



INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

We Protect Hoosiers and Our Environment.

Mitchell E. Daniels Jr.
Governor

Thomas W. Easterly
Commissioner

100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204
(317) 232-8603
Toll Free (800) 451-6027
www.idem.IN.gov

TO: Interested Parties / Applicant

DATE: June 14, 2011

RE: Buckeye Terminals, LLC / 089-30229-00239

FROM: Matthew Stuckey, Branch Chief
Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

Notice of Decision: Approval - Effective Immediately

Please be advised that on behalf of the Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Management, I have issued a decision regarding the enclosed matter. Pursuant to IC 13-15-5-3, this permit is effective immediately, unless a petition for stay of effectiveness is filed and granted according to IC 13-15-6-3, and may be revoked or modified in accordance with the provisions of IC 13-15-7-1.

If you wish to challenge this decision, IC 4-21.5-3 and IC 13-15-6-1 require that you file a petition for administrative review. This petition may include a request for stay of effectiveness and must be submitted to the Office of Environmental Adjudication, 100 North Senate Avenue, Government Center North, Suite N 501E, Indianapolis, IN 46204, **within eighteen (18) calendar days of the mailing of this notice**. The filing of a petition for administrative review is complete on the earliest of the following dates that apply to the filing:

- (1) the date the document is delivered to the Office of Environmental Adjudication (OEA);
- (2) the date of the postmark on the envelope containing the document, if the document is mailed to OEA by U.S. mail; or
- (3) The date on which the document is deposited with a private carrier, as shown by receipt issued by the carrier, if the document is sent to the OEA by private carrier.

The petition must include facts demonstrating that you are either the applicant, a person aggrieved or adversely affected by the decision or otherwise entitled to review by law. Please identify the permit, decision, or other order for which you seek review by permit number, name of the applicant, location, date of this notice and all of the following:

- (1) the name and address of the person making the request;
- (2) the interest of the person making the request;
- (3) identification of any persons represented by the person making the request;
- (4) the reasons, with particularity, for the request;
- (5) the issues, with particularity, proposed for considerations at any hearing; and
- (6) identification of the terms and conditions which, in the judgment of the person making the request, would be appropriate in the case in question to satisfy the requirements of the law governing documents of the type issued by the Commissioner.

If you have technical questions regarding the enclosed documents, please contact the Office of Air Quality, Permits Branch at (317) 233-0178. Callers from within Indiana may call toll-free at 1-800-451-6027, ext. 3-0178.

Enclosures
FNPER.dot12/03/07



INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

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Mr. Richard Raiders
Buckeye Terminals, LLC
5 Tek Park
9999 Hamilton Boulevard
Breinigsville PA, 18031

June 14, 2011

Re: 089-30229-00239
Significant Source Modification to
Part 70 Renewal No.: T 089-28597-00239

Dear Mr. Raiders:

Buckeye Terminals, LLC - Hammond Terminal was issued a Part 70 Operating Permit Renewal on July 1, 2010 for a Petroleum Bulk Terminal Operation. A letter requesting changes to this permit was received on February 15, 2011. Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-10.5 the following emission units are approved for construction at the source:

- (a) One (1) Tank Truck Loading Facility, identified as 041, constructed in 1926, where liquid fuels are bottom-loaded into tank trucks. The truck loading rack will be modified in 2011 to a four lane loading rack. Denatured ethanol loading will be directed to vapor combustion unit one (VCU1). The new capacity of the truck rack will be 90,000 gallons per hour of denatured ethanol and 30,000 gallons per hour of jet/diesel product. The truck rack will have six (6) denatured ethanol loading arms, eight (8) diesel loading arms and one (1) jet loading arm.
- (b) A 24-spot railcar loading rack, constructed in 2011, designed to load/offload denatured ethanol in up to six (6) railcars at a time through six (6) loading arms. The railcars are 30,000 gallons per car with a total rack capacity of 180,000 gallons per hour. The loading racks emissions will be controlled by vapor combustion unit two (VCU2).
- (c) Storage Tank No. D-2 permitted to store gasoline, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical shoe seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBB].
- (d) Storage Tank No. D-3 permitted to store denatured ethanol, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb].

The following construction conditions are applicable to the proposed project:

General Construction Conditions

1. The data and information supplied with the application shall be considered part of this source modification approval. Prior to any proposed change in construction which may affect the potential to emit (PTE) of the proposed project, the change must be approved by the Office of Air Quality (OAQ).

2. This approval to construct does not relieve the permittee of the responsibility to comply with the provisions of the Indiana Environmental Management Law (IC 13-11 through 13-20; 13-22 through 13-25; and 13-30), the Air Pollution Control Law (IC 13 17) and the rules promulgated thereunder, as well as other applicable local, state, and federal requirements.
3. Effective Date of the Permit
Pursuant to IC 13-15-5-3, this approval becomes effective upon its issuance.
4. Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-1.1-9 and 326 IAC 2-7-10.5(i), the Commissioner may revoke this approval if construction is not commenced within eighteen (18) months after receipt of this approval or if construction is suspended for a continuous period of one (1) year or more.
5. All requirements and conditions of this construction approval shall remain in effect unless modified in a manner consistent with procedures established pursuant to 326 IAC 2.
6. Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-10.5(l) the emission units constructed under this approval shall not be placed into operation prior to revision of the source's Part 70 Operating Permit to incorporate the required operation conditions.

All other conditions of the permit shall remain unchanged and in effect. For your convenience, the entire Part 70 Operating Permit as modified will be provided at issuance.

This decision is subject to the Indiana Administrative Orders and Procedures Act – IC 4-21.5-3-5. If you have any questions on this matter, please contact Josiah Balogun, OAQ, 100 North Senate Avenue, MC 61-53, Room 1003, Indianapolis, Indiana, 46204-2251, or call at (800) 451-6027, and ask for Josiah Balogun or extension (4-5257), or dial (317) 234-5257.

Sincerely,


Tripurari P. Sinha, Ph.D., Section Chief
Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

Attachments:
Updated Permit
Technical Support Document
PTE Calculations

JB

cc: File – Lake County
Lake County Health Department
U.S. EPA, Region V
Northwest Regional Office
Compliance and Enforcement Branch



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Significant Source Modification to Part 70 Operating Permit

OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY

Buckeye Terminals-Hammond Terminal, LLC
2400 Michigan Street,
Hammond, Indiana 46320

(herein known as the Permittee) is hereby authorized to construct subject to the conditions contained herein, the source described in Section A (Source Summary) of this permit.

This permit is issued in accordance with 326 IAC 2 and 40 CFR Part 70 Appendix A and contains the conditions and provisions specified in 326 IAC 2-7 as required by 42 U.S.C. 7401, et. seq. (Clean Air Act as amended by the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments), 40 CFR Part 70.6, IC 13-15 and IC 13-17. This permit also addresses certain new source review requirements for existing equipment and is intended to fulfill the new source review procedures pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-10.5, applicable to those conditions.

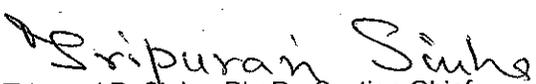
Significant Source Modification No.: 089-30229-00239	
Issued by:  Tripurari P. Sinha, Ph. D., Section Chief Permits Branch Office of Air Quality	Issuance Date: June 14, 2011

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Certification

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SECTION A SOURCE SUMMARY

This permit is based on information requested by the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM), Office of Air Quality (OAQ). The information describing the source contained in conditions A.1 through A.3 is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions. However, the Permittee should be aware that a physical change or a change in the method of operation that may render this descriptive information obsolete or inaccurate may trigger requirements for the Permittee to obtain additional permits or seek modification of this permit pursuant to 326 IAC 2, or change other applicable requirements presented in the permit application.

A.1 General Information [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)][326 IAC 2-7-5(15)][326 IAC 2-7-1(22)]

The Permittee owns and operates a stationary Petroleum Bulk Terminal Operation.

Source Address:	2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, Indiana 46320
General Source Phone Number:	1-610-904-4491
SIC Code:	5171
County Location:	Lake
Source Location Status:	Nonattainment for PM2.5 standard Attainment for all other criteria pollutants
Source Status:	Part 70 Operating Permit Program Major Source, under PSD and Minor Source under nonattainment NSR Rules Minor Source, Section 112 of the Clean Air Act 1 of 28 Source Categories

A.2 Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment Summary [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

This stationary source consists of the following emission units and pollution control devices:

- (a) One (1) Tank Truck Loading Facility, identified as 041, constructed in 1926, where liquid fuels are bottom-loaded into tank trucks. The truck loading rack will be modified in 2011 to a four lane loading rack. Denatured ethanol loading will be directed to vapor combustion unit one (VCU1). The new capacity of the truck rack will be 90,000 gallons per hour of denatured ethanol and 30,000 gallons per hour of jet/diesel product. The truck rack will have six (6) denatured ethanol loading arms, eight (8) diesel loading arms and one (1) jet loading arm.
- (b) A 24-spot railcar loading rack, constructed in 2011, designed to load/offload denatured ethanol in up to six (6) railcars at a time through six (6) loading arms. The railcars are 30,000 gallons per car with a total rack capacity of 180,000 gallons per hour. The loading racks emissions will be controlled by vapor combustion unit two (VCU2).
- (c) One (1) Water Treatment System, identified as 046, where contaminated storm water runoff from the truck loading facility and groundwater are treated before release to the sanitary district. The Water Treatment System consists of a 20,000 gallon collection tank, an oil/water separator, a 5,000 gallon stripper feed tank, and an air stripper.
- (d) Fourteen (14) petroleum liquid storage tanks, identified as tank Nos.: D-1, D-2, D-3, D-08F, D-12S, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, D-91, and D-92. Tank specifications are as follows:
 - (1) Storage Tank No. D-1 has an internal floating roof with a double wiper seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 7,560,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1995. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]

- (2) Storage Tank No. D-2 permitted to store gasoline, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical shoe seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (3) Storage Tank No. D-3 permitted to store denatured ethanol, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb]
- (4) Storage Tank No. D-08F has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted resilient seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (5) Storage Tank No. D-12S has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted resilient seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (6) Storage Tank No. D-50 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (7) Storage Tank No. D-55 has an internal floating roof with a mechanical seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (8) Storage Tank No. D-72 has an internal floating roof with a double wiper seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (9) Storage Tank No. D-73 has an internal floating roof with a double wiper seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (10) Storage Tank No. D-80 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted primary seal and rim mounted secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927 and modified in 1998. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (11) Storage Tank No. D-83 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted primary seal and rim mounted secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927 and modified in 1998. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (12) Storage Tank No. D-85 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (13) Storage Tank No. D-91 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 210,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (14) Storage Tank No. D-92 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 210,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]

A.3 Specifically Regulated Insignificant Activities [326 IAC 2-7-1(21)] 326 IAC 2-7-4(c)
[326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

This stationary source also includes the following insignificant activities which are specifically regulated, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21):

- (a) The following storage tanks which emit less than one (1) ton per year of a single HAP and less than fifteen (15) pounds per day of VOC:
- (1) Storage Tank No. D-08B is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1929. [326 IAC 8-9-6(h)]
 - (2) Storage Tank No. D-08G is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 3,120,600 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [326 IAC 8-9-6(h)]
 - (3) Storage Tank No. D-13S is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 3,141,600 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [326 IAC 8-9-6(h)]
 - (4) Storage Tank No. D-21 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [326 IAC 8-9-6(h)]
 - (5) Storage Tank No. D-51 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [326 IAC 8-9-6(h)]
 - (6) Storage Tank No. D-52 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927. [326 IAC 8-9-6(h)]
 - (7) Storage Tank No. D-57 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [326 IAC 8-9-6(h)]
 - (8) Storage Tank No. D-74 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [326 IAC 8-9-6(h)]
 - (9) Storage Tank No. D-75 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [326 IAC 8-9-6(h)]
 - (10) Storage Tank No. D-84 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [326 IAC 8-9-6(h)]

A.4 Part 70 Permit Applicability [326 IAC 2-7-2]

This stationary source is required to have a Part 70 permit by 326 IAC 2-7-2 (Applicability) because:

- (a) It is a major source, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(22);

- (b) It is a source in a source category designated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) under 40 CFR 70.3 (Part 70 - Applicability).

SECTION B GENERAL CONDITIONS

B.1 Definitions [326 IAC 2-7-1]

Terms in this permit shall have the definition assigned to such terms in the referenced regulation. In the absence of definitions in the referenced regulation, the applicable definitions found in the statutes or regulations (IC 13-11, 326 IAC 1-2 and 326 IAC 2-7) shall prevail.

B.2 Permit Term [326 IAC 2-7-5(2)][326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5][326 IAC 2-7-4(a)(1)(D)][IC 13-15-3-6(a)]

- (a) This permit, T089-28597-00239, is issued for a fixed term of five (5) years from the issuance date of this permit, as determined in accordance with IC 4-21.5-3-5(f) and IC 13-15-5-3. Subsequent revisions, modifications, or amendments of this permit do not affect the expiration date of this permit.
- (b) If IDEM, OAQ, upon receiving a timely and complete renewal permit application, fails to issue or deny the permit renewal prior to the expiration date of this permit, this existing permit shall not expire and all terms and conditions shall continue in effect, including any permit shield provided in 326 IAC 2-7-15, until the renewal permit has been issued or denied.

B.3 Term of Conditions [326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5]

Notwithstanding the permit term of a permit to construct, a permit to operate, or a permit modification, any condition established in a permit issued pursuant to a permitting program approved in the state implementation plan shall remain in effect until:

- (a) the condition is modified in a subsequent permit action pursuant to Title I of the Clean Air Act; or
- (b) the emission unit to which the condition pertains permanently ceases operation.

B.4 Enforceability [326 IAC 2-7-7] [IC 13-17-12]

Unless otherwise stated, all terms and conditions in this permit, including any provisions designed to limit the source's potential to emit, are enforceable by IDEM, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) and by citizens in accordance with the Clean Air Act.

B.5 Severability [326 IAC 2-7-5(5)]

The provisions of this permit are severable; a determination that any portion of this permit is invalid shall not affect the validity of the remainder of the permit.

B.6 Property Rights or Exclusive Privilege [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(D)]

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.

B.7 Duty to Provide Information [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(E)]

- (a) The Permittee shall furnish to IDEM, OAQ, within a reasonable time, any information that IDEM, OAQ may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to IDEM, OAQ copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- (b) For information furnished by the Permittee to IDEM, OAQ, the Permittee may include a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 326 IAC 17.1. When furnishing copies of requested records directly to U. S. EPA, the Permittee may assert a claim of confidentiality in accordance with 40 CFR 2, Subpart B.

B.8 Certification [326 IAC 2-7-4(f)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1)][326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)]

- (a) A certification required by this permit meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) if:
- (i) it contains a certification by a "responsible official", as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34), and
 - (ii) the certification is based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.
- (b) The Permittee may use the attached Certification Form, or its equivalent, with each submittal requiring certification. One (1) certification may cover multiple forms in one (1) submittal.
- (c) A "responsible official" is defined at 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

B.9 Annual Compliance Certification [326 IAC 2-7-6(5)]

- (a) The Permittee shall annually submit a compliance certification report which addresses the status of the source's compliance with the terms and conditions contained in this permit, including emission limitations, standards, or work practices. All certifications shall cover the time period from January 1 to December 31 of the previous year, and shall be submitted no later than April 15 of each year to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region V
Air and Radiation Division, Air Enforcement Branch - Indiana (AE-17J)
77 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590

- (b) The annual compliance certification report required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ on or before the date it is due.
- (c) The annual compliance certification report shall include the following:
- (1) The appropriate identification of each term or condition of this permit that is the basis of the certification;
 - (2) The compliance status;
 - (3) Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
 - (4) The methods used for determining the compliance status of the source, currently and over the reporting period consistent with 326 IAC 2-7-5(3); and

- (5) Such other facts, as specified in Sections D of this permit, as IDEM, OAQ may require to determine the compliance status of the source.

The submittal by the Permittee does require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

B.10 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(1),(3) and (13)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1) and (6)][326 IAC 1-6-3]

- (a) A Preventive Maintenance Plan meets the requirements of 326 IAC 1-6-3 if it includes, at a minimum:
 - (1) Identification of the individual(s) responsible for inspecting, maintaining, and repairing emission control devices;
 - (2) A description of the items or conditions that will be inspected and the inspection schedule for said items or conditions; and
 - (3) Identification and quantification of the replacement parts that will be maintained in inventory for quick replacement.

The Permittee shall implement the PMPs.

- (b) If required by specific condition(s) in Section D of this permit where no PMP was previously required, the Permittee shall prepare and maintain Preventive Maintenance Plans (PMPs) no later than ninety (90) days after issuance of this permit or ninety (90) days after initial start-up, whichever is later, including the following information on each facility:
 - (1) Identification of the individual(s) responsible for inspecting, maintaining, and repairing emission control devices;
 - (2) A description of the items or conditions that will be inspected and the inspection schedule for said items or conditions; and
 - (3) Identification and quantification of the replacement parts that will be maintained in inventory for quick replacement.

If, due to circumstances beyond the Permittee's control, the PMPs cannot be prepared and maintained within the time frame specified in Section D, the Permittee may extend the date an additional ninety (90) days provided the Permittee notifies:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

The PMP extension notification does not require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (c) A copy of the PMPs shall be submitted to IDEM, OAQ upon request and within a reasonable time, and shall be subject to review and approval by IDEM, OAQ. IDEM, OAQ may require the Permittee to revise its PMPs whenever lack of proper maintenance causes or is the primary contributor to an exceedance of any limitation on emissions. The PMPs do not require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (d) To the extent the Permittee is required by 40 CFR Part 60/63 to have an Operation Maintenance, and Monitoring (OMM) Plan for a unit, such Plan is deemed to satisfy the PMP requirements of 326 IAC 1-6-3 for that unit.

B.11 Emergency Provisions [326 IAC 2-7-16]

- (a) An emergency, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12), is not an affirmative defense for an action brought for noncompliance with a federal or state health-based emission limitation.
- (b) An emergency, as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12), constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with a technology-based emission limitation if the affirmative defense of an emergency is demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence that describe the following:

- (1) An emergency occurred and the Permittee can, to the extent possible, identify the causes of the emergency;
- (2) The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
- (3) During the period of an emergency, the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards or other requirements in this permit;
- (4) For each emergency lasting one (1) hour or more, the Permittee notified IDEM, OAQ, and Northwest Regional Office no later than four (4) daytime business hours after the beginning of the emergency, or after the emergency was discovered or reasonably should have been discovered;

Telephone Number: 1-800-451-6027 (ask for Office of Air Quality, Compliance and Enforcement Branch), or
Telephone Number: 317-233-0178 (ask for Compliance and Enforcement Branch)
Facsimile Number: 317-233-6865
Northwest Regional Office phone: (219) 757-0265; fax: (219) 757-0267.

- (5) For each emergency lasting one (1) hour or more, the Permittee submitted the attached Emergency Occurrence Report Form or its equivalent, either by mail or facsimile to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

no later than two (2) working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency.

The notice fulfills the requirement of 326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)(ii) and must contain the following:

- (A) A description of the emergency;
- (B) Any steps taken to mitigate the emissions; and
- (C) Corrective actions taken.

The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does not require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (6) The Permittee immediately took all reasonable steps to correct the emergency.
- (c) In any enforcement proceeding, the Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- (d) This emergency provision supersedes 326 IAC 1-6 (Malfunctions). This permit condition is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.
- (e) The Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency shall make records available upon request to ensure that failure to implement a PMP did not cause or contribute to an exceedance of any limitations on emissions. However, IDEM, OAQ may require that the Preventive Maintenance Plans required under 326 IAC 2-7-4(c)(9) be revised in response to an emergency.
- (f) Failure to notify IDEM, OAQ by telephone or facsimile of an emergency lasting more than one (1) hour in accordance with (b)(4) and (5) of this condition shall constitute a violation of 326 IAC 2-7 and any other applicable rules.
- (g) If the emergency situation causes a deviation from a technology-based limit, the Permittee may continue to operate the affected emitting facilities during the emergency provided the Permittee immediately takes all reasonable steps to correct the emergency and minimize emissions.

B.12 Permit Shield [326 IAC 2-7-15][326 IAC 2-7-20][326 IAC 2-7-12]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-15, the Permittee has been granted a permit shield. The permit shield provides that compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance, provided that either the applicable requirements are included and specifically identified in this permit or the permit contains an explicit determination or concise summary of a determination that other specifically identified requirements are not applicable. The Indiana statutes from IC 13 and rules from 326 IAC, referenced in conditions in this permit, are those applicable at the time the permit was issued. The issuance or possession of this permit shall not alone constitute a defense against an alleged violation of any law, regulation or standard, except for the requirement to obtain a Part 70 permit under 326 IAC 2-7 or for applicable requirements for which a permit shield has been granted.

This permit shield does not extend to applicable requirements which are promulgated after the date of issuance of this permit unless this permit has been modified to reflect such new requirements.

- (b) If, after issuance of this permit, it is determined that the permit is in nonconformance with an applicable requirement that applied to the source on the date of permit issuance, IDEM, OAQ, shall immediately take steps to reopen and revise this permit and issue a compliance order to the Permittee to ensure expeditious compliance with the applicable requirement until the permit is reissued. The permit shield shall continue in effect so long as the Permittee is in compliance with the compliance order.
- (c) No permit shield shall apply to any permit term or condition that is determined after issuance of this permit to have been based on erroneous information supplied in the permit application. Erroneous information means information that the Permittee knew to be false, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have been known to be false, at the time the information was submitted.
- (d) Nothing in 326 IAC 2-7-15 or in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
 - (1) The provisions of Section 303 of the Clean Air Act (emergency orders), including the authority of the U.S. EPA under Section 303 of the Clean Air Act;
 - (2) The liability of the Permittee for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of this permit's issuance;
 - (3) The applicable requirements of the acid rain program, consistent with Section 408(a) of the Clean Air Act; and
 - (4) The ability of U.S. EPA to obtain information from the Permittee under Section 114 of the Clean Air Act.
- (e) This permit shield is not applicable to any change made under 326 IAC 2-7-20(b)(2) (Sections 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act changes) and 326 IAC 2-7-20(c)(2) (trading based on State Implementation Plan (SIP) provisions).
- (f) This permit shield is not applicable to modifications eligible for group processing until after IDEM, OAQ, has issued the modifications. [326 IAC 2-7-12(c)(7)]
- (g) This permit shield is not applicable to minor Part 70 permit modifications until after IDEM, OAQ, has issued the modification. [326 IAC 2-7-12(b)(8)]

B.13 Prior Permits Superseded [326 IAC 2-1.1-9.5][326 IAC 2-7-10.5]

- (a) All terms and conditions of permits established prior to T089-28597-00239 and issued pursuant to permitting programs approved into the state implementation plan have been either:
 - (1) incorporated as originally stated,
 - (2) revised under 326 IAC 2-7-10.5, or
 - (3) deleted under 326 IAC 2-7-10.5.
- (b) Provided that all terms and conditions are accurately reflected in this permit, all previous registrations and permits are superseded by this Part 70 operating permit.

B.14 Termination of Right to Operate [326 IAC 2-7-10][326 IAC 2-7-4(a)]

The Permittee's right to operate this source terminates with the expiration of this permit unless a timely and complete renewal application is submitted at least nine (9) months prior to the date of expiration of the source's existing permit, consistent with 326 IAC 2-7-3 and 326 IAC 2-7-4(a).

B.15 Permit Modification, Reopening, Revocation and Reissuance, or Termination
[326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(C)][326 IAC 2-7-8(a)][326 IAC 2-7-9]

- (a) This permit may be modified, reopened, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a Part 70 Operating Permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any condition of this permit. [326 IAC 2-7-5(6)(C)] The notification by the Permittee does require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (b) This permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the circumstances listed in IC 13-15-7-2 or if IDEM, OAQ determines any of the following:
- (1) That this permit contains a material mistake.
 - (2) That inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions.
 - (3) That this permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with an applicable requirement. [326 IAC 2-7-9(a)(3)]
- (c) Proceedings by IDEM, OAQ to reopen and revise this permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of this permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening and revision shall be made as expeditiously as practicable. [326 IAC 2-7-9(b)]
- (d) The reopening and revision of this permit, under 326 IAC 2-7-9(a), shall not be initiated before notice of such intent is provided to the Permittee by IDEM, OAQ at least thirty (30) days in advance of the date this permit is to be reopened, except that IDEM, OAQ may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency. [326 IAC 2-7-9(c)]

B.16 Permit Renewal [326 IAC 2-7-3][326 IAC 2-7-4][326 IAC 2-7-8(e)]

- (a) The application for renewal shall be submitted using the application form or forms prescribed by IDEM, OAQ and shall include the information specified in 326 IAC 2-7-4. Such information shall be included in the application for each emission unit at this source, except those emission units included on the trivial or insignificant activities list contained in 326 IAC 2-7-1(21) and 326 IAC 2-7-1(40). The renewal application does require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

Request for renewal shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permit Administration and Support Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

- (b) A timely renewal application is one that is:
- (1) Submitted at least nine (9) months prior to the date of the expiration of this permit; and

- (2) If the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ on or before the date it is due.
- (c) If the Permittee submits a timely and complete application for renewal of this permit, the source's failure to have a permit is not a violation of 326 IAC 2-7 until IDEM, OAQ takes final action on the renewal application, except that this protection shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination, the Permittee fails to submit by the deadline specified, pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-4(a)(2)(D), in writing by IDEM, OAQ any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.

B.17 Permit Amendment or Modification [326 IAC 2-7-11][326 IAC 2-7-12]

- (a) Permit amendments and modifications are governed by the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-11 or 326 IAC 2-7-12 whenever the Permittee seeks to amend or modify this permit.

- (b) Any application requesting an amendment or modification of this permit shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permit Administration and Support Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

Any such application shall be certified by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (c) The Permittee may implement administrative amendment changes addressed in the request for an administrative amendment immediately upon submittal of the request. [326 IAC 2-7-11(c)(3)]

B.18 Permit Revision Under Economic Incentives and Other Programs [326 IAC 2-7-5(8)][326 IAC 2-7-12(b)(2)]

- (a) No Part 70 permit revision or notice shall be required under any approved economic incentives, marketable Part 70 permits, emissions trading, and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in a Part 70 permit.
- (b) Notwithstanding 326 IAC 2-7-12(b)(1) and 326 IAC 2-7-12(c)(1), minor Part 70 permit modification procedures may be used for Part 70 modifications involving the use of economic incentives, marketable Part 70 permits, emissions trading, and other similar approaches to the extent that such minor Part 70 permit modification procedures are explicitly provided for in the applicable State Implementation Plan (SIP) or in applicable requirements promulgated or approved by the U.S. EPA.

B.19 Operational Flexibility [326 IAC 2-7-20][326 IAC 2-7-10.5]

- (a) The Permittee may make any change or changes at the source that are described in 326 IAC 2-7-20(b),(c), or (e) without a prior permit revision, if each of the following conditions is met:
 - (1) The changes are not modifications under any provision of Title I of the Clean Air Act;
 - (2) Any preconstruction approval required by 326 IAC 2-7-10.5 has been obtained;

(3) The changes do not result in emissions which exceed the limitations provided in this permit (whether expressed herein as a rate of emissions or in terms of total emissions);

(4) The Permittee notifies the:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permit Administration and Support Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

and

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region V
Air and Radiation Division, Regulation Development Branch - Indiana (AR-18J)
77 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604-3590

in advance of the change by written notification at least ten (10) days in advance of the proposed change. The Permittee shall attach every such notice to the Permittee's copy of this permit; and

(5) The Permittee maintains records on-site, on a rolling five (5) year basis, which document all such changes and emission trades that are subject to 326 IAC 2-7-20(b),(c), or (e). The Permittee shall make such records available, upon reasonable request, for public review.

Such records shall consist of all information required to be submitted to IDEM, OAQ in the notices specified in 326 IAC 2-7-20(b)(1), (c)(1), and (e)(2).

(b) The Permittee may make Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act changes (this term is defined at 326 IAC 2-7-1(36)) without a permit revision, subject to the constraint of 326 IAC 2-7-20(a). For each such Section 502(b)(10) of the Clean Air Act change, the required written notification shall include the following:

- (1) A brief description of the change within the source;
- (2) The date on which the change will occur;
- (3) Any change in emissions; and
- (4) Any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change.

