



INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

We Protect Hoosiers and Our Environment.

Mitchell E. Daniels Jr.
Governor

Thomas W. Easterly
Commissioner

100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204
(317) 232-8603
Toll Free (800) 451-6027
www.idem.IN.gov

TO: Interested Parties / Applicant

DATE: May 28, 2009

RE: Duke Energy Indiana / 165-27211-00001

FROM: Matthew Stuckey, Branch Chief
Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

Notice of Decision: Approval – Effective Immediately

Please be advised that on behalf of the Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Management, I have issued a decision regarding the enclosed matter. Pursuant to IC 13-17-3-4 and 326 IAC 2, this permit modification is effective immediately, unless a petition for stay of effectiveness is filed and granted, and may be revoked or modified in accordance with the provisions of IC 13-15-7-1.

If you wish to challenge this decision, IC 4-21.5-3-7 and IC 13-15-7-3 require that you file a petition for administrative review. This petition may include a request for stay of effectiveness and must be submitted to the Office Environmental Adjudication, 100 North Senate Avenue, Government Center North, Suite N 501E, Indianapolis, IN 46204, **within eighteen (18) days of the mailing of this notice**. The filing of a petition for administrative review is complete on the earliest of the following dates that apply to the filing:

- (1) the date the document is delivered to the Office of Environmental Adjudication (OEA);
- (2) the date of the postmark on the envelope containing the document, if the document is mailed to OEA by U.S. mail; or
- (3) The date on which the document is deposited with a private carrier, as shown by receipt issued by the carrier, if the document is sent to the OEA by private carrier.

The petition must include facts demonstrating that you are either the applicant, a person aggrieved or adversely affected by the decision or otherwise entitled to review by law. Please identify the permit, decision, or other order for which you seek review by permit number, name of the applicant, location, date of this notice and all of the following:

- (1) the name and address of the person making the request;
- (2) the interest of the person making the request;
- (3) identification of any persons represented by the person making the request;
- (4) the reasons, with particularity, for the request;
- (5) the issues, with particularity, proposed for considerations at any hearing; and
- (6) identification of the terms and conditions which, in the judgment of the person making the request, would be appropriate in the case in question to satisfy the requirements of the law governing documents of the type issued by the Commissioner.

Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-18(d), any person may petition the U.S. EPA to object to the issuance of a Title V operating permit or modification within sixty (60) days of the end of the forty-five (45) day EPA review period. Such an objection must be based only on issues that were raised with reasonable specificity during the public comment period, unless the petitioner demonstrates that it was impracticable to raise such issues, or if the grounds for such objection arose after the comment period.

To petition the U.S. EPA to object to the issuance of a Title V operating permit, contact:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
401 M Street
Washington, D.C. 20406

If you have technical questions regarding the enclosed documents, please contact the Office of Air Quality, Permits Branch at (317) 233-0178. Callers from within Indiana may call toll-free at 1-800-451-6027, ext. 3-0178.



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Mr. Patrick Coughlin
Duke Energy Indiana, Inc.-Cayuga Generating Station
1000 East Main Street
Plainfield, Indiana 46168

May 28, 2009

Re: 165-27211-00001
Significant Permit Modification to
Part 70 No.: T. 165-7174-00001

Dear Mr. Patrick Coughlin:

Duke Energy Indiana, Inc.-Cayuga Generating Station was issued a Part 70 Operating Permit on September 14, 2004 for a stationary electric utility generating station. A letter requesting changes to this permit was received on December 3, 2009. Pursuant to the provisions of 326 IAC 2-7-12 a significant permit modification to this permit is hereby approved as described in the attached Technical Support Document.

The modification consists of correcting the maximum heat input capacity listed in the permit for the Auxiliary Boiler.

All other conditions of the permit shall remain unchanged and in effect. For your convenience, the entire Part 70 Operating Permit as modified will be provided at issuance.

This decision is subject to the Indiana Administrative Orders and Procedures Act – IC 4-21.5-3-5. If you have any questions on this matter, please contact Timothy R. Pettifor, OAQ, 100 North Senate Avenue, MC 61-53, Room 1003, Indianapolis, Indiana, 46204-2251, or call at (800) 451-6027, and ask for Timothy R. Pettifor or extension 4-5300, or dial (317) 234-5300.

Sincerely,

Tripurari P. Sinha, Ph. D., Section Chief
Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

Attachments:

Updated Permit
Technical Support Document
PTE Calculations

TP

cc: File – Vermillion County
Vermillion County Health Department
U.S. EPA, Region V
Air Compliance Inspector
Compliance Data Section
Permit Reviewer
Permits Administration and Development



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PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY

Duke Energy Indiana, Inc - Cayuga Generating Station
State Road 63
Cayuga, Indiana 47928

(herein known as the Permittee) is hereby authorized to operate subject to the conditions contained herein, the source described in Section A (Source Summary) of this permit.

The Permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Noncompliance with any provisions of this permit is grounds for enforcement action; permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application. Noncompliance with any provision of this permit, except any provision specifically designated as not federally enforceable, constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act. It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. An emergency does constitute an affirmative defense in an enforcement action provided the Permittee complies with the applicable requirements set forth in Section B, Emergency Provisions.

This permit is issued in accordance with 326 IAC 2 and 40 CFR Part 70 Appendix A and contains the conditions and provisions specified in 326 IAC 2-7 as required by 42 U.S.C. 7401, et. seq. (Clean Air Act as amended by the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments), 40 CFR Part 70.6, IC 13-15 and IC 13-17. This permit also addresses certain new source review requirements for existing equipment and is intended to fulfill the new source review procedures pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-10.5, applicable to those conditions

Table with 2 columns: Issuance/Expiration Dates and Issued by information (Janet G. McCabe).

- First Significant Permit Modification No. 165-19845-00001, issued July 12, 2005.
Second Significant Permit Modification No. 165-17012-00001, issued November 27, 2006.
Third Significant Permit Modification No. 165-23011-00001, issued January 24, 2008.
Fourth Significant Permit Modification No. 165-25677-00001, issued June 23, 2008.

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DRAFT

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SECTION A SOURCE SUMMARY

This permit is based on information requested by the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM), Office of Air Quality (OAQ). The information describing the source contained in conditions A.1 through A.3 is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions. However, the Permittee should be aware that a physical change or a change in the method of operation that may render this descriptive information obsolete or inaccurate may trigger requirements for the Permittee to obtain additional permits or seek modification of this permit pursuant to 326 IAC 2, or change other applicable requirements presented in the permit application.

A.1 General Information [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)][326 IAC 2-7-5(15)][326 IAC 2-7-1(22)]

The Permittee owns and operates stationary a electric utility generating station

Source Address:	State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
Mailing Address:	c/o Patrick Coughlin, 1000 East Main Street, Plainfield, Indiana 46168
General Source Phone Number:	(317) 838-1758
SIC Code:	4911
County Location:	Vermillion
Source Location Status:	Attainment or unclassifiable for all criteria pollutants
Source Status:	Part 70 Permit Program Major Source, under PSD Rules; Major Source, Section 112 of the Clean Air Act 1 of 28 Source Categories

A.2 Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment Summary [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)(3)][326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

This stationary source consists of the following emission units and pollution control devices:

- (a) One (1) dry bottom, pulverized coal-fired boiler, identified as Boiler No. 1, installed in 1967, with a nominal heat input capacity of 4,802 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) for control of particulate matter, a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system for control of SO₂, and exhausting to stack 1. Stack 1 has continuous emissions monitors (CEMs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Boiler No. 1 was configured with a low NO_x burner in 1993. The FGD on Boiler No. 1 is anticipated to commence operation in Fall 2008.
- (b) One (1) dry bottom, pulverized coal-fired boiler, identified as Boiler No. 2, installed in 1968, with a nominal heat input capacity of 4,802 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) for control of particulate matter, a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system for control of SO₂, and exhausting to stack 2. Stack 2 has continuous emissions monitors (CEMs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Boiler No. 2 was configured with a low NO_x burner in 1993. The FGD on Boiler No. 2 is anticipated to commence operation in Fall 2008.
- (c) One (1) natural gas and no. 2 fuel oil-fired combustion turbine, identified as Unit No. 4, installed in 1992, with a nominal heat input capacity of 1,297 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with hybrid burners to control NO_x while burning natural gas and water injection for control of nitrogen oxides while combusting fuel oil, and exhausting to stack 4.
- (d) One (1) no. 2 fuel oil-fired generator, identified as Unit No. 3A, installed in 1972, with a nominal heat input capacity of 30 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), exhausting to stack 3A.
- (e) One (1) no. 2 fuel oil-fired generator, identified as Unit No. 3B, installed in 1972, with a nominal heat input capacity of 30 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), exhausting to stack 3B.

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- (f) One (1) no. 2 fuel oil-fired generator, identified as Unit No. 3C, installed in 1972, with a nominal heat input capacity of 30 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), exhausting to stack 3C.
- (g) One (1) no. 2 fuel oil-fired generator, identified as Unit No. 3D, installed in 1972, with a nominal heat input capacity of 30 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), exhausting to stack 3D.
- (h) A dual conveyor coal processing system, with a nominal throughput of 1900 tons of coal per hour (950 tons of coal per hour each side), consisting of the following equipment:
 - (1) One (1) railcar unloading station, with a drop point to two (2) hoppers identified as DP-1, with the drop point enclosed with emissions uncontrolled, and exhausting to the ambient air.
 - (2) One (1) storage area, having a nominal storage capacity including the active piles of 982,800 tons, with fugitive emissions controlled as needed by a watering truck.
 - (3) One (1) enclosed hopper, with a drop point to a conveyor identified as DP-2, with the drop point enclosed with emissions controlled by a water spray dust suppression system as needed, and exhausting to the ambient air.
 - (4) One (1) enclosed hopper and two (2) reclaim feeders, with an underground drop points identified as DP-11 and DP-12, with emissions controlled by the underground enclosure, and routed to the conveyor system.
 - (5) An enclosed dual conveyor system, with 6 drop points identified as DP-3 through DP-6, DP-8, and DP-13, with each drop point enclosed with emissions controlled by the enclosure. Drop points DP-3 through DP-5, DP-8, and DP-13 are controlled as needed by a water spray dust suppression system, and DP-6 is controlled by rotoclones.
 - (6) An enclosed conveyor system with drop point identified as DP-9, controlled by a telescoping chute.
 - (7) Coal bunker and coal scale exhausts and associated dust collector vents.
- (i) One (1) limestone handling and storage system for the flue gas desulfurization system, constructed in 2006, with a maximum throughput rate of 1,000 tons per hour, consisting of the following:
 - (1) One (1) railcar/truck unloading operation, with a maximum capacity of 1,000 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L1.
 - (2) Two (2) hoppers, each with a maximum capacity of 500 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L2.
 - (3) Two (2) belt feeders, identified as LHBF-1 and LHBF-2, each with a maximum capacity of 500 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L2.
 - (4) One (1) conveyor, identified as LH-1, controlled by a telescopic chute, and exhausting to emission point EP-L3. Under NSPS, Subpart OOO, this unit is considered a belt conveyor.
 - (5) One (1) active limestone stockout pile, with a maximum capacity of 7,700 tons.

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- (6) One (1) inactive limestone storage pile, with a maximum capacity of 45,000 tons.
 - (7) Two (2) reclaim hoppers, each with a maximum capacity of 200 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L4.
 - (8) Two (2) belt feeders, identified as LHBF-3 and LHBF-4, each with a maximum capacity of 200 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L4.
 - (9) One (1) conveyor, identified as LH-2, with a maximum capacity of 400 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L18b. Under NSPS, Subpart OOO, this unit is considered a belt conveyor.
 - (10) One (1) reversible conveyor, identified as LH-3, with a maximum capacity of 400 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission points EP-L18a and EP-L18c. Under NSPS, Subpart OOO, this unit is considered a belt conveyor.
 - (11) Two (2) day bins, each with a maximum throughput rate of 400 tons per hour, and exhausting to EP-L16 and EP-L17, respectively. Under NSPS, Subpart OOO, these units considered storage bins.
 - (12) Two (2) wet ball mills, each with a maximum capacity of 51 tons of limestone slurry per hour. Under NSPS, Subpart OOO, these units are considered grinding mills.
- (j) One (1) gypsum handling and storage system, constructed in 2006, consisting of the following:
- (1) One (1) wet gypsum conveying system, with a maximum throughput rate of 150 tons per hour.
 - (2) One (1) gypsum stockout pile, with a maximum capacity of 10,400 tons.
 - (3) One (1) emergency gypsum stockout pile, with a maximum capacity of 2,600 tons.
 - (4) One (1) dry gypsum transferring operation, transferring gypsum to landfills by trucks on paved roads.
- (k) Auxiliary Boiler, identified as emission unit Aux, with a maximum heat input capacity of 72.76 MMBtu/hr fired with distillate oil and exhausting out one stack identified as stack Aux-1. The Auxiliary boiler was constructed before 1968.

A.3 Specifically Regulated Insignificant Activities [326 IAC 2-7-1(21)] [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)]
[326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

This stationary source also includes the following insignificant activities which are specifically regulated, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21):

- (a) Degreasing operations that do not exceed one hundred forty-five (145) gallons per twelve months, except if subject to 326 IAC 20-6.
- (b) One (1) fuel oil storage tank, identified as T-1, installed in 1992, with a capacity of 395,000 gallons, used to store fuel oil for the combustion turbine, and exhausting through vent T-1.

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A.4 Part 70 Permit Applicability [326 IAC 2-7-2]

This stationary source is required to have a Part 70 permit by 326 IAC 2-7-2 (Applicability) because:

- (a) It is a major source, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(22);
- (b) It is a source in a source category designated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) under 40 CFR 70.3 (Part 70 - Applicability); and
- (c) It is an affected source under Title IV (Acid Deposition Control) of the Clean Air Act, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(3).

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SECTION B GENERAL CONDITIONS

B.1 Definitions [326 IAC 2-7-1]

Terms in this permit shall have the definition assigned to such terms in the referenced regulation. In the absence of definitions in the referenced regulation, the applicable definitions found in the statutes or regulations (IC 13-11, 326 IAC 1-2 and 326 IAC 2-7) shall prevail.

B.2 Permit Term [326 IAC 2-7-5(2)][326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5][326 IAC 2-7-4(a)(1)(D)][IC 13-15-3-6(a)]

- (a) This permit, 165-7174-00001, is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years from the issuance date of this permit, as determined in accordance with IC 4-21.5-3-5(f) and IC 13-15-5-3. Subsequent revisions, modifications, or amendments of this permit do not affect the expiration date of this permit or of permits issued pursuant to Title IV of the Clean Air Act and 326 IAC 21 (Acid Deposition Control).
- (b) If IDEM, OAQ, upon receiving a timely and complete renewal permit application, fails to issue or deny the permit renewal prior to the expiration date of this permit, this existing permit shall not expire and all terms and conditions shall continue in effect, including any permit shield provided in 326 IAC 2-7-15, until the renewal permit has been issued or denied.

B.3 Term of Conditions [326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5]

Notwithstanding the permit term of a permit to construct, a permit to operate, or a permit modification, any condition established in a permit issued pursuant to a permitting program approved in the state implementation plan shall remain in effect until:

- (a) the condition is modified in a subsequent permit action pursuant to Title I of the Clean Air Act; or
- (b) the emission unit to which the condition pertains permanently ceases operation.

B.4 Enforceability [326 IAC 2-7-7]

Unless otherwise stated, all terms and conditions in this permit, including any provisions designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by IDEM, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) and by citizens in accordance with the Clean Air Act.

B.5 Severability [326 IAC 2-7-5(5)]

The provisions of this permit are severable; a determination that any portion of this permit is invalid shall not affect the validity of the remainder of the permit.

B.6 Property Rights or Exclusive Privilege [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(D)]

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.

B.7 Duty to Provide Information [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(E)]

- (a) The Permittee shall furnish to IDEM, OAQ, within a reasonable time, any information that IDEM, OAQ may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The submittal by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34). Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to IDEM, OAQ copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- (b) For information furnished by the Permittee to IDEM, OAQ, the Permittee may include a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 326 IAC 17.1. When furnishing copies of requested records directly to U. S. EPA, the Permittee may assert a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 40 CFR 2, Subpart B.

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B.8 Certification [326 IAC 2-7-4(f)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1)][326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)]

- (a) Where specifically designated by this permit or required by an applicable requirement, any application form, report, or compliance certification submitted shall contain certification by the "responsible official" of truth, accuracy, and completeness. This certification shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.
- (b) One (1) certification shall be included, using the attached Certification Form or its equivalent, with each submittal requiring certification. One (1) certification may cover multiple forms in one (1) submittal.
- (c) The "responsible official" is defined at 326 IAC 2-7-1(34)

B.9 Annual Compliance Certification [326 IAC 2-7-6(5)]

- (a) The Permittee shall annually submit a compliance certification report which addresses the status of the source's compliance with the terms and conditions contained in this permit, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices. The initial certification shall cover the time period from the date of final permit issuance through December 31 of the same year. All subsequent certifications shall cover the time period from January 1 to December 31 of the previous year, and shall be submitted no later than July 1 of each year to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region V
Air and Radiation Division, Air Enforcement Branch - Indiana (AE-17J)
77 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590

- (b) The annual compliance certification report required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ, on or before the date it is due.
- (c) The annual compliance certification report shall include the following:
 - (1) The appropriate identification of each term or condition of this permit that is the basis of the certification;
 - (2) The compliance status;
 - (3) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
 - (4) The methods used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period consistent with 326 IAC 2-7-5(3); and
 - (5) Such other facts, as specified in Sections D of this permit, as IDEM, OAQ may require to determine the compliance status of the source.

The submittal by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

B.10 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(1),(3) and (13)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1) and (6)][326 IAC 1-6-3]

- (a) If required by specific condition(s) in Section D of this permit, the Permittee shall prepare and maintain Preventive Maintenance Plans (PMPs) within ninety (90) days after issuance of this permit, including the following information on each facility:
- (1) Identification of the individual(s) responsible for inspecting, maintaining, and repairing emission control devices by job title or classification;
 - (2) A description of the items or conditions that will be inspected and the inspection schedule for said items or conditions; and
 - (3) Identification and quantification of the replacement parts that will be maintained in inventory for quick replacement.

If, due to circumstances beyond the Permittee's control, the PMPs cannot be prepared and maintained within the above time frame, the Permittee may extend the date an additional ninety (90) days provided the Permittee notifies:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

The PMP extension notification does not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (b) A copy of the PMPs shall be submitted to IDEM, OAQ upon request and within a reasonable time, and shall be subject to review and approval by IDEM, OAQ. IDEM, OAQ may require the Permittee to revise its PMPs whenever lack of proper maintenance causes or is the primary contributor to an exceedance of any limitation on emissions or potential to emit. The PMPs do not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (c) To the extent the Permittee is required by 40 CFR Part 60/63 to have an Operation Maintenance, and Monitoring (OMM) Plan for a unit, such Plan is deemed to satisfy the PMP requirements of 326 IAC 1-6-3 for that unit.

B.11 Emergency Provisions [326 IAC 2-7-16]

- (a) An emergency, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12), is not an affirmative defense for an action brought for noncompliance with a federal or state health-based emission limitation.
- (b) An emergency, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12), constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with a technology-based emission limitation if the affirmative defense of an emergency is demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence that describe the following:
- (1) An emergency occurred and the Permittee can, to the extent possible, identify the causes of the emergency;
 - (2) The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;

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- (3) During the period of an emergency, the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards or other requirements in this permit;
- (4) For each emergency lasting one (1) hour or more, the Permittee notified IDEM, OAQ, within four (4) daytime business hours after the beginning of the emergency, or after the emergency was discovered or reasonably should have been discovered;

Telephone Number: 1-800-451-6027 (ask for Office of Air Quality,
Compliance Section), or
Telephone Number: 317-233-0178 (ask for Compliance Section)
Facsimile Number: 317-233-6865

- (5) For each emergency lasting one (1) hour or more, the Permittee submitted the attached Emergency Occurrence Report Form or its equivalent, either by mail or facsimile to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53, IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

within two (2) working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency.

The notice fulfills the requirement of 326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)(ii) and must contain the following:

- (A) A description of the emergency;
- (B) Any steps taken to mitigate the emissions; and
- (C) Corrective actions taken.

The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (6) The Permittee immediately took all reasonable steps to correct the emergency.
- (c) In any enforcement proceeding, the Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
 - (d) This emergency provision supersedes 326 IAC 1-6 (Malfunctions). This permit condition is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
 - (e) The Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency shall make records available upon request to ensure that failure to implement a PMP did not cause or contribute to an exceedance of any limitations on emissions. However, IDEM, OAQ may require that the Preventive Maintenance Plans required under 326 IAC 2-7-4(c)(9) be revised in response to an emergency.

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- (f) Failure to notify IDEM, OAQ by telephone or facsimile of an emergency lasting more than one (1) hour in accordance with (b)(4) and (5) of this condition shall constitute a violation of 326 IAC 2-7 and any other applicable rules.
- (g) If the emergency situation causes a deviation from a technology-based limit, the Permittee may continue to operate the affected emitting facilities during the emergency provided the Permittee immediately takes all reasonable steps to correct the emergency and minimize emissions.
- (h) The Permittee shall include all emergencies in the Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report.

B.12 Permit Shield [326 IAC 2-7-15][326 IAC 2-7-20][326 IAC 2-7-12]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-15, the Permittee has been granted a permit shield. The permit shield provides that compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance, provided that either the applicable requirements are included and specifically identified in this permit or the permit contains an explicit determination or concise summary of a determination that other specifically identified requirements are not applicable. The Indiana statutes from IC 13 and rules from 326 IAC, referenced in conditions in this permit, are those applicable at the time the permit was issued. The issuance or possession of this permit shall not alone constitute a defense against an alleged violation of any law, regulation or standard, except for the requirement to obtain a Part 70 permit under 326 IAC 2-7 or for applicable requirements for which a permit shield has been granted.

This permit shield does not extend to applicable requirements which are promulgated after the date of issuance of this permit unless this permit has been modified to reflect such new requirements.

- (b) If, after issuance of this permit, it is determined that the permit is in nonconformance with an applicable requirement that applied to the source on the date of permit issuance, IDEM, OAQ, shall immediately take steps to reopen and revise this permit and issue a compliance order to the Permittee to ensure expeditious compliance with the applicable requirement until the permit is reissued. The permit shield shall continue in effect so long as the Permittee is in compliance with the compliance order.
- (c) No permit shield shall apply to any permit term or condition that is determined after issuance of this permit to have been based on erroneous information supplied in the permit application. Erroneous information means information that the Permittee knew to be false, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have been known to be false, at the time the information was submitted.
- (d) Nothing in 326 IAC 2-7-15 or in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
 - (1) The provisions of Section 303 of the Clean Air Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the U.S. EPA under Section 303 of the Clean Air Act;
 - (2) The liability of the Permittee for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of this permit's issuance;
 - (3) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Clean Air Act; and
 - (4) The ability of U.S. EPA to obtain information from the Permittee under Section 114 of the Clean Air Act.

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- (e) This permit shield is not applicable to any change made under 326 IAC 2-7-20(b)(2) (Sections 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act changes) and 326 IAC 2-7-20(c)(2) (trading based on State Implementation Plan (SIP) provisions).
- (f) This permit shield is not applicable to modifications eligible for group processing until after IDEM, OAQ, has issued the modifications. [326 IAC 2-7-12(c)(7)]
- (g) This permit shield is not applicable to minor Part 70 permit modifications until after IDEM, OAQ, has issued the modification. [326 IAC 2-7-12(b)(8)]

B.13 Prior Permits Superseded [326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5][326 IAC 2-7-10.5]

- (a) All terms and conditions of permits established prior to T165-7174-00001 and issued pursuant to permitting programs approved into the state implementation plan have been either:
 - (1) incorporated as originally stated,
 - (2) revised under 326 IAC 2-7-10.5, or
 - (3) deleted under 326 IAC 2-7-10.5.
- (b) Provided that all terms and conditions are accurately reflected in this combined permit, all previous registrations and permits are superseded by this combined new source review and part 70 operating permit, except for permits issued pursuant to Title IV of the Clean Air Act and 326 IAC 21 (Acid Deposition Control)

B.14 Termination of Right to Operate [326 IAC 2-7-10][326 IAC 2-7-4(a)]

The Permittee's right to operate this source terminates with the expiration of this permit unless a timely and complete renewal application is submitted at least nine (9) months prior to the date of expiration of the source's existing permit, consistent with 326 IAC 2-7-3 and 326 IAC 2-7-4(a).

