, the Nonattainment New Source Review requirements do not apply.

### 326 IAC 2-2 (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD))

The VOC potential to emit is greater than 250 tons per year, however, the source will limit VOC emissions by recordkeeping to ensure that VOC emissions are less than 100 tons per year. Therefore, the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 are not applicable. This existing stationary source is also not major for PSD because the emissions of the other criteria pollutants are less than two hundred fifty (<250) tons per year, and it is not one of the twenty-eight (28) listed source categories.

### 326 IAC 2-4.1 (Major Sources of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP))

The limited potential to emit of Hazardous Air Pollutants from this source is less than 10 tons per year of a single HAP and less than 25 tons per year of a combination of HAPs. Therefore, 326 IAC 2-4.1 does not apply.

### 326 IAC 2-6 (Emission Reporting)

This source is located in Marion County, is not required to obtain a Part 70 permit, and does not emit lead into the ambient air at levels equal to or greater than five (5) tons per year. Therefore, 326 IAC 2-6 does not apply.

### 326 IAC 2-8-4 (FESOP)

- (a) The VOC input to Paint Booths EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10 shall be less than fifteen (15) pounds per day each, such that the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7 (Part 70 Permit Program), and 326 IAC 8-2-9, (Miscellaneous Metal Coating Operations) are not applicable. These limits are from F097-14722-00100, issued on May 21, 2003, and are not being changed in this renewal.

Compliance with the above limits, combined with the potential to emit VOC from all other emission units at the source, shall limit the VOC from the entire source to less than 100 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period and render 326 IAC 2-7 not applicable.

- (b) The amount of any single HAP delivered to the six (6) paint booths (EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10) shall be limited to less than eight and a half (8.5) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month. The amount of any combination of HAPs delivered to the six (6) paint booths (EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10) shall be less than twelve and a half (19.5) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

Compliance with the above HAP limits, combined with the potential emissions of HAP from other emission units at the source, shall limit the total source single HAP emissions to less than ten (10) tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period and the total source combination HAP emissions to less than twenty-five (25) tons per twelve (12) consecutive

month period with compliance determined at the end of each month. Compliance with these limits will render the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7 (Part 70 Permit Program) not applicable.

#### 326 IAC 5-1 (Opacity Limitations)

Pursuant to 326 IAC 5-1-2 (Opacity Limitations), except as provided in 326 IAC 5-1-3 (Temporary Alternative Opacity Limitations), opacity shall meet the following, unless otherwise stated in the permit:

- (a) Opacity shall not exceed an average of thirty percent (30%) in any one (1) six (6) minute averaging period as determined in 326 IAC 5-1-4.
- (b) Opacity shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) for more than a cumulative total of fifteen (15) minutes (sixty (60) readings as measured according to 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 9 or fifteen (15) one (1) minute nonoverlapping integrated averages for a continuous opacity monitor) in a six (6) hour period.

#### 326 IAC 6.5 (Particulate Matter Limitations Except Lake County)

This source is located in Marion County. Since the calculated potential particulate emission rate is less than ten (10) tons per year (see Appendix A, page 4), then actual emissions will be less than ten (10) tons per year. Therefore, the requirements of 326 IAC 6.5 do not apply.

### State Rule Applicability – Individual Facilities

#### BOILERS

##### 326 IAC 1-7 (Stack Height Provisions)

The three (3) Nebraska Boilers (EU1, EU2, and EU3) no longer have potential SO<sub>2</sub> emissions in excess of 25 tons per year. In 2005, the source removed the capability to burn fuel oil in the boilers. On August 15, 2006, OES and IDEM issued a minor permit revision F097-22970-00100 modifying the FESOP to reflect this change. Therefore, the requirements of 326 IAC 1-7 do not apply to Boilers EU1, EU2 or EU3.