The notification which shall be submitted is not considered an application form, report or compliance certification. Therefore, the notification by the Permittee does not require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

(c) Emission Trades [326 IAC 2-7-20(c)]
The Permittee may trade emissions increases and decreases at the source, where the applicable SIP provides for such emission trades without requiring a permit revision, subject to the constraints of Section (a) of this condition and those in 326 IAC 2-7-20(c).

- (d) Alternative Operating Scenarios [326 IAC 2-7-20(d)]
The Permittee may make changes at the source within the range of alternative operating scenarios that are described in the terms and conditions of this permit in accordance with 326 IAC 2-7-5(9). No prior notification of IDEM, OAQ, or U.S. EPA is required.
- (e) Backup fuel switches specifically addressed in, and limited under, Section D of this permit shall not be considered alternative operating scenarios. Therefore, the notification requirements of part (a) of this condition do not apply.

B.20 Source Modification Requirement [326 IAC 2-7-10.5]

A modification, construction, or reconstruction is governed by the requirements of 326 IAC 2.

B.21 Inspection and Entry [326 IAC 2-7-6][IC 13-14-2-2][IC 13-30-3-1][IC 13-17-3-2]

Upon presentation of proper identification cards, credentials, and other documents as may be required by law, and subject to the Permittee's right under all applicable laws and regulations to assert that the information collected by the agency is confidential and entitled to be treated as such, the Permittee shall allow IDEM, OAQ, U.S. EPA, or an authorized representative to perform the following:

- (a) Enter upon the Permittee's premises where a Part 70 source is located, or emissions related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (b) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, have access to and copy any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- (c) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, inspect any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit;
- (d) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, sample or monitor substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements; and
- (e) As authorized by the Clean Air Act, IC 13-14-2-2, IC 13-17-3-2, and IC 13-30-3-1, utilize any photographic, recording, testing, monitoring, or other equipment for the purpose of assuring compliance with this permit or applicable requirements.

B.22 Transfer of Ownership or Operational Control [326 IAC 2-7-11]

- (a) The Permittee must comply with the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-11 whenever the Permittee seeks to change the ownership or operational control of the source and no other change in the permit is necessary.
- (b) Any application requesting a change in the ownership or operational control of the source shall contain a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and new Permittee. The application shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Permit Administration and Support Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

The application which shall be submitted by the Permittee does require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (c) The Permittee may implement administrative amendment changes addressed in the request for an administrative amendment immediately upon submittal of the request. [326 IAC 2-7-11(c)(3)]

B.23 Annual Fee Payment [326 IAC 2-7-19] [326 IAC 2-7-5(7)][326 IAC 2-1.1-7]

- (a) The Permittee shall pay annual fees to IDEM, OAQ within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of a billing. Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-19(b), if the Permittee does not receive a bill from IDEM, OAQ the applicable fee is due April 1 of each year.
- (b) Except as provided in 326 IAC 2-7-19(e), failure to pay may result in administrative enforcement action or revocation of this permit.
- (c) The Permittee may call the following telephone numbers: 1-800-451-6027 or 317-233-4230 (ask for OAQ, Billing, Licensing, and Training Section), to determine the appropriate permit fee.

B.24 Credible Evidence [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)][326 IAC 2-7-6][62 FR 8314] [326 IAC 1-1-6]

For the purpose of submitting compliance certifications or establishing whether or not the Permittee has violated or is in violation of any condition of this permit, nothing in this permit shall preclude the use, including the exclusive use, of any credible evidence or information relevant to whether the Permittee would have been in compliance with the condition of this permit if the appropriate performance or compliance test or procedure had been performed.

SECTION C SOURCE OPERATION CONDITIONS

Entire Source

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

C.1 Opacity [326 IAC 5-1]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 5-1-2 (Opacity Limitations), except as provided in 326 IAC 5-1-1 (Applicability) and in 326 IAC 5-1-3 (Temporary Alternative Opacity Limitations), opacity shall meet the following, unless otherwise stated in this permit:

- (a) Opacity shall not exceed an average of twenty percent (20%) in any one (1) six (6) minute averaging period as determined in 326 IAC 5-1-4.
- (b) Opacity shall not exceed sixty percent (60%) for more than a cumulative total of fifteen (15) minutes (sixty (60) readings as measured according to 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 9 or fifteen (15) one (1) minute nonoverlapping integrated averages for a continuous opacity monitor) in a six (6) hour period.

C.2 Open Burning [326 IAC 4-1] [IC 13-17-9]

The Permittee shall not open burn any material except as provided in 326 IAC 4-1-3, 326 IAC 4-1-4 or 326 IAC 4-1-6. The previous sentence notwithstanding, the Permittee may open burn in accordance with an open burning approval issued by the Commissioner under 326 IAC 4-1-4.1.

C.3 Incineration [326 IAC 4-2] [326 IAC 9-1-2]

The Permittee shall not operate an incinerator except as provided in 326 IAC 4-2 or in this permit. The Permittee shall not operate a refuse incinerator or refuse burning equipment except as provided in 326 IAC 9-1-2 or in this permit.

C.4 Fugitive Dust Emissions [326 IAC 6-4]

The Permittee shall not allow fugitive dust to escape beyond the property line or boundaries of the property, right-of-way, or easement on which the source is located, in a manner that would violate 326 IAC 6-4 (Fugitive Dust Emissions). 326 IAC 6-4-2(4) is not federally enforceable.

C.5 Asbestos Abatement Projects [326 IAC 14-10] [326 IAC 18] [40 CFR 61, Subpart M]

- (a) Notification requirements apply to each owner or operator. If the combined amount of regulated asbestos containing material (RACM) to be stripped, removed or disturbed is at least 260 linear feet on pipes or 160 square feet on other facility components, or at least thirty-five (35) cubic feet on all facility components, then the notification requirements of 326 IAC 14-10-3 are mandatory. All demolition projects require notification whether or not asbestos is present.
- (b) The Permittee shall ensure that a written notification is sent on a form provided by the Commissioner at least ten (10) working days before asbestos stripping or removal work or before demolition begins, per 326 IAC 14-10-3, and shall update such notice as necessary, including, but not limited to the following:
 - (1) When the amount of affected asbestos containing material increases or decreases by at least twenty percent (20%); or
 - (2) If there is a change in the following:
 - (A) Asbestos removal or demolition start date;

- (B) Removal or demolition contractor; or
- (C) Waste disposal site.
- (c) The Permittee shall ensure that the notice is postmarked or delivered according to the guidelines set forth in 326 IAC 14-10-3(2).
- (d) The notice to be submitted shall include the information enumerated in 326 IAC 14-10-3(3).

All required notifications shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

The notice shall include a signed certification from the owner or operator that the information provided in this notification is correct and that only Indiana licensed workers and project supervisors will be used to implement the asbestos removal project.

- (e) **Procedures for Asbestos Emission Control**
The Permittee shall comply with the applicable emission control procedures in 326 IAC 14-10-4 and 40 CFR 61.145(c). Per 326 IAC 14-10-1, emission control requirements are applicable for any removal or disturbance of RACM greater than three (3) linear feet on pipes or three (3) square feet on any other facility components or a total of at least 0.75 cubic feet on all facility components.
- (f) **Demolition and Renovation**
The Permittee shall thoroughly inspect the affected facility or part of the facility where the demolition or renovation will occur for the presence of asbestos pursuant to 40 CFR 61.145(a).
- (g) **Indiana Licensed Asbestos Inspector**
The Permittee shall comply with 326 IAC 14-10-1(a) that requires the owner or operator, prior to a renovation/demolition, to use an Indiana Licensed Asbestos Inspector to thoroughly inspect the affected portion of the facility for the presence of asbestos. The requirement to use an Indiana Licensed Asbestos inspector is not federally enforceable.

Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

C.6 Performance Testing [326 IAC 3-6]

- (a) For performance testing required by this permit, a test protocol, except as provided elsewhere in this permit, shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53, IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

no later than thirty-five (35) days prior to the intended test date. The protocol submitted by the Permittee does not require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

- (b) The Permittee shall notify IDEM, OAQ of the actual test date at least fourteen (14) days prior to the actual test date. The notification submitted by the Permittee does not require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).
- (c) Pursuant to 326 IAC 3-6-4(b), all test reports must be received by IDEM, OAQ not later than forty-five (45) days after the completion of the testing. An extension may be granted by IDEM, OAQ if the Permittee submits to IDEM, OAQ, a reasonable written explanation not later than five (5) days prior to the end of the initial forty-five (45) day period. The extension request submitted by the Permittee does not require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

Compliance Requirements [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

C.7 Compliance Requirements [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

The commissioner may require stack testing, monitoring, or reporting at any time to assure compliance with all applicable requirements by issuing an order under 326 IAC 2-1.1-11. Any monitoring or testing shall be performed in accordance with 326 IAC 3 or other methods approved by the commissioner or the U. S. EPA.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

C.8 Compliance Monitoring [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

Unless otherwise specified in this permit, for all monitoring requirements not already legally required, the Permittee shall be allowed up to ninety (90) days from the date of permit issuance or of initial start-up, whichever is later, to begin such monitoring. If due to circumstances beyond the Permittee's control, any monitoring equipment required by this permit cannot be installed and operated no later than ninety (90) days after permit issuance or the date of initial startup, whichever is later, the Permittee may extend the compliance schedule related to the equipment for an additional ninety (90) days provided the Permittee notifies:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

in writing, prior to the end of the initial ninety (90) day compliance schedule, with full justification of the reasons for the inability to meet this date.

The notification which shall be submitted by the Permittee does require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

Unless otherwise specified in the approval for the new emission unit(s), compliance monitoring for new emission units or emission units added through a source modification shall be implemented when operation begins.

C.9 Instrument Specifications [326 IAC 2-1.1-11] [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

- (a) When required by any condition of this permit, an analog instrument used to measure a parameter related to the operation of an air pollution control device shall have a scale such that the expected maximum reading for the normal range shall be no less than twenty percent (20%) of full scale.
- (b) The Permittee may request that the IDEM, OAQ approve the use of an instrument that does not meet the above specifications provided the Permittee can demonstrate that an alternative instrument specification will adequately ensure compliance with permit conditions requiring the measurement of the parameters.

Corrective Actions and Response Steps [326 IAC 2-7-5][326 IAC 2-7-6]

C.10 Emergency Reduction Plans [326 IAC 1-5-2] [326 IAC 1-5-3]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 1-5-2 (Emergency Reduction Plans; Submission):

- (a) The Permittee shall maintain the most recently submitted written emergency reduction plans (ERPs) consistent with safe operating procedures.
- (b) Upon direct notification by IDEM, OAQ that a specific air pollution episode level is in effect, the Permittee shall immediately put into effect the actions stipulated in the approved ERP for the appropriate episode level. [326 IAC 1-5-3]

C.11 Risk Management Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(12)] [40 CFR 68]

If a regulated substance, as defined in 40 CFR 68, is present at a source in more than a threshold quantity, the Permittee must comply with the applicable requirements of 40 CFR 68.

C.12 Response to Excursions or Exceedances [326 IAC 2-7-5] [326 IAC 2-7-6]

Upon detecting an excursion where a response step is required by the D Section or an exceedance of a limitation in this permit:

- (a) The Permittee shall take reasonable response steps to restore operation of the emissions unit (including any control device and associated capture system) to its normal or usual manner of operation as expeditiously as practicable in accordance with good air pollution control practices for minimizing excess emissions.
- (b) The response shall include minimizing the period of any startup, shutdown or malfunction. The response may include, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (1) initial inspection and evaluation;
 - (2) recording that operations returned or are returning to normal without operator action (such as through response by a computerized distribution control system);
or
 - (3) any necessary follow-up actions to return operation to normal or usual manner of operation.
- (c) A determination of whether the Permittee has used acceptable procedures in response to an excursion or exceedance will be based on information available, which may include, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:
 - (1) monitoring results;

- (2) review of operation and maintenance procedures and records; and/or
- (3) inspection of the control device, associated capture system, and the process.
- (d) Failure to take reasonable response steps shall be considered a deviation from the permit.
- (e) The Permittee shall record the reasonable response steps taken.

C.13 Actions Related to Noncompliance Demonstrated by a Stack Test [326 IAC 2-7-5][326 IAC 2-7-6]

- (a) When the results of a stack test performed in conformance with Section C - Performance Testing, of this permit exceed the level specified in any condition of this permit, the Permittee shall submit a description of its response actions to IDEM, OAQ, no later than seventy-five (75) days after the date of the test.
- (b) A retest to demonstrate compliance shall be performed no later than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of the test. Should the Permittee demonstrate to IDEM, OAQ that retesting in one hundred eighty (180) days is not practicable, IDEM, OAQ may extend the retesting deadline.
- (c) IDEM, OAQ reserves the authority to take any actions allowed under law in response to noncompliant stack tests.

The response action documents submitted pursuant to this condition do require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

C.14 Emission Statement [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)(iii)][326 IAC 2-7-5(7)][326 IAC 2-7-19(c)][326 IAC 2-6]

- (a) In accordance with the compliance schedule specified in 326 IAC 2-6-3(b)(1), the Permittee shall submit by July 1 an emission statement covering the previous calendar year as follows:
 - (1) starting in 2004 and every three (3) years thereafter, and
 - (2) any year not already required under (1) if the source emits volatile organic compounds or oxides of nitrogen into the ambient air at levels equal to or greater than twenty-five (25) tons during the previous calendar year.
- (b) The emission statement shall contain, at a minimum, the information specified in 326 IAC 2-6-4(c) and shall meet the following requirements:
 - (1) Indicate estimated actual emissions of all pollutants listed in 326 IAC 2-6-4(a);
 - (2) Indicate estimated actual emissions of regulated pollutants as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(32) ("Regulated pollutant, which is used only for purposes of Section 19 of this rule") from the source, for purpose of fee assessment.

The statement must be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Technical Support and Modeling Section, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-50 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

The emission statement does require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34).

C.15 General Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-6]
[326 IAC 2-2][326 IAC 2-3]

- (a) Records of all required monitoring data, reports and support information required by this permit shall be retained for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. These records shall be physically present or electronically accessible at the source location for a minimum of three (3) years. The records may be stored elsewhere for the remaining two (2) years as long as they are available upon request. If the Commissioner makes a request for records to the Permittee, the Permittee shall furnish the records to the Commissioner within a reasonable time.
- (b) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, for all record keeping requirements not already legally required, the Permittee shall be allowed up to ninety (90) days from the date of permit issuance or the date of initial start-up, whichever is later, to begin such record keeping.
- (c) If there is a reasonable possibility (as defined in 40 CFR 51.165(a)(6)(vi)(A), 40 CFR 51.165(a)(6)(vi)(B), 40 CFR 51.166(r)(6)(vi)(a), and/or 40 CFR 51.166(r)(6)(vi)(b)) that a "project" (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(qq) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(II)) at an existing emissions unit, other than projects at a source with a Plantwide Applicability Limitation (PAL), which is not part of a "major modification" (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(ee) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(z)) may result in significant emissions increase and the Permittee elects to utilize the "projected actual emissions" (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(rr) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(mm)), the Permittee shall comply with following:
 - (1) Before beginning actual construction of the "project" (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(qq) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(II)) at an existing emissions unit, document and maintain the following records:
 - (A) A description of the project.
 - (B) Identification of any emissions unit whose emissions of a regulated new source review pollutant could be affected by the project.
 - (C) A description of the applicability test used to determine that the project is not a major modification for any regulated NSR pollutant, including:
 - (i) Baseline actual emissions;
 - (ii) Projected actual emissions;
 - (iii) Amount of emissions excluded under section 326 IAC 2-2-1(rr)(2)(A)(iii) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1 (mm)(2)(A)(iii); and

- (iv) An explanation for why the amount was excluded, and any netting calculations, if applicable.
- (d) If there is a reasonable possibility (as defined in 40 CFR 51.165(a)(6)(vi)(A) and/or 40 CFR 51.166(r)(6)(vi)(a)) that a "project" (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(qq) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(ll)) at an existing emissions unit, other than projects at a source with a Plantwide Applicability Limitation (PAL), which is not part of a "major modification" (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(ee) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(z)) may result in significant emissions increase and the Permittee elects to utilize the "projected actual emissions" (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1(rr) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1(mm)), the Permittee shall comply with following:
 - (1) Monitor the emissions of any regulated NSR pollutant that could increase as a result of the project and that is emitted by any existing emissions unit identified in (1)(B) above; and
 - (2) Calculate and maintain a record of the annual emissions, in tons per year on a calendar year basis, for a period of five (5) years following resumption of regular operations after the change, or for a period of ten (10) years following resumption of regular operations after the change if the project increases the design capacity of or the potential to emit that regulated NSR pollutant at the emissions unit.

C.16 General Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)(C)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11] [326 IAC 2-3]

- (a) The Permittee shall submit the attached Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report or its equivalent. Any deviation from permit requirements, the date(s) of each deviation, the cause of the deviation, and the response steps taken must be reported except that a deviation required to be reported pursuant to an applicable requirement that exists independent of this permit, shall be reported according to the schedule stated in the applicable requirement and does not need to be included in this report. This report shall be submitted not later than thirty (30) days after the end of the reporting period. The Quarterly Deviation and Compliance Monitoring Report shall include a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34). A deviation is an exceedance of a permit limitation or a failure to comply with a requirement of the permit.
- (b) The address for report submittal is:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251
- (c) Unless otherwise specified in this permit, any notice, report, or other submission required by this permit shall be considered timely if the date postmarked on the envelope or certified mail receipt, or affixed by the shipper on the private shipping receipt, is on or before the date it is due. If the document is submitted by any other means, it shall be considered timely if received by IDEM, OAQ on or before the date it is due.
- (d) The first report shall cover the period commencing on the date of issuance of this permit and ending on the last day of the reporting period. Reporting periods are based on calendar years, unless otherwise specified in this permit. For the purpose of this permit "calendar year" means the twelve (12) month period from January 1 to December 31 inclusive.

- (e) If the Permittee is required to comply with the recordkeeping provisions of (d) in Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements for any "project" (as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1 (qq) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1 (ll)) at an existing emissions unit, and the project meets the following criteria, then the Permittee shall submit a report to IDEM, OAQ:
- (1) The annual emissions, in tons per year, from the project identified in (c)(1) in Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements exceed the baseline actual emissions, as documented and maintained under Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements (c)(1)(C)(i), by a significant amount, as defined in 326 IAC 2-2-1 (xx) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-1 (qq), for that regulated NSR pollutant, and
 - (2) The emissions differ from the preconstruction projection as documented and maintained under Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements (c)(1)(C)(ii).
- (f) The report for project at an existing emissions unit shall be submitted within sixty (60) days after the end of the year and contain the following:
- (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the major stationary source.
 - (2) The annual emissions calculated in accordance with (d)(1) and (2) in Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements.
 - (3) The emissions calculated under the actual-to-projected actual test stated in 326 IAC 2-2-2(d)(3) and/or 326 IAC 2-3-2(c)(3).
 - (4) Any other information that the Permittee wishes to include in this report such as an explanation as to why the emissions differ from the preconstruction project.

Reports required in this part shall be submitted to:

Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Compliance and Enforcement Branch, Office of Air Quality
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251

- (g) The Permittee shall make the information required to be documented and maintained in accordance with (c) in Section C- General Record Keeping Requirements available for review upon a request for inspection by IDEM, OAQ. The general public may request this information from the IDEM, OAQ under 326 IAC 17.1.

Stratospheric Ozone Protection

C.17 Compliance with 40 CFR 82 and 326 IAC 22-1

Pursuant to 40 CFR 82 (Protection of Stratospheric Ozone), Subpart F, except as provided for motor vehicle air conditioners in Subpart B, the Permittee shall comply with applicable standards for recycling and emissions reduction.

SECTION D.1 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit Description:

- (a) One (1) Tank Truck Loading Facility, identified as 041, constructed in 1926, where liquid fuels are bottom-loaded into tank trucks. The truck loading rack will be modified in 2011 to a four lane loading rack. Denatured ethanol loading will be directed to vapor combustion unit one (VCU1). The new capacity of the truck rack will be 90,000 gallons per hour of denatured ethanol and 30,000 gallons per hour of jet/diesel product. The truck rack will have six (6) denatured ethanol loading arms, eight (8) diesel loading arms and one (1) jet loading arm.
- (b) A 24-spot railcar loading rack, constructed in 2011, designed to load/offload denatured ethanol in up to six (6) railcars at a time through six (6) loading arms. The railcars are 30,000 gallons per car with a total rack capacity of 180,000 gallons per hour. The loading racks emissions will be controlled by vapor combustion unit two (VCU2).

(The information describing the process contained in this emissions unit description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.1.1 [326 IAC 8-4-4] [40 CFR 60 Subpart XX]

The Permittee shall not load gasoline through the Tank Truck Loading Facility, identified as 041 at any time.

Compliance with this limit shall render 326 IAC 8-4-4 and 40 CFR 60 Subpart XX not applicable to the Tank Truck Loading Facility.

D.1.2 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

The Permittee shall comply with the following in order to limit the VOC emissions from the loading racks to less than 24.6 tons per year:

- (a) The emissions of VOC when handling denatured ethanol shall not exceed 9.5 mg/L with the use of vapor combustion unit one (VCU1) when the truck loading rack is in operation and vapor combustion unit two (VCU2) railcar loading rack is in operation.
- (b) The annual throughput of denatured ethanol delivered to the truck loading rack, identified as 041, shall be limited to less than 310,000,000 gallons per twelve (12) consecutive month period, with compliance determined at the end of each month; and
- (c) The annual throughput of denatured ethanol delivered to the railcar loading rack, shall be limited to less than 310,500,000 gallons per twelve (12) consecutive month period, with compliance determined at the end of each month.

Compliance with the above limits in combination with the potential to emit VOC from other emission units shall limit VOC emissions to less than 40 tons per year and will render 326 IAC 2-2 (PSD) not applicable to the 2011 modification.

D.1.3 Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) [326 IAC 8-4-9]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-4-9 (Leaks from transports and vapor collection systems, records) the source will operate a vapor control system. The requirements are as follows:

- (a) This section is applicable to the following:

- (1) All vapor balance systems and vapor control systems at sources subject to sections 4 through 6 of this rule.
 - (2) All gasoline transports subject to section 7 of this rule.
- (b) No person shall allow a gasoline transport that is subject to this rule and that has a capacity of two thousand (2,000) gallons or more to be filled or emptied unless the gasoline transport completes the following:
- (1) Annual leak detection testing before the end of the twelfth calendar month following the previous year's test, according to test procedures contained in 40 CFR 63.425 (e), as follows:
 - (A) Conduct the pressure and vacuum tests for the transport's cargo tank using a time period of five (5) minutes. The initial pressure for the pressure test shall be four hundred sixty (460) millimeters H₂O (eighteen (18) inches H₂O) gauge. The initial vacuum for the vacuum test shall be one hundred fifty (150) millimeters H₂O (six (6) inches H₂O) gauge. The maximum allowable pressure or vacuum change is twenty-five (25) millimeters H₂O (one (1) inch H₂O) in five (5) minutes.
 - (B) Conduct the pressure test of the cargo tank's internal vapor valve as follows:
 - (i) After completing the test under clause (A), use the procedures in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 27 to repressurize the tank to four hundred sixty (460) millimeters H₂O (eighteen (18) inches H₂O) gauge. Close the transport's internal vapor valve or valves, thereby isolating the vapor return line and manifold from the tank.
 - (ii) Relieve the pressure in the vapor return line to atmospheric pressure, then reseal the line. After five (5) minutes, record the gauge pressure in the vapor return line and manifold. The maximum allowable five (5) minute pressure increase is one hundred thirty (130) millimeters H₂O (five (5) inches H₂O).
 - (2) Repairs by the gasoline transport owner or operator, if the transport does not meet the criteria of subdivision (1), and retesting to prove compliance with the criteria of subdivision (1).
- (c) The annual test data remain valid until the end of the twelfth calendar month following the test. The owner of the gasoline transport shall be responsible for compliance with subsection (b) and shall provide the owner of the loading facility with the most recent valid modified 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 27 test results upon request. The owner of the loading facility shall take all reasonable steps, including reviewing the test date and tester's signature, to ensure that gasoline transports loading at its facility comply with subsection (b).
- (d) The owner or operator of a vapor balance system or vapor control system subject to this rule shall:
- (1) design and operate the applicable system and the gasoline loading equipment in a manner that prevents:
 - (A) gauge pressure from exceeding four thousand five hundred (4,500) pascals (eighteen (18) inches of H₂O) and a vacuum from exceeding

one thousand five hundred (1,500) pascals (six (6) inches of H₂O) in the gasoline transport;

- (B) except for sources subject to 40 CFR 60.503(b) (NESHAP/MACT) or 40 CFR 63. 425(a) (New Source Performance Standards) requirements, a reading equal to or greater than twenty-one thousand (21,000) parts per million as propane, from all points on the perimeter of a potential leak source when measured by the method referenced in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 21, or an equivalent procedure approved by the commissioner during loading or unloading operations at gasoline dispensing facilities, bulk plants, and bulk terminals; and
 - (C) avoidable visible liquid leaks during loading or unloading operations at gasoline dispensing facilities, bulk plants, and bulk terminals; and
- (2) within fifteen (15) days, repair and retest a vapor balance, collection, or control system that exceeds the limits in subdivision (1).
- (e) The department may, at any time, monitor a gasoline transport, vapor balance, or vapor control system to confirm continuing compliance with subsection (b) or (c).
 - (f) The owner or operator of a vapor balance or vapor control system subject to this section shall maintain records of all certification testing. The records shall identify the following:
 - (1) The vapor balance, vapor collection, or vapor control system.
 - (2) The date of the test and, if applicable, retest.
 - (3) The results of the test and, if applicable, retest.The records shall be maintained in a legible, readily available condition for at least two (2) years after the date the testing and, if applicable, retesting were completed.
 - (g) The owner or operator of a gasoline transport subject to this section shall keep a legible copy of the transport's most recent valid annual modified 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 27 test either in the cab of the transport or affixed to the transport trailer. The test record shall identify the following:
 - (1) The gasoline transport.
 - (2) The type and date of the test and, if applicable, date of retest.
 - (3) The test methods, test data, and results certified as true, accurate, and in compliance with this rule by the person who performs the test.This copy shall be made available immediately upon request to the department and to the owner of the loading facility for inspection and review. The department shall be allowed to make copies of the test results.
 - (h) If the commissioner allows alternative test procedures in subsection (b)(1) or (d)(1)(B), such method shall be submitted to the U.S. EPA as a SIP revision.
 - (i) During compliance tests conducted under 326 IAC 3-6 (stack testing), each vapor balance or control system shall be tested applying the standards described in subsection (d)(1)(B). Testers shall use 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 21 to determine if there are any leaks from the hatches and the flanges of the gasoline transports. If any leak is detected, the transport cannot be used for the capacity of the compliance test of the bulk gas terminal. The threshold for leaks shall be as follows:
 - (1) Five hundred (500) parts per million methane for all bulk gas terminals.

- (2) Ten thousand (10,000) parts per million methane for all bulk gas terminals.

D.1.4 Gasoline Transports [326 IAC 8-4-7]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-4-7:

- (a) No owner or operator of a gasoline transport shall cause, allow, or permit the transfer of gasoline between transports and storage tanks that are equipped with a vapor balance system or vapor recovery system unless:
 - (1) The vapor balance system or vapor recovery system is connected and operating according to manufacturers' specifications;
 - (2) Gasoline transport compartment hatches are closed at all times during loading operations;
 - (3) Except as provided in 326 IAC 8-4-9(i) (stack testing) and for sources subject to 40 CFR 60.503(b) (Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources) or 40 CFR 63.425(a) (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants) requirements, there are no visible leaks, or otherwise detectable leaks (measured at twenty-one thousand (21,000) parts per million as propane as specified in 40 CFR 63.425(f)(1), in the gasoline transport's pressure/vacuum relief valves, hatch cover, trailer compartments, storage tanks, or associated vapor and liquid lines during loading or unloading; and
 - (4) The pressure relief valves on gasoline transports are set to release at no less than four and eight-tenths (4.8) kilo Pascals (seven-tenths (0.7) pounds per square inch).
- (b) Tank wagons are exempt from vapor balance requirements.
- (c) When employees of the bulk gasoline terminal are present to supervise or perform loading, the Permittee shall be responsible for compliance with paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this condition. The Permittee shall also ensure that owners of gasoline transports loading at the terminal during unsupervised times comply with this condition.
- (d) Gasoline transports must be designed, maintained, and operated so as to be vapor-tight.