B.15 Deviations from Permit Requirements and Conditions [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)(ii)]

- (a) Deviations from any permit requirements (for emergencies see Section B - Emergency Provisions), the probable cause of such deviations, and any response steps or preventive measures taken shall be reported to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

using the attached Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report, or its equivalent. A deviation required to be reported pursuant to an applicable requirement that exists independent of this permit, shall be reported according to the schedule stated in the applicable requirement and does not need to be included in this report.

The Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (b) A deviation is an exceedance of a permit limitation or a failure to comply with a requirement of the permit.

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B.16 Permit Modification, Reopening, Revocation and Reissuance, or Termination
[326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(C)][326 IAC 2-7-8(a)][326 IAC 2-7-9]

- (a) This permit may be modified, reopened, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a Part 70 Operating Permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any condition of this permit. [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(C)] The notification by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (b) This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the circumstances listed in IC 13-15-7-2 or if IDEM, OAQ, determines any of the following:
 - (1) That this permit contains a material mistake.
 - (2) That inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions.
 - (3) That this permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with an applicable requirement. [326 IAC 2-7-9(a)(3)]
- (c) Proceedings by IDEM, OAQ, to reopen and revise this permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of this permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening and revision shall be made as expeditiously as practicable. [326 IAC 2-7-9(b)]
- (d) The reopening and revision of this permit, under 326 IAC 2-7-9(a), shall not be initiated before notice of such intent is provided to the Permittee by IDEM, OAQ, at least thirty (30) days in advance of the date this permit is to be reopened, except that IDEM, OAQ, may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency. [326 IAC 2-7-9(c)]

B.17 Permit Renewal [326 IAC 2-7-3][326 IAC 2-7-4][326 IAC 2-7-8(e)]

- (a) The application for renewal shall be submitted using the application form or forms prescribed by IDEM, OAQ, and shall include the information specified in 326 IAC 2-7-4. Such information shall be included in the application for each emission unit at this source, except those emission units included on the trivial or insignificant activities list contained in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21) and 326 IAC 2-7-1(40) The renewal application does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

Request for renewal shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permit Administration and Support Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

- (b) A timely renewal application is one that is:
 - (1) Submitted at least nine (9) months prior to the date of the expiration of this permit; and
 - (2) If the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ, on or before the date it is due.

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- (c) If the Permittee submits a timely and complete application for renewal of this permit, the source's failure to have a permit is not a violation of 326 IAC 2-7 until IDEM, OAQ takes final action on the renewal application, except that this protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the Permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by IDEM, OAQ any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.

B.18 Permit Amendment or Modification [326 IAC 2-7-11][326 IAC 2-7-12][40 CFR 72]

- (a) Permit amendments and modifications are governed by the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-11 or 326 IAC 2-7-12 whenever the Permittee seeks to amend or modify this permit.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-11(b) and 326 IAC 2-7-12(a), administrative Part 70 operating permit amendments and permit modifications for purposes of the acid rain portion of a Part 70 permit shall be governed by regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act. [40 CFR 72]
- (c) Any application requesting an amendment or modification of this permit shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permit Administration and Support Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

Any such application shall be certified by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (d) The Permittee may implement administrative amendment changes addressed in the request for an administrative amendment immediately upon submittal of the request. [326 IAC 2-7-11(c)(3)]

B.19 Permit Revision Under Economic Incentives and Other Programs [326 IAC 2-7-5(8)] [326 IAC 2-7-12(b)(2)]

- (a) No Part 70 permit revision shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable Part 70 permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in a Part 70 permit.
- (b) Notwithstanding 326 IAC 2-7-12(b)(1) and 326 IAC 2-7-12(c)(1), minor Part 70 permit modification procedures may be used for Part 70 modifications involving the use of economic incentives, marketable Part 70 permits, emissions trading, and other similar approaches to the extent that such minor Part 70 permit modification procedures are explicitly provided for in the applicable State Implementation Plan (SIP) or in applicable requirements promulgated or approved by the U.S. EPA.

B.20 Operational Flexibility [326 IAC 2-7-20][326 IAC 2-7-10.5]

- (a) The Permittee may make any change or changes at the source that are described in 326 IAC 2-7-20(b),(c), or (e) without a prior permit revision, if each of the following conditions is met:
 - (1) The changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act;
 - (2) Any preconstruction approval required by 326 IAC 2-7-10.5 has been obtained;

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(3) The changes do not result in emissions which exceed the limitations provided in this permit (whether expressed herein as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions);

(4) The Permittee notifies the:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permit Administration and Support Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region V
Air and Radiation Division, Regulation Development Branch - Indiana (AR-18J)
77 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590

in advance of the change by written notification at least ten (10) days in advance of the proposed change. The Permittee shall attach every such notice to the Permittee's copy of this permit; and

(5) The Permittee maintains records on-site, on a rolling five (5) year basis, which document all such changes and emission trades that are subject to 326 IAC 2-7-20(b),(c), or (e). The Permittee shall make such records available, upon reasonable request, for public review.

Such records shall consist of all information required to be submitted to IDEM, OAQ in the notices specified in 326 IAC 2-7-20(b)(1), (c)(1), and (e)(2).

(b) The Permittee may make Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act changes (this term is defined at 326 IAC 2-7-1(36)) without a permit revision, subject to the constraint of 326 IAC 2-7-20(a). For each such Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act change, the required written notification shall include the following:

- (1) A brief description of the change within the source;
- (2) The date on which the change will occur;
- (3) Any change in emissions; and
- (4) Any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change.

The notification which shall be submitted is not considered an application form, report or compliance certification. Therefore, the notification by the Permittee does not require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

(c) Emission Trades [326 IAC 2-7-20(c)]
The Permittee may trade emissions increases and decreases at in the source, where the applicable SIP provides for such emission trades without requiring a permit revision, subject to the constraints of Section (a) of this condition and those in 326 IAC 2-7-20(c).

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- (d) Alternative Operating Scenarios Part 70 Operating Permit
The Permittee may make changes at the source within the range of alternative operating scenarios that are described in the terms and conditions of this permit in accordance with 326 IAC 2-7-5(9). No prior notification of IDEM, OAQ, or U.S. EPA is required.
- (e) Backup fuel switches specifically addressed in, and limited under, Section D of this permit shall not be considered alternative operating scenarios. Therefore, the notification requirements of part (a) of this condition do not apply.
- (f) This condition does not apply to emission trades of SO₂ or NO_x under 326 IAC 21 or 326 IAC 10-4.

B.21 Source Modification Requirement [326 IAC 2-7-10.5] [326 IAC 2-2-2]

- (a) The Permittee shall obtain approval as required by 326 IAC 2-7-10.5 from the IDEM, OAQ prior to making any modification to the source. Pursuant to 326 IAC 1-2-42, "Modification" means one (1) or more of the following activities at an existing source:
 - (1) A physical change or change in the method of operation of any existing emissions unit that increases the potential to emit any regulated pollutant that could be emitted from the emissions unit, or that results in emissions of any regulated pollutant not previously emitted.
 - (2) Construction of one (1) or more new emissions units that have the potential to emit regulated air pollutants.
 - (3) Reconstruction of one (1) or more existing emission units that increases the potential to emit of any regulated air pollutant.
- (b) Any application requesting a source modification shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permit Administration and Support Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

Any such application shall be certified by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (c) The Permittee shall also comply with the applicable provisions of 326 IAC 2-7-11 (Administrative Permit Amendments) or 326 IAC 2-7-12 (Permit Modification) prior to operating the approved modification.
- (d) Any modification at an existing major source is governed by the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2-2.

B.22 Inspection and Entry [326 IAC 2-7-6][IC 13-14-2-2][IC 13-30-3-1][IC 13-17-3-2]

Upon presentation of proper identification cards, credentials, and other documents as may be required by law, and subject to the Permittee's right under all applicable laws and regulations to assert that the information collected by the agency is confidential and entitled to be treated as such, the Permittee shall allow IDEM, OAQ, U.S. EPA, or an authorized representative to perform the following:

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- (a) Enter upon the Permittee's premises where a Part 70 source is located, or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (b) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, have access to and copy any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (c) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, inspect any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (d) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, sample or monitor substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements; and
- (e) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring, or other equipment for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements.

B.23 Transfer of Ownership or Operational Control [326 IAC 2-7-11]

- (a) The Permittee must comply with the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-11 whenever the Permittee seeks to change the ownership or operational control of the source and no other change in the permit is necessary.
- (b) Any application requesting a change in the ownership or operational control of the source shall contain a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and new Permittee. The application shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permit Administration and Support Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

The application which shall be submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (c) The Permittee may implement administrative amendment changes addressed in the request for an administrative amendment immediately upon submittal of the request. [326 IAC 2-7-11(c)(3)]

B.24 Annual Fee Payment [326 IAC 2-7-19] [326 IAC 2-7-5(7)][326 IAC 2-1.1-7]

- (a) The Permittee shall pay annual fees to IDEM, OAQ, within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of a billing. Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-19(b), if the Permittee does not receive a bill from IDEM, OAQ, the applicable fee is due April 1 of each year.
- (b) Except as provided in 326 IAC 2-7-19(e), failure to pay may result in administrative enforcement action or revocation of this permit.
- (c) The Permittee may call the following telephone numbers: 1-800-451-6027 or 317-233-4230 (ask for OAQ, Billing, Licensing, and Training Section), to determine the appropriate permit fee.

B.25 Credible Evidence [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)][326 IAC 2-7-6][62 FR 8314] [326 IAC 1-1-6]

For the purpose of submitting compliance certifications or establishing whether or not the Permittee has violated or is in violation of any condition of this permit, nothing in this permit shall

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preclude the use, including the exclusive use, of any credible evidence or information relevant to whether the Permittee would have been in compliance with the condition of this permit if the appropriate performance or compliance test or procedure had been performed.

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SECTION C SOURCE OPERATION CONDITIONS

Entire Source

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

C.1 Particulate Emission Limitations For Processes with Process Weight Rates Less Than One Hundred (100) Pounds per Hour [326 IAC 6-3-2]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-3-2(e)(2), particulate emissions from any process not exempt under 326 IAC 6-3-1(b) or (c) which has a maximum process weight rate less than 100 pounds per hour and the methods in 326 IAC 6-3-2(b) through (d) do not apply shall not exceed 0.551 pounds per hour.

C.2 Opacity [326 IAC 5-1]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 5-1-2 (Opacity Limitations), except as provided in 326 IAC 5-1-3 (Temporary Alternative Opacity Limitations), opacity shall meet the following, unless otherwise stated in this permit:

- (a) Opacity shall not exceed an average of forty percent (40%) in any one (1) six (6) minute averaging period as determined in 326 IAC 5-1-4.
- (b) Opacity shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) for more than a cumulative total of fifteen (15) minutes (sixty (60) readings as measured according to 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 9 or fifteen (15) one (1) minute nonoverlapping integrated averages for a continuous opacity monitor) in a six (6) hour period.

C.3 Open Burning [326 IAC 4-1] [IC 13-17-9]

The Permittee shall not open burn any material except as provided in 326 IAC 4-1-3, 326 IAC 4-1-4 or 326 IAC 4-1-6. The previous sentence notwithstanding, the Permittee may open burn in accordance with an open burning approval issued by the Commissioner under 326 IAC 4-1-4.1. 326 IAC 4-1-3 (a)(2)(A) and (B) are not federally enforceable.

C.4 Incineration [326 IAC 4-2] [326 IAC 9-1-2]

The Permittee shall not operate an incinerator or incinerate any waste or refuse except as provided in 326 IAC 4-2 and 326 IAC 9-1-2.

C.5 Fugitive Dust Emissions [326 IAC 6-4]

The Permittee shall not allow fugitive dust to escape beyond the property line or boundaries of the property, right-of-way, or easement on which the source is located, in a manner that would violate 326 IAC 6-4 (Fugitive Dust Emissions). 326 IAC 6-4-2(4) is not federally enforceable.

C.6 Fugitive Particulate Matter Emission Limitations [326 IAC 6-5]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-5 (Fugitive Particulate Matter Emission Limitations), fugitive particulate matter emissions shall be controlled according to the plan submitted on September 13, 2006. The plan is included as Attachment A.

C.7 Stack Height [326 IAC 1-7]

The Permittee shall comply with the applicable provisions of 326 IAC 1-7 (Stack Height Provisions), for all exhaust stacks through which a potential (before controls) of twenty-five (25) tons per year or more of particulate matter or sulfur dioxide is emitted. The provisions of 326 IAC 1-7-1(3), 326 IAC 1-7-2, 326 IAC 1-7-3(c) and (d), 326 IAC 1-7-4, and 326 IAC 1-7-5(a), (b), and (d) are not federally enforceable.

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C.8 Asbestos Abatement Projects [326 IAC 14-10] [326 IAC 18] [40 CFR 61, Subpart M]

The Permittee shall comply with the applicable requirements of 326 IAC 14-10, 326 IAC 18, and 40 CFR 61.140.

Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

C.9 Performance Testing [326 IAC 3-6]

- (a) All testing shall be performed according to the provisions of 326 IAC 3-6 (Source Sampling Procedures), except as provided elsewhere in this permit, utilizing any applicable procedures and analysis methods specified in 40 CFR 51, 40 CFR 60, 40 CFR 61, 40 CFR 63, 40 CFR 75, or other procedures approved by IDEM, OAQ.

A test protocol, except as provided elsewhere in this permit, shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

no later than thirty-five (35) days prior to the intended test date. The protocol submitted by the Permittee does not require certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (b) The Permittee shall notify IDEM, OAQ of the actual test date at least fourteen (14) days prior to the actual test date. The notification submitted by the Permittee does not require certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (c) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-6-4(b), all test reports must be received by IDEM, OAQ not later than forty-five (45) days after the completion of the testing. An extension may be granted by IDEM, OAQ, if the Permittee submits to IDEM, OAQ, a reasonable written explanation not later than five (5) days prior to the end of the initial forty-five (45) day period.

Compliance Requirements [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

C.10 Compliance Requirements [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

The commissioner may require stack testing, monitoring, or reporting at any time to assure compliance with all applicable requirements by issuing an order under 326 IAC 2-1.1-11. Any monitoring or testing shall be performed in accordance with 326 IAC 3 or other methods approved by the commissioner or the U. S. EPA.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

C.11 Compliance Monitoring [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

Unless otherwise specified in this permit, all monitoring and record keeping requirements not already legally required shall be implemented within ninety (90) days of issuance of this permit. If required by Section D, the Permittee shall be responsible for installing any necessary equipment and initiating any required monitoring related to that equipment. If due to circumstances beyond its control, that equipment cannot be installed and operated within ninety (90) days, the Permittee may extend the compliance schedule related to the equipment for an additional ninety (90) days provided the Permittee notifies:

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Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

in writing, prior to the end of the initial ninety (90) day compliance schedule, with full justification of the reasons for the inability to meet this date.

The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

Unless otherwise specified in the approval for the new emission unit(s), compliance monitoring for new emission units or emission units added through a source modification shall be implemented when operation begins.

C.12 Maintenance of Continuous Opacity Monitoring Equipment [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(A)(iii)]

- (a) The Permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate all necessary continuous opacity monitoring systems (COMS) and related equipment. For a boiler, the COMS shall be in operation at all times that the induced draft fan is in operation.
- (b) All COMS shall meet the performance specifications of 40 CFR 60, Appendix B, Performance Specification No. 1, and are subject to monitor system certification requirements pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5.
- (c) In the event that a breakdown of a COMS occurs, a record shall be made of the times and reasons of the breakdown and efforts made to correct the problem.
- (d) Whenever a COMS is malfunctioning or is down for maintenance or repairs for a period of twenty-four (24) hours or more and a backup COMS is not online within twenty-four (24) hours of shutdown or malfunction of the primary COMS, the Permittee shall provide a certified opacity reader, who may be an employee of the Permittee or an independent contractor, to self-monitor the emissions from the emission unit stack.
 - (1) Visible emission readings shall be performed in accordance with 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 9, for a minimum of five (5) consecutive six (6) minute averaging periods beginning not more than twenty-four (24) hours after the start of the malfunction or down time.
 - (2) Method 9 opacity readings shall be repeated for a minimum of five (5) consecutive six (6) minute averaging periods at least twice per day during daylight operations, with at least four (4) hours between each set of readings, until a COMS is online.
 - (3) Method 9 readings may be discontinued once a COMS is online.
 - (4) Any opacity exceedances determined by Method 9 readings shall be reported with the Quarterly Opacity Exceedances Reports.
- (e) Nothing in this permit shall excuse the Permittee from complying with the requirements to operate a continuous opacity monitoring system pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5, 40 CFR 60, and 40 CFR 63.

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C.13 Maintenance of Continuous Emission Monitoring Equipment [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(A)(iii)]

- (a) The Permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate all necessary continuous emission monitoring systems (CEMS) and related equipment as specified in Section D.
- (b) All continuous emission monitoring systems shall meet all applicable performance specifications of 40 CFR 60, 40 CFR 75 or any other performance specification, and are subject to monitor system certification requirements pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5-3.
- (c) In the event that a breakdown of a continuous emission monitoring system occurs, a record shall be made of the times and reasons of the breakdown and efforts made to correct the problem.
- (d) Whenever a continuous emission monitor other than an opacity monitor is malfunctioning or will be down for maintenance-or repairs, the following shall be used as an alternative to continuous data collection.
 - (1) If the CEM is required for monitoring NO_x or SO₂ emissions pursuant to 40 CFR 75 (Title IV Acid Rain program) or 326 IAC 10-4 (NO_x Budget Trading Program), the Permittee shall comply with the relevant requirements of 40 CFR 75 Subpart D- Missing Data Substitution Procedures.
 - (2) If the CEM is not used to monitor NO_x or SO₂ emissions pursuant to 40 CFR 75 or 326 IAC 10-4, then supplemental or intermittent monitoring of the parameter shall be implemented as specified in Section D of this permit until such time as the emission monitor system is back in operation.
- (e) Nothing in this permit shall excuse the Permittee from complying with the requirements to operate a continuous emission monitoring system pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5, 326 IAC 10-4, 40 CFR 60 or 40 CFR 75.

C.14 Monitoring Methods [326 IAC 3] [40 CFR 60] [40 CFR 63]

Any monitoring or testing required by Section D of this permit shall be performed according to the provisions of 326 IAC 3, 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, 40 CFR 60 Appendix B, 40 CFR 63, or other approved methods as specified in this permit.

C.15 Instrument Specifications [326 IAC 2-1.1-11] [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

- (a) When required by any condition of this permit, an analog instrument used to measure a parameter related to the operation of an air pollution control device shall have a scale such that the expected maximum reading for the normal range shall be no less than twenty percent (20%) of full scale.
- (b) The Permittee may request that the IDEM, OAQ approve the use of an instrument that does not meet the above specifications provided the Permittee can demonstrate that an alternative pressure gauge or other instrument specification will adequately ensure compliance with permit conditions requiring the measurement of the parameters.

Corrective Actions and Response Steps [326 IAC 2-7-5][326 IAC 2-7-6]

C.16 Emergency Reduction Plans [326 IAC 1-5-2] [326 IAC 1-5-3]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 1-5-2 (Emergency Reduction Plans; Submission):

- (a) The Permittee prepared and submitted written emergency reduction plans (ERPs) consistent with safe operating procedures on February 12, 1980. The plans were approved on March 19, 1980.
- (b) Upon direct notification by IDEM, OAQ, (and local agency if applicable), that a specific air pollution episode level is in effect, the Permittee shall immediately put into effect the

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actions stipulated in the approved ERP for the appropriate episode level. [326 IAC 1-5-3]

C.17 Risk Management Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(12)] [40 CFR 68]

If a regulated substance, as defined in 40 CFR 68, is present at a source in more than a threshold quantity, the Permittee must comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 68.

C.18 Response to Excursions or Exceedances [326 IAC 2-7-5] [326 IAC 2-7-6]

- (a) Upon detecting an excursion or exceedance, the Permittee shall restore operation of the emissions unit (including any control device and associated capture system) to its normal or usual manner of operation as expeditiously as practicable in accordance with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions.
- (b) The response shall include minimizing the period of any startup, shutdown or malfunction and taking any necessary corrective actions to restore normal operation and prevent the likely recurrence of the cause of an excursion or exceedance (other than those caused by excused startup or shutdown conditions). Corrective actions may include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (1) initial inspection and evaluation
 - (2) recording that operations returned to normal without operator action (such as through response by a computerized distribution control system); or
 - (3) any necessary follow-up actions to return operation to within the indicator range, designated condition, or below the applicable emission limitation or standard, as applicable.
- (c) A determination of whether the Permittee has used acceptable procedures in response to an excursion or exceedance will be based on information available, which may include, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (1) monitoring results;
 - (2) review of operation and maintenance procedures and records;
 - (3) inspection of the control device, associated capture system, and the process.
- (d) Failure to take reasonable response steps shall be considered a deviation from the permit.
- (e) The Permittee shall maintain the following records:
 - (1) monitoring data;
 - (2) monitor performance data, if applicable; and
 - (3) corrective actions taken.

C.19 Actions Related to Noncompliance Demonstrated by a Stack Test [326 IAC 2-7-5][326 IAC 2-7-6]

- (a) When the results of a stack test performed in conformance with Section C - Performance Testing, of this permit exceed the level specified in any condition of this permit, the Permittee shall take appropriate response actions. The Permittee shall submit a description of these response actions to IDEM, OAQ, within thirty (30) days of receipt of the test results. The Permittee shall take appropriate action to minimize excess emissions from the affected facility while the response actions are being implemented.
- (b) A retest to demonstrate compliance shall be performed within one hundred twenty (120) days of receipt of the original test results. Should the Permittee demonstrate to IDEM,

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OAQ that retesting in one hundred and twenty (120) days is not practicable, IDEM, OAQ may extend the retesting deadline.

- (c) IDEM, OAQ reserves the authority to take any actions allowed under law in response to noncompliant stack tests.

The response action documents submitted pursuant to this condition do require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

C.20 Emission Statement [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)(iii)][326 IAC 2-7-5(7)][326 IAC 2-7-19(c)][326 IAC 2-6]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-6-3(a)(1), the Permittee shall submit by July 1 of each year an emission statement covering the previous calendar year. The emission statement shall contain, at a minimum, the information specified in 326 IAC 2-6-4(c) and shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) Indicate estimated actual emissions of all pollutants listed in 326 IAC 2-6-4(a);
- (2) Indicate estimated actual emissions of regulated pollutants as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1 (32) ("Regulated pollutant, which is used only for purposes of Section 19 of this rule") from the source, for purpose of fee assessment.

The statement must be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Technical Support and Modeling Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-50 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

The emission statement does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (b) The emission statement required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ on or before the date it is due.

C.21 General Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-6] [326 IAC 2-2] [326 IAC 2-3]

- (a) Records of all required monitoring data, reports and support information required by this permit shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. These records shall be physically present or electronically accessible at the source location for a minimum of three (3) years. The records may be stored elsewhere for the remaining two (2) years as long as they are available upon request. If the Commissioner makes a request for records to the Permittee, the Permittee shall furnish the records to the Commissioner within a reasonable time.
- (b) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, all record keeping requirements not already legally required shall be implemented within ninety (90) days of issuance of this permit.

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- (c) If there is a “project” (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(qq) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(II)) at an existing emissions unit, other than projects at a source with a Plantwide Applicability Limitation (PAL), which is not part of a “major modification” (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(ee) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(z)) and the Permittee elects to utilize the “projected actual emissions” (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(rr) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(mm)), the Permittee shall comply with following:
- (1) Before beginning actual construction of the “project” (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(qq) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(II)) at an existing emissions unit, document and maintain the following records:
 - (A) A description of the project.
 - (B) Identification of any emissions unit whose emissions of a regulated new source review pollutant could be affected by the project.
 - (C) A description of the applicability test used to determine that the project is not a major modification for any regulated NSR pollutant, including:
 - (i) Baseline actual emissions;
 - (ii) Projected actual emissions;
 - (iii) Amount of emissions excluded under section 326 IAC 2-2-1(rr)(2)(A)(iii) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(mm)(2)(A)(3); and
 - (iv) An explanation for why the amount was excluded, and any netting calculations, if applicable.
 - (2) Monitor the emissions of any regulated NSR pollutant that could increase as a result of the project and that is emitted by any existing emissions unit identified in (1)(B) above; and
 - (3) Calculate and maintain a record of the annual emissions, in tons per year on a calendar year basis, for a period of five (5) years following resumption of regular operations after the change, or for a period of ten (10) years following resumption of regular operations after the change if the project increases the design capacity of or the potential to emit that regulated NSR pollutant at the emissions unit.