##### 326 IAC 6-2 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating)

The three (3) Nebraska Boilers (EU1, EU2, and EU3) are subject to the PM limits in 326 IAC 6-2-4. This regulation applies because the boilers are used for indirect heating and were all installed after September 21, 1983. Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-2-4, particulate matter (PM) emissions shall be limited by the following equation

$$Pt = \frac{1.09}{(Q^{0.26})}$$

Where: Pt = Pounds of PM emitted per million Btu(lb/MMBtu) heat input.  
Q = Total source maximum operating capacity rating in MMBtu per hour heat input.

Q is equivalent to 60.75 MMBtu per hour for Raytheon Technical Services Company (three (3) boilers each with 20.25 MMBtu/hr maximum operating capacity). Pt is equivalent to 0.3747 lbs/MMBtu.

Based on the emission factor (See Appendix A, page 1), potential particulate matter emissions from the boilers will be 0.0019 lb/MMbtu and the source is in compliance with the limit.

##### 326 IAC 7-1.1-2 (Sulfur Dioxide Emissions Limitations)

The potential to emit SO<sub>2</sub> from each of the three (3) 20.25 MMBtu per hour boilers (EU1, EU2, and EU3) no longer exceeds twenty-five (25) tons per year. In 2005, the source removed the

capability to burn fuel oil in the boilers. On August 15, 2006, OES and IDEM issued a minor permit revision F097-22970-00100 modifying the FESOP to reflect this change. Therefore, the requirements of 326 IAC 7-1.1-2 are not applicable to each boiler (EU1, EU2, and EU3).

#### 326 IAC 10 (Nitrogen Oxides Rules)

This source is not located in either Clark nor Floyd county, EU1, EU2, and EU3 are not electric utility steam generating units, EU1, EU2, and EU3 do not have a heat input capacity greater than or equal to one hundred (100) million Btu per hour, EU1, EU2, and EU3 do not have the potential to emit NOx greater than or equal to forty (40) tons per year, therefore, the requirements of 326 IAC 10 do not apply.

### **PAINT BOOTHS**

#### 326 IAC 6-3-2 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Manufacturing Processes)

Particulate emissions from the surface coating processes (EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8, and EU 10) shall be controlled by a dry particulate filter and subject to the following:

- (a) the Permittee shall operate the control device in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.
- (b) If overspray is visibly detected at the exhaust or accumulates on the ground, the source shall inspect the control device and do either of the following no later than four (4) hours after such observation:
  - (1) Repair control device so that no overspray is visibly detectable at the exhaust or accumulates on the ground.
  - (2) Operate equipment so that no overspray is visibly detectable at the exhaust or accumulates on the ground. If overspray is visibly detected, the source shall maintain a record of the action taken as a result of the inspection, any repairs of the control device, or change in operations, so that overspray is not visibly detected at the exhaust or accumulates on the ground. These records must be maintained for five (5) years.

#### 326 IAC 8-1-6 (New facilities; general reduction requirements)

326 IAC 8-1-6 is not applicable to EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8 nor EU 10 because potential VOC emissions from each of these units is less than 25 tons per year. Each of these paint booths is limited to less than 15 pounds per day of VOC emissions. In addition, these units would be regulated by another provision of Article 8 if they were not limited to less than 15 pounds per day.

#### 326 IAC 8-2-9 (Miscellaneous Metal Coating)

326 IAC 8-2-9 is not applicable to EU 4, EU 5, EU 6, EU 7, EU 8 nor EU 10 because actual emissions from each of these units is limited to less than 15 pounds per day of VOC.

### **WELDING**

#### 326 IAC 6-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Manufacturing Processes)

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-3-1(b), the welding activities at the source are exempt from the requirements of 326 IAC 6-3 because they consume less than 625 pounds of rod or wire per day (See Appendix A, page 3).