D.1.5 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan (PMP) is required for this unit and its control device. Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the preventive maintenance plan required by this condition.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.1.6 Vapor Combustion Unit (VCU) Operation

In order to comply with Condition D.1.2, the Vapor Combustion Unit One (VCU1) and vapor combustion Unit Two (VCU2) shall be in operation and control emissions at all times that the truck loading rack and railcar loading rack are in operation, respectively.

D.1.7 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

In order determine compliance with Condition D.1.2, within one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the start-up of the truck loading rack and railcar loading rack, the Permittee shall conduct performance test to determine VOC emission rate and the temperature of VCU1 and VCU2 when loading denatured ethanol, using methods approved by the Commissioner. This test shall be repeated at least once every five (5) years from the date of this valid compliance demonstration. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of 326 IAC 3-6 (Source Sampling Procedures). Section C - Performance Testing contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the performance testing required by this condition.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements

D.1.8 Vapor Combustion Unit Monitoring [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)][40 CFR 64]

- (a) A continuous monitoring system shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated on Vapor Combustion Units One and Two (VCU1 and VCU2) for measuring operating temperature of the Vapor Combustion Units One and Two (VCU1 and VCU2). For the purposes of this condition, continuous monitoring shall mean no less often than once per fifteen (15) minutes. The output from this monitoring system and the three hour average temperatures shall be recorded whenever the VCU are in operation. From the date of the start up of the VCU until the approved stack test results are available, the Permittee shall operate the VCU at or above the 3-hour average temperature of 1200°F, when operating.

A reading that is below the temperature established in the most recent compliant stack test is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps shall be considered as a deviation from the permit. Section C – Response to Excursions or Exceedances contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to responding to the reasonable response steps required by this condition.

- (b) The Permittee shall determine the 3-hour average temperature, when operating from the most recent valid stack test approved by IDEM that demonstrates compliance with Condition D.1.2.
- (c) On and after the date the approved stack test results are available, the Permittee shall operate the VCUs at or above the 3-hour average temperature, when operating as observed during the compliant stack test. When for any one reading, the temperature is below the normal temperature as established in most recent compliant stack test, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps. A reading that is below the temperature as established in most recent compliant stack test is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps shall be considered as a deviation from the permit. Section C – Response to Excursions or Exceedances contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to responding to the reasonable response steps required by this condition.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)]

D.1.9 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document the compliance status with Condition D.1.3, the Permittee shall maintain records of all the required parameters in Condition D.1.3.
- (b) To document the compliance status with Condition D.1.8, the Permittee shall maintain:
- (1) Continuous temperature records and 3 hour average temperature records of the Vapor Combustion Units One and Two (VCU1 and VCU2).
- (c) Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the record keeping required by this condition.

D.1.10 Reporting Requirements

A quarterly summary of the information to document the compliance status with Condition D.1.2 shall be submitted, using the reporting forms located at the end of this permit, or their equivalent, not later than thirty (30) days following the end of each calendar quarter. The report submitted by the Permittee does require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34). Section C - General Reporting Requirements contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the reporting required by this condition.

SECTION D.2 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit Description:

- (c) Fourteen (14) petroleum liquid storage tanks, identified as tank Nos. D-1, D-2, D-3, D-08F, D-12S, , D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, , D-91, and D-92. Tank specifications are as follows:
- (1) Storage Tank No. D-1 has an internal floating roof with a double wiper seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 7,560,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1995. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (2) Storage Tank No. D-2 permitted to store gasoline, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical shoe seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (3) Storage Tank No. D-3 permitted to store denatured ethanol, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb]
 - (4) Storage Tank No. D-08F has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted resilient seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (5) Storage Tank No. D-12S has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted resilient seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (6) Storage Tank No. D-50 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (7) Storage Tank No. D-55 has an internal floating roof with a mechanical seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (8) Storage Tank No. D-72 has an internal floating roof with a double wiper seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (9) Storage Tank No. D-73 has an internal floating roof with a double wiper seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (10) Storage Tank No. D-80 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted primary seal and rim mounted secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927 and modified in 1998. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (11) Storage Tank No. D-83 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted primary seal and rim mounted secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927 and modified in 1998.

[40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]

- (12) Storage Tank No. D-85 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (13) Storage Tank No. D-91 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 210,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (14) Storage Tank No. D-92 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 210,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]

(The information describing the process contained in this emissions unit description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.2.1 Storage Vessels [326 IAC 8-9-4(b)]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-9-4(b), tanks D-1, D-2, D-3, D-08F, D-12S, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, D-91, and D-92 shall not store a volatile organic liquid (VOL) with a vapor pressure greater than or equal to eleven and one-tenth (11.1) psia as stored.

D.2.2 Storage Vessels [326 IAC 8-9-4(c)] [326 IAC 8-4-3(b)]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-9-4(c), tanks D-1, D-2, D-3, D-08F, D-12S, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, D-91, and D-92 shall be equipped with a fixed roof in combination with an internal floating roof meeting the following:
 - (1) The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed roof.
 - (2) The internal floating roof shall be floating on the liquid surface at all times, except during initial fill and during those intervals when the storage tank is completely emptied and refilled.
 - (3) When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.
 - (4) Each internal floating roof shall be equipped with one (1) of the following closure devices between the wall of the vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof:
 - (A) A foam or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid (liquid-mounted seal).
 - (B) Two (2) seals mounted one (1) above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof. The lower seal may be vapor-mounted, but both must be continuous.
 - (C) A mechanical shoe seal that consists of a metal sheet held vertically against the wall of the storage vessel by springs or weighted levers and is connected by braces to the floating roof. A flexible coated fabric, or

envelope, spans the annular space between the metal sheet and the floating roof.

- (5) The facility is maintained such that there are no visible holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or any seal fabric or materials.
 - (6) Each opening in a noncontact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents is to provide a projection below the liquid surface.
 - (7) Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e.; no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use.
 - (8) Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports.
 - (9) Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.
 - (10) Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening.
 - (11) Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover.
 - (12) Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover.
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-4-3(b), no owner or operator of tanks D-1, D-2, D-3, D-08F, D-12S, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, D-91, and D-92 shall permit the use of such facility unless:
- (1) The facility has been retrofitted with an internal floating roof equipped with a closure seal, or seals, to close the space between the roof edge and tank wall unless the source has been retrofitted with equally effective alternative control which has been approved.
 - (2) The facility is maintained such that there are no visible holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or any seal fabric or materials.
 - (3) All openings, except stub drains, are equipped with covers, lids, or seals such that:
 - (A) The cover, lid, or seal is in the closed position at all times except when in actual use;

- (B) Automatic bleeder vents are closed at all times except when the roof is floated off or landed on the roof leg supports;
- (C) Rim vents, if provided, are set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof leg supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.

D.2.3 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan (PMP) is required for this unit and its control device. Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the preventive maintenance plan required by this condition.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

D.2.4 Monitoring [326 IAC 8-9-5(b)]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-9-5(b), the owner or operator of tanks D-1, D-2, D-3, D-08F, D-12S, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, D-91, and D-92 shall:

- (a) Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if one is in service), prior to the filling of the storage vessel with VOL. If there are holes, tears, or other openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, or the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof, or both, the Permittee shall repair the items before filling the storage vessel.
- (b) Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill. If the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage vessel, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric, the Permittee shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If a failure that is detected in this paragraph cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from IDEM, OAQ in the inspection report required in 326 IAC 8-9-6(c)(3). Such a request for an extension must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions that the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.
- (c) For vessels equipped with both primary and secondary seals:
 - (1) visually inspect the vessel as specified in Condition D.2.4(c), at least every five (5) years; or
 - (2) visually inspect the vessel as specified in Condition D.2.4(b).
- (d) Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes, and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed. If the internal floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area, the Permittee shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before refilling the storage vessel with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels conducting the annual visual inspection as specified in Conditions D.2.4(b) and D.2.4(c)(1) and at

intervals no greater than five (5) years in the case of vessels specified in Condition D.2.4(c)(2).

- (e) Notify IDEM, OAQ in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel for which an inspection is required by paragraph (a) and (c) of this section to afford IDEM the opportunity to have an observer present. If the inspection required by (c) of this section is not planned and the Permittee could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the Permittee shall notify IDEM, OAQ at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the IDEM, OAQ at least 7 days prior to refilling.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.2.5 Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 8-9-6] [326 IAC 8-4-3]

- (a) In accordance with 326 IAC 8-9-6(b) the owner or operator of tanks D-1, D-2, D-3, D-08F, D-12S, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, D-91, and D-92 shall maintain records of each vessel including the vessel identification number, dimensions, capacity, and a description of the emission control equipment shall be maintained for the life of the vessel.
- (b) In accordance with 326 IAC 8-9-6(c), a record of each inspection performed as required under Condition D.2.4 shall be maintained and shall identify the following:
 - (1) The vessel identification number
 - (2) The date of the inspection
 - (3) The observed condition of the seal, internal floating roof, and fittings.
- (c) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-4-3(d), the Permittee shall maintain a record of the petroleum liquid or VOL stored in tanks D-1, D-2, D-3, D-08F, D-12S, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, D-91, and D-92, the period of storage, the maximum true vapor pressure of that liquid as stored, and the results of the inspections performed on the storage vessels.
- (d) Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the record keeping required by this condition.

D.2.6 Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 8-9-6]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-9-6(c)(2), a report of any defects (the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric) discovered during the annual inspection required in D.2.4 shall be furnished to the IDEM, OAQ and not later than thirty (30) days of the inspection. The report shall identify the vessel identification number, the nature of the defects, and the date the vessel was emptied or the nature of and date the repair was made.

These reports shall be submitted not later than thirty (30) calendar days following the end of each calendar quarter. Section C - General Reporting Requirements contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the reporting required by this condition.

SECTION D.3 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit Description:

The following storage tanks which emit less than one (1) ton per year of a single HAP and less than fifteen (15) pounds per day of VOC:

- (a) Storage Tank No. D-08B is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1929.
- (b) Storage Tank No. D-08G is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 3,120,600 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928.
- (c) Storage Tank No. D-13S is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 3,141,600 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928.
- (d) Storage Tank No. D-21 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928.
- (e) Storage Tank No. D-51 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926.
- (f) Storage Tank No. D-52 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927.
- (g) Storage Tank No. D-57 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926.
- (h) Storage Tank No. D-74 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926.
- (i) Storage Tank No. D-75 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926.
- (j) Storage Tank No. D-84 is a fixed cone roof tank storing distillates with a maximum design capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926.

(The information describing the process contained in this emissions unit description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.3.1 Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 8-9-6]

- (a) In accordance with 326 IAC 8-9-6(b) the owner or operator of tanks D-08B, D-08G, D-13S, D-21, D-51, D-52, D-57, D-74, D-75, and D-84 shall maintain records of each vessel including the vessel identification number, dimensions, capacity, and a description of the emission control equipment shall be maintained for the life of the vessel.
- (b) Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the record keeping required by this condition.

D.3.2 Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 8-9-6]

In accordance with 326 IAC 8-9-6(h), the owner or operator of tanks D-08B, D-08G, D-13S, D-21, D-51, D-52, D-57, D-74, D-75, and D-84 shall maintain a record and notify the IDEM, OAQ not later than thirty (30) days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds seventy-five hundredths (0.75) psia.

These reports shall be submitted not later than thirty (30) calendar days following the end of each calendar quarter. Section C - General Reporting Requirements contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the reporting required by this condition.

SECTION E.1 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit Description [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]: Storage Tanks

- (1) Storage Tank No. D-1 has an internal floating roof with a double wiper seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 7,560,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1995. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (2) Storage Tank No. D-2 permitted to store gasoline, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical shoe seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (3) Storage Tank No. D-3 permitted to store denatured ethanol, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb]
- (9) Storage Tank No. D-80 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted primary seal and rim mounted secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927 and modified in 1998. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (10) Storage Tank No. D-83 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted primary seal and rim mounted secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927 and modified in 1998. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]

(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

New Source Performance Standards [40 CFR Part 60]

E.1.1 General Provisions Relating to NSPS Subpart Kb [326 IAC 12-1] [40 CFR 60, Subpart A]

Pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A – General Provisions, which are incorporated by reference as 326 IAC 12-1, for tank nos. D-1, D-2, D-3, D-80 and D-83, except when otherwise specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb (*Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984*).

E.1.2 Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels NSPS [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [326 IAC 12]

The Permittee, which operates the volatile organic liquid storage vessels designated as tank nos. D-1, D-2, D-3, D-80 and D-83 shall comply with the following provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb (included as Attachment A of this permit), which are incorporated by reference as 326 IAC 12:

- (1) 40 CFR 60.110b;
- (2) 40 CFR 60.111b;
- (3) 40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1);
- (4) 40 CFR 60.113b(a);
- (5) 40 CFR 60.115b(a);
- (6) 40 CFR 60.116b.
- (7) 40 CFR 60.117b

SECTION E.2 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit Description:

- (c) Thirteen (13) petroleum liquid storage tanks, identified as tank Nos. D-1, D-2, D-08F, D-12S, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, D-91, and D-92. Tank specifications are as follows:
- (1) Storage Tank No. D-1 has an internal floating roof with a double wiper seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 7,560,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1995. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (2) Storage Tank No. D-2 permitted to store gasoline, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical shoe seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (3) Storage Tank No. D-08F has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted resilient seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (4) Storage Tank No. D-12S has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted resilient seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (5) Storage Tank No. D-50 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (6) Storage Tank No. D-55 has an internal floating roof with a mechanical seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (7) Storage Tank No. D-72 has an internal floating roof with a double wiper seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (8) Storage Tank No. D-73 has an internal floating roof with a double wiper seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (9) Storage Tank No. D-80 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted primary seal and rim mounted secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927 and modified in 1998. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (10) Storage Tank No. D-83 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted primary seal and rim mounted secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927 and modified in 1998. [40 CFR 60 Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
 - (11) Storage Tank No. D-85 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 3,360,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]

- (12) Storage Tank No. D-91 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 210,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (13) Storage Tank No. D-92 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 210,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1928. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]

(The information describing the process contained in this emissions unit description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants [40 CFR 63]

E.2.1 General Provisions Relating to National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Distribution Bulk Terminals, Bulk Plants, and Pipeline Facilities (NESHAP) [326 IAC 20-1] [40 CFR 63, Subpart A]

The provisions of 40 CFR 63, Subpart A - General Provisions, which are incorporated by reference in 326 IAC 20-1, apply to the tanks D-1, D-2, D-8F, D-12S, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, D-91 and D-92 except when otherwise specified in 40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB.

E.2.2 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Distribution Bulk Terminals, Bulk Plants, and Pipeline Facilities (NESHAP) [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]

Pursuant to 40 CFR 63 Subpart BBBBBB, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of 40 CFR 63 Subpart BBBBBB (Attachment B), which are incorporated as 326 IAC 20-1 for the tanks D-1, D-2, D-8F, D-12S, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, D-91 and D-92, as specified as follows:

- (1) 40 CFR 63.11080
- (2) 40 CFR 63.11081(a)(1)
- (3) 40 CFR 63.11082(a) and (b)
- (4) 40 CFR 63.11083(a)(2)
- (5) 40 CFR 63.11087
- (6) 40 CFR 63.11089
- (7) 40 CFR 63.11092(e)
- (8) 40 CFR 63.11093(b)
- (9) 40 CFR 63.11094(a), (d) & (e)
- (10) 40 CFR 63.11095(a)(1)
- (11) 40 CFR 63.11099
- (12) 40 CFR 63.11100
- (13) Table 1 to 40 CFR 63 Subpart BBBBBB

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT
CERTIFICATION**

Source Name: Buckeye Terminals-Hammond Terminal, LLC
Source Address: 2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, Indiana 46320
Mailing Address: same
Part 70 Permit No.: T089-28597-00239

This certification shall be included when submitting monitoring, testing reports/results or other documents as required by this permit.

Please check what document is being certified:

- Annual Compliance Certification Letter
- Test Result (specify)
- Report (specify)
- Notification (specify)
- Affidavit (specify)
- Other (specify)

I certify that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

Signature:

Printed Name:

Title/Position:

Phone:

Date:

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT BRANCH
100 North Senate Avenue
MC 61-53 IGCN 1003
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204-2251
Phone: (317) 233-0178
Fax: (317) 233-6865**

**PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT
EMERGENCY OCCURRENCE REPORT**

Source Name: Buckeye Terminals-Hammond Terminal, LLC
Source Address: 2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, Indiana 46320
Mailing Address: same
Part 70 Permit No.: T089-28597-00239

This form consists of 2 pages

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- This is an emergency as defined in 326 IAC 2-7-1(12)
- The Permittee must notify the Office of Air Quality (OAQ), no later than four (4) daytime business hours (1-800-451-6027 or 317-233-0178, ask for Compliance and Enforcement Branch); and
 - The Permittee must submit notice in writing or by facsimile no later than two (2) working days (Facsimile Number: 317-233-6865), and follow the other requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-16.

If any of the following are not applicable, mark N/A

Facility/Equipment/Operation:
Control Equipment:
Permit Condition or Operation Limitation in Permit:
Description of the Emergency:
Describe the cause of the Emergency:

If any of the following are not applicable, mark N/A

Page 2 of 2

Date/Time Emergency started:
Date/Time Emergency was corrected:
Was the facility being properly operated at the time of the emergency? Y N
Type of Pollutants Emitted: TSP, PM-10, SO ₂ , VOC, NO _x , CO, Pb, other:
Estimated amount of pollutant(s) emitted during emergency:
Describe the steps taken to mitigate the problem:
Describe the corrective actions/response steps taken:
Describe the measures taken to minimize emissions:
If applicable, describe the reasons why continued operation of the facilities are necessary to prevent imminent injury to persons, severe damage to equipment, substantial loss of capital investment, or loss of product or raw materials of substantial economic value:

Form Completed by: _____

Title / Position: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

A certification is not required for this report.

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
 OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
 COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT BRANCH**

Part 70 Quarterly Report

Source Name: Buckeye Terminals-Hammond Terminal, LLC
 Source Address: 2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, Indiana 46320
 Part 70 Permit No.: T089-28597-00239
 Facility: Truck Loading Track
 Parameter: Denatured Ethanol
 Limit: Less than 310,000,000 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

QUARTER :

YEAR:

Month	Column 1	Column 2	Column 1 + Column 2
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total
Month 1			
Month 2			
Month 3			

No deviation occurred in this quarter.

Deviation/s occurred in this quarter.

Deviation has been reported on:

Submitted by: _____

Title / Position: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
 OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
 COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT BRANCH**

Part 70 Quarterly Report

Source Name: Buckeye Terminals-Hammond Terminal, LLC
 Source Address: 2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, Indiana 46320
 Part 70 Permit No.: T089-28597-00239
 Facility: Railcar loading rack
 Parameter: Denatured Ethanol
 Limit: Less than 310,500,000 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

QUARTER :

YEAR:

Month	Column 1	Column 2	Column 1 + Column 2
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total
Month 1			
Month 2			
Month 3			

No deviation occurred in this quarter.

Deviation/s occurred in this quarter.

Deviation has been reported on:

Submitted by: _____

Title / Position: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
 OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
 COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT BRANCH
 PART 70 OPERATING PERMIT
 QUARTERLY DEVIATION AND COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT**

Source Name: Buckeye Terminals-Hammond Terminal, LLC
 Source Address: 2400 Michigan Street,, Hammond, Indiana 46320
 Mailing Address: same
 Part 70 Permit No.: T089-28597-00239

Months: _____ to _____ Year: _____

<p>This report shall be submitted quarterly based on a calendar year. Any deviation from the requirements of this permit, the date(s) of each deviation, the probable cause of the deviation, and the response steps taken must be reported. A deviation required to be reported pursuant to an applicable requirement that exists independent of the permit, shall be reported according to the schedule stated in the applicable requirement and does not need to be included in this report. Additional pages may be attached if necessary. If no deviations occurred, please specify in the box marked "No deviations occurred this reporting period".</p>	
<input type="checkbox"/> NO DEVIATIONS OCCURRED THIS REPORTING PERIOD.	
<input type="checkbox"/> THE FOLLOWING DEVIATIONS OCCURRED THIS REPORTING PERIOD	
Permit Requirement (specify permit condition #)	
Date of Deviation:	Duration of Deviation:
Number of Deviations:	
Probable Cause of Deviation:	
Response Steps Taken:	
Permit Requirement (specify permit condition #)	
Date of Deviation:	Duration of Deviation:
Number of Deviations:	
Probable Cause of Deviation:	
Response Steps Taken:	

Permit Requirement (specify permit condition #)	
Date of Deviation:	Duration of Deviation:
Number of Deviations:	
Probable Cause of Deviation:	
Response Steps Taken:	
Permit Requirement (specify permit condition #)	
Date of Deviation:	Duration of Deviation:
Number of Deviations:	
Probable Cause of Deviation:	
Response Steps Taken:	
Permit Requirement (specify permit condition #)	
Date of Deviation:	Duration of Deviation:
Number of Deviations:	
Probable Cause of Deviation:	
Response Steps Taken:	

Form Completed by: _____

Title / Position: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

Attach a signed certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) to complete this report.

Indiana Department of Environmental Management Office of Air Quality

Addendum to the Technical Support Document (ATSD) Significant Source Modification (SSM) of a Part 70 Source Significant Permit Modification (SPM) of a Part 70 Operating Permit

Source Description and Location

Source Name:	Buckeye Terminals, LLC - Hammond Terminal
Source Location:	2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, IN 46320
County:	Lake
SIC Code:	5171
Permit Renewal No.:	T089-28597-00239
Operation Permit Issuance Date:	July 1, 2010
Significant Source Modification No.:	089-30229-00239
Significant Permit Modification No.:	089-30230-00239
Permit Reviewer:	Josiah Balogun

Public Notice Information

On April 26, 2011, the Office of Air Quality (OAQ) had a notice published in the Post Tribune and the Times in Merrillville, and Munster, Indiana, stating that Buckeye Terminals, LLC - Hammond Terminal had applied for a Significant Modification to their Part 70 Operating Permit issued on July 1, 2010. This application constitutes a request to make changes to their existing Title V permit. The notice also stated that OAQ proposed to issue a permit for this operation and provided information on how the public could review the proposed permit and other documentation. Finally, the notice informed interested parties that there was a period of thirty (30) days to provide comments on whether or not this permit should be issued as proposed.

On May 25, 2011, Rich Raiders of Buckeye Terminals, LLC - Hammond Terminal submitted comments on the proposed Title V Operating Permit. The comments are summarized in the subsequent pages, with IDEM's corresponding responses.

No changes have been made to the TSD because the OAQ prefers that the Technical Support Document reflects the permit that was on public notice. Changes that occur after the public notice are documented in this Addendum to the Technical Support Document. This accomplishes the desired result, ensuring that these types of concerns are documented and part of the record regarding this permit decision.

Comments Received from the Public

The summary of the comments and IDEM, OAQ responses, including changes to the permit No. T089-28597-00239 (language deleted is shown in ~~strikeout~~ and language added is shown in **bold**) are as follows:

Comment 1: We are physically removing these tanks 41 and 89 from the facility as part of this project. We appreciate IDEM removing these tanks from the permit. We are separately filing Emission Reduction Credit (ERC) documentation for these tanks.

Response 1: The two tanks, identified as 41 and 89 have been removed from the permit. There is nowhere in the permit that reflect the presence of these tanks.

Comment 2: We do not intend to load gasoline at the proposed loading racks. We question if we need to comply with 326 IAC 8-4-7 in proposed condition D.1.4. Please remove this condition or indicate that it does not apply to denatured ethanol loading operations.

Response 2: The requirement of this rule is applicable to the source because the source does transfer gasoline, but this requirements is not applicable to the loading racks because the loading racks will be used for denatured ethanol and denatured ethanol does not meet the definition of gasoline. Therefore the requirements of 326 IAC 8-4-7 are not applicable to the loading racks at the source.

Technical Support Document (TSD)

Comment 3: Page 2 Unlimited Potential to Emit Calculation.
 Change the ethanol Truck loading and rail Loading NOx control efficiency from 15 mg/L to 4 mg/l in the combustion emission section.

Page 3 Unlimited Potential to Emit Calculation.
 Change the ethanol Truck loading and rail Loading NOx control efficiency from 15 mg/L to 4 mg/l in the combustion emission section.

Change the table to indicate Tank D-3 as a denatured ethanol tank with corresponding VOC emissions of 2.19 tons per year and combined HAP emissions of 0.01 tons per year as detailed on the emission spreadsheet submitted in April 11, 2011.

Technical Support Document, page 9 og 20, Proposed Changes.

Response 3: No changes shall be made to the Technical Support Document (TSD) because the OAQ prefers that the TSD reflects the permit that was public noticed. There were typos in the Permit Level Determination - PSD table that appeared on page 4 of 20 of the TSD that was public noticed. IDEM has revised this Permit Level Determination - PSD table and the revisions are documented below in this Addendum to the Technical Support Document (TSD).

Permit Level Determination – PSD

The table below summarizes the potential to emit, reflecting all limits, of the emission units. Any control equipment is considered federally enforceable only after issuance of this Part 70 permit modification, and only to the extent that the effect of the control equipment is made practically enforceable in the permit.

Process / Emission Unit	Potential to Emit (ton/yr)						
	PM	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	VOC	CO	NO _x
Tank D-2	0	0	0	0	7.3	0	0
Tank D-3	0	0	0	0	2.2 7.3	0	0
Truck Loading Rack D-041	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.0004	12.3	12.93 8	5.17 13.00
Railcar Loading Rack	0.0029	0.0029	0.0029	0.0009	12.3	12.95 13.10	5.18 13.10
Piping and Equipment	0	0	0	0	0.75	0	0
Total for Modification	0.0041	0.0041	0.0041	0.0013	34.1 39.95	25.88 26.10	10.35 26.10
PSD Significant Level	25	15	10	40	40	100	40

Comment 4: Revise the permit condition D.1.2 - Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD).

D.1.2 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

The Permittee shall comply with the following **in order to limit the VOC emissions from the loading racks to less than 24.6 tons per year:**

- (a) The emissions of VOC when handling denatured ethanol shall not exceed 9.5 mg/L with the use of vapor combustion unit one (VCU1) when the truck loading rack is in operation and vapor combustion unit two (VCU2) railcar loading rack is in operation.
- (b) The annual throughput of denatured ethanol delivered to the truck loading rack, identified as 041, shall be limited to less than 310,000,000 gallons per twelve (12) consecutive month period, with compliance determined at the end of each month; and
- (c) The annual throughput of denatured ethanol delivered to the railcar loading rack, shall be limited to less than 310,500,000 gallons per twelve (12) consecutive month period, with compliance determined at the end of each month.

Compliance with the above limits in combination with the potential to emit VOC from other emission units shall limit VOC emissions to less than 40 tons per year and will render 326 IAC 2-2 (PSD) not applicable to the 2011 modification.

Response 4: The permit Condition D.1.2 - Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits has been revised as suggested by the source.

Attachment A – Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984
[40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb] [326 IAC 12]

Source Description and Location
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Source Name:	Buckeye Terminals, LLC - Hammond Terminal
Source Location:	2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, IN 46320
County:	Lake
SIC Code:	5171
Permit Renewal No.:	T089-28597-00239
Permit Reviewer:	Josiah Balogun

NSPS [40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb]
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Subpart Kb—Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984

§ 60.110b Applicability and designation of affected facility.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the affected facility to which this subpart applies is each storage vessel with a capacity greater than or equal to 75 cubic meters (m^3) that is used to store volatile organic liquids (VOL) for which construction, reconstruction, or modification is commenced after July 23, 1984.

(b) This subpart does not apply to storage vessels with a capacity greater than or equal to 151 m^3 storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure less than 3.5 kilopascals (kPa) or with a capacity greater than or equal to 75 m^3 but less than 151 m^3 storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure less than 15.0 kPa.