C.22 General Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11] [326 IAC 2-2]
[326 IAC 2-3]

- (a) The Permittee shall submit the attached Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report or its equivalent. Any deviation from permit requirements, the date(s) of each deviation, the cause of the deviation, and the response steps taken must be reported. This report shall be submitted within thirty (30) days of the end of the reporting period. The Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report shall include the certification by the “responsible official” as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (b) The report required in (a) of this condition and reports required by conditions in Section D of this permit shall be submitted to:

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Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

- (c) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, any notice, report, or other submission required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ on or before the date it is due.
- (d) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, all reports required in Section D of this permit shall be submitted within thirty (30) days of the end of the reporting period. All reports do require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (e) The first report shall cover the period commencing on the date of issuance of this permit and ending on the last day of the reporting period. Reporting periods are based on calendar years, unless otherwise specified in this permit. For the purpose of this permit "calendar year" means the twelve (12) month period from January 1 to December 31 inclusive.
- (f) If the Permittee is required to comply with the recordkeeping provisions of (c) in Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements for any "project" (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(qq) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(II) at an existing Electric Utility Steam Generating Unit, then for that project the Permittee shall:
 - (1) Submit to IDEM, OAQ a copy of the information required by (c)(1) in Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements
 - (2) Submit a report to IDEM, OAQ within sixty (60) days after the end of each year during which records are generated in accordance with (c)(2) and (3) in Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements. The report shall contain all information and data describing the annual emissions for the emissions units during the calendar year that preceded the submission of report.

Reports required in this part shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

- (g) If the Permittee is required to comply with the recordkeeping provisions of (c) in Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements for any "project" (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(qq) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(II) at an existing emissions unit other than Electric Utility Steam Generating Unit, and the project meets the following criteria, then the Permittee shall submit a report to IDEM, OAQ:

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- (1) The annual emissions, in tons per year, from the project identified in (c)(1) in Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements exceed the baseline actual emissions, as documented and maintained under Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements (c)(1)(C)(i), by a significant amount, as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(xx) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(qq), for that regulated NSR pollutant, and
 - (2) The emissions differ from the preconstruction projection as documented and maintained under Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements (c)(1)(C)(ii).
- (h) The report for project at an existing emissions unit other than Electric Utility Steam Generating Unit shall be submitted within sixty (60) days after the end of the year and contain the following:
- (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the major stationary source.
 - (2) The annual emissions calculated in accordance with (c)(2) and (3) in Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements.
 - (3) The emissions calculated under the actual-to-projected actual test stated in 326 IAC 2-2-2(d)(3) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-2(c)(3).
 - (4) Any other information that the Permittee deems fit to include in this report,

Reports required in this part shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

- (i) The Permittee shall make the information required to be documented and maintained in accordance with (c) in Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements available for review upon a request for inspection by IDEM, OAQ. The general public may request this information from the IDEM, OAQ under 326 IAC 17.1.

Stratospheric Ozone Protection

C.23 Compliance with 40 CFR 82 and 326 IAC 22-1

Pursuant to 40 CFR 82 (Protection of Stratospheric Ozone), Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners in Subpart B, the Permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction:

- (a) Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal must comply with the required practices pursuant to 40 CFR 82.156.
- (b) Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment pursuant to 40 CFR 82.158.
- (c) Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances must be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161.

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Ambient Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 7-3]

C.24 Ambient Monitoring [326 IAC 7-3]

- (a) The Permittee shall operate continuous ambient sulfur dioxide air quality monitors and a meteorological data acquisition system according to a monitoring plan submitted to the commissioner for approval. The monitoring plan shall include requirements listed in 326 IAC 7-3-2(a)(1), 326 IAC 7-3-2(a)(2) and 326 IAC 7-3-2(a)(3).
- (b) The Permittee and other operators subject to the requirements of this rule, located in the same county, may submit a joint monitoring plan to satisfy the requirements of this rule. [326 IAC 7-3-2(c)]
- (c) The Permittee may petition the commissioner for an administrative waiver of all or some of the requirements of 326 IAC 7-3 if such owner or operator can demonstrate that ambient monitoring is unnecessary to determine continued maintenance of the sulfur dioxide ambient air quality standards in the vicinity of the source. [326 IAC 7-3-2(d)]

SECTION D.1 FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (a) One (1) dry bottom, pulverized coal-fired boiler, identified as Boiler No. 1, installed in 1967, with a nominal heat input capacity of 4,802 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) for control of particulate matter, a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system for control of SO₂, and exhausting to stack 1. Stack 1 has continuous emissions monitors (CEMs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Boiler No. 1 was configured with a low NO_x burner in 1993. The FGD on Boiler No. 1 is anticipated to commence operation in Fall 2008.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.1.1 Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating [326 IAC 6-2-3]

The Particulate Matter emissions from Boiler #1 shall be limited to 0.227 lbs/MMBtu. Compliance with this limit shall satisfy the requirements of 326 IAC 6-2-3. This limit is based on the historic particulate matter emission limit.

D.1.2 Startup, Shutdown, and Other Opacity Limits [326 IAC 5-1-3]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 5-1-3(e) (Temporary Alternative Opacity Limitations), the following applies:
- (1) When building a new fire in Boiler No. 1, opacity may exceed the applicable limitation established in 326 IAC 5-1-2 for a period not to exceed two (2) hours (20 six minute-averaged periods) or until the flue gas temperature entering the electrostatic precipitator (ESP) reaches 250 degrees Fahrenheit, whichever occurs first.
 - (2) When shutting down a boiler, opacity may exceed the applicable limitation established in 326 IAC 5-1-2 for a period not to exceed three (3) hours (30 six minute-averaged periods) after the flue gas temperature entering the electrostatic precipitator (ESP) has dropped below 250 degrees Fahrenheit.
 - (3) Operation of the electrostatic precipitator is not required during these times.
- (b) When removing ashes from the fuel bed or furnace in a boiler or blowing tubes, opacity may exceed the applicable limit established in 326 IAC 5-1-2. However, opacity levels shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) for any six (6)-minute averaging period and opacity in excess of the applicable limit shall not continue for more than one (1) six (6)-minute averaging periods in any sixty (60) minute period. The averaging periods shall not be permitted for more than three (3) six (6)-minute averaging periods in a twelve (12) hour period.
- (c) Permittee is also allowed one start up and one shut down per calendar year as follows:
- (i) When building a new fire in a boiler, opacity may exceed the 40% opacity limitation established in 326 IAC 5-1-2 for a period not to exceed a total of seven (7) hours (seventy (70) six (6)-minute averaging periods, consecutive or non-consecutive) or until the flue gas temperature reaches two hundred fifty (250) degrees Fahrenheit, whichever occurs first.

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- (ii) When shutting down a boiler, opacity may exceed the 40% opacity limitation established in 326 IAC 5-1-2 for a period not to exceed a total of five (5) hours (fifty (50) six (6)-minute averaging periods, consecutive or non-consecutive).

D.1.3 Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) [326 IAC 7-4-8]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-4-8 (Vermillion County Sulfur Dioxide Emission Limitations), the SO₂ emissions from Boiler No. 1 shall not exceed 4.40 pounds per million Btu (lbs/MMBtu), demonstrated using a thirty (30) day rolling average. This limitation will ensure that SO₂ emissions do not exceed the amount assumed in the modeling analysis performed for the Vermillion County SO₂ SIP limits.

D.1.4 Operation Standards [326 IAC 2-1.1-5(a)(4)] [40 CFR 261] [40 CFR 279] [329 IAC 13]

- (a) All coal burned, including coal treated with any additive, shall meet the ASTM definition of coal.
- (b) The burning of hazardous waste, as defined by 40 CFR 261, is prohibited in this facility. Any boiler tube chemical cleaning waste liquids, binding agent, or used oil combusted shall meet the toxicity characteristic requirements for non-hazardous waste.
- (c) Any boiler or condenser tube chemical cleaning waste liquids fired in the boiler shall only contain the cleaning solution and two full volume boiler rinses.

D.1.5 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for this facility and its emission control devices.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.1.6 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

Within the two (2) calendar years following the most recent stack test, compliance with the PM limitation in Condition D.1.1 shall be determined by a performance stack test conducted utilizing methods as approved by the Commissioner. This test shall be repeated at least once every two (2) calendar years following this valid compliance demonstration. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section C- Performance Testing.

For the purpose of this permit, "calendar year" means the twelve (12) month period from January 1 to December 31 inclusive.

D.1.7 Operation of Electrostatic Precipitator [326 IAC 2-7-6(6)]

Except as otherwise provided by statute or rule or in this permit, the electrostatic precipitator shall be operated at all times that Boiler No. 1 is in operation and combusting solid fuel.

D.1.8 Continuous Emissions Monitoring [326 IAC 3-5]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5 (Continuous Monitoring of Emissions), continuous emission monitoring systems shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated for measuring opacity, which meet all applicable performance specifications of 326 IAC 3-5-2.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5 (Continuous Monitoring of Emissions) and upon the operation of the flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system, a continuous monitoring system for the measurement of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) emissions, which meets the performance specifications of 326 IAC 3-5-2, shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained.

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D.1.9 Sulfur Dioxide Emissions and Sulfur Content [326 IAC 2-7-5(A)] [326 IAC 2-7-6]
[326 IAC 7-2]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-2-1(c), the Permittee shall demonstrate that the sulfur dioxide emissions from Unit 1 do not exceed the equivalents of the limits specified in Conditions D.1.3 (Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)) using a thirty (30) day rolling weighted average.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-2-1(e) and 326 IAC 3-7, coal sampling and analysis data shall be collected as follows:
 - (1) Coal sampling shall be performed using the methods specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2(a), and sample preparation and analysis shall be performed as specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2(c), (d), and (e); or
 - (2) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-7-3, manual or other non-ASTM automatic sampling and analysis procedures may be used upon a demonstration, submitted to the department for approval, that such procedures provide sulfur dioxide emission estimates representative either of estimates based on coal sampling and analysis procedures specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2 or of continuous emissions monitoring.
- (c) Upon the operation of the FDG system, continuous emission monitoring data collected and reported pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5 shall be used as the means for determining compliance with the emission limitations in 326 IAC 7.

D.1.10 Nitrogen Oxides Monitoring Requirement [326 IAC 10-4-4(b)(1)] [326 IAC 10-4-12(b) and (c)]
[40 CFR 75]

The Permittee shall record, report, and quality assure the data from the monitoring systems for the NO_x budget units in accordance with 326 IAC 10-4-12 and 40 CFR 75.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.1.11 Transformer-Rectifier (T-R) Sets [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- (a) The ability of the ESP to control particulate emissions shall be monitored once per day, when the unit is in operation, by measuring and recording the number of T-R sets in service and the primary and secondary voltages and the currents of the T-R sets.
- (b) Reasonable response steps shall be taken in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances whenever the percentage of T-R sets in service falls below ninety percent (90%). T-R set failure resulting in less than ninety percent (90%) availability is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation from this permit.

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D.1.12 Opacity Readings [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- (a) Appropriate response steps shall be taken in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances whenever the opacity exceeds twenty-five percent (25%) for three (3) consecutive six (6) minute averaging periods. In the event of opacity exceeding twenty-five percent (25%), response steps will be taken such that the cause(s) of the excursion are identified and corrected and opacity levels are brought back below twenty-five percent (25%). Examples of expected response steps include, but are not limited to, boiler loads being reduced and ESP T-R sets being returned to service.
- (b) Opacity readings in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) but not exceeding the opacity limit for the unit are not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation from this permit.
- (c) The requirements of (a) and (b), do not apply to Boiler No. 1 during startup and shutdown of Boiler No. 1 and do not apply when Boiler No. 1 is being controlled by the flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system.

D.1.13 SO₂ Monitoring System Downtime [326 IAC 2-7-6] [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)]

- (a) Prior to the operation of the FGD system, whenever the automatic coal sampling system is malfunctioning or down for repairs or adjustments for twenty-four (24) hours or more, the following shall be used to provide information related to SO₂ emissions:

Fuel sampling shall be conducted as specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2(a) or (b). Fuel sample preparation and analysis shall be conducted as specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2(c), 326 IAC 3-7-2(d), and 326 IAC 3-7-2(e). Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-7-3, manual or other non-ASTM automatic sampling and analysis procedures may be used upon a demonstration, submitted to the department for approval, that such procedures provide sulfur dioxide emission estimates representative either of estimates based on coal sampling and analysis procedures specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2 or of continuous emissions monitoring.
- (b) Upon the operation of the FGD system, whenever the SO₂ continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) is malfunctioning or down for repairs or adjustments for twenty-four (24) hours or more, the Permittee shall monitor and record the boiler load, recirculation pH, slurry feed rate, and number of recirculation pumps in service, to demonstrate that the operation of the scrubber continues in a manner typical for the boiler load and sulfur content of the coal fired. Scrubber parametric monitoring readings shall be recorded at least twice per day until the primary CEMS or a backup CEMS is brought online.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.1.14 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with Section C - Opacity and Conditions D.1.1, D.1.2, D.1.8, and D.1.11, the Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (1) through (4) below. Records shall be complete and sufficient to establish compliance with the limits established in Section C - Opacity and in Conditions D.1.1 and D.1.2.
 - (1) Data and results from the most recent stack test.

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- (2) All continuous opacity monitoring data, pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5.
 - (3) The results of all Method 9 visible emission readings taken during any periods of COMS downtime.
 - (4) All ESP parametric monitoring readings.
- (b) To document compliance with Conditions D.1.3, D.1.9 and D.1.13, the Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (1) and (2) below. Records shall be complete and sufficient to establish compliance with the SO₂ limits as required in Conditions D.1.3 and D.1.9. The Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (2)(A) and (B) below during SO₂ CEM system downtime if a backup CEM is not used.
- (1) Prior to the operation of the FGD system, the Permittee shall maintain all fuel sampling and analysis data, pursuant to 326 IAC 7-2.
 - (2) Upon the operation of the FGD system, the Permittee shall maintain the following records:
 - (A) All SO₂ continuous emissions monitoring data pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5-6.
 - (B) All scrubber parametric monitoring readings taken during any periods of CEMS downtime, in accordance with Condition D.1.13(b).
 - (C) Actual fuel usage during each SO₂ CEMS downtime.
- (c) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-7-5(a) and prior to operation of the FGD system, the Permittee shall develop a standard operating procedure (SOP) to be followed for sampling, handling, analysis, quality control, quality assurance, and data reporting of the information collected pursuant to 326 IAC 3-7-2 through 326 IAC 3-7-4. In addition, any revision to the SOP shall be submitted to IDEM, OAQ.
- (d) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

D.1.15 Reporting Requirements

- (a) A quarterly report of opacity exceedances and a quarterly summary of the information to document compliance with Condition D.1.9 shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, within thirty (30) days after the end of the quarter being reported. The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (b) Prior to the operation of the FGD system, a quarterly report of the thirty (30) day rolling weighted average sulfur dioxide emission rate in pounds per million Btus, and records of the daily average coal sulfur content, coal heat content, weighing factor, and daily average sulfur dioxide emission rate in pounds per million Btus shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, within thirty (30) days after the end of the quarter being reported. [326 IAC 7-2-1(c)(1)]

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The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the “responsible official” as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (c) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5-7(5), reporting of continuous monitoring system instrument downtime, except for zero (0) and span checks, which shall be reported separately, shall include the following:
- (1) Date of downtime.
 - (2) Time of commencement.
 - (3) Duration of each downtime.
 - (4) Reasons for each downtime.
 - (5) Nature of system repairs and adjustments.

The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the “responsible official” as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

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SECTION D.2

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (b) One (1) dry bottom, pulverized coal-fired boiler, identified as Boiler No. 2, installed in 1968, with a nominal heat input capacity of 4,802 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) for control of particulate matter, a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system for control of SO₂, and exhausting to stack 2. Stack 2 has continuous emissions monitors (CEMs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Boiler No. 2 was configured with a low NO_x burner in 1993. The FGD on Boiler No. 2 is anticipated to commence operation in Fall 2008.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.2.1 Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating [326 IAC 6-2-3]

The Particulate Matter emissions from Boiler #2 shall be limited to 0.227 lbs/MMBtu. Compliance with this limit shall satisfy the requirements of 326 IAC 6-2-3. This limit is based on the historic particulate matter emission limit.

D.2.2 Startup, Shutdown, and Other Opacity Limits [326 IAC 5-1-3]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 5-1-3(e) (Temporary Alternative Opacity Limitations), the following applies:
- (1) When building a new fire in Boiler No. 2, opacity may exceed the applicable limitation established in 326 IAC 5-1-2 for a period not to exceed three (3) hours (30 six minute-averaged periods) or until the flue gas temperature entering the electrostatic precipitator (ESP) reaches 250 degrees Fahrenheit, whichever occurs first.
 - (2) When shutting down a boiler, opacity may exceed the applicable limitation established in 326 IAC 5-1-2 for a period not to exceed three (3) hours (30 six minute-averaged periods) or until the flue gas temperature entering the electrostatic precipitator (ESP) has dropped below 250 degrees Fahrenheit, whichever occurs first.
 - (3) Operation of the electrostatic precipitator is not required during these times.
- (b) When removing ashes from the fuel bed or furnace in a boiler or blowing tubes, opacity may exceed the applicable limit established in 326 IAC 5-1-2. However, opacity levels shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) for any six (6)-minute averaging period and opacity in excess of the applicable limit shall not continue for more than one (1) six (6)-minute averaging periods in any sixty (60) minute period. The averaging periods shall not be permitted for more than three (3) six (6)-minute averaging periods in a twelve (12) hour period.
- (c) Permittee is also allowed one start up and one shut down per calendar year as follows:
- (i) When building a new fire in a boiler, opacity may exceed the 40% opacity limitation established in 326 IAC 5-1-2 for a period not to exceed a total of seven (7) hours (seventy (70) six (6)-minute averaging periods, consecutive or non-consecutive) or until the flue gas temperature reaches two hundred fifty (250) degrees Fahrenheit, whichever occurs first.

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- (ii) When shutting down a boiler, opacity may exceed the 40% opacity limitation established in 326 IAC 5-1-2 for a period not to exceed a total of five (5) hours (fifty (50) six (6)-minute averaging periods, consecutive or non-consecutive).

D.2.3 Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) [326 IAC 7-4-8]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-4-8 (Vermillion County Sulfur Dioxide Emission Limitations), the SO₂ emissions from Boiler No. 2 shall not exceed 4.40 pounds per million Btu (lbs/MMBtu), demonstrated using a thirty (30) day rolling average. This limitation will ensure that SO₂ emissions do not exceed the amount assumed in the modeling analysis performed for the Vermillion County SO₂ SIP limits.

D.2.4 Operation Standards [326 IAC 2-1.1-5(a)(4)] [40 CFR 261] [40 CFR 279] [329 IAC 13]

- (a) All coal burned, including coal treated with any additive, shall meet the ASTM definition of coal.
- (b) The burning of hazardous waste, as defined by 40 CFR 261, is prohibited in this facility. Any boiler tube chemical cleaning waste liquids, binding agent, or used oil combusted shall meet the toxicity characteristic requirements for non-hazardous waste.
- (c) Any boiler or condenser tube chemical cleaning waste liquids fired in the boiler shall only contain the cleaning solution and two full volume boiler rinses.

D.2.5 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for this facility and its emission control devices.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.2.6 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

Within the two (2) calendar years following the most recent stack test, compliance with the PM limitation in Condition D.2.1 shall be determined by a performance stack test conducted utilizing methods as approved by the Commissioner. This test shall be repeated at least once every two (2) calendar years following this valid compliance demonstration. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with Section C- Performance Testing.

D.2.7 Operation of Electrostatic Precipitator [326 IAC 2-7-6(6)]

Except as otherwise provided by statute or rule or in this permit, the electrostatic precipitator shall be operated at all times that Boiler No. 2 is in operation and combusting solid fuel.

D.2.8 Continuous Emissions Monitoring [326 IAC 3-5]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5 (Continuous Monitoring of Emissions), continuous emission monitoring systems shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated for measuring opacity, which meet all applicable performance specifications of 326 IAC 3-5-2.

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- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5 (Continuous Monitoring of Emissions) and upon the operation of the flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system, a continuous monitoring system for the measurement of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) emissions, which meets the performance specifications of 326 IAC 3-5-2, shall be installed, calibrated, operated, and maintained.

D.2.9 Sulfur Dioxide Emissions and Sulfur Content [326 IAC 2-7-5(A)] [326 IAC 2-7-6] [326 IAC 7-2]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-2-1(c), the Permittee shall demonstrate that the sulfur dioxide emissions from Unit 2 do not exceed the equivalents of the limits specified in Conditions D.2.3 (Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)) using a thirty (30) day rolling weighted average.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-2-1(e) and 326 IAC 3-7, coal sampling and analysis data shall be collected as follows:
 - (1) Coal sampling shall be performed using the methods specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2(a), and sample preparation and analysis shall be performed as specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2(c), (d), and (e); or
 - (2) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-7-3, manual or other non-ASTM automatic sampling and analysis procedures may be used upon a demonstration, submitted to the department for approval, that such procedures provide sulfur dioxide emission estimates representative either of estimates based on coal sampling and analysis procedures specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2 or of continuous emissions monitoring.
- (c) Upon the operation of the FDG system, continuous emission monitoring data collected and reported pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5 shall be used as the means for determining compliance with the emission limitations in 326 IAC 7.

D.2.10 Nitrogen Oxides Monitoring Requirement [326 IAC 10-4-4(b)(1)] [326 IAC 10-4-12(b) and (c)] [40 CFR 75]

The Permittee shall record, report, and quality assure the data from the monitoring systems for the NO_x budget units in accordance with 326 IAC 10-4-12 and 40 CFR 75.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.2.11 Transformer-Rectifier (T-R) Sets [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- (a) The ability of the ESP to control particulate emissions shall be monitored once per day, when the unit is in operation, by measuring and recording the number of T-R sets in service and the primary and secondary voltages and the currents of the T-R sets.
- (b) Reasonable response steps shall be taken in accordance with Section C - Response to Exceedances or Excursions whenever the percentage of T-R sets in service falls below ninety percent (90%). T-R set failure resulting in less than ninety percent (90%) availability is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation from this permit.

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D.2.12 Opacity Readings [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- (a) Appropriate response steps shall be taken in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances whenever the opacity exceeds twenty-five percent (25%) for three (3) consecutive six (6) minute averaging periods. In the event of opacity exceeding twenty-five percent (25%), response steps will be taken such that the cause(s) of the excursion are identified and corrected and opacity levels are brought back below twenty-five percent (25%). Examples of expected response steps include, but are not limited to, boiler loads being reduced and ESP T-R sets being returned to service.
- (b) Opacity readings in excess of twenty-five percent (25%) but not exceeding the opacity limit for the unit are not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation from this permit.
- (c) The requirements of (a) and (b), do not apply to Boiler No. 2 during startup and shutdown of Boiler No. 2 and do not apply when Boiler No. 2 is being controlled by the flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system.

D.2.13 SO₂ Monitoring System Downtime [326 IAC 2-7-6] [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)]

- (a) Prior to the operation of the FGD system, whenever the automatic coal sampling system is malfunctioning or down for repairs or adjustments for twenty-four (24) hours or more, the following shall be used to provide information related to SO₂ emissions:

Fuel sampling shall be conducted as specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2(a) or (b). Fuel sample preparation and analysis shall be conducted as specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2(c), 326 IAC 3-7-2(d), and 326 IAC 3-7-2(e). Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-7-3, manual or other non-ASTM automatic sampling and analysis procedures may be used upon a demonstration, submitted to the department for approval, that such procedures provide sulfur dioxide emission estimates representative either of estimates based on coal sampling and analysis procedures specified in 326 IAC 3-7-2 or of continuous emissions monitoring.
- (b) Upon the operation of the FGD system, whenever the SO₂ continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) is malfunctioning or down for repairs or adjustments for twenty-four (24) hours or more, the Permittee shall monitor and record the boiler load, recirculation pH, slurry feed rate, and number of recirculation pumps in service, to demonstrate that the operation of the scrubber continues in a manner typical for the boiler load and sulfur content of the coal fired. Scrubber parametric monitoring readings shall be recorded at least twice per day until the primary CEMS or a backup CEMS is brought online.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.2.14 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with Section C - Opacity and Conditions D.2.1, D.2.2, D.2.8, and D.2.14, the Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (1) through (4) below. Records shall be complete and sufficient to establish compliance with the limits established in Section C - Opacity and in Conditions D.2.1 and D.2.2.
 - (1) Data and results from the most recent stack test.
 - (2) All continuous opacity monitoring data, pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5.