### **DEGREASING OPERATIONS**

#### 326 IAC 8-3 (Organic Solvent Degreasing Operation)

Raytheon Technical Services Company was an existing facility prior to January 1, 1980, performing an organic solvent degreasing operation located in Marion County. The source has

potential emissions of ninety and seven-tenths (90.7) megagrams (one hundred (100) tons) or greater per year of VOC. Therefore, 326 IAC 8-3-2 is applicable. In addition, 326 IAC 8-3-5 applies because the source was existing as of July 1, 1990. These rules apply to the degreasing operations.

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-2 (Cold Cleaner Operations), the owner or operator shall:

- (a) Equip the cleaner with a cover;
- (b) Equip the cleaner with a facility for draining cleaned parts;
- (c) Close the degreaser cover whenever parts are not being handled in the cleaner;
- (d) Drain cleaned parts for at least fifteen (15) seconds or until dripping ceases;
- (e) Provide a permanent, conspicuous label summarizing the operation requirements;
- (f) Store waste solvent only in covered containers and not dispose of waste solvent or transfer it to another party, in such a manner that greater than twenty percent (20%) of the waste solvent (by weight) can evaporate into the atmosphere.

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-5 (Cold cleaner degreaser operation and control)

- (a) The owner or operator of a cold cleaner degreaser facility shall ensure that the following control equipment requirements are met:
  - (1) Equip the degreaser with a cover. The cover must be designed so that it can be easily operated with one (1) hand if:
    - (A) the solvent volatility is greater than two (2) kiloPascals (fifteen (15) millimeters of mercury or three-tenths (0.3) pounds per square inch) measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38EC) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100EF));
    - (B) the solvent is agitated; or
    - (C) the solvent is heated.
  - (2) Equip the degreaser with a facility for draining cleaned articles. If the solvent volatility is greater than four and three-tenths (4.3) kiloPascals (thirty-two (32) millimeters of mercury or six-tenths (0.6) pounds per square inch) measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38EC) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100EF)), then the drainage facility must be internal such that articles are enclosed under the cover while draining. The drainage facility may be external for applications where an internal type cannot fit into the cleaning system.
  - (3) Provide a permanent, conspicuous label which lists the operating requirements outlined in subsection (b).
  - (4) The solvent spray, if used, must be a solid, fluid stream and shall be applied at a pressure which does not cause excessive splashing.
  - (5) Equip the degreaser with one (1) of the following control devices if the solvent volatility is greater than four and three-tenths (4.3) kiloPascals (thirty-two (32) millimeters of mercury or six-tenths (0.6) pounds per square inch) measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38EC) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100EF)), or if the solvent is heated to a temperature greater than forty-eight and nine-tenths degrees Celsius (48.9EC) (one hundred twenty degrees Fahrenheit (120EF)):
    - (A) A freeboard that attains a freeboard ratio of seventy-five hundredths (0.75) or greater.
    - (B) A water cover when solvent used is insoluble in, and heavier than, water.
    - (C) Other systems of demonstrated equivalent control such as a refrigerated chiller or carbon adsorption. Such systems shall be submitted to the U.S. EPA as a SIP revision.
- (b) The owner or operator of a cold cleaning facility shall ensure that the following operating requirements are met:

- (1) Close the cover whenever articles are not being handled in the degreaser.
- (2) Drain cleaned articles for at least fifteen (15) seconds or until dripping ceases.
- (3) Store waste solvent only in covered containers and prohibit the disposal or transfer of waste solvent in any manner in which greater than twenty percent (20%) of the waste solvent by weight could evaporate.

**Compliance Determination and Monitoring Requirements**

Permits issued under 326 IAC 2-8 are required to ensure that sources can demonstrate compliance with all applicable state and federal rules on a continuous basis. All state and federal rules contain compliance provisions, however, these provisions do not always fulfill the requirement for a continuous demonstration. When this occurs IDEM, OAQ, in conjunction with the source, must develop specific conditions to satisfy 326 IAC 2-8-4. As a result, Compliance Determination Requirements are included in the permit. The Compliance Determination Requirements in Section D of the permit are those conditions that are found directly within state and federal rules and the violation of which serves as grounds for enforcement action.