(c) [Reserved]

(d) This subpart does not apply to the following:

- (1) Vessels at coke oven by-product plants.
- (2) Pressure vessels designed to operate in excess of 204.9 kPa and without emissions to the atmosphere.
- (3) Vessels permanently attached to mobile vehicles such as trucks, railcars, barges, or ships.
- (4) Vessels with a design capacity less than or equal to 1,589.874 m^3 used for petroleum or condensate stored, processed, or treated prior to custody transfer.
- (5) Vessels located at bulk gasoline plants.
- (6) Storage vessels located at gasoline service stations.
- (7) Vessels used to store beverage alcohol.
- (8) Vessels subject to subpart GGGG of 40 CFR part 63.

(e) *Alternative means of compliance* —(1) *Option to comply with part 65.* Owners or operators may choose to comply with 40 CFR part 65, subpart C, to satisfy the requirements of §§60.112b through 60.117b for storage vessels that are subject to this subpart that meet the specifications in paragraphs (e)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section. When choosing to comply with 40 CFR part 65, subpart C, the monitoring requirements of §60.116b(c), (e), (f)(1), and (g) still apply. Other provisions applying to owners or operators who choose to comply with 40 CFR part 65 are provided in 40 CFR 65.1.

(i) A storage vessel with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ containing a VOL that, as stored, has a maximum true vapor pressure equal to or greater than 5.2 kPa; or

(ii) A storage vessel with a design capacity greater than 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ containing a VOL that, as stored, has a maximum true vapor pressure equal to or greater than 27.6 kPa.

(2) *Part 60, subpart A.* Owners or operators who choose to comply with 40 CFR part 65, subpart C, must also comply with §§60.1, 60.2, 60.5, 60.6, 60.7(a)(1) and (4), 60.14, 60.15, and 60.16 for those storage vessels. All sections and paragraphs of subpart A of this part that are not mentioned in this paragraph (e)(2) do not apply to owners or operators of storage vessels complying with 40 CFR part 65, subpart C, except that provisions required to be met prior to implementing 40 CFR part 65 still apply. Owners and operators who choose to comply with 40 CFR part 65, subpart C, must comply with 40 CFR part 65, subpart A.

(3) *Internal floating roof report.* If an owner or operator installs an internal floating roof and, at initial startup, chooses to comply with 40 CFR part 65, subpart C, a report shall be furnished to the Administrator stating that the control equipment meets the specifications of 40 CFR 65.43. This report shall be an attachment to the notification required by 40 CFR 65.5(b).

(4) *External floating roof report.* If an owner or operator installs an external floating roof and, at initial startup, chooses to comply with 40 CFR part 65, subpart C, a report shall be furnished to the Administrator stating that the control equipment meets the specifications of 40 CFR 65.44. This report shall be an attachment to the notification required by 40 CFR 65.5(b).

§ 60.111b Definitions.

Terms used in this subpart are defined in the Act, in subpart A of this part, or in this subpart as follows:

Bulk gasoline plant means any gasoline distribution facility that has a gasoline throughput less than or equal to 75,700 liters per day. Gasoline throughput shall be the maximum calculated design throughput as may be limited by compliance with an enforceable condition under Federal requirement or Federal, State or local law, and discoverable by the Administrator and any other person.

Condensate means hydrocarbon liquid separated from natural gas that condenses due to changes in the temperature or pressure, or both, and remains liquid at standard conditions.

Custody transfer means the transfer of produced petroleum and/or condensate, after processing and/or treatment in the producing operations, from storage vessels or automatic transfer facilities to pipelines or any other forms of transportation.

Fill means the introduction of VOL into a storage vessel but not necessarily to complete capacity.

Gasoline service station means any site where gasoline is dispensed to motor vehicle fuel tanks from stationary storage tanks.

Maximum true vapor pressure means the equilibrium partial pressure exerted by the volatile organic compounds (as defined in 40 CFR 51.100) in the stored VOL at the temperature equal to the highest calendar-month average of the VOL storage temperature for VOL's stored above or below the ambient temperature or at the local maximum monthly average temperature as reported by the National Weather Service for VOL's stored at the ambient temperature, as determined:

- (1) In accordance with methods described in American Petroleum Institute Bulletin 2517, Evaporation Loss From External Floating Roof Tanks, (incorporated by reference—see §60.17); or
- (2) As obtained from standard reference texts; or
- (3) As determined by ASTM D2879–83, 96, or 97 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17);
- (4) Any other method approved by the Administrator.

Petroleum means the crude oil removed from the earth and the oils derived from tar sands, shale, and coal.

Petroleum liquids means petroleum, condensate, and any finished or intermediate products manufactured in a petroleum refinery.

Process tank means a tank that is used within a process (including a solvent or raw material recovery process) to collect material discharged from a feedstock storage vessel or equipment within the process before the material is transferred to other equipment within the process, to a product or by-product storage vessel, or to a vessel used to store recovered solvent or raw material. In many process tanks, unit operations such as reactions and blending are conducted. Other process tanks, such as surge control vessels and bottoms receivers, however, may not involve unit operations.

Reid vapor pressure means the absolute vapor pressure of volatile crude oil and volatile nonviscous petroleum liquids except liquified petroleum gases, as determined by ASTM D323–82 or 94 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17).

Storage vessel means each tank, reservoir, or container used for the storage of volatile organic liquids but does not include:

- (1) Frames, housing, auxiliary supports, or other components that are not directly involved in the containment of liquids or vapors;
- (2) Subsurface caverns or porous rock reservoirs; or
- (3) Process tanks.

Volatile organic liquid (VOL) means any organic liquid which can emit volatile organic compounds (as defined in 40 CFR 51.100) into the atmosphere.

Waste means any liquid resulting from industrial, commercial, mining or agricultural operations, or from community activities that is discarded or is being accumulated, stored, or physically, chemically, or biologically treated prior to being discarded or recycled.

§ 60.112b Standard for volatile organic compounds (VOC).

(a) The owner or operator of each storage vessel either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ containing a VOL that, as stored, has a maximum true vapor pressure equal to or greater than 5.2 kPa but less than 76.6 kPa or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ containing a VOL that, as stored, has a maximum true vapor pressure equal to or greater than 27.6 kPa but less than 76.6 kPa, shall equip each storage vessel with one of the following:

- (1) A fixed roof in combination with an internal floating roof meeting the following specifications:
 - (i) The internal floating roof shall rest or float on the liquid surface (but not necessarily in complete contact with it) inside a storage vessel that has a fixed roof. The internal floating roof shall be floating on the liquid surface at all times, except during initial fill and during those intervals when the storage vessel is completely emptied or

subsequently emptied and refilled. When the roof is resting on the leg supports, the process of filling, emptying, or refilling shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.

(ii) Each internal floating roof shall be equipped with one of the following closure devices between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof:

(A) A foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid (liquid-mounted seal). A liquid-mounted seal means a foam- or liquid-filled seal mounted in contact with the liquid between the wall of the storage vessel and the floating roof continuously around the circumference of the tank.

(B) Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof. The lower seal may be vapor-mounted, but both must be continuous.

(C) A mechanical shoe seal. A mechanical shoe seal is a metal sheet held vertically against the wall of the storage vessel by springs or weighted levers and is connected by braces to the floating roof. A flexible coated fabric (envelope) spans the annular space between the metal sheet and the floating roof.

(iii) Each opening in a noncontact internal floating roof except for automatic bleeder vents (vacuum breaker vents) and the rim space vents is to provide a projection below the liquid surface.

(iv) Each opening in the internal floating roof except for leg sleeves, automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, column wells, ladder wells, sample wells, and stub drains is to be equipped with a cover or lid which is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. The cover or lid shall be equipped with a gasket. Covers on each access hatch and automatic gauge float well shall be bolted except when they are in use.

(v) Automatic bleeder vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports.

(vi) Rim space vents shall be equipped with a gasket and are to be set to open only when the internal floating roof is not floating or at the manufacturer's recommended setting.

(vii) Each penetration of the internal floating roof for the purpose of sampling shall be a sample well. The sample well shall have a slit fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the opening.

(viii) Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a column supporting the fixed roof shall have a flexible fabric sleeve seal or a gasketed sliding cover.

(ix) Each penetration of the internal floating roof that allows for passage of a ladder shall have a gasketed sliding cover.

(2) An external floating roof. An external floating roof means a pontoon-type or double-deck type cover that rests on the liquid surface in a vessel with no fixed roof. Each external floating roof must meet the following specifications:

(i) Each external floating roof shall be equipped with a closure device between the wall of the storage vessel and the roof edge. The closure device is to consist of two seals, one above the other. The lower seal is referred to as the primary seal, and the upper seal is referred to as the secondary seal.

(A) The primary seal shall be either a mechanical shoe seal or a liquid-mounted seal. Except as provided in §60.113b(b)(4), the seal shall completely cover the annular space between the edge of the floating roof and tank wall.

(B) The secondary seal shall completely cover the annular space between the external floating roof and the wall of the storage vessel in a continuous fashion except as allowed in §60.113b(b)(4).

(ii) Except for automatic bleeder vents and rim space vents, each opening in a noncontact external floating roof shall provide a projection below the liquid surface. Except for automatic bleeder vents, rim space vents, roof drains, and leg sleeves, each opening in the roof is to be equipped with a gasketed cover, seal, or lid that is to be maintained in a closed position at all times (i.e., no visible gap) except when the device is in actual use. Automatic bleeder vents are to be closed at all times when the roof is floating except when the roof is being floated off or is being landed on the roof leg supports. Rim vents are to be set to open when the roof is being floated off the roof legs supports or at the manufacturer's recommended setting. Automatic bleeder vents and rim space vents are to be gasketed. Each emergency roof drain is to be provided with a slotted membrane fabric cover that covers at least 90 percent of the area of the opening.

(iii) The roof shall be floating on the liquid at all times (i.e., off the roof leg supports) except during initial fill until the roof is lifted off leg supports and when the tank is completely emptied and subsequently refilled. The process of filling, emptying, or refilling when the roof is resting on the leg supports shall be continuous and shall be accomplished as rapidly as possible.

(3) A closed vent system and control device meeting the following specifications:

(i) The closed vent system shall be designed to collect all VOC vapors and gases discharged from the storage vessel and operated with no detectable emissions as indicated by an instrument reading of less than 500 ppm above background and visual inspections, as determined in part 60, subpart VV, §60.485(b).

(ii) The control device shall be designed and operated to reduce inlet VOC emissions by 95 percent or greater. If a flare is used as the control device, it shall meet the specifications described in the general control device requirements (§60.18) of the General Provisions.

(4) A system equivalent to those described in paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of this section as provided in §60.114b of this subpart.

(b) The owner or operator of each storage vessel with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ which contains a VOL that, as stored, has a maximum true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 76.6 kPa shall equip each storage vessel with one of the following:

(1) A closed vent system and control device as specified in §60.112b(a)(3).

(2) A system equivalent to that described in paragraph (b)(1) as provided in §60.114b of this subpart.

(c) *Site-specific standard for Merck & Co., Inc.'s Stonewall Plant in Elkton, Virginia.* This paragraph applies only to the pharmaceutical manufacturing facility, commonly referred to as the Stonewall Plant, located at Route 340 South, in Elkton, Virginia ("site").

(1) For any storage vessel that otherwise would be subject to the control technology requirements of paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section, the site shall have the option of either complying directly with the requirements of this subpart, or reducing the site-wide total criteria pollutant emissions cap (total emissions cap) in accordance with the procedures set forth in a permit issued pursuant to 40 CFR 52.2454. If the site chooses the option of reducing the total emissions cap in accordance with the procedures set forth in such permit, the requirements of such permit shall apply in lieu of the otherwise applicable requirements of this subpart for such storage vessel.

(2) For any storage vessel at the site not subject to the requirements of 40 CFR 60.112b (a) or (b), the requirements of 40 CFR 60.116b (b) and (c) and the General Provisions (subpart A of this part) shall not apply.

§ 60.113b Testing and procedures.

The owner or operator of each storage vessel as specified in §60.112b(a) shall meet the requirements of paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of this section. The applicable paragraph for a particular storage vessel depends on the control equipment installed to meet the requirements of §60.112b.

(a) After installing the control equipment required to meet §60.112b(a)(1) (permanently affixed roof and internal floating roof), each owner or operator shall:

(1) Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, and the secondary seal (if one is in service), prior to filling the storage vessel with VOL. If there are holes, tears, or other openings in the primary seal, the secondary seal, or the seal fabric or defects in the internal floating roof, or both, the owner or operator shall repair the items before filling the storage vessel.

(2) For Vessels equipped with a liquid-mounted or mechanical shoe primary seal, visually inspect the internal floating roof and the primary seal or the secondary seal (if one is in service) through manholes and roof hatches on the fixed roof at least once every 12 months after initial fill. If the internal floating roof is not resting on the surface of the VOL inside the storage vessel, or there is liquid accumulated on the roof, or the seal is detached, or there are holes or tears in the seal fabric, the owner or operator shall repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days. If a failure that is detected during inspections required in this paragraph cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the Administrator in the inspection report required in §60.115b(a)(3). Such a request for an extension must document that alternate storage capacity is unavailable and specify a schedule of actions the company will take that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.

(3) For vessels equipped with a double-seal system as specified in §60.112b(a)(1)(ii)(B):

(i) Visually inspect the vessel as specified in paragraph (a)(4) of this section at least every 5 years; or

(ii) Visually inspect the vessel as specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(4) Visually inspect the internal floating roof, the primary seal, the secondary seal (if one is in service), gaskets, slotted membranes and sleeve seals (if any) each time the storage vessel is emptied and degassed. If the internal floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the gaskets no longer close off the liquid surfaces from the atmosphere, or the slotted membrane has more than 10 percent open area, the owner or operator shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before refilling the storage vessel with VOL. In no event shall inspections conducted in accordance with this provision occur at intervals greater than 10 years in the case of vessels conducting the annual visual inspection as specified in paragraphs (a)(2) and (a)(3)(ii) of this section and at intervals no greater than 5 years in the case of vessels specified in paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section.

(5) Notify the Administrator in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel for which an inspection is required by paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(4) of this section to afford the Administrator the opportunity to have an observer present. If the inspection required by paragraph (a)(4) of this section is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance or refilling the tank, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the Administrator at least 7 days prior to the refilling.

(b) After installing the control equipment required to meet §60.112b(a)(2) (external floating roof), the owner or operator shall:

(1) Determine the gap areas and maximum gap widths, between the primary seal and the wall of the storage vessel and between the secondary seal and the wall of the storage vessel according to the following frequency.

(i) Measurements of gaps between the tank wall and the primary seal (seal gaps) shall be performed during the hydrostatic testing of the vessel or within 60 days of the initial fill with VOL and at least once every 5 years thereafter.

(ii) Measurements of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall be performed within 60 days of the initial fill with VOL and at least once per year thereafter.

(iii) If any source ceases to store VOL for a period of 1 year or more, subsequent introduction of VOL into the vessel shall be considered an initial fill for the purposes of paragraphs (b)(1)(i) and (b)(1)(ii) of this section.

(2) Determine gap widths and areas in the primary and secondary seals individually by the following procedures:

(i) Measure seal gaps, if any, at one or more floating roof levels when the roof is floating off the roof leg supports.

(ii) Measure seal gaps around the entire circumference of the tank in each place where a 0.32-cm diameter uniform probe passes freely (without forcing or binding against seal) between the seal and the wall of the storage vessel and measure the circumferential distance of each such location.

(iii) The total surface area of each gap described in paragraph (b)(2)(ii) of this section shall be determined by using probes of various widths to measure accurately the actual distance from the tank wall to the seal and multiplying each such width by its respective circumferential distance.

(3) Add the gap surface area of each gap location for the primary seal and the secondary seal individually and divide the sum for each seal by the nominal diameter of the tank and compare each ratio to the respective standards in paragraph (b)(4) of this section.

(4) Make necessary repairs or empty the storage vessel within 45 days of identification in any inspection for seals not meeting the requirements listed in (b)(4) (i) and (ii) of this section:

(i) The accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the mechanical shoe or liquid-mounted primary seal shall not exceed 212 Cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 3.81 cm.

(A) One end of the mechanical shoe is to extend into the stored liquid, and the other end is to extend a minimum vertical distance of 61 cm above the stored liquid surface.

(B) There are to be no holes, tears, or other openings in the shoe, seal fabric, or seal envelope.

(ii) The secondary seal is to meet the following requirements:

(A) The secondary seal is to be installed above the primary seal so that it completely covers the space between the roof edge and the tank wall except as provided in paragraph (b)(2)(iii) of this section.

(B) The accumulated area of gaps between the tank wall and the secondary seal shall not exceed 21.2 cm² per meter of tank diameter, and the width of any portion of any gap shall not exceed 1.27 cm.

(C) There are to be no holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or seal fabric.

(iii) If a failure that is detected during inspections required in paragraph (b)(1) of §60.113b(b) cannot be repaired within 45 days and if the vessel cannot be emptied within 45 days, a 30-day extension may be requested from the Administrator in the inspection report required in §60.115b(b)(4). Such extension request must include a demonstration of unavailability of alternate storage capacity and a specification of a schedule that will assure that the control equipment will be repaired or the vessel will be emptied as soon as possible.

(5) Notify the Administrator 30 days in advance of any gap measurements required by paragraph (b)(1) of this section to afford the Administrator the opportunity to have an observer present.

(6) Visually inspect the external floating roof, the primary seal, secondary seal, and fittings each time the vessel is emptied and degassed.

(i) If the external floating roof has defects, the primary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, or the secondary seal has holes, tears, or other openings in the seal or the seal fabric, the owner or operator

shall repair the items as necessary so that none of the conditions specified in this paragraph exist before filling or refilling the storage vessel with VOL.

(ii) For all the inspections required by paragraph (b)(6) of this section, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator in writing at least 30 days prior to the filling or refilling of each storage vessel to afford the Administrator the opportunity to inspect the storage vessel prior to refilling. If the inspection required by paragraph (b)(6) of this section is not planned and the owner or operator could not have known about the inspection 30 days in advance of refilling the tank, the owner or operator shall notify the Administrator at least 7 days prior to the refilling of the storage vessel. Notification shall be made by telephone immediately followed by written documentation demonstrating why the inspection was unplanned. Alternatively, this notification including the written documentation may be made in writing and sent by express mail so that it is received by the Administrator at least 7 days prior to the refilling.

(c) The owner or operator of each source that is equipped with a closed vent system and control device as required in §60.112b (a)(3) or (b)(2) (other than a flare) is exempt from §60.8 of the General Provisions and shall meet the following requirements.

(1) Submit for approval by the Administrator as an attachment to the notification required by §60.7(a)(1) or, if the facility is exempt from §60.7(a)(1), as an attachment to the notification required by §60.7(a)(2), an operating plan containing the information listed below.

(i) Documentation demonstrating that the control device will achieve the required control efficiency during maximum loading conditions. This documentation is to include a description of the gas stream which enters the control device, including flow and VOC content under varying liquid level conditions (dynamic and static) and manufacturer's design specifications for the control device. If the control device or the closed vent capture system receives vapors, gases, or liquids other than fuels from sources that are not designated sources under this subpart, the efficiency demonstration is to include consideration of all vapors, gases, and liquids received by the closed vent capture system and control device. If an enclosed combustion device with a minimum residence time of 0.75 seconds and a minimum temperature of 816 °C is used to meet the 95 percent requirement, documentation that those conditions will exist is sufficient to meet the requirements of this paragraph.

(ii) A description of the parameter or parameters to be monitored to ensure that the control device will be operated in conformance with its design and an explanation of the criteria used for selection of that parameter (or parameters).

(2) Operate the closed vent system and control device and monitor the parameters of the closed vent system and control device in accordance with the operating plan submitted to the Administrator in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this section, unless the plan was modified by the Administrator during the review process. In this case, the modified plan applies.

(d) The owner or operator of each source that is equipped with a closed vent system and a flare to meet the requirements in §60.112b (a)(3) or (b)(2) shall meet the requirements as specified in the general control device requirements, §60.18 (e) and (f).

§ 60.114b Alternative means of emission limitation.

(a) If, in the Administrator's judgment, an alternative means of emission limitation will achieve a reduction in emissions at least equivalent to the reduction in emissions achieved by any requirement in §60.112b, the Administrator will publish in the Federal Register a notice permitting the use of the alternative means for purposes of compliance with that requirement.

(b) Any notice under paragraph (a) of this section will be published only after notice and an opportunity for a hearing.

(c) Any person seeking permission under this section shall submit to the Administrator a written application including:

(1) An actual emissions test that uses a full-sized or scale-model storage vessel that accurately collects and measures all VOC emissions from a given control device and that accurately simulates wind and accounts for other emission variables such as temperature and barometric pressure.

(2) An engineering evaluation that the Administrator determines is an accurate method of determining equivalence.

(d) The Administrator may condition the permission on requirements that may be necessary to ensure operation and maintenance to achieve the same emissions reduction as specified in §60.112b.

§ 60.115b Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

The owner or operator of each storage vessel as specified in §60.112b(a) shall keep records and furnish reports as required by paragraphs (a), (b), or (c) of this section depending upon the control equipment installed to meet the requirements of §60.112b. The owner or operator shall keep copies of all reports and records required by this section, except for the record required by (c)(1), for at least 2 years. The record required by (c)(1) will be kept for the life of the control equipment.

(a) After installing control equipment in accordance with §60.112b(a)(1) (fixed roof and internal floating roof), the owner or operator shall meet the following requirements.

(1) Furnish the Administrator with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specifications of §60.112b(a)(1) and §60.113b(a)(1). This report shall be an attachment to the notification required by §60.7(a)(3).

(2) Keep a record of each inspection performed as required by §60.113b (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), and (a)(4). Each record shall identify the storage vessel on which the inspection was performed and shall contain the date the vessel was inspected and the observed condition of each component of the control equipment (seals, internal floating roof, and fittings).

(3) If any of the conditions described in §60.113b(a)(2) are detected during the annual visual inspection required by §60.113b(a)(2), a report shall be furnished to the Administrator within 30 days of the inspection. Each report shall identify the storage vessel, the nature of the defects, and the date the storage vessel was emptied or the nature of and date the repair was made.

(4) After each inspection required by §60.113b(a)(3) that finds holes or tears in the seal or seal fabric, or defects in the internal floating roof, or other control equipment defects listed in §60.113b(a)(3)(ii), a report shall be furnished to the Administrator within 30 days of the inspection. The report shall identify the storage vessel and the reason it did not meet the specifications of §60.112b(a)(1) or §60.113b(a)(3) and list each repair made.

(b) After installing control equipment in accordance with §60.112b(a)(2) (external floating roof), the owner or operator shall meet the following requirements.

(1) Furnish the Administrator with a report that describes the control equipment and certifies that the control equipment meets the specifications of §60.112b(a)(2) and §60.113b(b)(2), (b)(3), and (b)(4). This report shall be an attachment to the notification required by §60.7(a)(3).

(2) Within 60 days of performing the seal gap measurements required by §60.113b(b)(1), furnish the Administrator with a report that contains:

(i) The date of measurement.

(ii) The raw data obtained in the measurement.

(iii) The calculations described in §60.113b (b)(2) and (b)(3).

(3) Keep a record of each gap measurement performed as required by §60.113b(b). Each record shall identify the storage vessel in which the measurement was performed and shall contain:

(i) The date of measurement.

(ii) The raw data obtained in the measurement.

(iii) The calculations described in §60.113b (b)(2) and (b)(3).

(4) After each seal gap measurement that detects gaps exceeding the limitations specified by §60.113b(b)(4), submit a report to the Administrator within 30 days of the inspection. The report will identify the vessel and contain the information specified in paragraph (b)(2) of this section and the date the vessel was emptied or the repairs made and date of repair.

(c) After installing control equipment in accordance with §60.112b (a)(3) or (b)(1) (closed vent system and control device other than a flare), the owner or operator shall keep the following records.

(1) A copy of the operating plan.

(2) A record of the measured values of the parameters monitored in accordance with §60.113b(c)(2).

(d) After installing a closed vent system and flare to comply with §60.112b, the owner or operator shall meet the following requirements.

(1) A report containing the measurements required by §60.18(f) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) shall be furnished to the Administrator as required by §60.8 of the General Provisions. This report shall be submitted within 6 months of the initial start-up date.

(2) Records shall be kept of all periods of operation during which the flare pilot flame is absent.

(3) Semiannual reports of all periods recorded under §60.115b(d)(2) in which the pilot flame was absent shall be furnished to the Administrator.

§ 60.116b Monitoring of operations.

(a) The owner or operator shall keep copies of all records required by this section, except for the record required by paragraph (b) of this section, for at least 2 years. The record required by paragraph (b) of this section will be kept for the life of the source.

(b) The owner or operator of each storage vessel as specified in §60.110b(a) shall keep readily accessible records showing the dimension of the storage vessel and an analysis showing the capacity of the storage vessel.

(c) Except as provided in paragraphs (f) and (g) of this section, the owner or operator of each storage vessel either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 3.5 kPa or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure greater than or equal to 15.0 kPa shall maintain a record of the VOL stored, the period of storage, and the maximum true vapor pressure of that VOL during the respective storage period.

(d) Except as provided in paragraph (g) of this section, the owner or operator of each storage vessel either with a design capacity greater than or equal to 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 5.2 kPa or with a design capacity greater than or equal to 75 m³ but less than 151 m³ storing a liquid with a maximum true vapor pressure that is normally less than 27.6 kPa shall notify the Administrator within 30 days when the maximum true vapor pressure of the liquid exceeds the respective maximum true vapor pressure values for each volume range.

(e) Available data on the storage temperature may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure as determined below.

(1) For vessels operated above or below ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the highest expected calendar-month average of the storage temperature. For vessels operated at

ambient temperatures, the maximum true vapor pressure is calculated based upon the maximum local monthly average ambient temperature as reported by the National Weather Service.

(2) For crude oil or refined petroleum products the vapor pressure may be obtained by the following:

(i) Available data on the Reid vapor pressure and the maximum expected storage temperature based on the highest expected calendar-month average temperature of the stored product may be used to determine the maximum true vapor pressure from nomographs contained in API Bulletin 2517 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17), unless the Administrator specifically requests that the liquid be sampled, the actual storage temperature determined, and the Reid vapor pressure determined from the sample(s).

(ii) The true vapor pressure of each type of crude oil with a Reid vapor pressure less than 13.8 kPa or with physical properties that preclude determination by the recommended method is to be determined from available data and recorded if the estimated maximum true vapor pressure is greater than 3.5 kPa.

(3) For other liquids, the vapor pressure:

(i) May be obtained from standard reference texts, or

(ii) Determined by ASTM D2879–83, 96, or 97 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17); or

(iii) Measured by an appropriate method approved by the Administrator; or

(iv) Calculated by an appropriate method approved by the Administrator.

(f) The owner or operator of each vessel storing a waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition shall be subject to the following requirements.

(1) Prior to the initial filling of the vessel, the highest maximum true vapor pressure for the range of anticipated liquid compositions to be stored will be determined using the methods described in paragraph (e) of this section.

(2) For vessels in which the vapor pressure of the anticipated liquid composition is above the cutoff for monitoring but below the cutoff for controls as defined in §60.112b(a), an initial physical test of the vapor pressure is required; and a physical test at least once every 6 months thereafter is required as determined by the following methods:

(i) ASTM D2879–83, 96, or 97 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17); or

(ii) ASTM D323–82 or 94 (incorporated by reference—see §60.17); or

(iii) As measured by an appropriate method as approved by the Administrator.

(g) The owner or operator of each vessel equipped with a closed vent system and control device meeting the specification of §60.112b or with emissions reductions equipment as specified in 40 CFR 65.42(b)(4), (b)(5), (b)(6), or (c) is exempt from the requirements of paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section.

§ 60.117b Delegation of authority.

(a) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority to a State under section 111(c) of the Act, the authorities contained in paragraph (b) of this section shall be retained by the Administrator and not transferred to a State.

(b) Authorities which will not be delegated to States: §§60.111b(f)(4), 60.114b, 60.116b(e)(3)(iii), 60.116b(e)(3)(iv), and 60.116b(f)(2)(iii).

**Attachment B –National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for
Source Category: Gasoline Distribution Bulk Terminals, Bulk Plants, and Pipeline
Facilities
[40 CFR Part 63, Subpart BBBBBB] [326 IAC 20]**

Source Description and Location

Source Name:	Buckeye Terminals, LLC - Hammond Terminal
Source Location:	2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, IN 46320
County:	Lake
SIC Code:	5171
Permit Renewal No.:	T089-28597-00239
Permit Reviewer:	Josiah Balogun

NESHAP [40 CFR Part 63, Subpart BBBBBB]

Subpart BBBBBB—National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Distribution Bulk Terminals, Bulk Plants, and Pipeline Facilities

What This Subpart Covers

§ 63.11080 What is the purpose of this subpart?