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- (3) The results of Method 9 visible emission readings taken during any periods of COMS downtime.
- (4) All ESP parametric monitoring readings.
- (b) To document compliance with Conditions D.2.3, D.2.9 and D.2.13, the Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (1) and (2) below. Records shall be complete and sufficient to establish compliance with the SO₂ limits as required in Conditions D.2.3 and D.2.9. The Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (2)(A) and (B) below during SO₂ CEM system downtime if a backup CEM is not used.
 - (1) Prior to the operation of the FGD system, the Permittee shall maintain all fuel sampling and analysis data, pursuant to 326 IAC 7-2.
 - (2) Upon the operation of the FGD system, the Permittee shall maintain the following records:
 - (A) All SO₂ continuous emissions monitoring data pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5-6.
 - (B) All scrubber parametric monitoring readings taken during any periods of CEMS downtime, in accordance with Condition D.2.13(b).
 - (C) Actual fuel usage during each SO₂ CEMS downtime.
- (c) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-7-5(a) and prior to operation of the FGD system, the Permittee shall develop a standard operating procedure (SOP) to be followed for sampling, handling, analysis, quality control, quality assurance, and data reporting of the information collected pursuant to 326 IAC 3-7-2 through 326 IAC 3-7-4. In addition, any revision to the SOP shall be submitted to IDEM, OAQ.
- (d) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

D.2.15 Reporting Requirements

- (a) A quarterly report of opacity exceedances and a quarterly summary of the information to document compliance with Condition D.2.9 shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, within thirty (30) days after the end of the quarter being reported. The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (b) Prior to the operation of the FGD system, a quarterly report of the thirty (30) day rolling weighted average sulfur dioxide emission rate in pounds per million Btus, and records of the daily average coal sulfur content, coal heat content, weighing factor, and daily average sulfur dioxide emission rate in pounds per million Btus shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, within thirty (30) days after the end of the quarter being reported. [326 IAC 7-2-1(c)(1)]

The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

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- (c) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5-7(5), reporting of continuous monitoring system instrument downtime, except for zero (0) and span checks, which shall be reported separately, shall include the following:
- (1) Date of downtime.
 - (2) Time of commencement.
 - (3) Duration of each downtime.
 - (4) Reasons for each downtime.
 - (5) Nature of system repairs and adjustments.

The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

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SECTION D.3

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (c) One (1) natural gas and no. 2 fuel oil-fired combustion turbine, identified as Unit No. 4, installed in 1992, with a nominal heat input capacity of 1,297 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with hybrid burners to control NO_x while burning natural gas and water injection for control of nitrogen oxides while combusting fuel oil, and exhausting to stack 4.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.3.1 General Provisions Relating to NSPS [326 IAC 12-1] [40 CFR 60, Subpart A]

The provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A - General Provisions, which are incorporated by reference in 326 IAC 12-1, apply to the facilities described in this section except when otherwise specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GG.

D.3.2 New Source Performance Standard (NSPS) [326 IAC 12] [40 CFR 60, Subpart GG]

Pursuant to 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG (Stationary Gas Turbines), emissions from the combustion turbine shall be limited as follows:

- (a) Nitrogen oxides (NO_x) emissions, as required by 40 CFR 60.332, shall not exceed:

$$\text{STD} = 0.0075 \frac{(14.4)}{Y} + F,$$

where STD = allowable ISO corrected (if required as given in 40 CFR 60.335(b)(1)) NO_x emission concentration (percent by volume at 15 percent oxygen on a dry basis).

Y = manufacturer's rated heat rate at manufacturer's rated load (kilojoules per watt hour) or, actual measured heat rate based on lower heating value of fuel as measured at actual peak load for the facility. The value of Y shall not exceed 14.4 kilojoules per watt hour.

F = NO_x emission allowance for fuel-bound nitrogen as defined in paragraph (a)(3) of 40 CFR 60.332.

The limitations established by the above equation equal a NO_x emission limitation of 91.5 ppmdv @ 15% oxygen while burning natural gas, and 92.8 ppmdv @ 15% oxygen while burning fuel oil.

Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.334(b), the Permittee shall install, certify, maintain, operate, and quality assure a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) consisting of NO_x and O₂ or CO₂ monitors. CEMS shall be installed, certified, maintained and operated as specified in 40 CFR 60.334(b)(1) through (b)(3). Water injection shall be used to control NO_x emissions to the level required by the equation stated above when combusting fuel oil. The water injection system shall be operating as needed to control NO_x whenever the turbines are in operation and combusting fuel oil, except during the 14 minute start-up and 14 minute shutdown periods.

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- (b) Sulfur dioxide (SO₂) emissions, as required by 40 CFR 60.333, shall not exceed 0.015 percent by volume at 15 percent oxygen on a dry basis, or the Permittee shall only use fuel with a sulfur content less than or equal to 0.8 percent by weight;

D.3.3 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) [326 IAC 2-2-3]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-2-3 (PSD requirements) and Construction Permit No. 165-2113-00001, issued on June 25, 1992, the emissions in the exhaust from the turbine shall not exceed any of the following limits:

- (a) While burning natural gas:
 - (1) 25 ppmvd NO_x at 15 percent oxygen
 - (2) 0.8 percent sulfur content by weight in the fuel
- (b) While burning natural gas at 100% load and 49 degrees F ambient temperature:
 - (1) 0.0056 pounds VOC per million Btu heat input;
 - (2) 0.0209 pounds CO per million Btu heat input;
- (c) While burning fuel oil:
 - (1) 42 ppmvd NO_x at 15 percent oxygen
 - (2) 0.05 percent sulfur content by weight in the fuel
- (d) While burning fuel oil at 100% load and 26 degrees F ambient temperature:
 - (1) 0.0071 pounds VOC per million Btu heat input; and
 - (2) 0.0211 pounds CO per million Btu heat input.
- (e) Fuel usage limits:
 - (1) 2,803 million cubic feet per month of natural gas;
 - (2) 15.94 million gallons per month of fuel oil; and
 - (3) For every 1000 gallons of fuel oil used, natural gas limits are lowered by 0.176 million cubic feet.
- (f) The limits on NO_x emissions apply at all times except during the 14 minute start-up and 14 minute shutdown periods.

D.3.4 Opacity Limitations [326 IAC 2-2-3]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-2-3 (PSD requirements) and Construction Permit No. 165-2113-00001, issued on June 25, 1992, the exhaust from the turbine shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) opacity as determined by EPA Method 9, except during the 14 minute start-up and 14 minute shut-down periods.

D.3.5 Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) [326 IAC 7-1.1]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-1.1-2 (Sulfur Dioxide Emission Limitations), the SO₂ emissions from the turbine shall not exceed five-tenths (0.5) pound per million Btu (lbs/MMBtu).

D.3.6 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for this facility and its control device.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.3.7 Continuous Monitoring System [326 IAC 12] [40 CFR 60, Subpart GG]

Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.334(b), the Permittee shall install, certify, maintain, operate, and quality assure a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) consisting of NO_x and O₂ or CO₂ monitors. The CEMS shall be installed, certified, maintained and operated as specified in 40 CFR 60.334(b)(1) through (b)(3).

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.3.8 Visible Emissions Notations [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- (a) Visible emission (VE) notations of the turbine stack exhaust shall be performed once per day during normal daylight operations while combusting fuel oil. A trained employee shall record whether emissions are normal or abnormal.
- (b) If abnormal emissions are observed at any boiler exhaust, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances. Observation of abnormal emissions that do not violate an applicable opacity limit is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation from this permit.
- (c) "Normal" means those conditions prevailing, or expected to prevail, eighty percent (80%) of the time the process is in operation, not counting startup or shut down time.
- (d) A trained employee is an employee who has worked at the plant at least one (1) month and has been trained in the appearance and characteristics of normal visible emissions for the turbine.

D.3.9 Sulfur Content and Nitrogen Content [326 IAC 12] [40 CFR 60, Subpart GG]

- (a) Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.334(h) and (i), the Permittee:
 - (1) Shall monitor the total sulfur content of the fuel being fired in the turbine, except as provided in paragraph (h)(3) of 40 CFR 60.334. The sulfur content of the fuel must be determined using total sulfur methods described in Sec. 60.335(b)(10). Alternatively, if the total sulfur content of the gaseous fuel during the most recent performance test was less than 0.4 weight percent (4000 ppmw), ASTM D4084-82, 94, D5504-01, D6228-98, or Gas Processors Association Standard 2377-86 (all of which are incorporated by reference-see Sec. 60.17), which measure the major sulfur compounds may be used; and
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (h)(1) of 40 CFR 60.334, the Permittee is not required to monitor the total sulfur content of the gaseous fuel combusted in the turbine, if the gaseous fuel is demonstrated to meet the definition of natural gas in Sec. 60.331(u), regardless of whether an existing custom schedule approved by IDEM, OAQ for subpart GG requires such monitoring. The Permittee shall use one of the sources of information described in 40 CFR 60.334(h)(3)(i) and (ii).
 - (3) Pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60.334(h)(2), the Permittee is not required to monitor the nitrogen content of the fuel combusted in the turbine if the Permittee does not claim any allowance for fuel bound nitrogen.

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- (4) For any turbine that commenced construction, reconstruction or modification after October 3, 1977, but before July 8, 2004, and for which a custom fuel monitoring schedule has previously been approved, the Permittee may, without submitting a special petition to IDEM, OAQ, continue monitoring on this schedule.
- (b) The frequency of determining the sulfur content of the fuel shall be as follows:
 - (1) Fuel oil: For fuel oil, use one of the total sulfur sampling options and the associated sampling frequency described in sections 2.2.3, 2.2.4.1, 2.2.4.2, and 2.2.4.3 of appendix D to part 75 of this chapter (i.e., flow proportional sampling, daily sampling, sampling from the unit's storage tank after each addition of fuel to the tank, or sampling each delivery prior to combining it with fuel oil already in the intended storage tank). If an emission allowance is being claimed for fuel-bound nitrogen, the nitrogen content of the oil shall be determined and recorded once per unit operating day.
 - (2) Custom schedules. Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (i)(2) of 40 CFR 60.334, operators or fuel vendors may develop custom schedules for determination of the total sulfur content of gaseous fuels, based on the design and operation of the affected facility and the characteristics of the fuel supply. Except as provided in paragraphs (i)(3)(i) and (i)(3)(ii) of 40 CFR 60.334, custom schedules shall be substantiated with data and shall be approved by IDEM, OAQ before they can be used to comply with the standard in Sec. 60.333.
- (c) Pursuant to the June 21, 1995 approval letter from Felicia George, Assistant Commissioner, Office of Air Management, the Natural gas combusted may be monitored through the analysis of pipeline gas from the natural gas supplier. Gas samples shall be taken once per calendar quarter at the closest proximity to the site of the turbines. In the event of less than 30 days of turbine operation in a quarter, the quarterly sampling is waived. For these purposes, one day of operation shall be defined as any day that gas is burned for more than one (1) hour.
- (d) Analysis of the natural gas and fuel oil shall be performed using methodologies approved in 40 CFR 60, 40 CFR 75, or other methods approved by the EPA.

The sulfur content information obtained from this monitoring shall be used to document compliance with the limits stated in Conditions D.3.2, D.3.3 and D.3.5.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.3.10 Record Keeping Requirements

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- (a) To document compliance with Section C - Opacity and Conditions D.3.1, D.3.2, D.3.3, D.3.4, D.3.5, and D.3.7, the Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (1) through (4) below. Records maintained for (3) shall be taken according to Condition D.3.7 and shall be complete and sufficient to establish compliance with the sulfur content limits established in Condition D.3.2.
 - (1) Data and results from the most recent stack test;
 - (2) All continuous emissions monitoring data;

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- (3) All fuel nitrogen content and sulfur content monitoring data (when claiming zero allowance for fuel bound nitrogen, or if the fuel combusted in the turbine qualifies as natural gas, the Permittee shall indicate it as such on the records); and
 - (4) All fuel oil and natural gas usage data used to show compliance with Condition D.3.3.
- (b) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

D.3.11 Reporting Requirements

The Permittee shall submit a quarterly summary of the following:

- (a) Pursuant to Construction Permit No. 165-2113-00001, issued on June 25, 1992, The Permittee shall submit a quarterly summary of the following:
 - (1) The date and times of operation of the turbine.
 - (2) The fuel type used during all periods of turbine operation.
 - (3) The sulfur content of the fuel oil.
 - (4) For each calendar month, the total combined natural gas and No. 2 fuel oil usage for the month and for the last 12 month period.
 - (5) Additional information required by 40 CFR 60.334, including the following:
 - (A) For each affected unit required to continuously monitor parameters or emissions, or to periodically determine the fuel sulfur content or fuel nitrogen content under this subpart, the Permittee shall submit reports of excess emissions and monitor downtime, in accordance with Sec. 60.7(c). Excess emissions shall be reported for all periods of unit operation, including startup, shutdown and malfunction. For the purpose of reports required under Sec. 60.7(c), periods of excess emissions and monitor downtime that shall be reported are defined as follows:
 - (1) Nitrogen oxides.
 - (i) For turbines using NO_x and diluent CEMS:
 - (A) An hour of excess emissions shall be any unit operating hour in which the 4-hour rolling average NO_x concentration exceeds the applicable emission limit in Sec. 60.332(a)(1) or (2). For the purposes of this subpart, a "4-hour rolling average NO_x concentration" is the arithmetic average of the average NO_x concentration measured by the CEMS for a given hour (corrected to 15 percent O₂ and, if required under Sec. 60.335(b)(1), to ISO standard conditions) and the three unit operating hour average NO_x concentrations immediately preceding that unit operating hour.

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- (B) A period of monitor downtime shall be any unit operating hour in which sufficient data are not obtained to validate the hour, for either NO_x concentration or diluent (or both).
 - (C) Each report shall include the ambient conditions (temperature, pressure, and humidity) at the time of the excess emission period and (if the Permittee has claimed an emission allowance for fuel bound nitrogen) the nitrogen content of the fuel during the period of excess emissions. The Permittee does not have to report ambient conditions if the Permittee opts to use the worst case ISO correction factor as specified in Sec. 60.334(b)(3)(ii), or if the Permittee is not using the ISO correction equation under the provisions of Sec. 60.335(b)(1).
- (2) Sulfur dioxide.
- If the Permittee is required to monitor the sulfur content of the fuel under paragraph (h) of 40 CFR 60.334:
- (i) For samples of gaseous fuel and for oil samples obtained using daily sampling, flow proportional sampling, or sampling from the unit's storage tank, an excess emission occurs each unit operating hour included in the period beginning on the date and hour of any sample for which the sulfur content of the fuel being fired in the gas turbine exceeds 0.8 weight percent and ending on the date and hour that a subsequent sample is taken that demonstrates compliance with the sulfur limit.
 - (ii) For the option to sample each delivery of fuel oil, the Permittee shall immediately switch to one of the other oil sampling options (i.e., daily sampling, flow proportional sampling, or sampling from the unit's storage tank) if the sulfur content of a delivery exceeds 0.8 weight percent. The Permittee shall continue to use one of the other sampling options until all of the oil from the delivery has been combusted, and shall evaluate excess emissions according to paragraph (j)(2)(i) of 40 CFR 60.334. When all of the fuel from the delivery has been burned, the owner or operator may resume using the as-delivered sampling option.
 - (iii) A period of monitor downtime begins when a required sample is not taken by its due date. A period of monitor downtime also begins on the date and hour of a required sample, if invalid results are obtained. The period of monitor downtime shall include only unit operating hours,

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and ends on the date and hour of the next valid sample.

- (B) For sulfur dioxides:
 - (1) Any daily period during which the sulfur content of the natural gas fuel being fired in the gas turbine exceeds 0.8 percent by weight.
 - (2) Any daily period during which the sulfur content of the fuel oil being fired in the gas turbine exceeds 0.05 percent by weight.
 - (3) All fuel sampling and analysis data.
 - (4) Actual fuel usage since last compliance determination period.
 - (C) For ice fog and emergency fuel as required by 40 CFR 60.334(c)(3) and (4).
 - (D) For each calendar month, the total combined natural gas and No. 2 fuel oil usage for the month and for the last 12 consecutive month period.
- (b) The summaries shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, within thirty (30) days after the end of the quarter being reported. [326 IAC 7-2-1(c)(2)]
- (c) The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

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SECTION D.4

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (d) One (1) no. 2 fuel oil-fired generator, identified as Unit No. 3A, installed in 1972, with a nominal heat input capacity of 30 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), exhausting to stack 3A.
- (e) One (1) no. 2 fuel oil-fired generator, identified as Unit No. 3B, installed in 1972, with a nominal heat input capacity of 30 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), exhausting to stack 3B.
- (f) One (1) no. 2 fuel oil-fired generator, identified as Unit No. 3C, installed in 1972, with a nominal heat input capacity of 30 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), exhausting to stack 3C.
- (g) One (1) no. 2 fuel oil-fired generator, identified as Unit No. 3D, installed in 1972, with a nominal heat input capacity of 30 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), exhausting to stack 3D.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.4.1 Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) [326 IAC 7-1.1-1]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-1.1 (SO₂ Emissions Limitations), the SO₂ emissions from each generator shall not exceed five-tenths (0.5) pound per million Btu heat input.

D.4.2 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for these facilities.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.4.3 Sulfur Dioxide Emissions and Sulfur Content [326 IAC 3] [326 IAC 7-2] [326 IAC 7-1.1-2]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-2-1(c)(3), the Permittee shall demonstrate that the sulfur dioxide emissions do not exceed the equivalent of 0.5 pounds per MMBtu, using a calendar month average.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-2-1(e) and 326 IAC 3-7-4, fuel sampling and analysis data shall be collected as follows:
 - (1) The Permittee may rely upon vendor analysis of fuel delivered, if accompanied by a vendor certification [326 IAC 3-7-4(b)]; or,
 - (2) The Permittee shall perform sampling and analysis of fuel oil samples in accordance with 326 IAC 3-7-4(a).
 - (A) Oil samples shall be collected from the tanker truck load prior to transferring fuel to the storage tank; or
 - (B) Oil samples shall be collected from the storage tank immediately after each addition of fuel to the tank.
 - (C) As an alternate to (A) and (B) above, samples may be collected prior to combustion (as burned) on each day fuel is combusted.

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- (c) Upon written notification to IDEM by a facility owner or operator, continuous emission monitoring data collected and reported pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5 may be used as the means for determining compliance with the emission limitations in 326 IAC 7. Upon such notification, the other requirements of 326 IAC 7-2 shall not apply. [326 IAC 7-2-1(g)]

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.4.4 Visible Emissions Notations

- (a) Visible emission (VE) notations of the generators' stack exhausts shall be performed one (1) hour after startup and once per shift thereafter during normal daylight operations while combusting fuel oil. A trained employee shall record whether emissions are normal or abnormal.
- (b) If abnormal emissions are observed at any generators' exhaust, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances. Observation of abnormal emissions that do not violate an applicable opacity limit is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation from this permit.
- (c) "Normal" means those conditions prevailing, or expected to prevail, eighty percent (80%) of the time the process is in operation, not counting startup or shut down time.
- (d) A trained employee is an employee who has worked at the plant at least one (1) month and has been trained in the appearance and characteristics of normal visible emissions for the generators.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.4.5 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with Condition D.4.1, the Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (1) through (6) below.
 - (1) Calendar dates covered in the compliance determination period;
 - (2) Actual fuel oil usage since last compliance determination period and equivalent sulfur dioxide emissions;
 - (3) A certification, signed by the owner or operator, that the records of the fuel supplier certifications, or the records of fuel sampling and analysis, represent all of the fuel combusted during the period; and

If the fuel supplier certification is used to demonstrate compliance the following, as a minimum, shall be maintained:

- (4) Fuel supplier certifications;
- (5) The name of the fuel supplier; and
- (6) A statement from the fuel supplier that certifies the sulfur content of the fuel oil.

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The Permittee shall retain records of all recording/monitoring data and support information for a period of five (5) years, or longer if specified elsewhere in this permit, from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, or report. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit.

- (b) To document compliance with Condition D.4.4, the Permittee shall maintain records of visible emission notations of the generators' stack exhausts. The Permittee shall include in its daily record when a visible emission notation is not taken and the reason for the lack of visible emission notation (e.g. the unit did not operate that day).
- (c) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

D.4.6 Reporting Requirements

A summary of the information to document compliance with Condition D.4.1 shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements upon request.

The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

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SECTION D.5

FACILITY CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (h) A dual conveyor coal processing system, with a nominal throughput of 1900 tons of coal per hour (950 tons of coal per hour each side), consisting of the following equipment:
- (1) One (1) railcar unloading station, with a drop point to two (2) hoppers identified as DP-1, with the drop point enclosed with emissions uncontrolled, and exhausting to the ambient air.
 - (2) One (1) storage area, having a nominal storage capacity including the active piles of 982,800 tons, with fugitive emissions controlled as needed by a watering truck.
 - (3) One (1) enclosed hopper, with a drop point to a conveyor identified as DP-2, with the drop point enclosed with emissions controlled by a water spray dust suppression system as needed, and exhausting to the ambient air.
 - (4) One (1) enclosed hopper and two (2) reclaim feeders, with an underground drop points identified as DP-11 and DP-12, with emissions controlled by the underground enclosure, and routed to the conveyor system.
 - (5) An enclosed dual conveyor system, with 6 drop points identified as DP-3 through DP-6, DP-8, and DP-13, with each drop point enclosed with emissions controlled by the enclosure. Drop points DP-3 through DP-5, DP-8, and DP-13 are controlled as needed by a water spray dust suppression system, and DP-6 is controlled by rotoclones.
 - (6) An enclosed conveyor system with drop point identified as DP-9, controlled by a telescoping chute.
 - (7) Coal bunker and coal scale exhausts and associated dust collector vents.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.5.1 Particulate [326 IAC 6-3-2]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-3-2 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Manufacturing Processes), the particulate emission rate from the coal processing drop points, coal scale exhausts, and coal bunkers shall not exceed 86.19 pounds per hour when operating at a process weight rate of 1900 tons per hour. This is determined by the following equation:

Interpolation and extrapolation of the data for the process weight rate in excess of sixty thousand (60,000) pounds per hour shall be accomplished by use of the equation:

$$E = 55.0 P^{0.11} - 40 \quad \text{where } E = \text{rate of emission in pounds per hour and} \\ P = 950 \text{ (process weight rate in tons per hour)}$$

D.5.2 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for these facilities and their control devices.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.5.3 Particulate Control [326 IAC 2-7-6(6)]

Except as otherwise provided by statute or rule or in this permit, in order to comply with Section C - Opacity and Condition D.5.1, the dust collectors shall be in operation at all times the coal bunker and coal scales are in operation.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.5.4 Visible Emissions Notations [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- (a) Visible emission notations of the coal unloading station, coal bunker, coal scale exhausts and associated dust collector vents exhausts shall be performed once per week during normal daylight operations when transferring coal. A trained employee shall record whether emissions are normal or abnormal.
- (b) If abnormal emissions are observed from the coal unloading station, coal bunker, coal scale exhausts and associated dust collector vents exhausts, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances. Observation of abnormal emissions that do not violate 326 IAC 6-4 (Fugitive Dust Emissions) or an applicable opacity limit is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances, shall be considered a violation of this permit.
- (c) For processes operated continuously, "normal" means those conditions prevailing, or expected to prevail, eighty percent (80%) of the time the process is in operation.
- (d) In the case of batch or discontinuous operations, readings shall be taken during that part of the operation that would normally be expected to cause the greatest emissions.
- (e) A trained employee is an employee who has worked at the plant at least one (1) month and has been trained in the appearance and characteristics of normal visible emissions for that specific process.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.5.5 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with Section C - Opacity, Section C -Fugitive Dust Emissions, and Condition D.5.4, the Permittee shall maintain records of the visible emission notations of the coal unloading station, coal bunker, coal scale exhausts and associated dust collector vents exhausts.
- (b) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

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SECTION D.6

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)] Insignificant Activities

- (a) Degreasing operations that do not exceed 145 gallons per 12 months, except if subject to 326 IAC 20-6.
- (b) One (1) fuel oil storage tank, identified as T-1, installed in 1992, with a capacity of 395,000 gallons, used to store fuel oil for the combustion turbine, and exhausting through vent T-1.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.6.1 Organic Solvent Degreasing Operations: Cold Cleaner Operation [326 IAC 8-3-2]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-2 (Cold Cleaner Operations), the owner or operator shall:

- (a) Equip the cleaner with a cover;
- (b) Equip the cleaner with a facility for draining cleaned parts;
- (c) Close the degreaser cover whenever parts are not being handled in the cleaner;
- (d) Drain cleaned parts for at least fifteen (15) seconds or until dripping ceases;
- (e) Provide a permanent, conspicuous label summarizing the operation requirements;
- (f) Store waste solvent only in covered containers and not dispose of waste solvent or transfer it to another party, in such a manner that greater than twenty percent (20%) of the waste solvent (by weight) can evaporate into the atmosphere.