If the Compliance Determination Requirements are not sufficient to demonstrate continuous compliance, they will be supplemented with Compliance Monitoring Requirements, also in Section D of the permit. Unlike Compliance Determination Requirements, failure to meet Compliance Monitoring conditions would serve as a trigger for corrective actions and not grounds for enforcement action. However, a violation in relation to a compliance monitoring condition will arise through a source's failure to take the appropriate corrective actions within a specific time period.

The compliance monitoring requirements applicable to this source are as follows:

Control	Parameter	Frequency	Range	Excursions and Exceedances
Paint Booths (EU4 - EU8 and EU 10) dry filters	placement, integrity, and particulate loading	Daily	OK/Not OK	Response Steps
Paint Booths (EU4 - EU8 and EU 10) dry filters	presence of overspray from the paint booth exhaust stacks	Monthly while and ESP member Weekly if not ESP member	Yes/No	Response Steps
Paint Booths (EU4 - EU8 and EU 10) dry filters	presence of overspray on the rooftops and the nearby ground	Monthly	Yes/No	Response Steps

These monitoring conditions are necessary because the dry filters for the paint booths must operate properly to ensure compliance with 326 IAC 6-3 (Process Operations) and 326 IAC 2-8 (FESOP).

**Recommendation**

The staff recommends to the Commissioner that the FESOP Renewal be approved. This recommendation is based on the following facts and conditions:

Unless otherwise stated, information used in this review was derived from the application and additional information submitted by the applicant.

An application for the purposes of this review was received on July 10, 2007.

**Conclusion**

The operation of this an avionic equipment manufacturing operation shall be subject to the conditions of the attached FESOP Renewal No. 097-25007-00100.

**Appendix A: Emissions Calculations**  
**Natural Gas Combustion Only Small Industrial Boiler**  
**MM BTU/HR <100**

<b>Company Name:</b>	Raytheon Technical Services Co.
<b>Address City IN Zip:</b>	6125 East 21st Street (Mail Stop 71), Indianapolis, IN 46219-2058
<b>County:</b>	Marion County
<b>FESOP Renewal Number:</b>	F097-25007-00100
<b>Reviewer:</b>	A. Nguyen
<b>Date:</b>	August 2007

Heat Input Capacity MMBtu/hr	Potential Throughput MMCF/yr
20.25	177.4

	Pollutant					
	PM*	PM10*	SO2	NOx	VOC	CO
Emission Factor in lb/MMCF	1.9	7.6	0.6	100.0	5.5	84.0
Emission Factor in lb/MMBtu	1.90E-03			**see below		
Potential Emission in tons/yr for each boiler	0.2	0.7	0.1	8.9	0.5	7.5
Potential Emissions in tons/yr all 3 boilers	0.51	2.02	0.16	26.61	1.46	22.35

\*PM emission factor is filterable PM only. PM10 emission factor is filterable and condensable PM10 combined.

\*\*Emission Factors for NOx: Uncontrolled = 100, Low NOx Burner = 50, Low NOx Burners/Flue gas recirculation = 32

	HAPs - Organics				
	Benzene	Dichlorobenzene	Formaldehyde	Hexane	Toluene
Emission Factor in lb/MMcf	2.1E-03	1.2E-03	7.5E-02	1.8E+00	3.4E-03
Potential Emission in tons/yr	0.00019	0.00011	0.00665	0.15965	0.00030

	HAPs - Metals					
	Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Manganese	Nickel	Combined HAP
Emission Factor in lb/MMcf	5.0E-04	1.1E-03	1.4E-03	3.8E-04	2.1E-03	
Potential Emission in tons/yr	0.00004	0.00010	0.00012	0.00003	0.00019	0.16738

The five highest organic and metal HAPs emission factors are provided above.  
 Additional HAPs emission factors are available in AP-42, Chapter 1.4.