This subpart establishes national emission limitations and management practices for hazardous air pollutants (HAP) emitted from area source gasoline distribution bulk terminals, bulk plants, and pipeline facilities. This subpart also establishes requirements to demonstrate compliance with the emission limitations and management practices.

§ 63.11081 Am I subject to the requirements in this subpart?

(a) The affected source to which this subpart applies is each area source bulk gasoline terminal, pipeline breakout station, pipeline pumping station, and bulk gasoline plant identified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section. You are subject to the requirements in this subpart if you own or operate one or more of the affected area sources identified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section.

(1) A bulk gasoline terminal that is not subject to the control requirements of 40 CFR part 63, subpart R (§§63.422, 63.423, and 63.424) or 40 CFR part 63, subpart CC (§§63.646, 63.648, 63.649, and 63.650).

(2) A pipeline breakout station that is not subject to the control requirements of 40 CFR part 63, subpart R (§§63.423 and 63.424).

(3) A pipeline pumping station.

(4) A bulk gasoline plant.

(b) If you are an owner or operator of affected sources, as defined in (a)(1) through (4) of this section, you are not required to meet the obligation to obtain a permit under 40 CFR part 70 or 40 CFR part 71 as a result of being subject to this subpart. However, you are still subject to the requirement to apply for and obtain a permit under 40 CFR part 70 or 40 CFR part 71 if you meet one or more of the applicability criteria found in 40 CFR 70.3(a) and (b) or 40 CFR part 71.3(a) and (b).

§ 63.11082 What parts of my affected source does this subpart cover?

(a) The emission sources to which this subpart applies are gasoline storage tanks, gasoline loading racks, vapor collection-equipped gasoline cargo tanks, and equipment components in vapor or liquid gasoline service that meet the criteria specified in Tables 1 through 3 to this subpart.

(b) An affected source is a new affected source if you commenced construction on the affected source after November 9, 2006, and you meet the applicability criteria in §63.11081 at the time you commenced operation.

(c) An affected source is reconstructed if you meet the criteria for reconstruction as defined in §63.2.

(d) An affected source is an existing affected source if it is not new or reconstructed.

§ 63.11083 When do I have to comply with this subpart?

(a) If you have a new or reconstructed affected source, you must comply with this subpart according to paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) If you start up your affected source before January 10, 2008, you must comply with the standards in this subpart no later than January 10, 2008.

(2) If you start up your affected source after January 10, 2008, you must comply with the standards in this subpart upon startup of your affected source.

(b) If you have an existing affected source, you must comply with the standards in this subpart no later than January 10, 2011.

(c) If you have an existing affected source that becomes subject to the control requirements in this subpart because of an increase in the average daily throughput, as specified in option 1 of Table 2 to this subpart, you must comply with the standards in this subpart no later than 3 years after the affected source becomes subject to the control requirements in this subpart.

Emission Limitations and Management Practices

§ 63.11086 What requirements must I meet if my facility is a bulk gasoline plant?

Each owner or operator of an affected bulk gasoline plant, as defined in §63.11100, must comply with the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (i) of this section.

(a) Except as specified in paragraph (b), you must only load gasoline into storage tanks and cargo tanks at your facility by utilizing submerged filling, as defined in §63.11100, and, as specified in paragraph (a)(1) or paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(1) Submerged fill pipes installed on or before November 9, 2006, must be no more than 12 inches from the bottom of the tank.

(2) Submerged fill pipes installed after November 9, 2006, must be no more than 6 inches from the bottom of the tank.

(b) The emission sources listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (2) of this section are not required to comply with the control requirements in paragraph (a) of this section, but must comply only with the requirements in paragraph (d) of this section.

(1) Gasoline storage tanks with a capacity of less than 250 gallons.

(2) Gasoline storage tanks that are subject to subpart CCCCCC of this part.

(c) You must perform a monthly leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service according to the requirements specified in §63.11089(a) through (d).

(d) You must not allow gasoline to be handled in a manner that would result in vapor releases to the atmosphere for extended periods of time. Measures to be taken include, but are not limited to, the following:

(1) Minimize gasoline spills;

(2) Clean up spills as expeditiously as practicable;

(3) Cover all open gasoline containers and all gasoline storage tank fill-pipes with a gasketed seal when not in use;

(4) Minimize gasoline sent to open waste collection systems that collect and transport gasoline to reclamation and recycling devices, such as oil/water separators.

(e) You must submit an Initial Notification that you are subject to this subpart by May 9, 2008 unless you meet the requirements in paragraph (g) of this section. The Initial Notification must contain the information specified in paragraphs (e)(1) through (4) of this section. The notification must be submitted to the applicable EPA Regional Office and the delegated State authority, as specified in §63.13.

(1) The name and address of the owner and the operator.

(2) The address (i.e., physical location) of the bulk plant.

(3) A statement that the notification is being submitted in response to this subpart and identifying the requirements in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this section that apply to you.

(4) A brief description of the bulk plant, including the number of storage tanks in gasoline service, the capacity of each storage tank in gasoline service, and the average monthly gasoline throughput at the affected source.

(f) You must submit a Notification of Compliance Status to the applicable EPA Regional Office and the delegated State authority, as specified in §63.13, by the compliance date specified in §63.11083 unless you meet the requirements in paragraph (g) of this section. The Notification of Compliance Status must be signed by a responsible official who must certify its accuracy and must indicate whether the source has complied with the requirements of this subpart. If your facility is in compliance with the requirements of this subpart at the time the Initial Notification required under paragraph (e) of this section is due, the Notification of Compliance Status may be submitted in lieu of the Initial Notification provided it contains the information required under paragraph (e) of this section.

(g) If, prior to January 10, 2008, you are operating in compliance with an enforceable State, local, or tribal rule or permit that requires submerged fill as specified in §63.11086(a), you are not required to submit an Initial Notification or a Notification of Compliance Status under paragraph (e) or paragraph (f) of this section.

(h) You must comply with the requirements of this subpart by the applicable dates specified in §63.11083.

(i) You must keep applicable records and submit reports as specified in §63.11094(d) and (e) and §63.11095(c).

§ 63.11087 What requirements must I meet for gasoline storage tanks if my facility is a bulk gasoline terminal, pipeline breakout station, or pipeline pumping station?

(a) You must meet each emission limit and management practice in Table 1 to this subpart that applies to your gasoline storage tank.

(b) You must comply with the requirements of this subpart by the applicable dates specified in §63.11083, except that storage vessels equipped with floating roofs and not meeting the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section must be in compliance at the first degassing and cleaning activity after January 10, 2011 or by January 10, 2018, whichever is first.

(c) You must comply with the applicable testing and monitoring requirements specified in §63.11092(e).

(d) You must submit the applicable notifications as required under §63.11093.

(e) You must keep records and submit reports as specified in §§63.11094 and 63.11095.

(f) If your gasoline storage tank is subject to, and complies with, the control requirements of 40 CFR part 60, subpart Kb of this chapter, your storage tank will be deemed in compliance with this section. You must report this determination in the Notification of Compliance Status report under §63.11093(b).

§ 63.11088 What requirements must I meet for gasoline loading racks if my facility is a bulk gasoline terminal, pipeline breakout station, or pipeline pumping station?

(a) You must meet each emission limit and management practice in Table 2 to this subpart that applies to you.

(b) As an alternative for railcar cargo tanks to the requirements specified in Table 2 to this subpart, you may comply with the requirements specified in §63.422(e).

(c) You must comply with the requirements of this subpart by the applicable dates specified in §63.11083.

(d) You must comply with the applicable testing and monitoring requirements specified in §63.11092.

(e) You must submit the applicable notifications as required under §63.11093.

(f) You must keep records and submit reports as specified in §§63.11094 and 63.11095.

§ 63.11089 What requirements must I meet for equipment leak inspections if my facility is a bulk gasoline terminal, bulk plant, pipeline breakout station, or pipeline pumping station?

(a) Each owner or operator of a bulk gasoline terminal, bulk plant, pipeline breakout station, or pipeline pumping station subject to the provisions of this subpart shall perform a monthly leak inspection of all equipment in gasoline service, as defined in §63.11100. For this inspection, detection methods incorporating sight, sound, and smell are acceptable.

(b) A log book shall be used and shall be signed by the owner or operator at the completion of each inspection. A section of the log book shall contain a list, summary description, or diagram(s) showing the location of all equipment in gasoline service at the facility.

(c) Each detection of a liquid or vapor leak shall be recorded in the log book. When a leak is detected, an initial attempt at repair shall be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 5 calendar days after the leak is detected. Repair or replacement of leaking equipment shall be completed within 15 calendar days after detection of each leak, except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section.

(d) Delay of repair of leaking equipment will be allowed if the repair is not feasible within 15 days. The owner or operator shall provide in the semiannual report specified in §63.11095(b), the reason(s) why the repair was not feasible and the date each repair was completed.

(e) You must comply with the requirements of this subpart by the applicable dates specified in §63.11083.

(f) You must submit the applicable notifications as required under §63.11093.

(g) You must keep records and submit reports as specified in §§63.11094 and 63.11095.

Testing and Monitoring Requirements

§ 63.11092 What testing and monitoring requirements must I meet?

(a) Each owner or operator subject to the emission standard in §63.11088 for gasoline loading racks must comply with the requirements in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section.

(1) Conduct a performance test on the vapor processing and collection systems according to either paragraph (a)(1)(i) or paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section.

(i) Use the test methods and procedures in §60.503 of this chapter, except a reading of 500 parts per million shall be used to determine the level of leaks to be repaired under §60.503(b) of this chapter.

(ii) Use alternative test methods and procedures in accordance with the alternative test method requirements in §63.7(f).

(2) If you are operating your gasoline loading rack in compliance with an enforceable State, local, or tribal rule or permit that requires your loading rack to meet an emission limit of 80 milligrams (mg), or less, per liter of gasoline loaded (mg/l), you may submit a statement by a responsible official of your facility certifying the compliance status of your loading rack in lieu of the test required under paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(3) If you have conducted performance testing on the vapor processing and collection systems within 5 years prior to January 10, 2008, and the test is for the affected facility and is representative of current or anticipated operating processes and conditions, you may submit the results of such testing in lieu of the test required under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, provided the testing was conducted using the test methods and procedures in §60.503 of this chapter. Should the Administrator deem the prior test data unacceptable, the facility is still required to meet the requirement to conduct an initial performance test within 180 days of the compliance date specified in §63.11083; thus, previous test reports should be submitted as soon as possible after January 10, 2008.

(4) The performance test requirements of §63.11092(a) do not apply to flares defined in §63.11100 and meeting the flare requirements in §63.11(b). The owner or operator shall demonstrate that the flare and associated vapor collection system is in compliance with the requirements in §63.11(b) and 40 CFR 60.503(a), (b), and (d).

(b) For each performance test conducted under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the owner or operator shall determine a monitored operating parameter value for the vapor processing system using the procedures specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) Each owner or operator of a bulk gasoline terminal subject to the provisions of this subpart shall install, calibrate, certify, operate, and maintain, according to the manufacturer's specifications, a continuous monitoring system (CMS) while gasoline vapors are displaced to the vapor processor systems specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) through (iv) of this section. During the performance test, continuously record the operating parameter as specified under paragraphs (b)(1)(i) through (iv) of this section.

(i) Where a carbon adsorption system is used, the owner or operator shall monitor the operation of the system as specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(i)(A) or (B) of this section.

(A) A continuous emissions monitoring system (CEMS) capable of measuring organic compound concentration shall be installed in the exhaust air stream.

(B) As an alternative to paragraph (b)(1)(i)(A) of this section, you may choose to meet the requirements listed in paragraph (b)(1)(i)(B)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) Carbon adsorption devices shall be monitored as specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(i)(B)(1)(i),(ii), and (iii) of this section.

(i) Vacuum level shall be monitored using a pressure transmitter installed in the vacuum pump suction line, with the measurements displayed on a gauge that can be visually observed. Each carbon bed shall be observed during one complete regeneration cycle on each day of operation of the loading rack to determine the maximum vacuum level achieved.

(ii) Conduct annual testing of the carbon activity for the carbon in each carbon bed. Carbon activity shall be tested in accordance with the butane working capacity test of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Method D 5228-92 (incorporated by reference, see §63.14), or by another suitable procedure as recommended by the manufacturer.

(iii) Conduct monthly measurements of the carbon bed outlet volatile organic compounds (VOC) concentration over the last 5 minutes of an adsorption cycle for each carbon bed, documenting the highest measured VOC concentration. Measurements shall be made using a portable analyzer, in accordance with 40 CFR part 60, Appendix A-7, EPA Method 21 for open-ended lines.

(2) Develop and submit to the Administrator a monitoring and inspection plan that describes the owner or operator's approach for meeting the requirements in paragraphs (b)(1)(i)(B)(2)(i) through (v) of this section.

(i) The lowest maximum required vacuum level and duration needed to assure regeneration of the carbon beds shall be determined by an engineering analysis or from the manufacturer's recommendation and shall be documented in the monitoring and inspection plan.

(ii) The owner or operator shall verify, during each day of operation of the loading rack, the proper valve sequencing, cycle time, gasoline flow, purge air flow, and operating temperatures. Verification shall be through visual observation or through an automated alarm or shutdown system that monitors and records system operation.

(iii) The owner or operator shall perform semi-annual preventive maintenance inspections of the carbon adsorption system according to the recommendations of the manufacturer of the system.

(iv) The monitoring plan developed under paragraph (2) of this section shall specify conditions that would be considered malfunctions of the carbon adsorption system during the inspections or automated monitoring performed under paragraphs (b)(1)(i)(B)(2)(i) through (iii) of this section, describe specific corrective actions that will be taken to correct any malfunction, and define what the owner or operator would consider to be a timely repair for each potential malfunction.

(v) The owner or operator shall document the maximum vacuum level observed on each carbon bed from each daily inspection and the maximum VOC concentration observed from each carbon bed on each monthly inspection as well as any system malfunction, as defined in the monitoring and inspection plan, and any activation of the automated alarm or shutdown system with a written entry into a log book or other permanent form of record. Such record shall also include a description of the corrective action taken and whether such corrective actions were taken in a timely manner, as defined in the monitoring and inspection plan, as well as an estimate of the amount of gasoline loaded during the period of the malfunction.

(ii) Where a refrigeration condenser system is used, a continuous parameter monitoring system (CPMS) capable of measuring temperature shall be installed immediately downstream from the outlet to the condenser section. Alternatively, a CEMS capable of measuring organic compound concentration may be installed in the exhaust air stream.

(iii) Where a thermal oxidation system other than a flare is used, the owner or operator shall monitor the operation of the system as specified in paragraphs (b)(1)(iii)(A) or (B) of this section.

(A) A CPMS capable of measuring temperature shall be installed in the firebox or in the ductwork immediately downstream from the firebox in a position before any substantial heat exchange occurs.

(B) As an alternative to paragraph (b)(1)(iii)(A) of this section, you may choose to meet the requirements listed in paragraphs (b)(1)(iii)(B)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) The presence of a thermal oxidation system pilot flame shall be monitored using a heat-sensing device, such as an ultraviolet beam sensor or a thermocouple, installed in proximity to the pilot light to indicate the presence of a flame.

(2) Develop and submit to the Administrator a monitoring and inspection plan that describes the owner or operator's approach for meeting the requirements in paragraphs (b)(1)(iii)(B)(2)(i) through (v) of this section.

(i) The thermal oxidation system shall be equipped to automatically prevent gasoline loading operations from beginning at any time that the pilot flame is absent.

(ii) The owner or operator shall verify, during each day of operation of the loading rack, the proper operation of the assist-air blower, the vapor line valve, and the emergency shutdown system. Verification shall be through visual observation or through an automated alarm or shutdown system that monitors and records system operation.

(iii) The owner or operator shall perform semi-annual preventive maintenance inspections of the thermal oxidation system according to the recommendations of the manufacturer of the system.

(iv) The monitoring plan developed under paragraph (2) of this section shall specify conditions that would be considered malfunctions of the thermal oxidation system during the inspections or automated monitoring performed under paragraphs (b)(1)(iii)(B)(2)(ii) and (iii) of this section, describe specific corrective actions that will be taken to correct any malfunction, and define what the owner or operator would consider to be a timely repair for each potential malfunction.

(v) The owner or operator shall document any system malfunction, as defined in the monitoring and inspection plan, and any activation of the automated alarm or shutdown system with a written entry into a log book or other permanent form of record. Such record shall also include a description of the corrective action taken and whether such corrective actions were taken in a timely manner, as defined in the monitoring and inspection plan, as well as an estimate of the amount of gasoline loaded during the period of the malfunction.

(iv) Monitoring an alternative operating parameter or a parameter of a vapor processing system other than those listed in paragraphs (b)(1)(i) through (iii) of this section will be allowed upon demonstrating to the Administrator's satisfaction that the alternative parameter demonstrates continuous compliance with the emission standard in §63.11088(a).

(2) Where a flare meeting the requirements in §63.11(b) is used, a heat-sensing device, such as an ultraviolet beam sensor or a thermocouple, must be installed in proximity to the pilot light to indicate the presence of a flame.

(3) Determine an operating parameter value based on the parameter data monitored during the performance test, supplemented by engineering assessments and the manufacturer's recommendations.

(4) Provide for the Administrator's approval the rationale for the selected operating parameter value, monitoring frequency, and averaging time, including data and calculations used to develop the value and a description of why the value, monitoring frequency, and averaging time demonstrate continuous compliance with the emission standard in §63.11088(a).

(5) If you have chosen to comply with the performance testing alternatives provided under paragraph (a)(2) or paragraph (a)(3) of this section, the monitored operating parameter value may be determined according to the provisions in paragraph (b)(5)(i) or paragraph (b)(5)(ii) of this section.

(i) Monitor an operating parameter that has been approved by the Administrator and is specified in your facility's current enforceable operating permit. At the time that the Administrator requires a new performance test, you must determine the monitored operating parameter value according to the requirements specified in paragraph (b) of this section.

(ii) Determine an operating parameter value based on engineering assessment and the manufacturer's recommendation and submit the information specified in paragraph (b)(4) of this section for approval by the Administrator. At the time that the Administrator requires a new performance test, you must determine the monitored operating parameter value according to the requirements specified in paragraph (b) of this section.

(c) For performance tests performed after the initial test required under paragraph (a) of this section, the owner or operator shall document the reasons for any change in the operating parameter value since the previous performance test.

(d) Each owner or operator of a bulk gasoline terminal subject to the provisions of this subpart shall comply with the requirements in paragraphs (d)(1) through (4) of this section.

(1) Operate the vapor processing system in a manner not to exceed or not to go below, as appropriate, the operating parameter value for the parameters described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

(2) In cases where an alternative parameter pursuant to paragraph (b)(1)(iv) or paragraph (b)(5)(i) of this section is approved, each owner or operator shall operate the vapor processing system in a manner not to exceed or not to go below, as appropriate, the alternative operating parameter value.

(3) Operation of the vapor processing system in a manner exceeding or going below the operating parameter value, as appropriate, shall constitute a violation of the emission standard in §63.11088(a), except as specified in paragraph (d)(4) of this section.

(4) For the monitoring and inspection, as required under paragraphs (b)(1)(i)(B)(2) and (b)(1)(iii)(B)(2) of this section, malfunctions that are discovered shall not constitute a violation of the emission standard in §63.11088(a) if corrective actions as described in the monitoring and inspection plan are followed. The owner or operator must:

(i) Initiate corrective action to determine the cause of the problem within 1 hour;

(ii) Initiate corrective action to fix the problem within 24 hours;

(iii) Complete all corrective actions needed to fix the problem as soon as practicable consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions;

(iv) Minimize periods of start-up, shutdown, or malfunction; and

(v) Take any necessary corrective actions to restore normal operation and prevent the recurrence of the cause of the problem.

(e) Each owner or operator subject to the emission standard in §63.11087 for gasoline storage tanks shall comply with the requirements in paragraphs (e)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) If your gasoline storage tank is equipped with an internal floating roof, you must perform inspections of the floating roof system according to the requirements of §60.113b(a) if you are complying with option 2(b) in Table 1 to this subpart, or according to the requirements of §63.1063(c)(1) if you are complying with option 2(d) in Table 1 to this subpart.

(2) If your gasoline storage tank is equipped with an external floating roof, you must perform inspections of the floating roof system according to the requirements of §60.113b(b) if you are complying with option 2(c) in Table 1 to this subpart, or according to the requirements of §63.1063(c)(2) if you are complying with option 2(d) in Table 1 to this subpart.

(3) If your gasoline storage tank is equipped with a closed vent system and control device, you must conduct a performance test and determine a monitored operating parameter value in accordance with the requirements in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section, except that the applicable level of control specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this section shall be a 95-percent reduction in inlet total organic compounds (TOC) levels rather than 80 mg/l of gasoline loaded.

(f) The annual certification test for gasoline cargo tanks shall consist of the test methods specified in paragraphs (f)(1) or (f)(2) of this section.

(1) *EPA Method 27, Appendix A-8, 40 CFR part 60.* Conduct the test using a time period (t) for the pressure and vacuum tests of 5 minutes. The initial pressure (P_i) for the pressure test shall be 460 millimeters (mm) of water (18 inches of water), gauge. The initial vacuum (V_i) for the vacuum test shall be 150 mm of water (6 inches of water), gauge. The maximum allowable pressure and vacuum changes (Δp , Δv) for all affected gasoline cargo tanks is 3 inches of water, or less, in 5 minutes.

(2) *Railcar bubble leak test procedures.* As an alternative to the annual certification test required under paragraph (1) of this section for certification leakage testing of gasoline cargo tanks, the owner or operator may comply with paragraphs (f)(2)(i) and (ii) of this section for railcar cargo tanks, provided the railcar cargo tank meets the requirement in paragraph (f)(2)(iii) of this section.

(i) Comply with the requirements of 49 CFR 173.31(d), 49 CFR 179.7, 49 CFR 180.509, and 49 CFR 180.511 for the periodic testing of railcar cargo tanks.

(ii) The leakage pressure test procedure required under 49 CFR 180.509(j) and used to show no indication of leakage under 49 CFR 180.511(f) shall be ASTM E 515-95, BS EN 1593:1999, or another bubble leak test procedure meeting the requirements in 49 CFR 179.7, 49 CFR 180.505, and 49 CFR 180.509.

(iii) The alternative requirements in this paragraph (f)(2) may not be used for any railcar cargo tank that collects gasoline vapors from a vapor balance system and the system complies with a Federal, State, local, or tribal rule or permit. A vapor balance system is a piping and collection system designed to collect gasoline vapors displaced from a storage vessel, barge, or other container being loaded, and routes the displaced gasoline vapors into the railcar cargo tank from which liquid gasoline is being unloaded.

[73 FR 1933, Jan. 10, 2008 as amended at 73 FR 12276, Mar. 7, 2008]

Notifications, Records, and Reports

§ 63.11093 What notifications must I submit and when?

(a) Each owner or operator of an affected source under this subpart must submit an Initial Notification as specified in §63.9(b). If your facility is in compliance with the requirements of this subpart at the time the Initial Notification is due, the Notification of Compliance Status required under paragraph (b) of this section may be submitted in lieu of the Initial Notification.

(b) Each owner or operator of an affected source under this subpart must submit a Notification of Compliance Status as specified in §63.9(h). The Notification of Compliance Status must specify which of the compliance options included in Table 1 to this subpart is used to comply with this subpart.

(c) Each owner or operator of an affected bulk gasoline terminal under this subpart must submit a Notification of Performance Test, as specified in §63.9(e), prior to initiating testing required by §63.11092(a) or §63.11092(b).

(d) Each owner or operator of any affected source under this subpart must submit additional notifications specified in §63.9, as applicable.

§ 63.11094 What are my recordkeeping requirements?

(a) Each owner or operator of a bulk gasoline terminal or pipeline breakout station whose storage vessels are subject to the provisions of this subpart shall keep records as specified in §60.115b of this chapter if you are complying with options 2(a), 2(b), or 2(c) in Table 1 to this subpart, except records shall be kept for at least 5 years. If you are complying with the requirements of option 2(d) in Table 1 to this subpart, you shall keep records as specified in §63.1065.

(b) Each owner or operator of a bulk gasoline terminal subject to the provisions of this subpart shall keep records of the test results for each gasoline cargo tank loading at the facility as specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (3) of this section.

(1) Annual certification testing performed under §63.11092(f)(1) and periodic railcar bubble leak testing performed under §63.11092(f)(2).

(2) The documentation file shall be kept up-to-date for each gasoline cargo tank loading at the facility. The documentation for each test shall include, as a minimum, the following information:

(i) *Name of test*: Annual Certification Test—Method 27 or Periodic Railcar Bubble Leak Test Procedure.

(ii) Cargo tank owner's name and address.

(iii) Cargo tank identification number.

(iv) Test location and date.

(v) Tester name and signature.

(vi) *Witnessing inspector, if any*: Name, signature, and affiliation.

(vii) *Vapor tightness repair*: Nature of repair work and when performed in relation to vapor tightness testing.

(viii) *Test results*: Test pressure; pressure or vacuum change, mm of water; time period of test; number of leaks found with instrument; and leak definition.

(3) If you are complying with the alternative requirements in §63.11088(b), you must keep records documenting that you have verified the vapor tightness testing according to the requirements of the Administrator.

(c) As an alternative to keeping records at the terminal of each gasoline cargo tank test result as required in paragraph (b) of this section, an owner or operator may comply with the requirements in either paragraph (c)(1) or paragraph (c)(2) of this section.

(1) An electronic copy of each record is instantly available at the terminal.

(i) The copy of each record in paragraph (c)(1) of this section is an exact duplicate image of the original paper record with certifying signatures.

(ii) The Administrator is notified in writing that each terminal using this alternative is in compliance with paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

(2) For facilities that use a terminal automation system to prevent gasoline cargo tanks that do not have valid cargo tank vapor tightness documentation from loading (e.g., via a card lock-out system), a copy of the documentation is made available (e.g., via facsimile) for inspection by the Administrator's delegated representatives during the course of a site visit, or within a mutually agreeable time frame.

(i) The copy of each record in paragraph (c)(2) of this section is an exact duplicate image of the original paper record with certifying signatures.

(ii) The Administrator is notified in writing that each terminal using this alternative is in compliance with paragraph (c)(2) of this section.

(d) Each owner or operator subject to the equipment leak provisions of §63.11089 shall prepare and maintain a record describing the types, identification numbers, and locations of all equipment in gasoline service. For facilities electing to implement an instrument program under §63.11089, the record shall contain a full description of the program.

(e) Each owner or operator of an affected source subject to equipment leak inspections under §63.11089 shall record in the log book for each leak that is detected the information specified in paragraphs (e)(1) through (7) of this section.

(1) The equipment type and identification number.

(2) The nature of the leak (i.e., vapor or liquid) and the method of detection (i.e., sight, sound, or smell).

(3) The date the leak was detected and the date of each attempt to repair the leak.

(4) Repair methods applied in each attempt to repair the leak.

(5) "Repair delayed" and the reason for the delay if the leak is not repaired within 15 calendar days after discovery of the leak.

(6) The expected date of successful repair of the leak if the leak is not repaired within 15 days.

(7) The date of successful repair of the leak.

(f) Each owner or operator of a bulk gasoline terminal subject to the provisions of this subpart shall:

(1) Keep an up-to-date, readily accessible record of the continuous monitoring data required under §63.11092(b) or §63.11092(e). This record shall indicate the time intervals during which loadings of gasoline cargo tanks have occurred or, alternatively, shall record the operating parameter data only during such loadings. The date and time of day shall also be indicated at reasonable intervals on this record.

(2) Record and report simultaneously with the Notification of Compliance Status required under §63.11093(b):

(i) All data and calculations, engineering assessments, and manufacturer's recommendations used in determining the operating parameter value under §63.11092(b) or §63.11092(e); and

(ii) The following information when using a flare under provisions of §63.11(b) to comply with §63.11087(a):

(A) Flare design (i.e., steam-assisted, air-assisted, or non-assisted); and

(B) All visible emissions (VE) readings, heat content determinations, flow rate measurements, and exit velocity determinations made during the compliance determination required under §63.11092(e)(3).