D.6.2 Organic Solvent Degreasing Operations: Cold Cleaner Degreaser Operation and Control [326 IAC 8-3-5]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-5(a) (Cold Cleaner Degreaser Operation and Control), the owner or operator of a cold cleaner degreaser facility shall ensure that the following control equipment requirements are met:
 - (1) Equip the degreaser with a cover. The cover must be designed so that it can be easily operated with one (1) hand if:
 - (A) The solvent volatility is greater than two (2) kiloPascals (fifteen (15) millimeters of mercury or three-tenths (0.3) pounds per square inch) measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38°C) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100°F));
 - (B) The solvent is agitated; or
 - (C) The solvent is heated.
 - (2) Equip the degreaser with a facility for draining cleaned articles. If the solvent volatility is greater than four and three-tenths (4.3) kiloPascals (thirty-two (32) millimeters of mercury) or six-tenths (0.6) pounds per square inch) measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38°C) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100°F)), then the drainage facility must be internal such that articles are enclosed under the cover while draining.

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The drainage facility may be external for applications where an internal type cannot fit into the cleaning system.

- (3) Provide a permanent, conspicuous label which lists the operating requirements outlined in subsection (b).
 - (4) The solvent spray, if used, must be a solid, fluid stream and shall be applied at a pressure which does not cause excessive splashing.
 - (5) Equip the degreaser with one (1) of the following control devices if the solvent volatility is greater than four and three-tenths (4.3) kiloPascals (thirty-two (32) millimeters of mercury) or six-tenths (0.6) pounds per square inch measured at thirty-eight degrees Celsius (38^oC) (one hundred degrees Fahrenheit (100^oF)), or if the solvent is heated to a temperature greater than forty-eight and nine-tenths degrees Celsius (48.9^oC) (one hundred twenty degrees Fahrenheit (120^oF)):
 - (A) A freeboard that attains a freeboard ratio of seventy-five hundredths (0.75) or greater.
 - (B) A water cover when solvent is used is insoluble in, and heavier than, water.
 - (C) Other systems of demonstrated equivalent control such as a refrigerated chiller or carbon adsorption. Such systems shall be submitted to the U.S. EPA as a SIP revision.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-3-5(b) (Cold Cleaner Degreaser Operation and Control), the owner or operator of a cold cleaning facility shall ensure that the following operating requirements are met:
- (1) Close the cover whenever articles are not being handled in the degreaser.
 - (2) Drain cleaned articles for at least fifteen (15) seconds or until dripping ceases.
 - (3) Store waste solvent only in covered containers and prohibit the disposal or transfer of waste solvent in any manner in which greater than twenty percent (20%) of the waste solvent by weight could evaporate.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.6.3 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb (Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Tanks), the Permittee shall maintain records of the dimension and capacity of the storage tank for the life of the source as required by 40 CFR 60.116b.
- (b) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

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SECTION D.7

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (i) One (1) limestone handling and storage system for the flue gas desulfurization system, constructed in 2006, with a maximum throughput rate of 1,000 tons per hour, consisting of the following:
 - (1) One (1) railcar/truck unloading operation, with a maximum capacity of 1,000 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L1.
 - (2) Two (2) hoppers, each with a maximum capacity of 500 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L2.
 - (3) Two (2) belt feeders, identified as LHBF-1 and LHBF-2, each with a maximum capacity of 500 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L2.
 - (4) One (1) conveyor, identified as LH-1, controlled by a telescopic chute, and exhausting to emission point EP-L3. Under NSPS, Subpart OOO, this unit is considered a belt conveyor.
 - (5) One (1) active limestone stockout pile, with a maximum capacity of 7,700 tons.
 - (6) One (1) inactive limestone storage pile, with a maximum capacity of 45,000 tons.
 - (7) Two (2) reclaim hoppers, each with a maximum capacity of 200 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L4.
 - (8) Two (2) belt feeders, identified as LHBF-3 and LHBF-4, each with a maximum capacity of 200 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L4.
 - (9) One (1) conveyor, identified as LH-2, with a maximum capacity of 400 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission point EP-L18b. Under NSPS, Subpart OOO, this unit is considered a belt conveyor.
 - (10) One (1) reversible conveyor, identified as LH-3, with a maximum capacity of 400 tons per hour, controlled by fog dust suppression, and exhausting to emission points EP-L18a and EP-L18c. Under NSPS, Subpart OOO, this unit is considered a belt conveyor.
 - (11) Two (2) day bins, each with a maximum throughput rate of 400 tons per hour, and exhausting to EP-L16 and EP-L17, respectively. Under NSPS, Subpart OOO, these units considered storage bins.
 - (12) Two (2) wet ball mills, each with a maximum capacity of 51 tons of limestone slurry per hour. Under NSPS, Subpart OOO, these units are considered grinding mills.
- (j) One (1) gypsum handling and storage system, constructed in 2006, consisting of the following:
 - (1) One (1) wet gypsum conveying system, with a maximum throughput rate of 150 tons per hour.
 - (2) One (1) gypsum stockout pile, with a maximum capacity of 10,400 tons.
 - (3) One (1) emergency gypsum stockout pile, with a maximum capacity of 2,600 tons.

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(4) One (1) dry gypsum transferring operation, transferring gypsum to landfills by trucks on paved roads.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.7.1 PSD Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

In order to render the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (PSD) not applicable, the Permittee shall comply with the following:

- (a) The total limestone received shall not exceed 509,000 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.
- (b) The PM/PM10 emissions from the lime handling operations shall not exceed the emission limits listed in the table below:

Emission Point	Unit Description	PM Emission Limit (lbs/ton)	PM10 Emission Limit (lbs/ton)
EP-L1	Railcar/Truck Unloading	2.50E-05	2.50E-05
EP-L2	Hoppers	7.50E-04	2.75E-04
EP-L2	Belt Feeders	7.50E-04	2.75E-04
EP-L3	Conveyor LH-1	1.50E-03	5.50E-04
EP-L4	Reclaim Hoppers	7.50E-04	2.75E-04
EP-L4	Belt Feeders	7.50E-04	2.75E-04
EP-L18abc	Conveyor LH-2	7.50E-04	2.75E-04
EP-L18abc	Conveyor LH-3	7.50E-04	2.75E-04
EP-L16	Day Bin Unit 1	3.00E-03	1.10E-03
EP-L17	Day Bin Unit 2	3.00E-03	1.10E-03

- (c) The emissions from the following units of the limestone handling system shall be controlled by the control method specified in the table below:

Emission Point	Unit	Control Method
EP-L1	Railcar/Truck Unloading Operation	Fog Dust Suppression
EP-L2	Hoppers Belt Feeders LHBF-1 and LHBF-2	Fog Dust Suppression
EP-L3	Conveyor LH-1	Telescoping Chute
EP-L4	Reclaim Hoppers Belt Feeders LHBF-3 and LHBF-4	Fog Dust Suppression
EP-L18a, b, c	Conveyors LH-2 and LH-3	Fog Dust Suppression

- (d) The total gypsum processed shall not exceed 900,528 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

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- (e) The PM/PM10 emissions from the gypsum conveying system shall not exceed the emission limits listed in the table below:

Unit Description	PM Emission Limit (lbs/ton)	PM10 Emission Limit (lbs/ton)
Gypsum Conveying System	0.00014	0.000046

- (f) The limestone and gypsum stockpiles shall be controlled by wet suppression. The suppressant shall be applied in a manner and at a frequency sufficient to ensure compliance with 326 IAC 2-2.

Compliance with this condition ensures that the total potential to emit of the limestone handling and the gypsum handling systems is limited to less than 25 tons per year for PM and less than 15 tons per year for PM10. Therefore, the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (PSD) are not applicable to these units.

D.7.2 Particulate Emission [326 IAC 6-3-2]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-3-2 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Manufacturing Processes), particulate emissions from the following emission units at the limestone handling and storage system, and the gypsum conveying system shall not exceed the emission limits listed in the table below while operating at the maximum throughput rate:

Unit Description	Max. Throughput Rate (tons/hr)	Particulate Emission Limit (lbs/hr)
Railcar/Truck Unloading Operation	1,000	77.6
Each of the Hoppers	500	69.0
Each of the Belt Feeders (LHBF-1 and LHBF-2)	500	69.0
Each of the Reclaim Hoppers	200	58.5
Each of the Belt Feeders (LHBF-3 and LHBF-4)	200	58.5
Gypsum Conveying System	150	55.4

The limitations for these facilities were calculated using the following equations.

Interpolation and extrapolation of the data for the process weight rate in excess of sixty thousand (60,000) pounds per hour shall be accomplished by use of the equation:

$$E = 55.0 P^{0.11} - 40 \quad \text{where } E = \text{rate of emission in pounds per hour and} \\ P = \text{process weight rate in tons per hour}$$

- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-3-2(e)(3), when the process weight exceeds 200 tons per hour, the maximum allowable emission may exceed that shown in this table, provided the concentration of particulate matter in the gas discharged to the atmosphere is less than 0.10 pounds per 1,000 pounds of gases.

D.7.3 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for these facilities and their emission control devices.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.7.4 Visible Emissions Notations [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

- (a) Visible emission notations of the stack exhausts from the conveyors (EP-L3, EP-L18a through c) and the storage bins (EP-L16 and EP-L17) of the limestone handling and storage system shall be performed once per week during normal daylight operations when transferring limestone. A trained employee shall record whether emissions are normal or abnormal.

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- (b) For processes operated continuously, "normal" means those conditions prevailing, or expected to prevail, eighty percent (80%) of the time the process is in operation, not counting startup or shut down time.
- (c) In the case of batch or discontinuous operations, readings shall be taken during that part of the operation that would normally be expected to cause the greatest emissions.
- (d) A trained employee is an employee who has worked at the plant at least one (1) month and has been trained in the appearance and characteristics of normal visible emissions for that specific process.
- (e) If abnormal emissions are observed, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions or Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation of this permit.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.7.5 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document compliance with Condition D.7.1(a), the Permittee shall maintain monthly records of the weight of limestone processed.
- (b) To document compliance with Condition D.7.1(d), the Permittee shall maintain monthly records of the weight of gypsum processed.
- (c) To document compliance with Condition D.7.4, the Permittee shall maintain records of the once per week visible emission notations for the conveyors and storage bins of the limestone handling and storage system.
- (d) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

D.7.6 Reporting Requirements

A quarterly summary of the information to document compliance with Conditions D.7.1(a) and (d) shall be submitted to the address listed in Section C - General Reporting Requirements, of this permit, using the reporting forms located at the end of this permit, or their equivalent, within thirty (30) days after the end of the quarter being reported. The report submitted by the Permittee does require the certification by the "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

**D.7.7 General Provisions Relating to New Source Performance Standards [326 IAC 12-1]
[40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A]**

- (a) Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.1, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60 Subpart A – General Provisions, which are incorporated by reference as 326 IAC 12-1 for the ball mills, conveyors, and storage bins of the limestone handling and storage system, except as otherwise specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart OOO.
- (b) Pursuant to 40 CFR 60.19, the Permittee shall submit all required notifications and reports to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
 Compliance Branch, Office of Air Quality
 100 North Senate Avenue
 MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
 Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

D.7.8 Standard of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants Requirements [40 CFR Part 60, Subpart 000] [326 IAC 12]

Pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart 000, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of Standard of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants, which are incorporated by reference as 326 IAC 12, for the ball mills, conveyors, and storage bins of the limestone handling and storage system as specified as follows:

Subpart 000—Standards of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants

§ 60.670 Applicability and designation of affected facility.

(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (a)(2), (b), (c), and (d) of this section, the provisions of this subpart are applicable to the following affected facilities in fixed or portable nonmetallic mineral processing plants: each crusher, grinding mill, screening operation, bucket elevator, belt conveyor, bagging operation, storage bin, enclosed truck or railcar loading station. Also, crushers and grinding mills at hot mix asphalt facilities that reduce the size of nonmetallic minerals embedded in recycled asphalt pavement and subsequent affected facilities up to, but not including, the first storage silo or bin are subject to the provisions of this subpart.

(e) An affected facility under paragraph (a) of this section that commences construction, reconstruction, or modification after August 31, 1983 is subject to the requirements of this part.

(f) Table 1 of this subpart specifies the provisions of subpart A of this part 60 that apply and those that do not apply to owners and operators of affected facilities subject to this subpart.

Table 1_Applicability of Subpart A to Subpart 000

Subpart A reference	Applies to Subpart 000	Comment
60.1, Applicability.....	Yes.....	
60.2, Definitions.....	Yes.....	
60.3, Units and abbreviations.....	Yes.....	
60.4, Address:		
(a).....	Yes.....	
(b).....	Yes.....	
60.5, Determination of construction or modification.	Yes.....	
60.6, Review of plans.....	Yes.....	
60.7, Notification and recordkeeping..	Yes.....	Except in (a)(2) report of anticipated date of initial startup is not required
		(§ 60.676(h)).
60.8, Performance tests.....	Yes.....	Except in (d), after 30 days notice for an initially scheduled performance test, any rescheduled performance test requires 7 days notice, not 30 days
		(§ 60.675(g)).
60.9, Availability of information.....	Yes.....	
60.10, State authority.....	Yes.....	
60.11, Compliance with standards and	Yes.....	Except in (b) under certain conditions

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maintenance requirements.

(§§ 60.675 (c)(3) and (c)(4)), Method 9 observation may be reduced from 3 hours to 1 hour. Some affected facilities exempted from Method 9 tests (§ 60.675(h)).

- 60.12, Circumvention..... Yes.....
- 60.13, Monitoring requirements..... Yes.....
- 60.14, Modification..... Yes.....
- 60.15, Reconstruction..... Yes.....
- 60.16, Priority list..... Yes.....
- 60.17, Incorporations by reference.... Yes.....
- 60.18, General control device..... No.....
- 60.19, General notification and reporting requirements. Yes.....

Flares will not be used to comply with the emission limits.

[51 FR 31337, Aug. 1, 1985, as amended at 62 FR 31359, June 9, 1997]

§ 60.671 Definitions.

All terms used in this subpart, but not specifically defined in this section, shall have the meaning given them in the Act and in subpart A of this part.

Bagging operation means the mechanical process by which bags are filled with nonmetallic minerals.

Belt conveyor means a conveying device that transports material from one location to another by means of an endless belt that is carried on a series of idlers and routed around a pulley at each end.

Bucket elevator means a conveying device of nonmetallic minerals consisting of a head and foot assembly which supports and drives an endless single or double strand chain or belt to which buckets are attached.

Building means any frame structure with a roof.

Capacity means the cumulative rated capacity of all initial crushers that are part of the plant.

Capture system means the equipment (including enclosures, hoods, ducts, fans, dampers, etc.) used to capture and transport particulate matter generated by one or more process operations to a control device.

Control device means the air pollution control equipment used to reduce particulate matter emissions released to the atmosphere from one or more process operations at a nonmetallic mineral processing plant.

Conveying system means a device for transporting materials from one piece of equipment or location to another location within a plant. Conveying systems include but are not limited to the following: Feeders, belt conveyors, bucket elevators and pneumatic systems.

Crusher means a machine used to crush any nonmetallic minerals, and includes, but is not limited to, the following types: jaw, gyratory, cone, roll, rod mill, hammermill, and impactor.

Enclosed truck or railcar loading station means that portion of a nonmetallic mineral processing plant where nonmetallic minerals are loaded by an enclosed conveying system into enclosed trucks or railcars.

Fixed plant means any nonmetallic mineral processing plant at which the processing equipment specified in §60.670(a) is attached by a cable, chain, turnbuckle, bolt or other means (except electrical connections) to any anchor, slab, or structure including bedrock.

Fugitive emission means particulate matter that is not collected by a capture system and is released to

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the atmosphere at the point of generation.

Grinding mill means a machine used for the wet or dry fine crushing of any nonmetallic mineral. Grinding mills include, but are not limited to, the following types: hammer, roller, rod, pebble and ball, and fluid energy. The grinding mill includes the air conveying system, air separator, or air classifier, where such systems are used.

Initial crusher means any crusher into which nonmetallic minerals can be fed without prior crushing in the plant.

Nonmetallic mineral means any of the following minerals or any mixture of which the majority is any of the following minerals:

(a) Crushed and Broken Stone, including Limestone, Dolomite, Granite, Traprock, Sandstone, Quartz, Quartzite, Marl, Marble, Slate, Shale, Oil Shale, and Shell.

(b) Sand and Gravel.

(c) Clay including Kaolin, Fireclay, Bentonite, Fuller's Earth, Ball Clay, and Common Clay.

(d) Rock Salt.

(e) Gypsum.

(f) Sodium Compounds, including Sodium Carbonate, Sodium Chloride, and Sodium Sulfate.

(g) Pumice.

(h) Gilsonite.

(i) Talc and Pyrophyllite.

(j) Boron, including Borax, Kernite, and Colemanite.

(k) Barite.

(l) Fluorospar.

(m) Feldspar.

(n) Diatomite.

(o) Perlite.

(p) Vermiculite.

(q) Mica.

(r) Kyanite, including Andalusite, Sillimanite, Topaz, and Dumortierite.

Nonmetallic mineral processing plant means any combination of equipment that is used to crush or grind any nonmetallic mineral wherever located, including lime plants, power plants, steel mills, asphalt concrete plants, portland cement plants, or any other facility processing nonmetallic minerals except as provided in §60.670 (b) and (c).

Portable plant means any nonmetallic mineral processing plant that is mounted on any chassis or skids and may be moved by the application of a lifting or pulling force. In addition, there shall be no cable, chain, turnbuckle, bolt or other means (except electrical connections) by which any piece of equipment is attached or clamped to any anchor, slab, or structure, including bedrock that must be removed prior to the application of a lifting or pulling force for the purpose of transporting the unit.

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Production line means all affected facilities (crushers, grinding mills, screening operations, bucket elevators, belt conveyors, bagging operations, storage bins, and enclosed truck and railcar loading stations) which are directly connected or are connected together by a conveying system.

Screening operation means a device for separating material according to size by passing undersize material through one or more mesh surfaces (screens) in series, and retaining oversize material on the mesh surfaces (screens).

Size means the rated capacity in tons per hour of a crusher, grinding mill, bucket elevator, bagging operation, or enclosed truck or railcar loading station; the total surface area of the top screen of a screening operation; the width of a conveyor belt; and the rated capacity in tons of a storage bin.

Stack emission means the particulate matter that is released to the atmosphere from a capture system.

Storage bin means a facility for storage (including surge bins) or nonmetallic minerals prior to further processing or loading.

Transfer point means a point in a conveying operation where the nonmetallic mineral is transferred to or from a belt conveyor except where the nonmetallic mineral is being transferred to a stockpile.

Truck dumping means the unloading of nonmetallic minerals from movable vehicles designed to transport nonmetallic minerals from one location to another. Movable vehicles include but are not limited to: trucks, front end loaders, skip hoists, and railcars.

Vent means an opening through which there is mechanically induced air flow for the purpose of exhausting from a building air carrying particulate matter emissions from one or more affected facilities.

Wet mining operation means a mining or dredging operation designed and operated to extract any nonmetallic mineral regulated under this subpart from deposits existing at or below the water table, where the nonmetallic mineral is saturated with water.

Wet screening operation means a screening operation at a nonmetallic mineral processing plant which removes unwanted material or which separates marketable fines from the product by a washing process which is designed and operated at all times such that the product is saturated with water.

§ 60.672 Standard for particulate matter.

(a) On and after the date on which the performance test required to be conducted by §60.8 is completed, no owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any transfer point on belt conveyors or from any other affected facility any stack emissions which:

(1) Contain particulate matter in excess of 0.05 g/dscm (0.022 gr/dscf); and

(2) Exhibit greater than 7 percent opacity, unless the stack emissions are discharged from an affected facility using a wet scrubbing control device. Facilities using a wet scrubber must comply with the reporting provisions of §60.676 (c), (d), and (e).

(b) On and after the sixtieth day after achieving the maximum production rate at which the affected facility will be operated, but not later than 180 days after initial startup as required under §60.11 of this part, no owner or operator subject to the provisions of this subpart shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any transfer point on belt conveyors or from any other affected facility any fugitive emissions which exhibit greater than 10 percent opacity, except as provided in paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of this section.

(d) Truck dumping of nonmetallic minerals into any screening operation, feed hopper, or crusher is exempt from the requirements of this section.

(e) If any transfer point on a conveyor belt or any other affected facility is enclosed in a building, then each enclosed affected facility must comply with the emission limits in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this

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section, or the building enclosing the affected facility or facilities must comply with the following emission limits:

(1) No owner or operator shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any building enclosing any transfer point on a conveyor belt or any other affected facility any visible fugitive emissions except emissions from a vent as defined in §60.671.

(2) No owner or operator shall cause to be discharged into the atmosphere from any vent of any building enclosing any transfer point on a conveyor belt or any other affected facility emissions which exceed the stack emissions limits in paragraph (a) of this section.

(g) Owners or operators of multiple storage bins with combined stack emissions shall comply with the emission limits in paragraph (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section.

§ 60.675 Test methods and procedures.

(a) In conducting the performance tests required in §60.8, the owner or operator shall use as reference methods and procedures the test methods in appendix A of this part or other methods and procedures as specified in this section, except as provided in §60.8(b). Acceptable alternative methods and procedures are given in paragraph (e) of this section.

(b) The owner or operator shall determine compliance with the particulate matter standards in §60.672(a) as follows:

(1) Method 5 or Method 17 shall be used to determine the particulate matter concentration. The sample volume shall be at least 1.70 dscm (60 dscf). For Method 5, if the gas stream being sampled is at ambient temperature, the sampling probe and filter may be operated without heaters. If the gas stream is above ambient temperature, the sampling probe and filter may be operated at a temperature high enough, but no higher than 121 °C (250 °F), to prevent water condensation on the filter.

(2) Method 9 and the procedures in §60.11 shall be used to determine opacity.

(c)(1) In determining compliance with the particulate matter standards in §60.672 (b) and (c), the owner or operator shall use Method 9 and the procedures in §60.11, with the following additions:

(i) The minimum distance between the observer and the emission source shall be 4.57 meters (15 feet).

(ii) The observer shall, when possible, select a position that minimizes interference from other fugitive emission sources (e.g., road dust). The required observer position relative to the sun (Method 9, Section 2.1) must be followed.

(iii) For affected facilities using wet dust suppression for particulate matter control, a visible mist is sometimes generated by the spray. The water mist must not be confused with particulate matter emissions and is not to be considered a visible emission. When a water mist of this nature is present, the observation of emissions is to be made at a point in the plume where the mist is no longer visible.

(3) When determining compliance with the fugitive emissions standard for any affected facility described under §60.672(b) of this subpart, the duration of the Method 9 observations may be reduced from 3 hours (thirty 6-minute averages) to 1 hour (ten 6-minute averages) only if the following conditions apply:

(i) There are no individual readings greater than 10 percent opacity; and

(ii) There are no more than 3 readings of 10 percent for the 1-hour period.

(d) In determining compliance with §60.672(e), the owner or operator shall use Method 22 to determine fugitive emissions. The performance test shall be conducted while all affected facilities inside the building are operating. The performance test for each building shall be at least 75 minutes in duration, with each side of the building and the roof being observed for at least 15 minutes.

(e) The owner or operator may use the following as alternatives to the reference methods and procedures specified in this section:

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(1) For the method and procedure of paragraph (c) of this section, if emissions from two or more facilities continuously interfere so that the opacity of fugitive emissions from an individual affected facility cannot be read, either of the following procedures may be used:

(i) Use for the combined emission stream the highest fugitive opacity standard applicable to any of the individual affected facilities contributing to the emissions stream.

(ii) Separate the emissions so that the opacity of emissions from each affected facility can be read.