**Methodology**

All emission factors are based on normal firing.

Potential Throughput (MMCF) = Heat Input Capacity (MMBtu/hr) x 8,760 hrs/yr x 1 MMCF/1,000 MMBtu  
 Emission Factors are from AP 42, Chapter 1.4, Tables 1.4-1, 1.4-2, 1.4-3, SCC #1-02-006-02, 1-01-006-02, 1-03-006-02, and 1-03-006-03 (SUPPLEMENT D 3/98)

Emission (tons/yr) = Throughput (MMCF/yr) x Emission Factor (lb/MMCF)/2,000 lb/ton



**Other Emitting Activities**

**Company Name:** Raytheon Technical Services Co.  
**Street Address:** 6125 East 21st Street (Mail Stop 71), Indianapolis, IN 46219-2058  
**County:** Marion County  
**FESOP Renewal No.:** F097-25007-00100  
**Reviewer:** A. Nguyen  
**Date:** August 2007

**Insignificant Activity Emission Summary**

	PM	PM-10	SO2	NOx	VOC	CO	Single HAP	Comb HAP
Diesel Emergency Generator	0.1100	0.1100	0.6600	3.9000	0.1100	0.9700	Negligible	Negligible
Welding	0.0028	0.0028	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0003	0.0003
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.1128</b>	<b>0.1128</b>	<b>0.6600</b>	<b>3.9000</b>	<b>0.1100</b>	<b>0.9700</b>	<b>0.0003</b>	<b>0.0003</b>

**Diesel Generator**

**A. Emissions calculated based on heat input capacity (MMBtu/hr)**

Heat Input Capacity MMBtu/hr = 4.6  
 S = 0.50 = WEIGHT % SULFUR

	Pollutant					
	PM*	PM10*	SO2	NOx	VOC	CO
Emission Factor in lb/MMBtu	0.10	0.06	0.5 (1.01S)	3.2 **see below	0.1	0.85
Potential Emission in tons/yr	0.11	0.07	0.57	3.64	0.10	0.97

\*\*NOx emissions: uncontrolled = 3.2 lb/MMBtu, controlled with ignition timing retard = 1.9 lb/MMBtu

**B. Emissions calculated based on output rating (hp)**

Heat Input Capacity Horsepower (hp) = 650.0  
 Potential Throughput hp-hr/yr = 325000.0  
 S = 0.50 = WEIGHT % SULFUR

	Pollutant					
	PM*	PM10*	SO2	NOx	VOC	CO
Emission Factor in lb/hp-hr	0.00070	0.00070	0.0040 (.00809S)	0.024 **see below	0.00071	0.00550
Potential Emission in tons/yr	0.11	0.11	0.66	3.90	0.11	0.89

\*\*NOx emission factor: uncontrolled = 0.024 lb/hp-hr, controlled by ignition timing retard = 0.013 lb/hp-hr  
 Note that the PM10 emission factor in lb/hp-hr is not provided in the Supplement B update of AP-42.  
 An average conversion factor of 1hp-hr = 7,000Btu is provided below.

**Methodology**

Potential Throughput (hp-hr/yr) = hp \* 8760 hr/yr

Emission Factors are from AP 42 (Supplement B 10/96) Table 3.4-1 and Table 3.4-2

1 hp-hr = 7000 Btu, AP42 (Supplement B 10/96), Table 3.3-1, Footnote a.