(3) Keep an up-to-date, readily accessible copy of the monitoring and inspection plan required under §63.11092(b)(1)(i)(B)(2) or §63.11092(b)(1)(iii)(B)(2).

(4) Keep an up-to-date, readily accessible record of all system malfunctions, as specified in §63.11092(b)(1)(i)(B)(2)(v) or §63.11092(b)(1)(iii)(B)(2)(v).

(5) If an owner or operator requests approval to use a vapor processing system or monitor an operating parameter other than those specified in §63.11092(b), the owner or operator shall submit a description of planned reporting and recordkeeping procedures.

§ 63.11095 What are my reporting requirements?

(a) Each owner or operator of a bulk terminal or a pipeline breakout station subject to the control requirements of this subpart shall include in a semiannual compliance report to the Administrator the following information, as applicable:

(1) For storage vessels, if you are complying with options 2(a), 2(b), or 2(c) in Table 1 to this subpart, the information specified in §60.115b(a), §60.115b(b), or §60.115b(c) of this chapter, depending upon the control equipment installed, or, if you are complying with option 2(d) in Table 1 to this subpart, the information specified in §63.1066.

(2) For loading racks, each loading of a gasoline cargo tank for which vapor tightness documentation had not been previously obtained by the facility.

(3) For equipment leak inspections, the number of equipment leaks not repaired within 15 days after detection.

(b) Each owner or operator of an affected source subject to the control requirements of this subpart shall submit an excess emissions report to the Administrator at the time the semiannual compliance report is submitted. Excess emissions events under this subpart, and the information to be included in the excess emissions report, are specified in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this section.

(1) Each instance of a non-vapor-tight gasoline cargo tank loading at the facility in which the owner or operator failed to take steps to assure that such cargo tank would not be reloaded at the facility before vapor tightness documentation for that cargo tank was obtained.

(2) Each reloading of a non-vapor-tight gasoline cargo tank at the facility before vapor tightness documentation for that cargo tank is obtained by the facility in accordance with §63.11094(b).

(3) Each exceedance or failure to maintain, as appropriate, the monitored operating parameter value determined under §63.11092(b). The report shall include the monitoring data for the days on which exceedances or failures to maintain have occurred, and a description and timing of the steps taken to repair or perform maintenance on the vapor collection and processing systems or the CMS.

(4) Each instance in which malfunctions discovered during the monitoring and inspections required under §63.11092(b)(1)(i)(B)(2) and (b)(1)(iii)(B)(2) were not resolved according to the necessary corrective actions described in the monitoring and inspection plan. The report shall include a description of the malfunction and the timing of the steps taken to correct the malfunction.

(5) For each occurrence of an equipment leak for which no repair attempt was made within 5 days or for which repair was not completed within 15 days after detection:

(i) The date on which the leak was detected;

(ii) The date of each attempt to repair the leak;

(iii) The reasons for the delay of repair; and

(iv) The date of successful repair.

(c) Each owner or operator of a bulk gasoline plant or a pipeline pumping station shall submit a semiannual excess emissions report, including the information specified in paragraphs (a)(3) and (b)(5) of this section, only for a 6-month period during which an excess emission event has occurred. If no excess emission events have occurred during the previous 6-month period, no report is required.

[73 FR 1933, Jan. 10, 2008 as amended at 73 FR 12276, Mar. 7, 2008]

Other Requirements and Information

§ 63.11098 What parts of the General Provisions apply to me?

Table 3 to this subpart shows which parts of the General Provisions apply to you.

§ 63.11099 Who implements and enforces this subpart?

(a) This subpart can be implemented and enforced by the U.S. EPA or a delegated authority such as the applicable State, local, or tribal agency. If the U.S. EPA Administrator has delegated authority to a State, local, or tribal agency,

then that agency, in addition to the U.S. EPA, has the authority to implement and enforce this subpart. Contact the applicable U.S. EPA Regional Office to find out if implementation and enforcement of this subpart is delegated to a State, local, or tribal agency.

(b) In delegating implementation and enforcement authority of this subpart to a State, local, or tribal agency under subpart E of this part, the authorities specified in paragraph (c) of this section are retained by the Administrator of U.S. EPA and cannot be transferred to the State, local, or tribal agency.

(c) The authorities that cannot be delegated to State, local, or tribal agencies are as specified in paragraphs (c)(1) through (4) of this section.

(1) Approval of alternatives to the requirements in §§63.11086 through 63.11088 and §63.11092. Any owner or operator requesting to use an alternative means of emission limitation for storage vessels in Table 1 to this subpart must follow either the provisions in §60.114b of this chapter if you are complying with options 2(a), 2(b), or 2(c) in Table 1 to this subpart, or the provisions in §63.1064 if you are complying with option 2(d) in Table 1 to this subpart.

(2) Approval of major alternatives to test methods under §63.7(e)(2)(ii) and (f), as defined in §63.90, and as required in this subpart.

(3) Approval of major alternatives to monitoring under §63.8(f), as defined in §63.90, and as required in this subpart.

(4) Approval of major alternatives to recordkeeping and reporting under §63.10(f), as defined in §63.90, and as required in this subpart.

§ 63.11100 What definitions apply to this subpart?

As used in this subpart, all terms not defined herein shall have the meaning given them in the Clean Air Act (CAA), in subparts A, K, Ka, Kb, and XX of part 60 of this chapter, or in subparts A, R, and WW of this part. All terms defined in both subpart A of part 60 of this chapter and subparts A, R, and WW of this part shall have the meaning given in subparts A, R, and WW of this part. For purposes of this subpart, definitions in this section supersede definitions in other parts or subparts.

Administrator means the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his or her authorized representative (e.g., a State that has been delegated the authority to implement the provisions of this subpart).

Bulk gasoline plant means any gasoline storage and distribution facility that receives gasoline by pipeline, ship or barge, or cargo tank and has a gasoline throughput of less than 20,000 gallons per day. Gasoline throughput shall be the maximum calculated design throughput as may be limited by compliance with an enforceable condition under Federal, State, or local law and discoverable by the Administrator and any other person.

Bulk gasoline terminal means any gasoline storage and distribution facility that receives gasoline by pipeline, ship or barge, or cargo tank and has a gasoline throughput of 20,000 gallons per day or greater. Gasoline throughput shall be the maximum calculated design throughput as may be limited by compliance with an enforceable condition under Federal, State, or local law and discoverable by the Administrator and any other person.

Equipment means each valve, pump, pressure relief device, sampling connection system, open-ended valve or line, and flange or other connector in the gasoline liquid transfer and vapor collection systems. This definition also includes the entire vapor processing system except the exhaust port(s) or stack(s).

Flare means a thermal oxidation system using an open (without enclosure) flame.

Gasoline cargo tank means a delivery tank truck or railcar which is loading gasoline or which has loaded gasoline on the immediately previous load.

In gasoline service means that a piece of equipment is used in a system that transfers gasoline or gasoline vapors.

Monthly means once per calendar month at regular intervals of no less than 28 days and no more than 35 days.

Operating parameter value means a value for an operating or emission parameter of the vapor processing system (e.g., temperature) which, if maintained continuously by itself or in combination with one or more other operating parameter values, determines that an owner or operator has complied with the applicable emission standard. The operating parameter value is determined using the procedures specified in §63.11092(b).

Pipeline breakout station means a facility along a pipeline containing storage vessels used to relieve surges or receive and store gasoline from the pipeline for re-injection and continued transportation by pipeline or to other facilities.

Pipeline pumping station means a facility along a pipeline containing pumps to maintain the desired pressure and flow of product through the pipeline and not containing storage vessels.

Submerged filling means, for the purposes of this subpart, the filling of a gasoline cargo tank or a stationary storage tank through a submerged fill pipe whose discharge is no more than the applicable distance specified in §63.11086(a) from the bottom of the tank. Bottom filling of gasoline cargo tanks or storage tanks is included in this definition.

Vapor collection-equipped gasoline cargo tank means a gasoline cargo tank that is outfitted with the equipment necessary to transfer vapors, displaced during the loading of gasoline into the cargo tank, to a vapor processor system.

Vapor-tight gasoline cargo tank means the same as the definition of the term “vapor-tight gasoline tank truck” in §60.501, except that for this subpart the term “gasoline tank truck” means “gasoline cargo tank,” as defined in this section.

Table 1 to Subpart BBBBBB of Part 63—Applicability Criteria, Emission Limits, and Management Practices for Storage Tanks

If you own or operate	Then you must
1. A gasoline storage tank with a capacity of less than 75 cubic meters (m ³)	Equip each gasoline storage tank with a fixed roof that is mounted to the storage tank in a stationary manner, and maintain all openings in a closed position at all times when not in use.
2. A gasoline storage tank with a capacity of greater than or equal to 75 m ³	(a) Reduce emissions of total organic HAP or TOC by 95 weight-percent with a closed vent system and control device as specified in §60.112b(a)(3) of this chapter; or
	(b) Equip each internal floating roof gasoline storage tank according to the requirements in §60.112b(a)(1) of this chapter, except for the secondary seal requirements under §60.112b(a)(1)(ii)(B) and the requirements in §60.112b(a)(1)(iv) through (ix) of this chapter; and
	(c) Equip each external floating roof gasoline storage tank according to the requirements in §60.112b(a)(2) of this chapter, except that the requirements of §60.112b(a)(2)(ii) of this chapter shall only be required if such storage tank does not currently meet the requirements of §60.112b(a)(2)(i) of this chapter; or

	(d) Equip and operate each internal and external floating roof gasoline storage tank according to the applicable requirements in §63.1063(a)(1) and (b), and equip each external floating roof gasoline storage tank according to the requirements of §63.1063(a)(2) if such storage tank does not currently meet the requirements of §63.1063(a)(1).
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Table 2 to Subpart BBBBBB of Part 63—Applicability Criteria, Emission Limits, and Management Practices for Loading Racks

If you own or operate	Then you must
1. A gasoline loading rack(s) at a bulk gasoline terminal with a gasoline throughput of 250,000 gallons per day, or greater	(a) Equip your loading rack(s) with a vapor collection system designed to collect the TOC vapors displaced from cargo tanks during product loading; and
	(b) Reduce emissions of TOC to less than or equal to 80 mg/l of gasoline loaded into gasoline cargo tanks at the loading rack; and
	(c) Design and operate the vapor collection system to prevent any TOC vapors collected at one loading rack from passing to another loading rack; and
	(d) Limit the loading of gasoline into gasoline cargo tanks that are vapor tight using the procedures specified in §60.502(e) through (j) of this chapter. For the purposes of this section, the term “tank truck” as used in §60.502(e) through (j) of this chapter means “cargo tank” as defined in §63.11100.
2. A gasoline loading rack(s) at a bulk gasoline terminal with a gasoline throughput of less than 250,000 gallons per day	(a) Use submerged filling with a submerged fill pipe that is no more than 6 inches from the bottom of the cargo tank. (b) Make records available within 24 hours of a request by the Administrator to document your gasoline throughput.

Table 3 to Subpart BBBBBB of Part 63—Applicability of General Provisions

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
§63.1	Applicability	Initial applicability determination; applicability after standard established; permit requirements; extensions, notifications	Yes, specific requirements given in §63.11081.
§63.1(c)(2)	Title V permit	Requirements for obtaining a title V permit from the	Yes, §63.11081(b)

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
		applicable permitting authority	of subpart BBBBBB exempts identified area sources from the obligation to obtain title V operating permits.
§63.2	Definitions	Definitions for part 63 standards	Yes, additional definitions in §63.11100.
§63.3	Units and Abbreviations	Units and abbreviations for part 63 standards	Yes.
§63.4	Prohibited Activities and Circumvention	Prohibited activities; circumvention, severability	Yes.
§63.5	Construction/Reconstruction	Applicability; applications; approvals	Yes.
§63.6(a)	Compliance with Standards/Operation & Maintenance Applicability	General Provisions apply unless compliance extension; General Provisions apply to area sources that become major	Yes.
§63.6(b)(1)–(4)	Compliance Dates for New and Reconstructed Sources	Standards apply at effective date; 3 years after effective date; upon startup; 10 years after construction or reconstruction commences for CAA section 112(f)	Yes.
§63.6(b)(5)	Notification	Must notify if commenced construction or reconstruction after proposal	Yes.
§63.6(b)(6)	[Reserved]		
§63.6(b)(7)	Compliance Dates for New and Reconstructed Area Sources that Become Major	Area sources that become major must comply with major source standards immediately upon becoming major, regardless of whether required to comply	No.

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
		when they were an area source	
§63.6(c)(1)–(2)	Compliance Dates for Existing Sources	Comply according to date in this subpart, which must be no later than 3 years after effective date; for CAA section 112(f) standards, comply within 90 days of effective date unless compliance extension	No, §63.11083 specifies the compliance dates.
§63.6(c)(3)–(4)	[Reserved]		
§63.6(c)(5)	Compliance Dates for Existing Area Sources that Become Major	Area sources that become major must comply with major source standards by date indicated in this subpart or by equivalent time period (e.g., 3 years)	No.
§63.6(d)	[Reserved]		
§63.6(e)(1)	Operation & Maintenance	Operate to minimize emissions at all times; correct malfunctions as soon as practicable; and operation and maintenance requirements independently enforceable; information Administrator will use to determine if operation and maintenance requirements were met	Yes.
§63.6(e)(2)	[Reserved]		
§63.6(e)(3)	Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction (SSM) plan	Requirement for SSM plan; content of SSM plan; actions during SSM	No.
§63.6(f)(1)	Compliance Except During SSM	You must comply with emission standards at all times except during SSM	No.
§63.6(f)(2)–(3)	Methods for Determining Compliance	Compliance based on performance test, operation and maintenance plans, records, inspection	Yes.
§63.6(g)(1)–(3)	Alternative Standard	Procedures for getting an	Yes.

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
		alternative standard	
§63.6(h)(1)	Compliance with Opacity/VE Standards	You must comply with opacity/VE standards at all times except during SSM	No.
§63.6(h)(2)(i)	Determining Compliance with Opacity/VE Standards	If standard does not State test method, use EPA Method 9 for opacity in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter and EPA Method 22 for VE in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter	No.
§63.6(h)(2)(ii)	[Reserved]		
§63.6(h)(2)(iii)	Using Previous Tests to Demonstrate Compliance with Opacity/VE Standards	Criteria for when previous opacity/VE testing can be used to show compliance with this subpart	No.
§63.6(h)(3)	[Reserved]		
§63.6(h)(4)	Notification of Opacity/VE Observation Date	Must notify Administrator of anticipated date of observation	No.
§63.6(h)(5)(i), (iii)–(v)	Conducting Opacity/VE Observations	Dates and schedule for conducting opacity/VE observations	No.
§63.6(h)(5)(ii)	Opacity Test Duration and Averaging Times	Must have at least 3 hours of observation with 30 6-minute averages	No.
§63.6(h)(6)	Records of Conditions During Opacity/VE Observations	Must keep records available and allow Administrator to inspect	No.
§63.6(h)(7)(i)	Report Continuous Opacity Monitoring System (COMS) Monitoring Data from Performance Test	Must submit COMS data with other performance test data	No.
§63.6(h)(7)(ii)	Using COMS Instead of EPA Method 9	Can submit COMS data instead of EPA Method 9 results even if rule requires EPA Method 9 in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter, but must notify	No.

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
		Administrator before performance test	
§63.6(h)(7)(iii)	Averaging Time for COMS During Performance Test	To determine compliance, must reduce COMS data to 6-minute averages	No.
§63.6(h)(7)(iv)	COMS Requirements	Owner/operator must demonstrate that COMS performance evaluations are conducted according to §63.8(e); COMS are properly maintained and operated according to §63.8(c) and data quality as §63.8(d)	No.
§63.6(h)(7)(v)	Determining Compliance with Opacity/VE Standards	COMS is probable but not conclusive evidence of compliance with opacity standard, even if EPA Method 9 observation shows otherwise. Requirements for COMS to be probable evidence-proper maintenance, meeting Performance Specification 1 in appendix B of part 60 of this chapter, and data have not been altered	No.
§63.6(h)(8)	Determining Compliance with Opacity/VE Standards	Administrator will use all COMS, EPA Method 9 (in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter), and EPA Method 22 (in appendix A of part 60 of this chapter) results, as well as information about operation and maintenance to determine compliance	No.
§63.6(h)(9)	Adjusted Opacity Standard	Procedures for Administrator to adjust an opacity standard	No.
§63.6(i)(1)–(14)	Compliance Extension	Procedures and criteria for Administrator to grant compliance extension	Yes.

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
§63.6(j)	Presidential Compliance Exemption	President may exempt any source from requirement to comply with this subpart	Yes.
§63.7(a)(2)	Performance Test Dates	Dates for conducting initial performance testing; must conduct 180 days after compliance date	Yes.
§63.7(a)(3)	Section 114 Authority	Administrator may require a performance test under CAA section 114 at any time	Yes.
§63.7(b)(1)	Notification of Performance Test	Must notify Administrator 60 days before the test	Yes.
§63.7(b)(2)	Notification of Re-scheduling	If have to reschedule performance test, must notify Administrator of rescheduled date as soon as practicable and without delay	Yes.
§63.7(c)	Quality Assurance (QA)/Test Plan	Requirement to submit site-specific test plan 60 days before the test or on date Administrator agrees with; test plan approval procedures; performance audit requirements; internal and external QA procedures for testing	Yes.
§63.7(d)	Testing Facilities	Requirements for testing facilities	Yes.
§63.7(e)(1)	Conditions for Conducting Performance Tests	Performance tests must be conducted under representative conditions; cannot conduct performance tests during SSM	Yes.
§63.7(e)(2)	Conditions for Conducting Performance Tests	Must conduct according to this subpart and EPA test methods unless Administrator approves alternative	Yes.
§63.7(e)(3)	Test Run Duration	Must have three test runs of at least 1 hour each; compliance is	Yes.

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
		based on arithmetic mean of three runs; conditions when data from an additional test run can be used	
§63.7(f)	Alternative Test Method	Procedures by which Administrator can grant approval to use an intermediate or major change, or alternative to a test method	Yes.
§63.7(g)	Performance Test Data Analysis	Must include raw data in performance test report; must submit performance test data 60 days after end of test with the notification of compliance status; keep data for 5 years	Yes.
§63.7(h)	Waiver of Tests	Procedures for Administrator to waive performance test	Yes.
§63.8(a)(1)	Applicability of Monitoring Requirements	Subject to all monitoring requirements in standard	Yes.
§63.8(a)(2)	Performance Specifications	Performance specifications in appendix B of 40 CFR part 60 apply	Yes.
§63.8(a)(3)	[Reserved]		
§63.8(a)(4)	Monitoring of Flares	Monitoring requirements for flares in §63.11 apply	Yes.
§63.8(b)(1)	Monitoring	Must conduct monitoring according to standard unless Administrator approves alternative	Yes.
§63.8(b)(2)–(3)	Multiple Effluents and Multiple Monitoring Systems	Specific requirements for installing monitoring systems; must install on each affected source or after combined with another affected source before it is released to the atmosphere provided the monitoring is sufficient to demonstrate	Yes.

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
		compliance with the standard; if more than one monitoring system on an emission point, must report all monitoring system results, unless one monitoring system is a backup	
§63.8(c)(1)	Monitoring System Operation and Maintenance	Maintain monitoring system in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices	Yes.
§63.8(c)(1)(i)–(iii)	Routine and Predictable SSM	Follow the SSM plan for routine repairs; keep parts for routine repairs readily available; reporting requirements for SSM when action is described in SSM plan	Yes.
§63.8(c) (2)–(8)	CMS Requirements	Must install to get representative emission or parameter measurements; must verify operational status before or at performance test	Yes.
§63.8(d)	CMS Quality Control	Requirements for CMS quality control, including calibration, etc.; must keep quality control plan on record for 5 years; keep old versions for 5 years after revisions	No.
§63.8(e)	CMS Performance Evaluation	Notification, performance evaluation test plan, reports	Yes.
§63.8(f) (1)–(5)	Alternative Monitoring Method	Procedures for Administrator to approve alternative monitoring	Yes.
§63.8(f)(6)	Alternative to Relative Accuracy Test	Procedures for Administrator to approve alternative relative accuracy tests for CEMS	Yes.
§63.8(g)	Data Reduction	COMS 6-minute averages calculated over at least 36 evenly spaced data points; CEMS 1 hour averages computed over at least 4 equally spaced data	Yes.

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
		points; data that cannot be used in average	
§63.9(a)	Notification Requirements	Applicability and State delegation	Yes.
§63.9(b) (1)–(2), (4)–(5)	Initial Notifications	Submit notification within 120 days after effective date; notification of intent to construct/reconstruct, notification of commencement of construction/reconstruction, notification of startup; contents of each	Yes.
§63.9(c)	Request for Compliance Extension	Can request if cannot comply by date or if installed best available control technology or lowest achievable emission rate	Yes.
§63.9(d)	Notification of Special Compliance Requirements for New Sources	For sources that commence construction between proposal and promulgation and want to comply 3 years after effective date	Yes.
§63.9(e)	Notification of Performance Test	Notify Administrator 60 days prior	Yes.
§63.9(f)	Notification of VE/Opacity Test	Notify Administrator 30 days prior	No.
§63.9(g)	Additional Notifications When Using CMS	Notification of performance evaluation; notification about use of COMS data; notification that exceeded criterion for relative accuracy alternative	Yes, however, there are no opacity standards.
§63.9(h) (1)–(6)	Notification of Compliance Status	Contents due 60 days after end of performance test or other compliance demonstration, except for opacity/VE, which are due 30 days after; when to submit to Federal vs. State authority	Yes, however, there are no opacity standards.

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
§63.9(i)	Adjustment of Submittal Deadlines	Procedures for Administrator to approve change when notifications must be submitted	Yes.
§63.9(j)	Change in Previous Information	Must submit within 15 days after the change	Yes.
§63.10(a)	Record-keeping/Reporting	Applies to all, unless compliance extension; when to submit to Federal vs. State authority; procedures for owners of more than one source	Yes.
§63.10(b)(1)	Record-keeping/Reporting	General requirements; keep all records readily available; keep for 5 years	Yes.
§63.10(b)(2)(i)–(iv)	Records Related to SSM	Occurrence of each for operations (process equipment); occurrence of each malfunction of air pollution control equipment; maintenance on air pollution control equipment; actions during SSM	Yes.
§63.10(b)(2)(vi)–(xi)	CMS Records	Malfunctions, inoperative, out-of-control periods	Yes.
§63.10(b)(2)(xii)	Records	Records when under waiver	Yes.
§63.10(b)(2)(xiii)	Records	Records when using alternative to relative accuracy test	Yes.
§63.10(b)(2)(xiv)	Records	All documentation supporting initial notification and notification of compliance status	Yes.
§63.10(b)(3)	Records	Applicability determinations	Yes.
§63.10(c)	Records	Additional records for CMS	No.
§63.10(d)(1)	General Reporting Requirements	Requirement to report	Yes.
§63.10(d)(2)	Report of Performance Test Results	When to submit to Federal or State authority	Yes.
§63.10(d)(3)	Reporting Opacity or VE	What to report and when	No.

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
	Observations		
§63.10(d)(4)	Progress Reports	Must submit progress reports on schedule if under compliance extension	Yes.
§63.10(d)(5)	SSM Reports	Contents and submission	Yes.
§63.10(e)(1)–(2)	Additional CMS Reports	Must report results for each CEMS on a unit; written copy of CMS performance evaluation; 2–3 copies of COMS performance evaluation	No.
§63.10(e)(3)(i)–(iii)	Reports	Schedule for reporting excess emissions	Yes, note that §63.11095 specifies excess emission events for this subpart.
§63.10(e)(3)(iv)–(v)	Excess Emissions Reports	Requirement to revert to quarterly submission if there is an excess emissions and parameter monitor exceedances (now defined as deviations); provision to request semiannual reporting after compliance for 1 year; submit report by 30th day following end of quarter or calendar half; if there has not been an exceedance or excess emissions (now defined as deviations), report contents in a statement that there have been no deviations; must submit report containing all of the information in §§63.8(c)(7)–(8) and 63.10(c)(5)–(13)	Yes, §63.11095 specifies excess emission events for this subpart.
§63.10(e)(3)(vi)–(viii)	Excess Emissions Report and Summary Report	Requirements for reporting excess emissions for CMS; requires all of the information in §§63.8(c)(7)–(8) and	Yes.

Citation	Subject	Brief description	Applies to subpart BBBBBB
		63.10(c)(5)–(13)	
§63.10(e)(4)	Reporting COMS Data	Must submit COMS data with performance test data	Yes.
§63.10(f)	Waiver for Recordkeeping/Reporting	Procedures for Administrator to waive	Yes.
§63.11(b)	Flares	Requirements for flares	Yes, the section references §63.11(b).
§63.12	Delegation	State authority to enforce standards	Yes.
§63.13	Addresses	Addresses where reports, notifications, and requests are sent	Yes.
§63.14	Incorporations by Reference	Test methods incorporated by reference	Yes.
§63.15	Availability of Information	Public and confidential information	Yes.

**Indiana Department of Environmental Management
Office of Air Quality**

Technical Support Document (TSD) for a Part 70 Significant Source and
Significant Permit Modification.

Source Description and Location

Source Name:	Buckeye Terminals, LLC - Hammond Terminal
Source Location:	2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, IN 46320
County:	Lake
SIC Code:	5171
Permit Renewal No.:	T089-28597-00239
Operation Permit Issuance Date:	July 1, 2010
Significant Source Modification No.:	089-30229-00239
Significant Permit Modification No.:	089-30230-00239
Permit Reviewer:	Josiah Balogun

Existing Approvals

The source was issued Part 70 Operating Permit No. T089-28597-00239 on July 1, 2010. The source has not received any other approval.

County Attainment Status

The source is located in Lake County.

Pollutant	Designation
SO ₂	Better than national standards.
CO	Attainment effective February 18, 2000, for the part of the city of East Chicago bounded by Columbus Drive on the north; the Indiana Harbor Canal on the west; 148 th Street, if extended, on the south; and Euclid Avenue on the east. Unclassifiable or attainment effective November 15, 1990, for the remainder of East Chicago and Lake County.
O ₃	Attainment effective May 11, 2010, for the 8-hour ozone standard. ¹
PM ₁₀	Attainment effective March 11, 2003, for the cities of East Chicago, Hammond, Whiting, and Gary. Unclassifiable effective November 15, 1990, for the remainder of Lake County.
NO ₂	Cannot be classified or better than national standards.
Pb	Not designated.

¹The U. S. EPA has acknowledged in both the proposed and final rulemaking for this redesignation that the anti-backsliding provisions for the 1-hour ozone standard no longer apply as a result of the redesignation under the 8-hour ozone standard. Therefore, permits in Lake County are no longer subject to review pursuant to Emission Offset, 326 IAC 2-3. Basic nonattainment designation effective federally April 5, 2005, for PM2.5.

- (a) **Ozone Standards**
Volatile organic compounds (VOC) and Nitrogen Oxides (NOx) are regulated under the Clean Air Act (CAA) for the purposes of attaining and maintaining the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for ozone. Therefore, VOC and NOx emissions are considered when evaluating the rule applicability relating to ozone. Lake County has been designated as attainment or unclassifiable for ozone. Therefore, VOC and NOx emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2.

- (b) **PM_{2.5}**
 U.S. EPA, in the Federal Register Notice 70 FR 943 dated January 5, 2005, has designated Lake County as nonattainment for PM_{2.5}. On March 7, 2005 the Indiana Attorney General's Office, on behalf of IDEM, filed a lawsuit with the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit challenging U.S. EPA's designation of nonattainment areas without sufficient data. However, in order to ensure that sources are not potentially liable for a violation of the Clean Air Act, the OAQ is following the U.S. EPA's New Source Review Rule for PM_{2.5} promulgated on May 8, 2008. These rules became effective on July 15, 2008. Therefore, direct PM_{2.5} and SO₂ emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements of Nonattainment New Source Review, 326 IAC 2-1.1-5. See the State Rule Applicability – Entire Source section.
- (c) **Other Criteria Pollutants**
 Lake County has been classified as attainment or unclassifiable in Indiana for all criteria pollutants. Therefore, these emissions were reviewed pursuant to the requirements for Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD), 326 IAC 2-2.