(g) If, after 30 days notice for an initially scheduled performance test, there is a delay (due to operational problems, etc.) in conducting any rescheduled performance test required in this section, the owner or operator of an affected facility shall submit a notice to the Administrator at least 7 days prior to any rescheduled performance test.

§ 60.676 Reporting and recordkeeping.

(f) The owner or operator of any affected facility shall submit written reports of the results of all performance tests conducted to demonstrate compliance with the standards set forth in §60.672 of this subpart, including reports of opacity observations made using Method 9 to demonstrate compliance with §60.672(b), (c), and (f), and reports of observations using Method 22 to demonstrate compliance with §60.672(e).

(h) The subpart A requirement under §60.7(a)(2) for notification of the anticipated date of initial startup of an affected facility shall be waived for owners or operators of affected facilities regulated under this subpart.

(i) A notification of the actual date of initial startup of each affected facility shall be submitted to the Administrator.

(1) For a combination of affected facilities in a production line that begin actual initial startup on the same day, a single notification of startup may be submitted by the owner or operator to the Administrator. The notification shall be postmarked within 15 days after such date and shall include a description of each affected facility, equipment manufacturer, and serial number of the equipment, if available.

(j) The requirements of this section remain in force until and unless the Agency, in delegating enforcement authority to a State under section 111(c) of the Act, approves reporting requirements or an alternative means of compliance surveillance adopted by such States. In that event, affected facilities within the State will be relieved of the obligation to comply with the reporting requirements of this section, provided that they comply with requirements established by the State.

D.7.9 One Time Deadlines Relating to the Standard of Performance for Nonmetallic Mineral Processing Plants [40 CFR 60, Subpart OOO]

Requirement	Rule Cite	Affected Facility	Deadline
Notification of the Date of Construction	40 CFR 60.7(a)(1)	Each Limestone Ball Mill, Conveyor, and Storage Bin	Within 30 days after construction was commenced.
Notification of the Date of Initial Startup	40 CFR 60.7(a)(3) and 40 CFR 60.676(i)	Each Limestone Ball Mill, Conveyor, and Storage Bin	Within 15 days after initial startup.
Initial Performance Test	40 CFR 60.8(a)	Each Limestone Conveyor and Storage Bin	Within 60 days after achieving the maximum production rate, but not later than 180 days after initial startup.

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SECTION D.8

FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (k) Auxiliary Boiler, identified as emission unit Aux, with a maximum heat input capacity of 72.76 MMBtu/hr fired with distillate oil and exhausting out one stack identified as stack Aux-1. The Auxiliary boiler was constructed before 1968.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.8.1 Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) [326 IAC 7-1.1-1] [326 IAC 7-2-1]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-1.1 (SO₂ Emissions Limitations) the SO₂ emissions from the Auxiliary Boiler shall not exceed five tenths (0.5) pounds per MMBtu heat input when combusting No. 2 fuel oil.

D.8.2 Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating [326 IAC 6-2-3]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-2-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating: Emission limitations for facilities specified in 326 IAC 6-2-1(c), the PM emissions from the Auxiliary Boiler stack shall not exceed 0.233 pound per million Btu heat input (lbs/MMBtu). This limitation was calculated using the following equation:

$$Pt = \frac{(C)(a)(h)}{76.5 (Q^{0.75})(N^{0.25})}$$

Where C = 50 μ/m³
Q = 9,677 MMBtu/hr (capacity of Boilers 1-2 and Auxiliary)
N = 3 (number of stacks)
a = 0.8
h = 573.7Feet (average stack height)

D.8.3 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for this facility.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.8.4 Sulfur Dioxide Emissions and Sulfur Content

Compliance shall be determined utilizing one of the following options.

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-7-4, the Permittee shall demonstrate that the sulfur dioxide emissions do not exceed five-tenths (0.5) pounds per million Btu heat input by:
- (1) Providing vendor analysis of fuel delivered, if accompanied by a vendor certification; or
 - (2) Analyzing the oil sample to determine the sulfur content of the oil via the procedures in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 19.
 - (A) Oil samples may be collected from the fuel tank immediately after the fuel tank is filled and before any oil is combusted; and
 - (B) If a partially empty fuel tank is refilled, a new sample and analysis would be required upon filling.

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- (C) As an alternate to (A) and (B) above, samples may be collected prior to combustion (as burned) on each day fuel is combusted.
- (b) Compliance may also be determined by conducting a stack test for sulfur dioxide emissions from the Auxiliary Boiler, using 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 6 in accordance with the procedures in 326 IAC 3-6.

A determination of noncompliance pursuant to any of the methods specified in (a) or (b) above shall not be refuted by evidence of compliance pursuant to the other method.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4][326 IAC 2-8-5(a)(1)]

D.8.5 Visible Emissions Notations

- (a) Visible emission notations of the Auxiliary Boiler stack exhaust (Aux-1) shall be performed once per day during normal daylight operations when burning No. 2 oil. A trained employee shall record whether emissions are normal or abnormal.
- (b) For processes operated continuously, "normal" means those conditions prevailing, or expected to prevail, eighty percent (80%) of the time the process is in operation, not counting startup or shut down time.
- (c) In the case of batch or discontinuous operations, readings shall be taken during that part of the operation that would normally be expected to cause the greatest emissions.
- (d) A trained employee is an employee who has worked at the plant at least one (1) month and has been trained in the appearance and characteristics of normal visible emissions for that specific process.
- (e) If abnormal emissions are observed, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions and Exceedances. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions and Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation from this permit.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)]

D.8.6 Record Keeping Requirement

- (a) To document compliance with Conditions D.8.1, the Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (1) through (3) below.
- (1) Calendar dates covered in the compliance determination period;
- (2) Actual fuel usage of each fuel used since last compliance determination period;
- (3) If the fuel supplier certification is used to demonstrate compliance the following, as a minimum, shall be maintained:
- (i) Fuel supplier certifications.
- (ii) The name of the fuel supplier; and
- (iii) A statement from the fuel supplier that certifies the sulfur content of the fuel oil.
- (b) To document compliance with Condition D.8.5, the Permittee shall maintain records of visible emission notations of the boiler stack (Aux-1) exhaust. The Permittee shall include in its daily record when a visible emission notation is not taken and the reason for the lack of visible emission notation, (e.g. the process did not operate that day).

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- (c) All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

SECTION E TITLE IV ACID RAIN PROGRAM CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (a) One (1) dry bottom, pulverized coal-fired boiler, identified as Boiler No. 1, installed in 1967, with a nominal heat input capacity of 4,802 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) for control of particulate matter, a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system for control of SO₂, and exhausting to stack 1. Stack 1 has continuous emissions monitors (CEMs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Boiler No. 1 was configured with a low NO_x burner in 1993. The FGD on Boiler No. 1 is anticipated to commence operation in Fall 2008.
- (b) One (1) dry bottom, pulverized coal-fired boiler, identified as Boiler No. 2, installed in 1968, with a nominal heat input capacity of 4,802 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) for control of particulate matter, a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system for control of SO₂, and exhausting to stack 2. Stack 2 has continuous emissions monitors (CEMs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Boiler No. 2 was configured with a low NO_x burner in 1993. The FGD on Boiler No. 2 is anticipated to commence operation in Fall 2008.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Acid Rain Program

E.1 Acid Rain Permit [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)(C)] [326 IAC 21] [40 CFR 72 through 40 CFR 78]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 21 (Acid Deposition Control), the Permittee shall comply with all provisions of the Acid Rain permit issued for this source, and any other applicable requirements contained in 40 CFR 72 through 40 CFR 78. The Acid Rain permit for this source is attached to this permit as Appendix A, and is incorporated by reference.

E.2 Title IV Emissions Allowances [326 IAC 2-7-5(4)] [326 IAC 21]

Emissions exceeding any allowances that the Permittee lawfully holds under the Title IV Acid Rain Program of the Clean Air Act are prohibited, subject to the following limitations:

- (a) No revision of this permit shall be required for increases in emissions that are authorized by allowances acquired under the Title IV Acid Rain Program, provided that such increases do not require a permit revision under any other applicable requirement.
- (b) No limit shall be placed on the number of allowances held by the Permittee. The Permittee may not use allowances as a defense to noncompliance with any other applicable requirement.
- (c) Any such allowance shall be accounted for according to the procedures established in regulations promulgated under Title IV of the Clean Air Act.

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SECTION F.1 Nitrogen Oxides Budget Trading Program - NO_x Budget Permit for NO_x Budget Units Under 326 IAC 10-4-1(a)

ORIS Code: 1001

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

- (a) One (1) dry bottom, pulverized coal-fired boiler, identified as Boiler No. 1, installed in 1967, with a nominal heat input capacity of 4,802 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) for control of particulate matter, a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system for control of SO₂, and exhausting to stack 1. Stack 1 has continuous emissions monitors (CEMs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Boiler No. 1 was configured with a low NO_x burner in 1993. The FGD on Boiler No. 1 is anticipated to commence operation in Fall 2008.
- (b) One (1) dry bottom, pulverized coal-fired boiler, identified as Boiler No. 2, installed in 1968, with a nominal heat input capacity of 4,802 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) for control of particulate matter, a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system for control of SO₂, and exhausting to stack 2. Stack 2 has continuous emissions monitors (CEMs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Boiler No. 2 was configured with a low NO_x burner in 1993. The FGD on Boiler No. 2 is anticipated to commence operation in Fall 2008.
- (c) One (1) natural gas and no. 2 fuel oil-fired combustion turbine, identified as Unit No. 4, installed in 1992, with a nominal heat input capacity of 1,297 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with hybrid burners to control NO_x while burning natural gas and water injection for control of nitrogen oxides while combusting fuel oil, and exhausting to stack 4.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

F.1.1 Automatic Incorporation of Definitions [326 IAC 10-4-7(e)]

This NO_x budget permit is deemed to incorporate automatically the definitions of terms under 326 IAC 10-4-2.

F.1.2 Standard Permit Requirements [326 IAC 10-4-4(a)]

- (a) The owners and operators of the NO_x budget source and each NO_x budget unit shall operate each unit in compliance with this NO_x budget permit.
- (b) The NO_x budget units subject to this NO_x budget permit are: Boilers units No.1, No. 2 and combustion turbine unit No. 4.

F.1.3 Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 10-4-4(b)]

- (a) The owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the NO_x authorized account representative of the NO_x budget source and each NO_x budget unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring requirements of 40 CFR 75 and 326 IAC 10-4-12.
- (b) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 40 CFR 75 and 326 IAC 10-4-12 shall be used to determine compliance by each unit with the NO_x budget emissions limitation under 326 IAC 10-4-4(c) and Condition F.1.4, Nitrogen Oxides Requirements.

F.1.4 Nitrogen Oxides Requirements [326 IAC 10-4-4(c)]

- (a) The owners and operators of the NOx budget source and each NOx budget unit at the source shall hold NOx allowances available for compliance deductions under 326 IAC 10-4-10(j), as of the NOx allowance transfer deadline, in each unit's compliance account and the source's overdraft account in an amount:
 - (1) Not less than the total NOx emissions for the ozone control period from the unit, as determined in accordance with 40 CFR 75 and 326 IAC 10-4-12;
 - (2) To account for excess emissions for a prior ozone control period under 326 IAC 10-4-10(k)(5); or
 - (3) To account for withdrawal from the NOx budget trading program, or a change in regulatory status of a NOx budget opt-in unit.
- (b) Each ton of NOx emitted in excess of the NOx budget emissions limitation shall constitute a separate violation of the Clean Air Act (CAA) and 326 IAC 10-4.
- (c) NOx allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred among NOx allowance tracking system accounts in accordance with 326 IAC 10-4-9 through 11, 326 IAC 10-4-13, and 326 IAC 10-4-14.
- (d) A NOx allowance shall not be deducted, in order to comply with the requirements under (a) above and 326 IAC 10-4-4(c)(1), for an ozone control period in a year prior to the year for which the NOx allowance was allocated.
- (e) A NOx allowance allocated under the NOx budget trading program is a limited authorization to emit one (1) ton of NOx in accordance with the NOx budget trading program. No provision of the NOx budget trading program, the NOx budget permit application, the NOx budget permit, or an exemption under 326 IAC 10-4-3 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the U.S. EPA or IDEM, OAQ to terminate or limit the authorization.
- (f) A NOx allowance allocated under the NOx budget trading program does not constitute a property right.
- (g) Upon recordation by the U.S. EPA under 326 IAC 10-4-10, 326 IAC 10-4-11, or 326 IAC 10-4-13, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a NOx allowance to or from each NOx budget unit's compliance account or the overdraft account of the source where the unit is located is deemed to amend automatically, and become a part of, this NOx budget permit of the NOx budget unit by operation of law without any further review.

F.1.5 Excess Emissions Requirements [326 IAC 10-4-4(d)]

The owners and operators of each NOx budget unit that has excess emissions in any ozone control period shall do the following:

- (a) Surrender the NOx allowances required for deduction under 326 IAC 10-4-10(k)(5).
- (b) Pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed under 326 IAC 10-4-10(k)(7).

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F.1.6 Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 10-4-4(e)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)]

Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the NOx budget source and each NOx budget unit at the source shall keep, either on site at the source or at a central location within Indiana for those owners or operators with unattended sources, each of the following documents for a period of five (5) years:

- (a) The account certificate of representation for the NOx authorized account representative for the source and each NOx budget unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the account certificate of representation, in accordance with 326 IAC 10-4-6(h). The certificate and documents shall be retained either on site at the source or at a central location within Indiana for those owners or operators with unattended sources beyond the five (5) year period until the documents are superseded because of the submission of a new account certificate of representation changing the NOx authorized account representative.
- (b) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 40 CFR 75 and 326 IAC 10-4-12, provided that to the extent that 40 CFR 75 and 326 IAC 10-4-12 provide for a three (3) year period for record keeping, the three (3) year period shall apply.
- (c) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the NOx budget trading program.
- (d) Copies of all documents used to complete a NOx budget permit application and any other submission under the NOx budget trading program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the NOx budget trading program.

This period may be extended for cause, at any time prior to the end of five (5) years, in writing by IDEM, OAQ or the U.S. EPA. Records retained at a central location within Indiana shall be available immediately at the location and submitted to IDEM, OAQ or U.S. EPA within three (3) business days following receipt of a written request. Nothing in 326 IAC 10-4-4(e) shall alter the record retention requirements for a source under 40 CFR 75. Unless otherwise provided, all records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

F.1.7 Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 10-4-4(e)]

- (a) The NOx authorized account representative of the NOx budget source and each NOx budget unit at the source shall submit the reports and compliance certifications required under the NOx budget trading program, including those under 326 IAC 10-4-8, 326 IAC 10-4-12, or 326 IAC 10-4-13.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 10-4-4(e) and 326 IAC 10-4-6(e)(1), each submission shall include the following certification statement by the NOx authorized account representative: "I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the NOx budget sources or NOx budget units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment."
- (c) Where 326 IAC 10-4 requires a submission to IDEM, OAQ, the NOx authorized account representative shall submit required information to:

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Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

- (d) Where 326 IAC 10-4 requires a submission to U.S. EPA, the NOx authorized account representative shall submit required information to:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Clean Air Markets Division
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Mail Code 6204N
Washington, DC 20460

F.1.8 Liability [326 IAC 10-4-4(f)]

The owners and operators of each NOx budget source shall be liable as follows:

- (a) Any person who knowingly violates any requirement or prohibition of the NOx budget trading program, a NOx budget permit, or an exemption under 326 IAC 10-4-3 shall be subject to enforcement pursuant to applicable state or federal law.
- (b) Any person who knowingly makes a false material statement in any record, submission, or report under the NOx budget trading program shall be subject to criminal enforcement pursuant to the applicable state or federal law.
- (c) No permit revision shall excuse any violation of the requirements of the NOx budget trading program that occurs prior to the date that the revision takes effect.
- (d) Each NOx budget source and each NOx budget unit shall meet the requirements of the NOx budget trading program.
- (e) Any provision of the NOx budget trading program that applies to a NOx budget source, including a provision applicable to the NOx authorized account representative of a NOx budget source, shall also apply to the owners and operators of the source and of the NOx budget units at the source.
- (f) Any provision of the NOx budget trading program that applies to a NOx budget unit, including a provision applicable to the NOx authorized account representative of a NOx budget unit, shall also apply to the owners and operators of the unit. Except with regard to the requirements applicable to units with a common stack under 40 CFR 75 and 326 IAC 10-4-12, the owners and operators and the NOx authorized account representative of one (1) NOx budget unit shall not be liable for any violation by any other NOx budget unit of which they are not owners or operators or the NOx authorized account representative and that is located at a source of which they are not owners or operators or the NOx authorized account representative.

F.1.9 Effect on Other Authorities [326 IAC 10-4-4(g)]

No provision of the NOx budget trading program, a NOx budget permit application, a NOx budget permit, or an exemption under 326 IAC 10-4-3 shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators and, to the extent applicable, the NOx authorized account representative of a NOx budget source or NOx budget unit from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved state implementation plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the CAA.

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SECTION G Clean Air Interstate (CAIR) Nitrogen Oxides Annual, Sulfur Dioxide, and Nitrogen Oxides Ozone Season Trading Programs – CAIR Permit for CAIR Units Under 326 IAC 24-1-1(a), 326 IAC 24-2-1(a), and 326 IAC 24-3-1(a)

ORIS Code: 1001

CAIR Permit for CAIR Units Under 326 IAC 24-1-1(a), 326 IAC 24-2-1(a), and 326 IAC 24-3-1(a)

- (a) One (1) dry bottom, pulverized coal-fired boiler, identified as Boiler No. 1, installed in 1967, with a nominal heat input capacity of 4,802 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) for control of particulate matter, a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system for control of SO₂, and exhausting to stack 1. Stack 1 has continuous emissions monitors (CEMs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Boiler No. 1 was configured with a low NO_x burner in 1993. The FGD on Boiler No. 1 is anticipated to commence operation in Fall 2008.
- (b) One (1) dry bottom, pulverized coal-fired boiler, identified as Boiler No. 2, installed in 1968, with a nominal heat input capacity of 4,802 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with an electrostatic precipitator (ESP) for control of particulate matter, a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system for control of SO₂, and exhausting to stack 2. Stack 2 has continuous emissions monitors (CEMs) for nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂) and a continuous opacity monitor (COM). Boiler No. 2 was configured with a low NO_x burner in 1993. The FGD on Boiler No. 2 is anticipated to commence operation in Fall 2008.
- (c) One (1) natural gas and no. 2 fuel oil-fired combustion turbine, identified as Unit No. 4, installed in 1992, with a nominal heat input capacity of 1,297 million Btu per hour (MMBtu/hr), with hybrid burners to control NO_x while burning natural gas and water injection for control of nitrogen oxides while combusting fuel oil, and exhausting to stack 4.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

G.1 Automatic Incorporation of Definitions [326 IAC 24-1-7(e)] [326 IAC 24-2-7(e)]
[326 IAC 24-3-7(e)] [40 CFR 97.123(b)] [40 CFR 97.223(b)] [40 CFR 97.323(b)]

This CAIR permit is deemed to incorporate automatically the definitions of terms under 326 IAC 24-1-2, 326 IAC 24-2-2, and 326 IAC 24-3-2.

G.2 Standard Permit Requirements [326 IAC 24-1-4(a)] [326 IAC 24-2-4(a)] [326 IAC 24-3-4(a)]
[40 CFR 97.106(a)] [40 CFR 97.206(a)] [40 CFR 97.306(a)]

- (a) The owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x source, CAIR SO₂ source, and CAIR NO_x ozone season source and CAIR NO_x units, CAIR SO₂ units, and CAIR NO_x ozone season units shall operate each unit in compliance with this CAIR permit.
- (b) The CAIR NO_x units, CAIR SO₂ units, and CAIR NO_x ozone season units subject to this CAIR permit are Boiler No. 1, Boiler No. 2 and Unit No. 4.

G.3 Monitoring, Reporting, and Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 24-1-4(b)]
[326 IAC 24-2-4(b)] [326 IAC 24-3-4(b)] [40 CFR 97.106(b)] [40 CFR 97.206(b)]
[40 CFR 97.306(b)]

- (a) The owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of each CAIR NO_x source, CAIR SO₂ source, and CAIR NO_x ozone season source and CAIR NO_x unit, CAIR SO₂ unit, and CAIR NO_x ozone season unit at the source shall comply with the monitoring, reporting, and record keeping requirements of 326 IAC 24-1-11, 326 IAC 24-2-10, and 326 IAC 24-3-11.
- (b) The emissions measurements recorded and reported in accordance with 326 IAC 24-1-

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11, 326 IAC 24-2-10, and 326 IAC 24-3-11 shall be used to determine compliance by each CAIR NO_x source, CAIR SO₂ source, and CAIR NO_x ozone season source with the CAIR NO_x emissions limitation under 326 IAC 24-1-4(c), CAIR SO₂ emissions limitation under 326 IAC 24-2-4(c), and CAIR NO_x ozone season emissions limitation under 326 IAC 24-3-4(c) and Condition G.4.1, Nitrogen Oxides Emission Requirements, Condition G.4.2, Sulfur Dioxide Emission Requirements, and Condition G.4.3, Nitrogen Oxides Ozone Season Emission Requirements.

G.4.1 Nitrogen Oxides Emission Requirements [326 IAC 24-1-4(c)] [40 CFR 97.106(c)]

- (a) As of the allowance transfer deadline, the owners and operators of each CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CAIR NO_x allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under 326 IAC 24-1-9(i) in an amount not less than the tons of total nitrogen oxides emissions for the control period from all CAIR NO_x units at the source, as determined in accordance with 326 IAC 24-1-11.
- (b) A CAIR NO_x unit shall be subject to the requirements under (a) above and 326 IAC 24-1-4(c)(1) starting on January 1, 2008.
- (c) A CAIR NO_x allowance shall not be deducted for compliance with the requirements under (a) above and 326 IAC 24-1-4(c)(1), for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR NO_x allowance was allocated.
- (d) CAIR NO_x allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR NO_x allowance tracking system accounts in accordance with 326 IAC 24-1-9, 326 IAC 24-1-10, and 326 IAC 24-1-12.
- (e) A CAIR NO_x allowance is a limited authorization to emit one (1) ton of nitrogen oxides in accordance with the CAIR NO_x annual trading program. No provision of the CAIR NO_x annual trading program, the CAIR permit application, the CAIR permit, or an exemption under 326 IAC 24-1-3 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the State of Indiana or the United States to terminate or limit the authorization.
- (f) A CAIR NO_x allowance does not constitute a property right.
- (g) Upon recordation by the U.S. EPA under 326 IAC 24-1-8, 326 IAC 24-1-9, 326 IAC 24-1-10, or 326 IAC 24-1-12, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR NO_x allowance to or from a CAIR NO_x source's compliance account is incorporated automatically in this CAIR permit.

G.4.2 Sulfur Dioxide Emission Requirements [326 IAC 24-2-4(c)] [40 CFR 97.206(c)]

- (a) As of the allowance transfer deadline, the owners and operators of the CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, a tonnage equivalent of CAIR SO₂ allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under 326 IAC 24-2-8(j) and 326 IAC 24-2-8(k) not less than the tons of total sulfur dioxide emissions for the control period from all CAIR SO₂ units at the source, as determined in accordance with 326 IAC 24-2-10.
- (b) A CAIR SO₂ unit shall be subject to the requirements under (a) above and 326 IAC 24-2-4(c)(1) starting on January 1, 2009.
- (c) A CAIR SO₂ allowance shall not be deducted for compliance with the requirements under (a) above and 326 IAC 24-2-4(c)(1), for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR SO₂ allowance was allocated.

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- (d) CAIR SO₂ allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR SO₂ allowance tracking system accounts in accordance with 326 IAC 24-2-8, 326 IAC 24-2-9, and 326 IAC 24-2-11.
- (e) A CAIR SO₂ allowance is a limited authorization to emit sulfur dioxide in accordance with the CAIR SO₂ trading program. No provision of the CAIR SO₂ trading program, the CAIR permit application, the CAIR permit, or an exemption under 326 IAC 24-2-3 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the State of Indiana or the United States to terminate or limit the authorization.
- (f) A CAIR SO₂ allowance does not constitute a property right.
- (g) Upon recordation by the U.S. EPA under 326 IAC 24-2-8, 326 IAC 24-2-9, or 326 IAC 24-2-11, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR SO₂ allowance to or from a CAIR SO₂ source's compliance account is incorporated automatically in this CAIR permit.