Emission (tons/yr) = [Heat input rate (MMBtu/hr) x Emission Factor (lb/MMBtu)] \* 8760 hr/yr / (2,000 lb/ton)

Emission (tons/yr) = [Potential Throughput (hp-hr/yr) x Emission Factor (lb/hp-hr)] / (2,000 lb/ton)

\*No information was given regarding which method was used to determine the PM emission factor or whether condensable PM is included. The PM10

**Welding Operations**

PROCESS	Number of Stations	Max. electrode consumption per station (lbs/yr)	EMISSION FACTORS* (lb pollutant/lb electrode)				EMISSIONS (tons/yr)				HAPS (tons/yr)
			PM = PM10	Mn	Ni	Cr	PM = PM10	Mn	Ni	Cr	
WELDING											
Metal Inert Gas (MIG)(carbon steel)	1.00	1000.00	0.01	0.00	--	--	0.0028	0.0003	--	--	0.0003
<b>EMISSION TOTALS</b>											

**Methodology**

\*Emission Factors are default values for carbon steel unless a specific electrode type is noted in the Process column.

Welding emissions, lb/hr: (# of stations)(max. lbs of electrode used/hr/station)(emission factor, lb. pollutant/lb. of electrode used)

Emissions, tons/yr = emissions, lb/hr x 8,760 hrs/year x 1 ton/2,000 lbs.

**Cleaners and Solvents**

Maximum Potential Annual Usage	Max Usage Gallons / Year	Density (lb/gal)	% VOC	PTE VOC (lbs / year)	PTE VOC (tons / year)	% HAP (MIBK)	PTE HAP (MIBK) (lbs / year)	PTE HAP (MIBK) (tons / year)
RTS-1	1047.00	6.70	100.00%	7014.90	3.5075	50.00%	3507.45	1.75
Type II Thinner	2880.00	6.97	100.00%	20073.60	10.0368	17.00%	3412.51	1.71
MEK	571.00	6.70	100.00%	3825.70	1.9129	0.00%	0.00	0.00
Isopropanol	1309.00	6.70	100.00%	8770.30	4.3852	0.00%	0.00	0.00
				<b>19.8470</b>				<b>3.46</b>

**Methodology**

PTE (lbs/year) = Max Usage (gals/year) x Density (lb/gal) x Percent VOC or HAP (%)

PTE (tons/year) = PTE (lbs/year) x 1 ton/2000 lbs

Total HAPS **3.46**

## Source Wide Emissions Summary

**Company Name:** Raytheon Technical Services Co.  
**Street Address:** 6125 East 21st Street (Mail Stop 71), Indianapolis, IN 46219-2058  
**County:** Marion County  
**FESOP Renewal No.:** F097-25007-00100  
**Reviewer:** A. Nguyen  
**Date:** August 2007

### Unrestricted PTE (tons/yr)

	PM	PM-10	PM2.5	SO2	NOx	VOC	CO	Single HAP	Comb HAP
Three Nebraska Boilers (emission units 1, 2 and 3)	0.51	2.02	2.02	0.16	26.61	1.46	22.35	< 1	< 1
Paint Booth (EU4-EU8, and EU10)	3.15	3.15	3.15	0.00	0.00	299.47	0.00	16.32	26.54
Degreasing Activities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.85	0.00	3.46	3.46
Insignificant Emitting Activities	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.66	3.90	0.11	0.97	<0.5	<0.5
	<b>3.77</b>	<b>5.29</b>	<b>5.29</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>30.51</b>	<b>320.89</b>	<b>23.32</b>	<b>16.32</b>	<b>31.50</b>

### Limited PTE (tons/yr)

	PM	PM-10	PM2.5	SO2	NOx	VOC	CO	Single HAP	Comb HAP
Three Nebraska Boilers (emission units 1, 2 and 3)	0.51	2.02	2.02	0.16	26.61	1.46	22.35	< 1	< 1
Paint Booth (EU4-EU8, and EU10)	3.15	3.15	3.15	0.00	0.00	16.43	0.00	8.50	19.50
Degreasing Activities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.85	0.00	3.46	3.46
Insignificant Emitting Activities	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.66	3.90	0.11	0.97	< 0.5	<0.5
<b>Total Limited PTE</b>	<b>3.77</b>	<b>5.29</b>	<b>5.29</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>30.51</b>	<b>37.85</b>	<b>23.32</b>	<b>&lt; 10</b>	<b>&lt; 25</b>