Fugitive Emissions

Since this type of operation is in one of the twenty-eight (28) listed source categories as specified in 326 IAC 2-2, 326 IAC 2-3, or 326 IAC 2-7. Therefore, fugitive emissions are counted toward the determination of PSD, Emission Offset, and Part 70 Permit applicability.

Source Status

The table below summarizes the potential to emit of the entire source, prior to the proposed modification, after consideration of all enforceable limits established in the effective permits:

Pollutant	Emissions (tons/year)
PM	< 100
PM10	< 100
PM2.5	< 100
SO ₂	< 100
VOC	> 100
CO	< 100
NO _x	< 100

- (a) This existing source is a major stationary source, under PSD (326 IAC 2-2), because a regulated pollutant is emitted at a rate of 100 tons per year or more, and it is one of the twenty-eight (28) listed source categories, as specified in 326 IAC 2-2-1(gg)(1).
- (b) This existing source is not major stationary source, under nonattainment new source review rules (326 IAC 2-1.1-5) since direct PM2.5 is emitted at a rate of less 100 tons per year.
- (c) These emissions are based upon Part 70 operating Permit No 089-28597-00239, issued on July 1, 2010.

The table below summarizes the potential to emit HAPs for the entire source, prior to the proposed modification, after consideration of all enforceable limits established in the effective permits:

HAPs	Potential To Emit (tons/year)
Single HAP	Less than 10
Total HAPs	Less than 25

This existing source is not a major source of HAPs, as defined in 40 CFR 63.41, because HAPs emissions are less than ten (10) tons per year for any single HAP and less than twenty-five (25) tons per year of a combination of HAPs. Therefore, this source is an area source under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act (CAA).

Actual Emissions

The following table shows the actual emissions from the source. This information reflects the 2009 OAQ emission data.

Pollutant	Actual Emissions (tons/year)
PM	0
PM10	0
SO ₂	0
VOC	83
CO	0
NO _x	0
Lead	0

Description of Proposed Modification

The Office of Air Quality (OAQ) has reviewed a modification application, submitted by Buckeye Terminals, LLC - Hammond Terminal on February 15, 2011, relating to the expansion of the source to have the capability of managing denatured ethanol by adding two new tanks and a railcar loading rack, modifying the truck loading rack and removing two existing tanks. The following is a list of the modified emission unit(s) and pollution control device(s):

- (a) One (1) Tank Truck Loading Facility, identified as 041, constructed in 1926, where liquid fuels are bottom-loaded into tank trucks. The truck loading rack will be modified in 2011 to a four lane loading rack. Denatured ethanol loading will be directed to vapor combustion unit one (VCU1). The new capacity of the truck rack will be 90,000 gallons per hour of denatured ethanol and 30,000 gallons per hour of jet/diesel product. The truck rack will have six (6) denatured ethanol loading arms, eight (8) diesel loading arms and one (1) jet loading arm.
- (b) A 24-spot railcar loading rack, constructed in 2011, designed to load/offload denatured ethanol in up to six (6) railcars at a time through six (6) loading arms. The railcars are 30,000 gallons per car with a total rack capacity of 180,000 gallons per hour. The loading racks emissions will be controlled by vapor combustion unit two (VCU2).
- (c) Storage Tank No. D-2 permitted to store gasoline, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical shoe seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]
- (d) Storage Tank No. D-3 permitted to store denatured ethanol, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb]

Enforcement Issues

There are no pending enforcement actions.

Emission Calculations

See Appendix A of this document for detailed emission calculations.

Permit Level Determination – Part 70

Pursuant to 326 IAC 2-1.1-1(16), Potential to Emit is defined as “the maximum capacity of a stationary source or emission unit to emit any air pollutant under its physical and operational design. Any physical or operational limitation on the capacity of a source to emit an air pollutant, including air pollution control equipment and restrictions on hours of operation or type or amount of material combusted, stored, or processed shall be treated as part of its design if the limitation is enforceable by the U. S. EPA, IDEM, or the appropriate local air pollution control agency.”

The following table is used to determine the appropriate permit level under 326 IAC 2-7-10.5. This table reflects the PTE before controls. Control equipment is not considered federally enforceable until it has been required in a federally enforceable permit.

Pollutant	Potential To Emit (tons/year)
PM	0.0041
PM10	0.0041
PM2.5	0.0041
SO ₂	0.0013
VOC	5360.47
CO	109.64
NO _x	109.64

This source modification is subject to 326 IAC 2-7-10.5(f)(4) because the potential to emit of VOC and NO_x are greater than twenty-five (25) tons per year, each and the potential to emit of CO emissions is greater than 100 tons per year. Additionally, the modification will be incorporated into the Part 70 Operating Permit through a significant permit modification issued pursuant to 326 IAC 2-7-12(d) because the modification involves a case-by-case determination of an emission limit.

Permit Level Determination – PSD

The table below summarizes the potential to emit, reflecting all limits, of the emission units. Any control equipment is considered federally enforceable only after issuance of this Part 70 permit modification, and only to the extent that the effect of the control equipment is made practically enforceable in the permit.

Process / Emission Unit	Potential to Emit (ton/yr)						
	PM	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	VOC	CO	NO _x
Tank D-2	0	0	0	0	7.3	0	0
Tank D-3	0	0	0	0	7.3	0	0
Truck Loading Rack D-041	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.0004	12.3	12.98	13.00
Railcar Loading Rack	0.0029	0.0029	0.0029	0.0009	12.3	13.10	13.10
Piping and Equipment	0	0	0	0	0.75	0	0
Total for Modification	0.0041	0.0041	0.0041	0.0013	39.95	26.10	26.10
PSD Significant Level	25	15	10	40	40	100	40

This modification to an existing major stationary source is not major because the emissions increases are less than the PSD significant levels. Therefore, pursuant to 326 IAC 2-3, the PSD requirements do not apply.

Federal Rule Applicability Determination

- (a) There are no New Source Performance Standards (NSPS)(326 IAC 12 and 40 CFR Part 60) included in this proposed modification.
- (b) The truck loading rack 041, new railcar loading rack and tank D-3 are not subject to the requirements of the New Source Performance Standards for Bulk Gasoline Terminals (326 IAC 12, 40 CFR 60, Subpart XX), because truck loading rack 041, new railcar loading rack and tank D-3 shall not load and unload gasoline to and from gasoline storage tanks.
- (c) The new tank D-3 is not subject to the requirements of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Distribution Bulk Terminals, Bulk Plants, and Pipeline Facilities (326 IAC 20, 40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBB), because tank D-3 will be used to store denatured ethanol and denatured ethanol does not meet the definition of gasoline.
- (d) The requirements of the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Gasoline Distribution Facilities (Bulk Gasoline Terminals and Pipeline Breakout Stations) (40 CFR 63, Subpart R) are not included in this permit for the new railcar loading rack because this source is not a bulk gasoline terminal, as that term is defined in 40 CFR 63.421.
- (e) Pursuant to 40 CFR 64.2, Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) is applicable to new or modified emission units that involve a pollutant-specific emission unit and meet the following criteria:
 - (1) has a potential to emit before controls equal to or greater than the major source threshold for the pollutant involved;
 - (2) is subject to an emission limitation or standard for that pollutant; and
 - (3) uses a control device, as defined in 40 CFR 64.1, to comply with that emission limitation or standard.

The emission units have the potential to emit regulated pollutants (uncontrolled) less than the major source thresholds.

Based on this evaluation, the requirements of 40 CFR Part 64, CAM are not applicable to any of the new and modified emission units as part of this modification.

State Rule Applicability Determination

326 IAC 2-1.1-5 (Nonattainment New Source Review (NSR))

This existing source is not a major stationary source, under Nonattainment New Source Review (NSR), 326 IAC 2-1.1-5, because PM_{2.5} nonattainment regulated pollutants, are emitted at a rate of less than one hundred (<100) tons per year.

326 IAC 2-2 (Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD))

The uncontrolled potential to emit of this modification is greater than the PSD level for VOC. In order to make the requirements of 326 IAC 2-2 (PSD) not applicable to the 2011 modification, the Permittee has taken the following limits:

- (a) The emissions of VOC when handling denatured ethanol shall not exceed 9.5 mg/L with the use of vapor combustion unit one (VCU1) when the truck loading rack is in operation and vapor combustion unit two (VCU2) railcar loading rack is in operation.
- (b) The annual throughput of denatured ethanol delivered to the truck loading rack, identified as 041, shall be limited to less than 310,000,000 gallons per twelve (12) consecutive month period, with compliance determined at the end of each month; and
- (c) The annual throughput of denatured ethanol delivered to the railcar loading rack, shall be limited to less than 310,500,000 gallons per twelve (12) consecutive month period, with compliance determined at the end of each month.

Compliance with the above limits in combination with the potential to emit VOC from other emission units shall limit VOC emissions to less than 40 tons per twelve consecutive month period and will render 326 IAC 2-2 (PSD) not applicable to the 2011 modification.

326 IAC 2-4.1 (Major Sources of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAP))

The operation of the tanks, identified as D-2 and D-3, the truck loading rack, identified as 041 and the new railcar loading rack will emit less than ten (10) tons per year for a single HAP and less than twenty-five (25) tons per year for a combination of HAPs. Therefore, 326 IAC 2-4.1 does not apply.

326 IAC 8-1-6 (New facilities; general reduction requirements)

- (a) The potential to emit of VOC for each tank is less than twenty-five (25) tons per year. Therefore, the requirements of 326 IAC 8-1-6 (New facilities; general reduction requirements) do not apply to these tanks.
- (b) The uncontrolled VOC emissions from the truck loading rack and railcar loading rack are greater than 25 ton per year, each. The truck loading rack and railcar loading rack are not subject to the requirements of 326 IAC 8-1-6 because they are subject to the requirements of 326 IAC 8-4-9.

326 IAC 8-4-4 (Bulk Gasoline Terminals)

The truck loading rack and the railcar loading rack are not subject to this rule because it does not fit the definition of a bulk gasoline terminal found in 326 IAC 1-2-8. This source does not load gasoline.

326 IAC 8-4-5 (Petroleum Sources - Bulk Gasoline Plants)

326 IAC 8-4-5 (Petroleum Sources - Bulk Gasoline Plants) does not apply to this source even though it is located in Lake County which is listed in the applicability of this rule because this source is not a bulk gasoline plant. This source just stores petroleum compounds.

326 IAC 8-4-6 (Gasoline Dispensing Facilities)

326 IAC 8-4-6 (Gasoline Dispensing Facilities) does not apply to this source even though it is located in Lake County which is listed in the applicability of this rule because this source does not dispense gasoline into motor vehicle fuel tanks or portable containers.

326 IAC 8-4-7 (Petroleum Sources - Gasoline Transports)

This source is subject to the requirements of 326 IAC 8-4-7 (Petroleum Sources - Gasoline Transports) because this source is located in Hendricks County and gasoline is transferred between transports and storage tanks at the source.

326 IAC 8-7 (Specific VOC Reduction Requirements for Lake, Porter, Clark, and Floyd Counties)

This rule applies to stationary sources located in Lake, Porter, Clark, or Floyd County that emit or have the potential to emit volatile organic compounds (VOCs) at levels equal to or greater than twenty-five (25) tons per year (tpy) in Lake County. In accordance with 326 IAC 8-7-2(a)(3)(C) and (Q), volatile organic liquid storage facilities, are not "affected facilities" and should not be

considered in determining the applicability to this rule, therefore, this source is not subject to the requirements of this rule.

326 IAC 8-4-9 (Leaks from transports and vapor collection systems, records)

The truck loading rack and the railcar loading rack are subject to the requirements of 326 IAC 8-4-9 since these emission units will operate a vapor control system.

326 IAC 8-9 (Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels)

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-9-2(2)(8), this rule does not apply to tanks D-2 and D-3 even though the tanks are located in Lake County which is listed in the applicability of this rule because 326 IAC 8-9-2 exempts tanks that are subject to 40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb.

Compliance Determination and Monitoring Requirements

Permits issued under 326 IAC 2-7 are required to ensure that sources can demonstrate compliance with all applicable state and federal rules on a continuous basis. All state and federal rules contain compliance provisions; however, these provisions do not always fulfill the requirement for a continuous demonstration. When this occurs IDEM, OAQ, in conjunction with the source, must develop specific conditions to satisfy 326 IAC 2-7-5. As a result, Compliance Determination Requirements are included in the permit. The Compliance Determination Requirements in Section D of the permit are those conditions that are found directly within state and federal rules and the violation of which serves as grounds for enforcement action.

If the Compliance Determination Requirements are not sufficient to demonstrate continuous compliance, they will be supplemented with Compliance Monitoring Requirements, also in Section D of the permit. Unlike Compliance Determination Requirements, failure to meet Compliance Monitoring conditions would serve as a trigger for corrective actions and not grounds for enforcement action. However, a violation in relation to a compliance monitoring condition will arise through a source's failure to take the appropriate corrective actions within a specific time period.

The compliance determination requirements applicable to the Tank Truck Loading Operation are as follows:

Emission Unit	Control Device	When to Test	Pollutant/Parameter	Frequency of Testing	Limit or Requirement
Truck Loading Operation	Vapor Combustion Unit one (VCU1)	180 days after start up of VCU1 and VCU 2	VOC emission rate and the Temperature of the two VCUs when loading denatured ethanol	Every five years.	326 IAC 2-2 and 326 IAC 8-1-6
Railcar loading rack	Vapor Combustion Unit two (VCU2)				

The compliance monitoring requirements applicable to Vapor Recovery Unit are as follows:

Control	Parameter	Frequency	Value	Excursions and Exceedances	Limit or Requirement
Vapor Combustion Unit one (VCU1)	Temperature	Continuous and 3 hour average	1200°F	Response Steps	326 IAC 2-2 and 326 IAC 8-1-6
Vapor Combustion Unit two (VCU2)					

Proposed Changes

The changes listed below have been made to Part 70 Operating Permit No.T089-28597-00239. Deleted language appears as ~~strikethroughs~~ and new language appears in **bold**:

Change 1: The description for the Truck Loading Facility has been revised, the new railcar loading rack and the two new tanks have been added to Section A.2. Subsequent numbers have been re-number in the permit.

A.2 Emission Units and Pollution Control Equipment Summary [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)(3)]
[326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]

This stationary source consists of the following emission units and pollution control devices:

(a) One (1) Tank Truck Loading Facility, identified as 041, constructed in 1926, where liquid fuels are bottom-loaded into tank trucks. **The truck loading rack will be modified in 2011 to a four lane loading rack. Denatured ethanol loading will be directed to vapor combustion unit one (VCU1). The new capacity of the truck rack will be 90,000 gallons per hour of denatured ethanol and 30,000 gallons per hour of jet/diesel product. The truck rack will have six (6) denatured ethanol loading arms, eight (8) diesel loading arms and one (1) jet loading arm.**~~This loading facility has four (4) loading racks with a maximum combined throughput of 60,000 gallons per hour.~~

(b) **A 24-spot railcar loading rack, constructed in 2011, designed to load/offload denatured ethanol in up to six (6) railcars at a time through six (6) loading arms. The railcars are 30,000 gallons per car with a total rack capacity of 180,000 gallons per hour. The loading racks emissions will be controlled by vapor combustion unit two (VCU2).**

(ed) Fourteen (14) petroleum liquid storage tanks, identified as tank Nos.: D-1, **D-2, D-3,** D-08F, D-12S, ~~D-44,~~ D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89,~~ D-91, and D-92. Tank specifications are as follows:

(2) **Storage Tank No. D-2 permitted to store gasoline, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical shoe seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]**

(3) **Storage Tank No. D-3 permitted to store denatured ethanol, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb]**

~~(4) Storage Tank No. D-41 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]~~

~~(12) Storage Tank No. D-89 has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted mechanical seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]~~

SECTION D.1 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit Description:

- (a) One (1) Tank Truck Loading Facility, identified as 041, constructed in 1926, where liquid fuels are bottom-loaded into tank trucks. **The truck loading rack will be modified in 2011 to a four lane loading rack. Denatured ethanol loading will be directed to vapor combustion unit one (VCU1). The new capacity of the truck rack will be 90,000 gallons per hour of denatured ethanol and 30,000 gallons per hour of jet/diesel product. The truck rack will have six (6) denatured ethanol loading arms, eight (8) diesel loading arms and one (1) jet loading arm. This loading facility has four (4) loading racks with a maximum combined throughput of 60,000 gallons per hour.**
- (b) **A 24-spot railcar loading rack, constructed in 2011, designed to load/offload denatured ethanol in up to six (6) railcars at a time through six (6) loading arms. The railcars are 30,000 gallons per car with a total rack capacity of 180,000 gallons per hour. The loading racks emissions will be controlled by vapor combustion unit two (VCU2).**

(The information describing the process contained in this emissions unit description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.1.1 [326 IAC 8-4-4] [40 CFR 60 Subpart XX]

The Permittee shall not load gasoline through the Tank Truck Loading Facility, identified as 041 at any time.

Compliance with this limit shall render 326 IAC 8-4-4 and 40 CFR 60 Subpart XX not applicable to the Tank Truck Loading Facility.

D.1.2 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Minor Limits Limits [326 IAC 2-2]

The Permittee shall comply with the following:

- (a) The emissions of VOC when handling denatured ethanol shall not exceed 9.5 mg/L with the use of vapor combustion unit one (VCU1) when the truck loading rack is in operation and vapor combustion unit two (VCU2) railcar loading rack is in operation.
- (b) The annual throughput of denatured ethanol delivered to the truck loading rack, identified as 041, shall be limited to less than 310,000,000 gallons per twelve (12) consecutive month period, with compliance determined at the end of each month; and
- (c) The annual throughput of denatured ethanol delivered to the railcar loading rack, shall be limited to less than 310,500,000 gallons per twelve (12) consecutive month period, with compliance determined at the end of each month.

Compliance with the above limits in combination with the potential to emit VOC from other emission units shall limit VOC emissions to less than 40 tons per year and will render 326 IAC 2-2 (PSD) not applicable to the 2011 modification.

D.1.3 Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) [326 IAC 8-4-9]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-4-9 (Leaks from transports and vapor collection systems, records) the source will operate a vapor control system. The requirements are as follows:

- (a) This section is applicable to the following:**
- (1) All vapor balance systems and vapor control systems at sources subject to sections 4 through 6 of this rule.**
 - (2) All gasoline transports subject to section 7 of this rule.**
- (b) No person shall allow a gasoline transport that is subject to this rule and that has a capacity of two thousand (2,000) gallons or more to be filled or emptied unless the gasoline transport completes the following:**
- (1) Annual leak detection testing before the end of the twelfth calendar month following the previous year's test, according to test procedures contained in 40 CFR 63.425 (e), as follows:**
 - (A) Conduct the pressure and vacuum tests for the transport's cargo tank using a time period of five (5) minutes. The initial pressure for the pressure test shall be four hundred sixty (460) millimeters H₂O (eighteen (18) inches H₂O) gauge. The initial vacuum for the vacuum test shall be one hundred fifty (150) millimeters H₂O (six (6) inches H₂O) gauge. The maximum allowable pressure or vacuum change is twenty-five (25) millimeters H₂O (one (1) inch H₂O) in five (5) minutes.**
 - (B) Conduct the pressure test of the cargo tank's internal vapor valve as follows:**
 - (i) After completing the test under clause (A), use the procedures in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 27 to repressurize the tank to four hundred sixty (460) millimeters H₂O (eighteen (18) inches H₂O) gauge. Close the transport's internal vapor valve or valves, thereby isolating the vapor return line and manifold from the tank.**
 - (ii) Relieve the pressure in the vapor return line to atmospheric pressure, then reseal the line. After five (5) minutes, record the gauge pressure in the vapor return line and manifold. The maximum allowable five (5) minute pressure increase is one hundred thirty (130) millimeters H₂O (five (5) inches H₂O).**
 - (2) Repairs by the gasoline transport owner or operator, if the transport does not meet the criteria of subdivision (1), and retesting to prove compliance with the criteria of subdivision (1).**
- (c) The annual test data remain valid until the end of the twelfth calendar month following the test. The owner of the gasoline transport shall be responsible for compliance with subsection (b) and shall provide the owner of the loading facility with the most recent valid modified 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 27 test results upon request. The owner of the loading facility shall take all reasonable steps, including reviewing the test date and tester's signature, to ensure that gasoline transports loading at its facility comply with subsection (b).**
- (d) The owner or operator of a vapor balance system or vapor control system subject to this rule shall:**

- (1) design and operate the applicable system and the gasoline loading equipment in a manner that prevents:**
 - (A) gauge pressure from exceeding four thousand five hundred (4,500) pascals (eighteen (18) inches of H₂O) and a vacuum from exceeding one thousand five hundred (1,500) pascals (six (6) inches of H₂O) in the gasoline transport;**
 - (B) except for sources subject to 40 CFR 60.503(b) (NESHAP/MACT) or 40 CFR 63. 425(a) (New Source Performance Standards) requirements, a reading equal to or greater than twenty-one thousand (21,000) parts per million as propane, from all points on the perimeter of a potential leak source when measured by the method referenced in 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 21, or an equivalent procedure approved by the commissioner during loading or unloading operations at gasoline dispensing facilities, bulk plants, and bulk terminals; and**
 - (C) avoidable visible liquid leaks during loading or unloading operations at gasoline dispensing facilities, bulk plants, and bulk terminals; and**
- (2) within fifteen (15) days, repair and retest a vapor balance, collection, or control system that exceeds the limits in subdivision (1).**
- (e) The department may, at any time, monitor a gasoline transport, vapor balance, or vapor control system to confirm continuing compliance with subsection (b) or (c).**
- (f) The owner or operator of a vapor balance or vapor control system subject to this section shall maintain records of all certification testing. The records shall identify the following:**
 - (1) The vapor balance, vapor collection, or vapor control system.**
 - (2) The date of the test and, if applicable, retest.**
 - (3) The results of the test and, if applicable, retest.**

The records shall be maintained in a legible, readily available condition for at least two (2) years after the date the testing and, if applicable, retesting were completed.

- (g) The owner or operator of a gasoline transport subject to this section shall keep a legible copy of the transport's most recent valid annual modified 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 27 test either in the cab of the transport or affixed to the transport trailer. The test record shall identify the following:**
 - (1) The gasoline transport.**
 - (2) The type and date of the test and, if applicable, date of retest.**
 - (3) The test methods, test data, and results certified as true, accurate, and in compliance with this rule by the person who performs the test.**

This copy shall be made available immediately upon request to the department and to the owner of the loading facility for inspection and review. The department shall be allowed to make copies of the test results.

- (h) If the commissioner allows alternative test procedures in subsection (b)(1) or (d)(1)(B), such method shall be submitted to the U.S. EPA as a SIP revision.**

- (i) **During compliance tests conducted under 326 IAC 3-6 (stack testing), each vapor balance or control system shall be tested applying the standards described in subsection (d)(1)(B). Testers shall use 40 CFR 60, Appendix A, Method 21 to determine if there are any leaks from the hatches and the flanges of the gasoline transports. If any leak is detected, the transport cannot be used for the capacity of the compliance test of the bulk gas terminal. The threshold for leaks shall be as follows:**
 - (1) **Five hundred (500) parts per million methane for all bulk gas terminals.**
 - (2) **Ten thousand (10,000) parts per million methane for all bulk gas terminals.**

D.1.4 Gasoline Transports [326 IAC 8-4-7]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-4-7:

- (a) **No owner or operator of a gasoline transport shall cause, allow, or permit the transfer of gasoline between transports and storage tanks that are equipped with a vapor balance system or vapor recovery system unless:**
 - (1) **The vapor balance system or vapor recovery system is connected and operating according to manufacturers' specifications;**
 - (2) **Gasoline transport compartment hatches are closed at all times during loading operations;**
 - (3) **Except as provided in 326 IAC 8-4-9(i) (stack testing) and for sources subject to 40 CFR 60.503(b) (Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources) or 40 CFR 63.425(a) (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants) requirements, there are no visible leaks, or otherwise detectable leaks (measured at twenty-one thousand (21,000) parts per million as propane as specified in 40 CFR 63.425(f)(1), in the gasoline transport's pressure/vacuum relief valves, hatch cover, trailer compartments, storage tanks, or associated vapor and liquid lines during loading or unloading; and**
 - (4) **The pressure relief valves on gasoline transports are set to release at no less than four and eight-tenths (4.8) kilo Pascals (seven-tenths (0.7) pounds per square inch).**
- (b) **Tank wagons are exempt from vapor balance requirements.**
- (c) **When employees of the bulk gasoline terminal are present to supervise or perform loading, the Permittee shall be responsible for compliance with paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this condition. The Permittee shall also ensure that owners of gasoline transports loading at the terminal during unsupervised times comply with this condition.**
- (d) **Gasoline transports must be designed, maintained, and operated so as to be vapor-tight.**

D.1.5 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(13)]

A Preventive Maintenance Plan (PMP) is required for this unit and its control device. Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the preventive maintenance plan required by this condition.

Compliance Determination Requirements

D.1.6 Vapor Combustion Unit (VCU) Operation

In order to comply with Condition D.1.2, the Vapor Combustion Unit One (VCU1) and vapor combustion Unit Two (VCU2) shall be in operation and control emissions at all times that the truck loading rack and railcar loading rack are in operation, respectively.

D.1.7 Testing Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-6(1),(6)] [326 IAC 2-1.1-11]

In order determine compliance with Condition D.1.2, within one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the start-up of the truck loading rack and railcar loading rack, the Permittee shall conduct performance test to determine VOC emission rate and the temperature of VCU1 and VCU2 when loading denatured ethanol, using methods approved by the Commissioner. This test shall be repeated at least once every five (5) years from the date of this valid compliance demonstration. Testing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of 326 IAC 3-6 (Source Sampling Procedures). Section C - Performance Testing contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the performance testing required by this condition.

Compliance Monitoring Requirements

D.1.8 Vapor Combustion Unit Monitoring [326 IAC 2-7-6(1)] [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)][40 CFR 64]

(a) A continuous monitoring system shall be calibrated, maintained, and operated on Vapor Combustion Units One and Two (VCU1 and VCU2) for measuring operating temperature of the Vapor Combustion Units One and Two (VCU1 and VCU2). For the purposes of this condition, continuous monitoring shall mean no less often than once per fifteen (15) minutes. The output from this monitoring system and the three hour average temperatures shall be recorded whenever the VCU are in operation. From the date of the start up of the VCU until the approved stack test results are available, the Permittee shall operate the VCU at or above the 3-hour average temperature of 1200°F, when operating.

A reading that is below the temperature established in the most recent compliant stack test is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps shall be considered as a deviation from the permit. Section C – Response to Excursions or Exceedances contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to responding to the reasonable response steps required by this condition.

(b) The Permittee shall determine the 3-hour average temperature, when operating from the most recent valid stack test approved by IDEM that demonstrates compliance with Condition D.1.2.

(c) On and after the date the approved stack test results are available, the Permittee shall operate the VCUs at or above the 3-hour average temperature, when operating as observed during the compliant stack test. When for any one reading, the temperature is below the normal temperature as established in most recent compliant stack test, the Permittee shall take reasonable response steps. A reading that is below the temperature as established in most recent compliant stack test is not a deviation from this permit. Failure to take response steps shall be considered as a deviation from the permit. Section C – Response to Excursions or Exceedances contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to responding to the reasonable response steps required by this condition.

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)]

D.1.9 Record Keeping Requirements

- (a) To document the compliance status with Condition D.1.3, the Permittee shall maintain records of all the required parameters in Condition D.1.3.
- (b) To document the compliance status with Condition D.1.8, the Permittee shall maintain:
 - (1) Continuous temperature records and 3 hour average temperature records of the Vapor Combustion Units One and Two (VCU1 and VCU2).
- (c) Section C - General Record Keeping Requirements contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the record keeping required by this condition.

D.1.10 Reporting Requirements

A quarterly summary of the information to document the compliance status with Condition D.1.2 shall be submitted, using the reporting forms located at the end of this permit, or their equivalent, not later than thirty (30) days following the end of each calendar quarter. The report submitted by the Permittee does require a certification that meets the requirements of 326 IAC 2-7-6(1) by a "responsible official" as defined by 326 IAC 2-7-1(34). Section C - General Reporting Requirements contains the Permittee's obligations with regard to the reporting required by this condition.