G.4.3 Nitrogen Oxides Ozone Season Emission Requirements [326 IAC 24-3-4(c)]
[40 CFR 97.306(c)]

- (a) As of the allowance transfer deadline, the owners and operators of the each CAIR NO_x ozone season source and each CAIR NO_x ozone season unit at the source shall hold, in the source's compliance account, CAIR NO_x ozone season allowances available for compliance deductions for the control period under 326 IAC 24-3-9(i) in an amount not less than the tons of total nitrogen oxides emissions for the control period from all CAIR NO_x ozone season units at the source, as determined in accordance with 326 IAC 24-3-11.
- (b) A CAIR NO_x unit shall be subject to the requirements under (a) above and 326 IAC 24-3-4(c)(1) starting on May 1, 2008.
- (c) A CAIR NO_x ozone season allowance shall not be deducted for compliance with the requirements under (a) above and 326 IAC 24-3-4(c)(1), for a control period in a calendar year before the year for which the CAIR NO_x ozone season allowance was allocated.
- (d) CAIR NO_x ozone season allowances shall be held in, deducted from, or transferred into or among CAIR NO_x ozone season allowance tracking system accounts in accordance with 326 IAC 24-3-9, 326 IAC 24-3-10, and 326 IAC 24-3-12.
- (e) A CAIR NO_x allowance is a limited authorization to emit one (1) ton of nitrogen oxides in accordance with the CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program. No provision of the CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program, the CAIR permit application, the CAIR permit, or an exemption under 326 IAC 24-3-3 and no provision of law shall be construed to limit the authority of the State of Indiana or the United States to terminate or limit the authorization.
- (f) A CAIR NO_x allowance does not constitute a property right.
- (g) Upon recordation by the U.S. EPA under 326 IAC 24-3-8, 326 IAC 24-3-9, 326 IAC 24-3-10, or 326 IAC 24-3-12, every allocation, transfer, or deduction of a CAIR NO_x ozone season allowance to or from a CAIR NO_x ozone season source's compliance account is incorporated automatically in this CAIR permit.

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G.5 Excess Emissions Requirements [326 IAC 24-1-4(d)] [326 IAC 24-2-4(d)] [326 IAC 24-3-4(d)]
[40 CFR 97.106(d)] [40 CFR 97.206(d)] [40 CFR 97.306(d)]

The owners and operators of a CAIR NO_x source and each CAIR NO_x unit that emits nitrogen oxides during any control period in excess of the CAIR NO_x emissions limitation shall do the following:

- (a) Surrender the CAIR NO_x allowances required for deduction under 326 IAC 24-1-9(j)(4).
- (b) Pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, the Clean Air Act (CAA) or applicable state law.

Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 326 IAC 24-1-4, the Clean Air Act (CAA), and applicable state law.

The owners and operators of a CAIR SO₂ source and each CAIR SO₂ unit that emits sulfur dioxide during any control period in excess of the CAIR SO₂ emissions limitation shall do the following:

- (a) Surrender the CAIR SO₂ allowances required for deduction under 326 IAC 24-2-8(k)(4).
- (b) Pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, the Clean Air Act (CAA) or applicable state law.

Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute a separate violation of 326 IAC 24-2-4, the Clean Air Act (CAA), and applicable state law.

The owners and operators of a CAIR NO_x ozone season source and each CAIR NO_x ozone season unit that emits nitrogen oxides during any control period in excess of the CAIR NO_x ozone season emissions limitation shall do the following:

- (a) Surrender the CAIR NO_x ozone season allowances required for deduction under 326 IAC 24-3-9(j)(4).
- (b) Pay any fine, penalty, or assessment or comply with any other remedy imposed, for the same violations, the Clean Air Act (CAA) or applicable state law.

Each ton of such excess emissions and each day of such control period shall constitute separate violation of 326 IAC 24-3-4, the Clean Air Act (CAA), and applicable state law.

G.6 Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 24-1-4(e)] [326 IAC 24-2-4(e)] [326 IAC 24-3-4(e)]
[326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [40 CFR 97.106(e)] [40 CFR 97.206(e)] [40 CFR 97.306(e)]

Unless otherwise provided, the owners and operators of the CAIR NO_x source, CAIR SO₂ source, and CAIR NO_x ozone season source and each CAIR NO_x unit, CAIR SO₂ unit, and CAIR NO_x ozone season unit at the source shall keep on site at the source or at a central location within Indiana for those owners or operators with unattended sources, each of the following documents for a period of five (5) years from the date the document was created:

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- (a) The certificate of representation under 326 IAC 24-1-6(h), 326 IAC 24-2-6(h), 326 IAC 24-3-6(h) for the CAIR designated representative for the source and each CAIR NO_x unit, CAIR SO₂ unit, and CAIR NO_x ozone season unit at the source and all documents that demonstrate the truth of the statements in the certificate of representation. The certificate and documents shall be retained on site at the source or at a central location within Indiana for those owners or operators with unattended sources beyond such five (5) year period until such documents are superseded because of the submission of a new account certificate of representation under 326 IAC 24-1-6(h), 326 IAC 24-2-6(h), 326 IAC 24-3-6(h) changing the CAIR designated representative.
- (b) All emissions monitoring information, in accordance with 326 IAC 24-1-11, 326 IAC 24-2-10, and 326 IAC 24-3-11, provided that to the extent that 326 IAC 24-1-11, 326 IAC 24-2-10, and 326 IAC 24-3-11 provides for a three (3) year period for record keeping, the three (3) year period shall apply.
- (c) Copies of all reports, compliance certifications, and other submissions and all records made or required under the CAIR NO_x annual trading program, CAIR SO₂ trading program, and CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program.
- (d) Copies of all documents used to complete a CAIR permit application and any other submission under the CAIR NO_x annual trading program, CAIR SO₂ trading program, and CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program or to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the CAIR NO_x annual trading program, CAIR SO₂ trading program, and CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program.

This period may be extended for cause, at any time before the end of five (5) years, in writing by IDEM, OAQ or the U.S. EPA. Unless otherwise provided, all records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.

G.7 Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 24-1-4(e)] [326 IAC 24-2-4(e)] [326 IAC 24-3-4(e)]
[40 CFR 97.106(e)] [40 CFR 97.206(e)] [40 CFR 97.306(e)]

- (a) The CAIR designated representative of the CAIR NO_x source, CAIR SO₂ source, and CAIR NO_x ozone season source and each CAIR NO_x unit, CAIR SO₂ unit, and CAIR NO_x ozone season unit at the source shall submit the reports required under the CAIR NO_x annual trading program, CAIR SO₂ trading program, and CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program, including those under 326 IAC 24-1-11, 326 IAC 24-2-10, and 326 IAC 24-3-11.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 24-1-4(e), 326 IAC 24-2-4(e), and 326 IAC 24-3-4(e) and 326 IAC 24-1-6(e)(1), 326 IAC 24-2-6(e)(1), and 326 IAC 24-3-6(e)(1), each submission under the CAIR NO_x annual trading program, CAIR SO₂ trading program, and CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program shall include the following certification statement by the CAIR designated representative: "I am authorized to make this submission on behalf of the owners and operators of the source or units for which the submission is made. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. Based on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for obtaining the information, I certify that the statements and information are to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false statements and information or omitting required statements and information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment."

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- (c) Where 326 IAC 24-1, 326 IAC 24-2, and 326 IAC 24-3 requires a submission to IDEM, OAQ, the CAIR designated representative shall submit required information to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

- (d) Where 326 IAC 24-1, 326 IAC 24-2, and 326 IAC 24-3 requires a submission to U.S. EPA, the CAIR designated representative shall submit required information to:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Clean Air Markets Division
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Mail Code 6204N
Washington, DC 20460

G.8 Liability [326 IAC 24-1-4(f)] [326 IAC 24-2-4(f)] [326 IAC 24-3-4(f)] [40 CFR 97.106(f)]
[40 CFR 97.206(f)] [40 CFR 97.306(f)]

The owners and operators of each CAIR NO_x source, CAIR SO₂ source, and CAIR NO_x ozone season source and each CAIR NO_x unit, CAIR SO₂ unit, and CAIR NO_x ozone season unit shall be liable as follows:

- (a) Each CAIR NO_x source, CAIR SO₂ source, and CAIR NO_x ozone season source and each CAIR NO_x unit, CAIR SO₂ unit, and CAIR NO_x ozone season unit shall meet the requirements of the CAIR NO_x annual trading program, CAIR SO₂ trading program, and CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program.
- (b) Any provision of the CAIR NO_x annual trading program, CAIR SO₂ trading program, and CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program that applies to a CAIR NO_x source, CAIR SO₂ source, and CAIR NO_x ozone season source or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x source, CAIR SO₂ source, and CAIR NO_x ozone season source shall also apply to the owners and operators of such source and of the CAIR NO_x units, CAIR SO₂ units, and CAIR NO_x ozone season units at the source
- (c) Any provision of the CAIR NO_x annual trading program, CAIR SO₂ trading program, and CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program that applies to a CAIR NO_x unit, CAIR SO₂ unit, and CAIR NO_x ozone season unit or the CAIR designated representative of a CAIR NO_x unit, CAIR SO₂ unit, and CAIR NO_x ozone season unit shall also apply to the owners and operators of such unit.

G.9 Effect on Other Authorities [326 IAC 24-1-4(g)] [326 IAC 24-2-4(g)] [326 IAC 24-3-4(g)]
[40 CFR 97.106(g)] [40 CFR 97.206(g)] [40 CFR 97.306(g)]

No provision of the CAIR NO_x annual trading program, CAIR SO₂ trading program, and CAIR NO_x ozone season trading program, a CAIR permit application, a CAIR permit, or an exemption under 326 IAC 24-1-3, 326 IAC 24-2-3, and 326 IAC 24-3-3 shall be construed as exempting or excluding the owners and operators, and the CAIR designated representative, of a CAIR NO_x source, CAIR SO₂ source, and CAIR NO_x ozone season source or a CAIR NO_x unit, CAIR SO₂ unit, and CAIR NO_x ozone season unit from compliance with any other provision of the applicable, approved state implementation plan, a federally enforceable permit, or the Clean Air Act (CAA).

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INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY

PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT CERTIFICATION

Source Name: Duke Energy Indiana, Inc. - Cayuga Generating Station
Source Address: State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
Mailing Address: c/o Pat Coughlin, 1000 East Main Street, Plainfield, IN 46168
Part 70 Permit No.: T165-7174-00001

This certification shall be included when submitting monitoring, testing reports/results or other documents as required by this permit.

Please check what document is being certified:

- Annual Compliance Certification Letter
- Test Result (specify)
- Report (specify)
- Notification (specify)
- Affidavit (specify)
- Other (specify)

I certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

Signature:

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Telephone:

Date:

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**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
COMPLIANCE BRANCH
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251
Phone: 317-233-0178
Fax: 317-233-6865**

**PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT
EMERGENCY OCCURRENCE REPORT**

Source Name: Duke Energy Indiana, Inc. - Cayuga Generating Station
Source Address: State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
Mailing Address: c/o Pat Coughlin, 1000 East Main Street, Plainfield, IN 46168
Part 70 Permit No.: T165-7174-00001

This form consists of 2 pages

Page 1 of 2

<input type="checkbox"/> This is an emergency as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The Permittee must notify the Office of Air Quality (OAQ), within four (4) business hours (1-800-451-6027 or 317-233-0178, ask for Compliance Section); and• The Permittee must submit notice in writing or by facsimile within two (2) days (Facsimile Number: 317-233-6865), and follow the other requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-16.
--

If any of the following are not applicable, mark N/A

Facility/Equipment/Operation:
Control Equipment:
Permit Condition or Operation Limitation in Permit:
Description of the Emergency:
Describe the cause of the Emergency:

If any of the following are not applicable, mark N/A

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Page 2 of 2

Date/Time Emergency started:
Date/Time Emergency was corrected:
Was the facility being properly operated at the time of the emergency? Y N Describe:
Type of Pollutants Emitted: TSP, PM-10, SO ₂ , VOC, NO _x , CO, Pb, other:
Estimated amount of pollutant(s) emitted during emergency:
Describe the steps taken to mitigate the problem:
Describe the corrective actions/response steps taken:
Describe the measures taken to minimize emissions:
If applicable, describe the reasons why continued operation of the facilities are necessary to prevent imminent injury to persons, severe damage to equipment, substantial loss of capital investment, or loss of product or raw materials of substantial economic value:

Form Completed by: _____

Title / Position: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

A certification is not required for this report.

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INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION

Part 70 Quarterly Report Unit No. 4 Monthly Fuel Usage

Source Name: Duke Energy Indiana, Inc. - Cayuga Generating Station
Source Address: State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
Mailing Address: c/o Pat Coughlin, 1000 East Main Street, Plainfield, IN 46168
Part 70 Permit No.: T165-7174-00001
Facility: Unit No. 4 Combustion Turbine
Parameter: Fuel Usage Limit
Limit: 2,803 MMCF/month of natural gas, 15.94 MMGal/month of fuel oil
For every 1000 gallons of fuel oil used, natural gas limits are lowered by 0.176 million cubic feet.

YEAR:

Month	Fuel Oil Usage	Natural Gas Fuel Usage

- No deviation occurred in this quarter.
- Deviation/s occurred in this quarter.
Deviation has been reported on:

Submitted by: _____
Title / Position: _____
Signature: _____
Date: _____
Phone: _____

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

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**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
 OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
 COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION**

Part 70 Quarterly Report

Source Name: Duke Energy Indiana, Inc. - Cayuga Generating Station
 Source Address: State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
 Mailing Address: c/o Pat Coughlin, 1000 East Main Street, Plainfield, IN 46168
 Part 70 Permit No.: T165-7174-00001
 Facility: Limestone Handling System
 Parameter: The amount of limestone received
 Limit: Less than 509,000 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month. (Condition D.7.1(a))

QUARTER :

YEAR:

Month	Column 1	Column 2	Column 1 + Column 2
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total
Month 1			
Month 2			
Month 3			

No deviation occurred in this quarter.

Deviation/s occurred in this quarter.
 Deviation has been reported on:

Submitted by: _____
 Title / Position: _____
 Signature: _____
 Date: _____
 Phone: _____

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

DRAFT

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
 OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
 COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION**

Part 70 Quarterly Report

Source Name: Duke Energy Indiana, Inc. - Cayuga Generating Station
 Source Address: State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
 Mailing Address: c/o Pat Coughlin, 1000 East Main Street, Plainfield, IN 46168
 Part 70 Permit No.: T165-7174-00001
 Facility: Gypsum Handling System
 Parameter: The amount of gypsum received
 Limit: Less than 900,528 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month. (Condition D.7.1(d))

QUARTER :

YEAR:

Month	Column 1	Column 2	Column 1 + Column 2
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total
Month 1			
Month 2			
Month 3			

No deviation occurred in this quarter.

Deviation/s occurred in this quarter.
 Deviation has been reported on:

Submitted by: _____
 Title / Position: _____
 Signature: _____
 Date: _____
 Phone: _____

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
Office of Air Quality
COMPLIANCE DATA SECTION**

**PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT
QUARTERLY DEVIATION AND COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT**

Source Name: Duke Energy Indiana, Inc. - Cayuga Generating Station
Source Address: State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
Mailing Address: c/o Pat Coughlin, 1000 East Main Street, Plainfield, IN 46168
Part 70 Permit No.: T165-7174-00001

Months: _____ to _____ Year: _____

Page 1 of 2

This report shall be submitted quarterly based on a calendar year. Any deviation from the requirements, the date(s) of each deviation, the probable cause of the deviation, and the response steps taken must be reported. A deviation required to be reported pursuant to an applicable requirement that exists independent of the permit, shall be reported according to the schedule stated in the applicable requirement and does not need to be included in this report. Additional pages may be attached if necessary. If no deviations occurred, please specify in the box marked "No deviations occurred this reporting period".

NO DEVIATIONS OCCURRED THIS REPORTING PERIOD.

THE FOLLOWING DEVIATIONS OCCURRED THIS REPORTING PERIOD

Permit Requirement (specify permit condition #)

Date of Deviation:

Duration of Deviation:

Number of Deviations:

Probable Cause of Deviation:

Response Steps Taken:

Permit Requirement (specify permit condition #)

Date of Deviation:

Duration of Deviation:

Number of Deviations:

Probable Cause of Deviation:

Response Steps Taken:

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Page 2 of 2

Permit Requirement (specify permit condition #)	
Date of Deviation:	Duration of Deviation:
Number of Deviations:	
Probable Cause of Deviation:	
Response Steps Taken:	
Permit Requirement (specify permit condition #)	
Date of Deviation:	Duration of Deviation:
Number of Deviations:	
Probable Cause of Deviation:	
Response Steps Taken:	
Permit Requirement (specify permit condition #)	
Date of Deviation:	Duration of Deviation:
Number of Deviations:	
Probable Cause of Deviation:	
Response Steps Taken:	

Form Completed by: _____

Title / Position: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

Attach a signed certification to complete this report.

Attachment A Fugitive Dust Control Plan

Name: Cayuga Generating Station
 Address: State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
 Responsible Official: Mr. John Frazier

This fugitive dust plan is required under 326 IAC 6-1-5. This plan covers only those fugitive dust emitting processes/areas which are covered under the Significant Permit Modification #165-23011-00001 for the installation of a flue gas desulfurization (FGD) system. This plan includes the information required under 3267 IAC 6-5-5. The control measures identified in this plan are consistent with the requirements under 326 IAC 6-5-4.

Tables 1, 2 and 3 below identify each fugitive emissions area/process, the type of material handled, throughput, and control measures.

Table 1 - Limestone handling operations

Unit ID and Description	Maximum Throughput (units/hr)	Measures used to control fugitive emissions
<i>TP-L1</i> , transfer into hopper from railcar or truck	1000 tons/hr limestone	Fogging dust suppression
<i>TP-L2 to L4</i> , Truck and railcar unloading transfer points	1000 tons/hr limestone	Enclosure, Fogging dust suppression
<i>TP-L5</i> , transfer from conveyor LH-1 to active limestone pile	1000 tons/hr limestone	Telescoping chute
<i>TP-L10 to L12</i> , transfer points in the limestone reclaim hopper	400 tons/hr limestone	Enclosure, Fogging dust suppression
<i>TP-L13</i> , transfer from conveyor LH-2 to LH-3 within limestone prep. Building	400 tons/hr limestone	Enclosure, Fogging dust suppression
<i>TP-L14</i> , transfer point from conveyor LH-3 to day bin #1	400 tons/hr limestone	Enclosure
<i>TP-L15</i> , transfer point from conveyor LH-3 to day bin #2	400 tons/hr limestone	Enclosure
<i>F-L6 & F-L7</i> , Active limestone pile , dozer operations	NA	Clean around perimeter of the storage pile, watering as needed
<i>F-L8 & F-L9</i> , Inactive limestone pile , dozer operations	NA	Clean around perimeter of the storage pile, watering as needed

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Table 2 - Gypsum dewatering process fugitive emissions points

Unit ID and Description	Maximum Throughput (units/hr)	Measures used to control fugitive emissions
<i>TP-G1 to TP-G6</i> , Gypsum Dewatering Building	150	Enclosed Transfer Point
<i>TP-G7</i> , Transfer Tower B-1	150	Enclosed Transfer Point
<i>TP-G8</i> , Transfer Tower A-1	150	Enclosed Transfer Point
<i>TP-G9</i> , Transferring gypsum from radial stacker conveyor GH-A1 to gypsum stock out pile	150	Readjust drop point to minimize fugitive PM emissions
<i>TP-G10</i> , Transferring gypsum from conveyor GH-2B to emergency gypsum stock out pile (TP-G10)	150	Telescoping chute
<i>F-G1 & F-G3</i> , Gypsum Stock out pile and dozer operation	NA	Clean around the perimeter of pile, watering as needed
<i>F-G2 & F-G3</i> , Emergency Gypsum Stock out pile and dozer operation	NA	Clean around the perimeter of pile, watering as needed

Table 3 - Transport Gypsum Using Road Legal Trucks

Unit ID and Description	Maximum rate (units/hr)	Measures used to control fugitive emissions
<i>F-4A & F-4B</i> , Front end loader vehicle traffic and loading Gypsum into Road Legal Trucks at the gypsum pile.	891,770 tons/yr Gypsum	Minimize transport distance, wet suppression as needed
<i>F-4C</i> . Paved Road, Road Legal Truck Traffic to and from Landfill ⁽¹⁾	NA	Wet suppression as needed
<i>F-4A & F-4F & F-4E</i> , Landfill, Dozer and Compactor Traffic on the Landfill, Unloading Trucks At Landfill	NA	Wet suppression as needed

⁽¹⁾ Haul road to landfill shall be paved prior to hauling of Gypsum to the Landfill.

The station will keep records to document control measures and activities implemented to control fugitive dust emissions.

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Office of Air Quality

Technical Support Document (TSD) for a Part 70 Significant Permit Modification

Source Description and Location

Source Name:	Duke Energy Indiana, Inc.-Cayuga Generating Station
Source Location:	State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
County:	Vermillion
SIC Code:	4911
Operation Permit No.:	T 165-7174-00001
Operation Permit Issuance Date:	September 14, 2004
Significant Permit Modification No.:	165-27211-00001
Permit Reviewer:	Timothy R. Pettifor

Existing Approvals

The source was issued Part 70 Operating Permit No. 165-7174-00001 on September 14, 2004. The source has since received the following approvals:

Permit Type	Permit Number	Issuance Date
Significant Permit Modification	165-19845-00001	July 12, 2005
Significant Permit Modification	165-17012-00001	November 27, 2006
Significant Source Modification	165-22733-00001	January 8, 2008
Significant Permit Modification	165-23011-00001	January 24, 2008
Significant Permit Modification	165-25677-00001	June 23, 2008

County Attainment Status

The source is located in Vermillion County.

Pollutant	Designation
SO ₂	Better than national standards.
CO	Unclassifiable or attainment effective November 15, 1990.
O ₃	Unclassifiable or attainment effective June 15, 2004, for the 8-hour ozone standard. ¹
PM ₁₀	Attainment effective October 27, 1997, for the part of Clinton Township that includes sections 15, 16, 21, 22, 27, 28, 33, and 34. Unclassifiable effective November 15, 1990, for the remainder of Vermillion County.
NO ₂	Cannot be classified or better than national standards.
Pb	Not designated.
¹ Unclassifiable or attainment effective October 18, 2000, for the 1-hour ozone standard which was revoked effective June 15, 2005. Unclassifiable or attainment effective April 5, 2005, for PM _{2.5} .	

- (a) Ozone Standards
 Volatile organic compounds (VOC) and Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) are regulated under the Clean Air Act (CAA) for the purposes of attaining and maintaining the National Ambient

Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for ozone. Therefore, VOC and NO_x emissions are considered when evaluating the rule applicability relating to ozone. Vermillion County has been designated as attainment or unclassifiable for ozone. Therefore, VOC and NO_x emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2.

- (b) **PM_{2.5}**
Vermillion County has been classified as attainment for PM_{2.5}. On May 8, 2008 U.S. EPA promulgated the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) for PM_{2.5} emissions, and the effective date of these rules was July 15th, 2008. Indiana has three years from the publication of these rules to revise its PSD rules, 326 IAC 2-2, to include those requirements. The May 8, 2008 rule revisions require IDEM to regulate PM₁₀ emissions as a surrogate for PM_{2.5} emissions until 326 IAC 2-2 is revised.
- (c) **Other Criteria Pollutants**
Vermillion County has been classified as attainment or unclassifiable in Indiana for all other criteria pollutants. Therefore, these emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2.
- (d) **Fugitive Emissions**
Since this type of operation is in one of the twenty-eight (28) listed source categories under 326 IAC 2-2, fugitive emissions are counted toward the determination of PSD applicability.

Source Status

The table below summarizes the potential to emit of the entire source, prior to the proposed modification, after consideration of all enforceable limits established in the effective permits:

Pollutant	Emissions (ton/yr)
PM	>100
PM ₁₀	>100
SO ₂	>100
VOC	>100
CO	>100
NO _x	>100

- (a) This existing source is a major stationary source, under PSD (326 IAC 2-2), because a regulated pollutant is emitted at a rate of 100 tons per year or more, and it is one of the twenty-eight (28) listed source categories, as specified in 326 IAC 2-2-1(gg)(1).
- (b) These emissions are based upon T165-7174-00001, issued on September 14, 2004.

The table below summarizes the potential to emit HAPs for the entire source, prior to the proposed modification, after consideration of all enforceable limits established in the effective permits:

HAPs	Potential To Emit (ton/yr)
Single HAP	>10
Total HAPs	>25

This existing source is a major source of HAPs, as defined in 40 CFR 63.2, because HAP emissions are greater than ten (10) tons per year for a single HAP and greater than twenty-five (25) tons per year for a combination of HAPs. Therefore, this source is a major source under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act (CAA).

Description of Proposed Modification

The Office of Air Quality (OAQ) has reviewed a modification application, submitted by Duke Energy Indiana, Inc.-Cayuga Generating Station on December 02, 2009, relating to the Auxiliary Boiler. The maximum heat input capacity for this boiler was incorrectly listed in the original Part 70 Permit application as 0.05 MMBtu/hour. The correct maximum heat input capacity for the Auxiliary Boiler is 72.76 MMBtu/hour. Duke Energy Indiana, Inc.-Cayuga Generating Station submitted an application to correct this error.

Enforcement Issues

There are no pending enforcement actions.

Emission Calculations

See Appendix A of this Technical Support Document for detailed emission calculations.

Permit Level Determination – Part 70

Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(16), Potential to Emit is defined as “the maximum capacity of a stationary source or emission unit to emit any air pollutant under its physical and operational design. Any physical or operational limitation on the capacity of a source to emit an air pollutant, including air pollution control equipment and restrictions on hours of operation or type or amount of material combusted, stored, or processed shall be treated as part of its design if the limitation is enforceable by the U. S. EPA, IDEM, or the appropriate local air pollution control agency.”

There is no increase in the potential to emit of any regulated pollutants since the source is not adding new emission units.

This source modification will be incorporated into the Part 70 Operating Permit through a significant permit modification issued pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-12(d) because the modification requires significant changes in existing monitoring Part 70 permit terms and conditions.

Federal Rule Applicability Determination

- (a) There are no New Source Performance Standards (NSPS)(326 IAC 12 and 40 CFR Part 60) included in this proposed modification.
- (b) The Auxiliary Boiler is not subject to the requirements of the New Source Performance Standard for Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units, 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc because although it has a capacity between 10 and 100 MMBtu/hour it was constructed before June 9, 1989.
- (c) There are no National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) (326 IAC 14, 326 IAC 20 and 40 CFR Part 63) included in this proposed modification.
- (d) Pursuant to 40 CFR 64.2, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) is applicable to new or modified emission units that involve a pollutant-specific emission unit and meet the following criteria:
 - (1) has a potential to emit before controls equal to or greater than the Part 70 major source threshold for the pollutant involved;
 - (2) is subject to an emission limitation or standard for that pollutant; and

- (3) uses a control device, as defined in 40 CFR 64.1, to comply with that emission limitation or standard.

The following table is used to identify the applicability of each of the criteria, under 40 CFR 64.1, to each new or modified emission unit involved:

CAM Applicability Analysis							
Emission Unit	Control Device Used	Emission Limitation (Y/N)	Uncontrolled PTE (ton/yr)	Controlled PTE (ton/yr)	Part 70 Major Source Threshold (ton/yr)	CAM Applicable (Y/N)	Large Unit (Y/N)
Auxiliary Boiler-SO2	None	Y	161.0	161.0	100	N	N

Based on this evaluation, the requirements of 40 CFR Part 64, CAM are not applicable to the Auxiliary Boiler.

State Rule Applicability Determination

The following state rules are applicable to the source due to the modification:

326 IAC 6-2-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating)

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-2-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating: Emission limitations for facilities specified in 326 IAC 6-2-1(c), the PM emissions from the Auxiliary Boiler stacks shall not exceed 0.233 pound per million Btu heat input (lbs/MMBtu), each. This limitation was calculated using the following equation:

$$Pt = \frac{(C) (a) (h)}{76.5 (Q^{0.75}) (N^{0.25})}$$

Where C = 50 μ/m³
 Q = 9,677 MMBtu/hr (capacity of Boilers 1-2 and Auxiliary)
 N = 3 (number of stacks)
 a = 0.8
 h = 573.7Feet (average stack height)

The Particulate Matter emissions from Boiler #1 and Boiler #2 shall be limited to 0.227 lbs/MMBtu, each. These limits are based on the historic particulate matter emission limits.

326 IAC 7-1.1 (SO₂ Emissions Limitations)

The Auxiliary Boiler, is subject to the requirements of 326 IAC 7-1.1, since the potential to emit of SO₂ is greater than twenty-five (25) tons per year. Pursuant to this rule, SO₂ emissions from the combustion of No. 2 distillate fuel oil shall not exceed 0.5 pounds per million British thermal units heat input.

Compliance Determination and Monitoring Requirements

Permits issued under 326 IAC 2-7 are required to ensure that sources can demonstrate compliance with all applicable state and federal rules on a continuous basis. All state and federal rules contain compliance provisions; however, these provisions do not always fulfill the requirement for a continuous demonstration. When this occurs, IDEM, OAQ, in conjunction with the source, must develop specific conditions to satisfy 326 IAC 2-7-5. As a result, Compliance Determination Requirements are included in the permit. The Compliance Determination Requirements in Section D of the permit are those conditions that are found directly within state and federal rules and the violation of which serves as grounds for enforcement action.

If the Compliance Determination Requirements are not sufficient to demonstrate continuous compliance, they will be supplemented with Compliance Monitoring Requirements, also in Section

D of the permit. Unlike Compliance Determination Requirements, failure to meet Compliance Monitoring conditions would serve as a trigger for corrective actions and not grounds for enforcement action. However, a violation in relation to a compliance monitoring condition will arise through a source's failure to take the appropriate corrective actions within a specific time period.

The Compliance Determination Requirements applicable to the Auxiliary Boiler are as follows:

Emission Unit	Parameter	Frequency	Range	Excursions and Exceedances
Auxiliary Boiler	Visible Emissions	Daily	Normal-Abnormal	Response Steps

Proposed Changes

The changes listed below have been made to Part 70 Operating Permit No. T165-7174-00001. Deleted language appears as ~~strikethroughs~~ and new language appears in **bold**:

Change 1: The Auxiliary Boiler has been moved from Condition A.3 to Condition A.2. It has also been removed from Section D.6.

A.2 Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment Summary [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)(3)][326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

This stationary source consists of the following emission units and pollution control devices:
 ...

(k) Auxiliary Boiler, identified as emission unit Aux, with a maximum heat input capacity of 72.76 MMBtu/hr fired with distillate oil and exhausting out one stack identified as stack Aux-1. The Auxiliary boiler was constructed before 1968.

A.3 Specifically Regulated Insignificant Activities [326 IAC 2-7-1(21)] [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

This stationary source also includes the following insignificant activities which are specifically regulated, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21):

- (a) Degreasing operations that do not exceed one hundred forty-five (145) gallons per twelve months, except if subject to 326 IAC 20-6.
- (b) One (1) fuel oil storage tank, identified as T-1, installed in 1992, with a capacity of 395,000 gallons, used to store fuel oil for the combustion turbine, and exhausting through vent T-1.
- ~~(c) One (1) fuel oil fired auxiliary boiler, identified as Aux-1, constructed before 1968, with a heat input capacity of 0.05 million Btu per hour, and exhausting to exhaust stack S-1.~~

...

SECTION D.6 FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]	Insignificant Activities
(a)	Degreasing operations that do not exceed 145 gallons per 12 months, except if subject to 326 IAC 20-6.
(b)	One (1) fuel oil storage tank, identified as T-1, installed in 1992, with a capacity of 395,000 gallons, used to store fuel oil for the combustion turbine, and exhausting through vent T-1.

(c) One (1) fuel oil fired auxiliary boiler, identified as Aux-1, constructed before 1968, with a heat input capacity of 0.05 million Btu per hour, and exhausting to general ventilation.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.6.1 Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating [326 IAC 6-2-3]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-2-3 (Particulate Matter Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating, the PM emissions from the 0.05 MMBtu per hour heat input boiler shall be limited to 0.20 pounds per MMBtu heat input.

This limitation is based on the following equation:

$$P_t = \frac{(C)(a)(h)}{76.5(Q^{0.75})(N^{0.25})}$$

Where C = 50 μ/m^3
Q = 9,604.05 MMBtu/hr (capacity of Boilers 1, 2, Aux.1)
N = 3 (number of stacks)
a = 0.8
h = 495.6 Feet (average stack height)

Change 2: Conditions D.1.1 and D.2.1 have been revised.

D.1.1 Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating [326 IAC 6-2-3]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-2-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating; Emission limitations for facilities specified in 326 IAC 6-2-1(c), the PM emissions from the Boiler No. 1 stack shall not exceed 0.227 pound per million Btu heat input (lbs/MMBtu). This limitation was calculated using the following equation:

$$P_t = \frac{(C)(a)(h)}{76.5(Q^{0.75})(N^{0.25})}$$

Where C = 50 μ/m^3
Q = 9,604 MMBtu/hr (capacity of Boilers 1-2)
N = 2 (number of stacks)
a = 0.8
h = 500 Feet (average stack height)

The Particulate Matter emissions from Boiler #1 shall be limited to 0.227 lbs/MMBtu. Compliance with this limit shall satisfy the requirements of 326 IAC 6-2-3. This limit is based on the historic particulate matter emission limit.

...

D.2.1 Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating [326 IAC 6-2-3]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-2-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating; Emission limitations for facilities specified in 326 IAC 6-2-1(c), the PM emissions from the Boiler No. 2 stack shall not exceed 0.227 pound per million Btu heat input (lbs/MMBtu). This limitation was calculated using the following equation:

$$P_t = \frac{(C)(a)(h)}{76.5(Q^{0.75})(N^{0.25})}$$

Where C = 50 μ/m^3
Q = 9,604 MMBtu/hr (capacity of Boilers 1-2)
N = 2 (number of stacks)
a = 0.8
h = 500 Feet (average stack height)

The Particulate Matter emissions from Boiler #2 shall be limited to 0.227 lbs/MMBtu. Compliance with this limit shall satisfy the requirements of 326 IAC 6-2-3. This limit is based on the historic particulate matter emission limit.

Change 3: The requirements applicable to the Auxiliary Boiler have been added as Section D.8.

SECTION D.8 FACILITY OPERATION CONDITIONS

Facility Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

(k) Auxiliary Boiler, identified as emission unit Aux, with a maximum heat input capacity of 72.76 MMBtu/hr fired with distillate oil and exhausting out one stack identified as stack Aux-1. The Auxiliary boiler was constructed before 1968.

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.8.1 Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂) [326 IAC 7-1.1-1] [326 IAC 7-2-1]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 7-1.1 (SO₂ Emissions Limitations) the SO₂ emissions from the Auxiliary Boiler shall not exceed five tenths (0.5) pounds per MMBtu heat input when combusting No. 2 fuel oil.

D.8.2 Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating [326 IAC 6-2-3]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 6-2-3 (Particulate Emission Limitations for Sources of Indirect Heating: Emission limitations for facilities specified in 326 IAC 6-2-1(c), the PM emissions from the Auxiliary Boiler stack shall not exceed 0.233 pound per million Btu heat input (lbs/MMBtu). This limitation was calculated using the following equation:

$$Pt = \frac{(C)(a)(h)}{76.5(Q^{0.75})(N^{0.25})}$$

Where C = 50 μ/m³
Q = 9,677 MMBtu/hr (capacity of Boilers 1-2 and Auxiliary)
N = 3 (number of stacks)
a = 0.8
h = 573.7Feet (average stack height)

D.8.3 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan, in accordance with Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan, of this permit, is required for this facility.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.8.4 Sulfur Dioxide Emissions and Sulfur Content

Compliance shall be determined utilizing one of the following options.

(a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-7-4, the Permittee shall demonstrate that the sulfur dioxide emissions do not exceed five-tenths (0.5) pounds per million Btu heat input by:

(1) Providing vendor analysis of fuel delivered, if accompanied by a vendor

certification; or

- (2) Analyzing the oil sample to determine the sulfur content of the oil via the procedures in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 19.**
 - (A) Oil samples may be collected from the fuel tank immediately after the fuel tank is filled and before any oil is combusted; and**
 - (B) If a partially empty fuel tank is refilled, a new sample and analysis would be required upon filling.**
 - (C) As an alternate to (A) and (B) above, samples may be collected prior to combustion (as burned) on each day fuel is combusted.**
- (b) Compliance may also be determined by conducting a stack test for sulfur dioxide emissions from the Auxiliary Boiler, using 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 6 in accordance with the procedures in 326 IAC 3-6.**

A determination of noncompliance pursuant to any of the methods specified in (a) or (b) above shall not be refuted by evidence of compliance pursuant to the other method.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4][326 IAC 2-8-5(a)(1)]

D.8.5 Visible Emissions Notations

- (a) Visible emission notations of the Auxiliary Boiler stack exhaust (Aux-1) shall be performed once per day during normal daylight operations when burning No. 2 oil. A trained employee shall record whether emissions are normal or abnormal.**
- (b) For processes operated continuously, "normal" means those conditions prevailing, or expected to prevail, eighty percent (80%) of the time the process is in operation, not counting startup or shut down time.**
- (c) In the case of batch or discontinuous operations, readings shall be taken during that part of the operation that would normally be expected to cause the greatest emissions.**
- (d) A trained employee is an employee who has worked at the plant at least one (1) month and has been trained in the appearance and characteristics of normal visible emissions for that specific process.**
- (e) If abnormal emissions are observed, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions and Exceedances. Failure to take response steps in accordance with Section C - Response to Excursions and Exceedances, shall be considered a deviation from this permit.**

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-8-4(3)]

D.8.6 Record Keeping Requirement

- (a) To document compliance with Conditions D.8.1, the Permittee shall maintain records in accordance with (1) through (3) below.**
 - (1) Calendar dates covered in the compliance determination period;**
 - (2) Actual fuel usage of each fuel used since last compliance determination period;**
 - (3) If the fuel supplier certification is used to demonstrate compliance the following, as a minimum, shall be maintained:**

- (i) **Fuel supplier certifications.**
 - (ii) **The name of the fuel supplier; and**
 - (iii) **A statement from the fuel supplier that certifies the sulfur content of the fuel oil.**
- (b) **To document compliance with Condition D.8.5, the Permittee shall maintain records of visible emission notations of the boiler stack (Aux-1) exhaust. The Permittee shall include in its daily record when a visible emission notation is not taken and the reason for the lack of visible emission notation, (e.g. the process did not operate that day).**
- (c) **All records shall be maintained in accordance with Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements, of this permit.**

Change 4: Condition C.13 has also been updated.

C.13 Maintenance of Continuous Emission Monitoring Equipment [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(A)(iii)]

- (a) The Permittee shall install, calibrate, maintain, and operate all necessary continuous emission monitoring systems (CEMS) and related equipment **as specified in Section D.**
- ~~(b) In the event that a breakdown of a continuous emission monitoring system occurs, a record shall be made of the times and reasons of the breakdown and efforts made to correct the problem.~~
- (b) **All continuous emission monitoring systems shall meet all applicable performance specifications of 40 CFR 60, 40 CFR 75 or any other performance specification, and are subject to monitor system certification requirements pursuant to 326 IAC 3-5-3.**
- (c) **In the event that a breakdown of a continuous emission monitoring system occurs, a record shall be made of the times and reasons of the breakdown and efforts made to correct the problem.**
- ~~(d)~~ (d) **Whenever a continuous emission monitor other than an opacity monitor is malfunctioning or will be down for calibration, maintenance, or repairs, for a period of four (4) hours or more, a calibrated backup CEMS shall be brought online within four (4) hours of shutdown of the primary CEMS, and shall be operated until such time as the primary CEMS is back in operation. the following shall be used as an alternative to continuous data collection.**
- (1) **If the CEM is required for monitoring NO_x or SO₂ emissions pursuant to 40 CFR 75 (Title IV Acid Rain program) or 326 IAC 10-4 (NO_x Budget Trading Program), the Permittee shall comply with the relevant requirements of 40 CFR 75 Subpart D- Missing Data Substitution Procedures.**
 - (2) **If the CEM is not used to monitor NO_x or SO₂ emissions pursuant to 40 CFR 75 or 326 IAC 10-4, then supplemental or intermittent monitoring of the parameter shall be implemented as specified in Section D of this permit until such time as the emission monitor system is back in operation.**
- ~~(d)~~ (e) **Nothing in this permit shall excuse the Permittee from complying with the requirements to operate a continuous emission monitoring system pursuant to 40 CFR 60, Subpart GG 326 IAC 3-5, 326 IAC 10-4, 40 CFR 60 or 40 CFR 75.**

Change 5: Several of IDEM's Branches and sections have been renamed. Therefore, IDEM has updated the addresses listed in the permit. References to Permit Administration and Development Section and the Permits Branch have been

changed to Permit Administration and Support Section. References to Asbestos Section, Compliance Data Section, Air Compliance Section, and Compliance Branch have been changed to Compliance and Enforcement Branch.

**Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permit Administration and Support Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251**

**Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251**

Conclusion and Recommendation

The construction of this proposed modification shall be subject to the conditions of the attached proposed Part 70 Significant Permit Modification No. 165-27211-00001. The staff recommend to the Commissioner that this Part 70 Significant Permit Modification be approved.

Appendix A: Emissions Calculations
Commercial/Institutional/Residential Combustors (< 100 mmBtu/hr)
#1 and #2 Fuel Oil

Company Name: Duke Energy Indiana, Inc.-Cayuga Generating Station
Address, City IN Zip: State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
Significant Permit Modification No.: 165-27211-00001
Reviewer: Timothy R. Pettifor
Date: 02/03/09

Heat Input Capacity Potential Throughput S = Weight % Sulfur
MMBtu/hr kgals/year 0.5

72.76 4552.697143

	Pollutant					
Emission Factor in lb/kgal	PM*	PM10	SO2	NOx	VOC	CO
	2.0	3.3	71 (142.0S)	20.0	0.34	5.0
Potential Emission in tons/yr	4.6	7.5	161.6	45.5	0.8	11.4

Methodology

1 gallon of No. 2 Fuel Oil has a heating value of 140,000 Btu

Potential Throughput (kgals/year) = Heat Input Capacity (MMBtu/hr) x 8,760 hrs/yr x 1kgal per 1000 gallon x 1 gal per 0.140 MM Btu

Emission Factors are from AP 42, Tables 1.3-1, 1.3-2, and 1.3-3 (SCC 1-03-005-01/02/03) Supplement E 9/98 (see erata file)

*PM emission factor is filterable PM only. PM10 emission factor is filterable and condensable PM combined.

Emission (tons/yr) = Throughput (kgals/ yr) x Emission Factor (lb/kgal)/2,000 lb/ton

See page 2 for HAPs emission calculations.

Appendix A: Emissions Calculations
Commercial/Institutional/Residential Combustors (< 100 mmBtu/hr)
#1 and #2 Fuel Oil
HAPs Emissions

Company Name: Duke Energy Indiana, Inc.-Cayuga Generating Station
Address, City IN Zip: State Road 63, Cayuga, Indiana 47928
Significant Permit Modification No.: 165-27211-00001
Reviewer: Timothy R. Pettifor
Date: 02/03/09

HAPs - Metals					
Emission Factor in lb/mmBtu	Arsenic 4.0E-06	Beryllium 3.0E-06	Cadmium 3.0E-06	Chromium 3.0E-06	Lead 9.0E-06
Potential Emission in tons/yr	1.27E-03	9.56E-04	9.56E-04	9.56E-04	2.87E-03

HAPs - Metals (continued)				
Emission Factor in lb/mmBtu	Mercury 3.0E-06	Manganese 6.0E-06	Nickel 3.0E-06	Selenium 1.5E-05
Potential Emission in tons/yr	9.56E-04	1.91E-03	9.56E-04	4.78E-03

Methodology

No data was available in AP-42 for organic HAPs.

Potential Emissions (tons/year) = Throughput (mmBtu/hr)*Emission Factor (lb/mmBtu)*8,760 hrs/yr / 2,000 lb/ton



INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

We Protect Hoosiers and Our Environment.

Mitchell E. Daniels Jr.
Governor

Thomas W. Easterly
Commissioner

100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204
(317) 232-8603
Toll Free (800) 451-6027
www.idem.IN.gov

SENT VIA U.S. MAIL: CONFIRMED DELIVERY AND SIGNATURE REQUESTED

TO: Patrick Coughlin
Duke Energy
1000 E Main St
Plainfield, IN 46168

DATE: May 28, 2009

FROM: Matt Stuckey, Branch Chief
Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

SUBJECT: Final Decision
Title V
165-27211-00001

Enclosed is the final decision and supporting materials for the air permit application referenced above. Please note that this packet contains the original, signed, permit documents.

The final decision is being sent to you because our records indicate that you are the contact person for this application. However, if you are not the appropriate person within your company to receive this document, please forward it to the correct person.

A copy of the final decision and supporting materials has also been sent via standard mail to:
John O Frazier, Responsible Official
OAQ Permits Branch Interested Parties List

If you have technical questions regarding the enclosed documents, please contact the Office of Air Quality, Permits Branch at (317) 233-0178, or toll-free at 1-800-451-6027 (ext. 3-0178), and ask to speak to the permit reviewer who prepared the permit. If you think you have received this document in error, please contact Joanne Smiddie-Brush of my staff at 1-800-451-6027 (ext 3-0185), or via e-mail at jbrush@idem.IN.gov.

Final Applicant Cover letter.dot 11/30/07



INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

We Protect Hoosiers and Our Environment.

Mitchell E. Daniels Jr.
Governor

Thomas W. Easterly
Commissioner

100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204
(317) 232-8603
Toll Free (800) 451-6027
www.idem.IN.gov

May 28, 2009

TO: Clinton Public Library

From: Matthew Stuckey, Branch Chief
Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

Subject: **Important Information for Display Regarding a Final Determination**

Applicant Name: Duke Energy
Permit Number: 165-27211-00001

You previously received information to make available to the public during the public comment period of a draft permit. Enclosed is a copy of the final decision and supporting materials for the same project. Please place the enclosed information along with the information you previously received. To ensure that your patrons have ample opportunity to review the enclosed permit, **we ask that you retain this document for at least 60 days.**

The applicant is responsible for placing a copy of the application in your library. If the permit application is not on file, or if you have any questions concerning this public review process, please contact Joanne Smiddie-Brush, OAQ Permits Administration Section at 1-800-451-6027, extension 3-0185.

Enclosures
Final Library.dot 11/30/07

Mail Code 61-53

IDEM Staff	DPABST 5/28/2009 Duke Energy Indiana, Inc. - Cayuga Generating Station 165-27211-00001 (Final)		AFFIX STAMP HERE IF USED AS CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
Name and address of Sender		Indiana Department of Environmental Management Office of Air Quality – Permits Branch 100 N. Senate Indianapolis, IN 46204	

Line	Article Number	Name, Address, Street and Post Office Address	Postage	Handling Charges	Act. Value (If Registered)	Insured Value	Due Send if COD	R.R. Fee	S.D. Fee	S.H. Fee	Rest. Del. Fee Remarks
1		Patrick Coughlin Duke Energy Indiana, Inc. - Cayuga Generating Stat 1000 E Main St Plainfield IN 46168 (Source CAATS) CONFIRM DELIVERY									
2		John O Frazier Station Mgr - Cayuga Generating Station Duke Energy Indiana, Inc. - Cayuga Generating Stat c/o P Coughlin, 1000 E Main St Plainfield IN 46168 (RO CAATS)									
3		Cayuga Town Council PO Box 33 Cayuga IN 47928 (Local Official)									
4		Vermillion County Health Department 825 S. Main St Clinton IN 47842-2201 (Health Department)									
5		Clinton Public Library 313 S 4th St Clinton IN 47842-2398 (Library)									
6		Vermillion County Commissioners P.O. Box 190 Newport IN 47966 (Local Official)									
7		J.P. Roehm PO Box 303 Clinton IN 47842 (Affected Party)									
8											
9											
10											
11											
12											
13											
14											
15											

Total number of pieces Listed by Sender	Total number of Pieces Received at Post Office	Postmaster, Per (Name of Receiving employee)	The full declaration of value is required on all domestic and international registered mail. The maximum indemnity payable for the reconstruction of nonnegotiable documents under Express Mail document reconstructing insurance is \$50,000 per piece subject to a limit of \$50, 000 per occurrence. The maximum indemnity payable on Express mil merchandise insurance is \$500. The maximum indemnity payable is \$25,000 for registered mail, sent with optional postal insurance. See Domestic Mail Manual R900, S913, and S921 for limitations of coverage on inured and COD mail. See International Mail Manual for limitations o coverage on international mail. Special handling charges apply only to Standard Mail (A) and Standard Mail (B) parcels.
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