SECTION D.2 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit Description:

- (c) Fourteen (14) petroleum liquid storage tanks, identified as tank Nos. D-1, **D-2, D-3**, D-08F, D-12S, ~~D-41~~, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89~~, D-91, and D-92. Tank specifications are as follows:
 - (2) **Storage Tank No. D-2 permitted to store gasoline, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical shoe seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBB]**
 - (3) **Storage Tank No. D-3 permitted to store denatured ethanol, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb]**
 - ~~(4) Storage Tank No. D-41 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBB]~~
 - ~~(12) Storage Tank No. D-89 has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted mechanical seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBB]~~

(The information describing the process contained in this emissions unit description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

Emission Limitations and Standards [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)]

D.2.1 Storage Vessels [326 IAC 8-9-4(b)]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-9-4(b), tanks tanks D-1, **D-2, D-3**, D-08F, D-12S, D-41, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89~~, D-91, and D-92 shall not store a volatile organic liquid (VOL) with a vapor pressure greater than or equal to eleven and one-tenth (11.1) psia as stored.

D.2.2 Storage Vessels [326 IAC 8-9-4(c)] [326 IAC 8-4-3(b)]

- (a) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-9-4(c), tanks D-1, **D-2, D-3**, D-08F, D-12S, D-41, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89~~, D-91, and D-92 shall be equipped with a fixed roof in combination with an internal floating roof meeting the following:
.....
- (b) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-4-3(b), no owner or operator of tanks D-1, **D-2, D-3**, D-08F, D-12S, ~~D-44~~, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89~~, D-91, and D-92 shall permit the use of such facility unless:
.....

Compliance Monitoring Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(1)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1)]

D.2.4 Monitoring [326 IAC 8-9-5(b)]

Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-9-5(b), the owner or operator of tanks D-1, **D-2, D-3**, D-08F, D-12S, ~~D-44~~, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89~~, D-91, and D-92 shall:
.....

Record Keeping and Reporting Requirements [326 IAC 2-7-5(3)] [326 IAC 2-7-19]

D.2.5 Record Keeping Requirements [326 IAC 8-9-6] [326 IAC 8-4-3]

- (a) In accordance with 326 IAC 8-9-6(b) the owner or operator of tanks D-1, **D-2, D-3**, D-08F, D-12S, ~~D-44~~, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89~~, D-91, and D-92 shall maintain records of each vessel including the vessel identification number, dimensions, capacity, and a description of the emission control equipment shall be maintained for the life of the vessel.
.....
- (c) Pursuant to 326 IAC 8-4-3(d), the Permittee shall maintain a record of the petroleum liquid or VOL stored in tanks D-1, **D-2, D-3**, D-08F, D-12S, ~~D-44~~, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89~~, D-91, and D-92, the period of storage, the maximum true vapor pressure of that liquid as stored, and the results of the inspections performed on the storage vessels.
.....

SECTION E.1 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

<p>Emissions Unit Description: [326 IAC 2-7-5(15)]: Storage Tanks</p> <p>(2) Storage Tank No. D-2 permitted to store gasoline, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical shoe seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBB]</p> <p>(3) Storage Tank No. D-3 permitted to store denatured ethanol, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb]</p> <p>.....</p> <p>(The information describing the process contained in this facility description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)</p>

New Source Performance Standards [40 CFR Part 60]

E.1.1 General Provisions Relating to NSPS Subpart Kb [326 IAC 12-1] [40 CFR 60, Subpart A]

Pursuant to 40 CFR Part 60, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A – General Provisions, which are incorporated by reference as 326 IAC 12-1, for tank nos. D-1, **D-2, D-3**, D-80 and D-83, except when otherwise specified in 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb (*Standards of Performance for Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels (Including Petroleum Liquid Storage Vessels) for Which Construction, Reconstruction, or Modification Commenced After July 23, 1984*).

E.1.2 Volatile Organic Liquid Storage Vessels NSPS [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [326 IAC 12]

The Permittee, which operates the volatile organic liquid storage vessels designated as tank nos. D-1, **D-2, D-3**, D-80 and D-83 shall comply with the following provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb (included as Attachment A of this permit), which are incorporated by reference as 326 IAC 12:

- (1) ~~40 CFR 60.112b(a);~~
- (2) ~~40 CFR 60.113b(a);~~
- (3) ~~40 CFR 60.115b(a); and~~
- (4) ~~40 CFR 60.116b.~~

- (1) **40 CFR 60.110b;**
- (2) **40 CFR 60.111b;**
- (3) **40 CFR 60.112b(a)(1);**
- (4) **40 CFR 60.113b(a);**
- (5) **40 CFR 60.115b(a);**
- (6) **40 CFR 60.116b.**
- (7) **40 CFR 60.117b**

SECTION E.2 EMISSIONS UNIT OPERATION CONDITIONS

Emissions Unit Description:

- (c) ~~Fourteen (14)~~ **Thirteen (13)** petroleum liquid storage tanks, identified as tank Nos. D-1, **D-2**, D-08F, D-12S, ~~D-41~~, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89~~, D-91, and D-92. Tank specifications are as follows:

(2) **Storage Tank No. D-2 permitted to store gasoline, has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted primary mechanical shoe seal and a secondary seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 10,500,000 gallons. The tank will be constructed in 2011. [40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb] [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]**

~~(4) Storage Tank No. D-41 has an internal floating roof with a vapor mounted seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1927. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]~~

~~(12) Storage Tank No. D-89 has an internal floating roof with a liquid mounted mechanical seal. The tank has a maximum capacity of 840,000 gallons. The tank was constructed in 1926. [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBBBB]~~

(The information describing the process contained in this emissions unit description box is descriptive information and does not constitute enforceable conditions.)

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants [40 CFR 63]

E.2.1 General Provisions Relating to National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Distribution Bulk Terminals, Bulk Plants, and Pipeline Facilities (NESHAP) [326 IAC 20-1] [40 CFR 63, Subpart A]

The provisions of 40 CFR 63, Subpart A - General Provisions, which are incorporated by reference in 326 IAC 20-1, apply to the tanks D-1, **D-2**, D-8F, D-12S, ~~D-44~~, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89~~, D-91 and D-92 except when otherwise specified in 40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBB.

E.2.2 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Source Category: Gasoline Distribution Bulk Terminals, Bulk Plants, and Pipeline Facilities (NESHAP) [40 CFR 63, Subpart BBBB]

Pursuant to 40 CFR 63 Subpart BBBB, the Permittee shall comply with the provisions of 40 CFR 63 Subpart BBBB (Attachment B), which are incorporated as 326 IAC 20-1 for the tanks D-1, **D-2**, D-8F, D-12S, ~~D-44~~, D-50, D-55, D-72, D-73, D-80, D-83, D-85, ~~D-89~~, D-91 and D-92, as specified as follows:

- (1) 40 CFR 63.11080
- (2) 40 CFR 63.11081
- (3) 40 CFR 63.11082
- (4) 40 CFR 63.11083(b)
- (5) 40 CFR 63.11087
- (6) 40 CFR 63.11089
- (7) 40 CFR 63.11092(e)(1)
- (8) 40 CFR 63.11093(b)
- (9) 40 CFR 63.11094(a), (d) & (e)
- (10) 40 CFR 63.11095
- (11) 40 CFR 63.11099
- (12) 40 CFR 63.11100
- (13) Table 1 to 40 CFR 63 Subpart BBBB

- (1) **40 CFR 63.11080**
- (2) **40 CFR 63.11081(a)(1)**
- (3) **40 CFR 63.11082(a) and (b)**
- (4) **40 CFR 63.11083(a)(2)**
- (5) **40 CFR 63.11087**
- (6) **40 CFR 63.11089**
- (7) **40 CFR 63.11092(e)**
- (8) **40 CFR 63.11093(b)**
- (9) **40 CFR 63.11094(a), (d) & (e)**
- (10) **40 CFR 63.11095(a)(1)**
- (11) **40 CFR 63.11099**
- (12) **40 CFR 63.11100**
- (13) **Table 1 to 40 CFR 63 Subpart BBBB**

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT BRANCH

Part 70 Quarterly Report

Source Name: Buckeye Terminals-Hammond Terminal, LLC
Source Address: 2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, Indiana 46320
Part 70 Permit No.: T089-28597-00239
Facility: Truck Loading Track
Parameter: Ethanol
Limit: Less than 310,000,000 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

QUARTER :

YEAR:

Month	Column 1	Column 2	Column 1 + Column 2
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total
Month 1			
Month 2			
Month 3			

No deviation occurred in this quarter.

Deviation/s occurred in this quarter.

Deviation has been reported on:

Submitted by: _____

Title / Position: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

**INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
 OFFICE OF AIR QUALITY
 COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT BRANCH**

Part 70 Quarterly Report

Source Name: Buckeye Terminals-Hammond Terminal, LLC
Source Address: 2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, Indiana 46320
Part 70 Permit No.: T089-28597-00239
Facility: Railcar loading rack
Parameter: Ethanol
Limit: Less than 310,500,000 tons per twelve (12) consecutive month period with compliance determined at the end of each month.

QUARTER :

YEAR:

Month	Column 1	Column 2	Column 1 + Column 2
	This Month	Previous 11 Months	12 Month Total
Month 1			
Month 2			
Month 3			

No deviation occurred in this quarter.

Deviation/s occurred in this quarter.

Deviation has been reported on:

Submitted by: _____

Title / Position: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Phone: _____

Other Changes

Upon further review IDEM, OAQ has made the following changes to the Title V permit No. 089-28597-00239. (deleted language appears as ~~strikeout~~ and the new language **bolded**):

Change 1: The U. S. EPA has acknowledged in both the proposed and final rulemaking for this redesignation that the anti-backsliding provisions for the 1-hour ozone standard no longer apply as a result of the redesignation under the 8-hour ozone standard. Therefore, permits in Lake County are no longer subject to review pursuant to Emission Offset, 326 IAC 2-3.

A.1 General Information [326 IAC 2-7-4(c)][326 IAC 2-7-5(15)][326 IAC 2-7-1(22)]

The Permittee owns and operates a stationary Petroleum Bulk Terminal Operation.

Source Address:	2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, Indiana 46320
General Source Phone Number:	1-610-904-4491
SIC Code:	5171
County Location:	Lake
Source Location Status:	Nonattainment for PM2.5 standard Attainment for all other criteria pollutants
Source Status:	Part 70 Operating Permit Program Major Source, under PSD and Minor source under nonattainment NSR Emission Offset Rules Minor Source, Section 112 of the Clean Air Act 1 of 28 Source Categories

Change 2: IDEM, OAQ has decided to clarify Section B - Preventive Maintenance Plan to be consistent with the rule.

B.10 Preventive Maintenance Plan [326 IAC 2-7-5(1),(3) and (13)][326 IAC 2-7-6(1) and (6)][326 IAC 1-6-3]

(a) A Preventive Maintenance Plan meets the requirements of 326 IAC 1-6-3 if it includes, at a minimum:

- (1) Identification of the individual(s) responsible for inspecting, maintaining, and repairing emission control devices;**
- (2) A description of the items or conditions that will be inspected and the inspection schedule for said items or conditions; and**
- (3) Identification and quantification of the replacement parts that will be maintained in inventory for quick replacement.**

The Permittee shall implement the PMPs.

- (ab) *******
- (bc) *******
- (ed) *******

Conclusion and Recommendation

The construction of this proposed modification shall be subject to the conditions of the attached proposed Part 70 Significant Source Modification No. 089-30229-00239 and Significant Permit Modification No 089-30230-00239. The staff recommends to the Commissioner that this Part 70 Significant Source and Significant Permit Modification be approved.

Emission Summary

Source Name: Buckeye Terminals, LLC - Hammond Terminals
Source Location: 2400 Michigan Street, Hammond, IN 46320
Source Number: SSM 089-30229-00239
Source Number: SPM 089-30230-00239
Permit Reviewer: Josiah Balogun
Date: 29-Mar-2011

Uncontrolled Potential to Emit

Emission Unit	PM (tons/yr)	PM ₁₀ (tons/yr)	PM _{2.5} (tons/yr)	SO ₂ (tons/yr)	VOC (tons/yr)	CO (tons/yr)	NOx (tons/yr)	HAPs (tons/yr)
Tank D-2	0	0	0	0	7.3	0	0	0.55
Tank D-3	0	0	0	0	7.3	0	0	0.01
Truck Loading Rack 041	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.0004	1155.7	43.84	17.53	2.18
Railcar Loading Rack	0.0029	0.0029	0.0029	0.0009	4189.42	65.8	26.30	7.91
Piping and Equipment	0	0	0	0	0.75	0	0	0.003
Total Emissions	0.0041	0.0041	0.0041	0.0013	5360.47	109.64	43.83	Single HAP <10 Combined HAPs

Limited Potential to Emit

Emission Unit	PM (tons/yr)	PM ₁₀ (tons/yr)	PM _{2.5} (tons/yr)	SO ₂ (tons/yr)	VOC (tons/yr)	CO (tons/yr)	NOx (tons/yr)	HAPs (tons/yr)
Tank D-2	0	0	0	0	7.3	0	0	0.55
Tank D-3	0	0	0	0	7.3	0	0	0.01
Truck Loading Rack 041	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.0004	12.3	12.93	5.17	0.03
Railcar Loading Rack	0.0029	0.0029	0.0029	0.0009	12.3	12.95	5.18	0.1
Piping and Equipment	0	0	0	0	0.75	0	0	0.002
Total Emissions	0.0041	0.0041	0.0041	0.0013	39.95	25.88	10.35	Single HAP <10 Combined HAPs

Truck Loading Rack

$$\text{VOC (Tons/yr)} = 301,000,000 \text{ gal/yr} \times 9.5 \text{ mg/l} \times 1/0.2642 \text{ gal} \times 2.2046 \times 10^{-6} \text{ lb/mg} \times 1 \text{ tons} / 2000 \text{ lb}$$

$$= 12.3 \text{ tons per year of VOC}$$

Railcar Loading Rack

$$\text{VOC (Tons/yr)} = 310,500,000 \text{ gal/yr} \times 9.5 \text{ mg/l} \times 1/0.2642 \text{ gal} \times 2.2046 \times 10^{-6} \text{ lb/mg} \times 1 \text{ tons} / 2000 \text{ lb}$$

$$= 12.3 \text{ tons per year of VOC}$$

VOC - ETHANOL TRUCK LOADING RACK

Loading Loss Type	Gallons Loaded per year	Molecular Weight of Vapors (lb/lb-mole)	True Vapor Pressure (psia) @50 F	Temp of Product (R(F + 460))	Saturation Factor	Reduction Efficiency Term	VOC (lbs/yr)	VOC (tons/yr)
VCU / VRU	1,051,200,000	50	1.5	510	0.6	0	1,155,702	577.85
Fugitive Emissions	1,051,200,000	50	1.5	510	0.6	0	1,155,702	577.85
TOTAL RACK ETHANOL VOLUMES	339	Trucks per Day (AVERAGE)					2,311,403	1155.70
TOTAL RACK ETHANOL VOLUMES	68,571	Bbl / Day (AVERAGE)						

VOC - ETHANOL RAIL LOADING

Uncontrolled Loading Loss Type	Gallons Loaded per year	Molecular Weight of Vapors (lb/lb-mole)	True Vapor Pressure (psia) @50 F	Temp of Product (R(F + 460))	Saturation Factor	Reduction Efficiency Term	VOC (lbs/yr)	VOC (tons/yr)
VCU / VRU	1,576,800,000	50	1.5	510	1.45	0	4,189,418	2094.71
Fugitive Emissions	1,576,800,000	50	1.5	510	1.45	0	4,189,418	2094.71
TOTAL RAIL ETHANOL VOLUMES	4,380	Cars per Month (AVERAGE)					8,378,837	4189.42
TOTAL RAIL ETHANOL VOLUMES	45.6	Unit Trains per Month (AVERAGE)						
TOTAL RAIL ETHANOL VOLUMES	102,857	Bbl / Day (AVERAGE)						
TOTAL OVERALL ETHANOL VOLUMES	171,429	Bbl / Day (AVERAGE)						

VOC - PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

Fugitive Emissions From Piping and Equipment	Quantity	Emission Factor (lbs/hr)	VOCs (lbs/hr)	VOCs (lbs/yr)	VOCs (tons/yr)
Valves	1000	0.000095	0.094800	830	0.42
Flanges	2,000	0.000017	0.034400	301	0.15
Pumps	30	0.001190	0.035700	313	0.16
Other	20	0.000287	0.005740	50	0.03
				1495	0.75

Notes:

- VOC Emissions calculated from EPA's AP-42 method (Chapter 5.2 Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquids - Equation 1: L=12.46(SPM)/T).
- 10,000 gal per truck; 30,000 gal per rail car
- Assumes vapor control will be rated for 10 mg/L regardless of whether a VCU or a VRU is installed.
- Emission factors from Table 2-3 of the EPA 1995 Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Rates (EPA 453/R-95-017)
- Total equipment count estimated

Ethanol Truck Loading

Combustion Emissions	Gallons Loaded	Control Efficiency mg/L	Conversion Factor	Emissions (lbs/yr)	Emissions (tons/yr)
NOx	1,051,200,000	4	8.34E-06	35,068	17.53
CO	1,051,200,000	10	8.34E-06	87,670	43.84

Assist Gas fc 500,000 Btu/hr
 490.20 cf/hr
 4,294,118 cf/yr @8,760 hr/yr
 4.29 MMCF/yr
 30% from truck loading, 70% from rail loading

Ethanol Rail Loading

Combustion Emissions	Gallons Loaded	Control Efficiency mg/L	Conversion Factor	Emissions (lbs/yr)	Emissions (tons/yr)
NOx	1,576,800,000	4	8.34E-06	52,602	26.30
CO	1,576,800,000	10	8.34E-06	131,505	65.75

- VOC Emissions calculated from EPA's AP-42 method (Chapter 5.2 Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquids - Equation 1: L=12.46(SPM)/T).
- Control efficiency for vapor collection unit is 98.7% - per AP-42 Chapter 5.2.
- Control efficiency for VCU is 98%

Assist Gas Emissions	Emission Factor, lb/MMCF	Total Potential Emissions, lb/yr	Truck Loading Emissions, ton/yr	Rail Loading Emissions, ton/yr
PM10	1.9	8.16	0.0012	0.0029
SO2	0.6	2.58	0.0004	0.0009
NOx	100	429.41	0.0644	0.1503
VOC	5.5	23.62	0.0035	0.0083
CO	84	360.71	0.0541	0.1262

AP-42 Section 1.4

HAP Summary	PTE VOC (lb/yr)	2,2,4-TMP (wt%) 0.0476575 (lb/yr)	Benzene (wt%) 0.0312695 (lb/yr)	Biphenyl (wt%) 0.000011 (lb/yr)	Cresol (wt%) 0.0000325 (lb/yr)	Cumene (wt%) 0.0007825 (lb/yr)	Ethylbenzene (wt%) 0.0031565 (lb/yr)	Hexane (wt%) 0.2213805 (lb/yr)	MTBE (wt%) 0.015 (lb/yr)	Naphthalene (wt%) 0.0000275 (lb/yr)	Phenol (wt%) 0.0000055 (lb/yr)	Styrene (wt%) 0.004409 (lb/yr)	Toluene (wt%) 0.042107 (lb/yr)	Xylenes (wt%) 0.011751 (lb/yr)	HAPs Emissions (lbs/yr)	HAPs Emissions (tons/yr)
Truck Rack Fugitives	1,155,701.65	550.78	361.38	0.13	0.38	9.04	36.48	2558.50	173.36	0.318	0.064	50.95	486.63	135.80	4363.80	2.18
Rail Rack Fugitives	4,189,418.47	1996.57	1310.01	0.46	1.36	32.78	132.24	9274.56	628.41	1.152	0.230	184.69	1764.02	492.28	15818.76	7.91
Piping Fugitives	1,494.81	0.71	0.47	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.05	3.31	0.22	0.000	0.000	0.07	0.63	0.18	5.64	0.003
Total	5,346,614.92	2548.06	1671.86	0.59	1.74	41.84	168.77	11836.36	801.99	1.47	0.29	235.71	2251.27	628.25	20188.20	10.09

VOC - ETHANOL TRUCK LOADING RACK

Loading Loss Type	Gallons Loaded per year	Molecular Weight of Vapors (lb/lb-mole)	True Vapor Pressure (psia) @50 F	Temp of Product R(F + 460)	Saturation Factor	Reduction Efficiency Term	VOC (lbs/yr)	VOC (tons/yr)
VCU / VRU	310,000,000	50	1.5	510	0.6	0.02	6,816	3.41
Fugitive Emissions	310,000,000	50	1.5	510	0.6	0.013	4,431	2.22
TOTAL RACK ETHANOL VOLUMES	100	Trucks per Day (AVERAGE)					11,247	5.62
TOTAL RACK ETHANOL VOLUMES	20,222	Bbl / Day (AVERAGE)						

VOC - ETHANOL RAIL LOADING

Uncontrolled Loading Loss Type	Gallons Loaded per year	Molecular Weight of Vapors (lb/lb-mole)	True Vapor Pressure (psia) @50 F	Temp of Product R(F + 460)	Saturation Factor	Reduction Efficiency Term	VOC (lbs/yr)	VOC (tons/yr)
VCU / VRU	310,500,000	50	1.5	510	1.45	0.02	16,499	8.25
Fugitive Emissions	310,500,000	50	1.5	510	1.45	0.013	10,725	5.36
TOTAL RAIL ETHANOL VOLUMES	863	Cars per Month (AVERAGE)					27,224	13.61
TOTAL RAIL ETHANOL VOLUMES	9.0	Unit Trains per Month (AVERAGE)						
TOTAL RAIL ETHANOL VOLUMES	20,254	Bbl / Day (AVERAGE)						
TOTAL OVERALL ETHANOL VOLUMES	40,476	Bbl / Day (AVERAGE)						

VOC - PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

Fugitive Emissions From Piping and Equipment	Quantity	Emission Factor (lbs/hr)	VOCs (lbs/hr)	VOCs (lbs/yr)	VOCs (tons/yr)
Valves	1000	0.000095	0.094800	830	0.42
Flanges	2,000	0.000017	0.034400	301	0.15
Pumps	30	0.001190	0.035700	313	0.16
Other	20	0.000287	0.005740	50	0.03
				1495	0.75

Notes:

- VOC Emissions calculated from EPA's AP-42 method (Chapter 5.2 Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquids - Equation 1: L=12.46(SPM)/T).
- 10,000 gal per truck; 30,000 gal per rail car
- Assumes vapor control will be rated for 10 mg/L regardless of whether a VCU or a VRU is installed.
- Emission factors from Table 2-3 of the EPA 1995 Protocol for Equipment Leak Emission Rates (EPA 453/R-95-017)
- Total equipment count estimated

Ethanol Truck Loading

Combustion Emissions	Gallons Loaded	Control Efficiency mg/L	Conversion Factor	Emissions (lbs/yr)	Emissions (tons/yr)
NOx	310,000,000	4	8.34E-06	10,342	5.17
CO	310,000,000	10	8.34E-06	25,854	12.93

Assist Gas f_c 500,000 Btu/hr
 490.20 cf/hr
 4,294,118 cf/yr @8,760 hr/yr
 4.29 MMCF/yr
 30% from truck loading, 70% from rail loading

Ethanol Rail Loading

Combustion Emissions	Gallons Loaded	Control Efficiency mg/L	Conversion Factor	Emissions (lbs/yr)	Emissions (tons/yr)
NOx	310,500,000	4	8.34E-06	10,358	5.18
CO	310,500,000	10	8.34E-06	25,896	12.95

Assist Gas Emissions	Emission Factor, lb/MMCF	Total Potential Emissions, lb/yr	Truck Loading Emissions, ton/yr	Rail Loading Emissions, ton/yr
PM10	1.9	8.16	0.0012	0.0029
SO2	0.6	2.58	0.0004	0.0009
NOx	100	429.41	0.0644	0.1503
VOC	5.5	23.62	0.0035	0.0083
CO	84	360.71	0.0541	0.1262

- VOC Emissions calculated from EPA's AP-42 method (Chapter 5.2 Transportation and Marketing of Petroleum Liquids - Equation 1: L=12.46(SPM)/T).
- Control efficiency for vapor collection unit is 98.7% - per AP-42 Chapter 5.2.
- Control efficiency for VCU is 98%

AP-42 Section 1.4

HAP Summary

	PTE VOC (lb/yr)	2,2,4-TMP (wt%) (lb/yr)	Benzene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Biphenyl (wt%) (lb/yr)	Cresol (wt%) (lb/yr)	Cumene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Ethylbenzene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Hexane (wt%) (lb/yr)	MTBE (wt%) (lb/yr)	Naphthalene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Phenol (wt%) (lb/yr)	Styrene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Toluene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Xylenes (wt%) (lb/yr)	HAPs (lb/yr)	HAPs (tons/yr)
Truck Rack Fugitives	4,430.63	2.11	1.39	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.14	9.81	0.66	0.001	0.000	0.20	1.87	0.52	16.73	0.01
Rail Rack Fugitives	10,724.62	5.11	3.35	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.34	23.74	1.61	0.003	0.001	0.47	4.52	1.26	40.49	0.02
Piping Fugitives	1,494.81	0.71	0.47	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.05	3.31	0.22	0.000	0.000	0.07	0.63	0.18	5.64	0.003
Total	16,650.06	7.94	5.21	0.00	0.01	0.13	0.53	36.86	2.50	0.00	0.00	0.73	7.01	1.96	62.87	0.03

SOURCES TO BE ADDED																			
Ethanol, Distillate Transmix or Gasoline Tank No.	Tank VOC Emissions (lbs/yr)	Tank VOC Emissions (tons/yr)	Roof Landing VOC Emissions (tons/yr)	VOC Emissions (tons/yr)	2,2,4-TMP (wt%) (lb/yr)	Benzene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Biphenyl (wt%) (lb/yr)	Cresol (wt%) (lb/yr)	Cumene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Ethylbenzene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Hexane (wt%) (lb/yr)	MTBE (wt%) (lb/yr)	Naphthalene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Phenol (wt%) (lb/yr)	Styrene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Toluene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Xylenes (wt%) (lb/yr)	HAPs Emissions (lbs/yr)	HAPs Emissions (tons/yr)
D-2	9,796	4.90	2.41	7.30	139.25	91.37	0.03	0.09	2.29	9.22	646.86	43.83	0.08	0.02	12.88	123.03	34.33	1103.28	0.55
D-3	9,796	4.90	2.41	7.30	139.25	91.37	0.03	0.09	2.29	9.22	646.86	43.83	0.08	0.02	12.88	123.03	34.33	1103.29	0.55
				14.61	278.50	182.73	0.06	0.19	4.57	18.45	1293.72	87.66	0.16	0.03	25.76	246.06	68.67	2206.57	1.10

SOURCES TO BE REMOVED (EMISSIONS BANKED)																			
Transmix Tank No.	Tank VOC Emissions (lbs/yr)	Tank VOC Emissions (tons/yr)	Roof Landing VOC Emissions (tons/yr)	VOC Emissions (tons/yr)	2,2,4-TMP (wt%) (lb/yr)	Benzene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Biphenyl (wt%) (lb/yr)	Cresol (wt%) (lb/yr)	Cumene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Ethylbenzene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Hexane (wt%) (lb/yr)	MTBE (wt%) (lb/yr)	Naphthalene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Phenol (wt%) (lb/yr)	Styrene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Toluene (wt%) (lb/yr)	Xylenes (wt%) (lb/yr)	HAPs Emissions (lbs/yr)	HAPs Emissions (tons/yr)
41 (TRX)	3,660	1.83	0.00	1.83	34.89	22.89	0.01	0.02	0.57	2.31	162.05	10.98	0.02	0.00	3.23	30.82	8.60	276.39	0.14
89	5,760	2.88	0.09	2.97	56.65	37.17	0.01	0.04	0.93	3.75	263.16	17.83	0.03	0.01	5.24	50.05	13.97	448.85	0.22

NET EMISSION CHANGE				VOCs	2,2,4-TMP	Benzene	Biphenyl	Cresol	Cumene	Ethylbenzene	Hexane	MTBE	Naphthalene	Phenol	Styrene	Toluene	Xylenes	Total HAPS	
TOTAL (lbs/yr)				19,616	186.97	122.67	0.04	0.13	3.07	12.38	868.50	58.85	0.11	0.02	17.30	165.19	46.10	1,481	
TOTAL (tons/yr)				9.81	0.09	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.43	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.08	0.02	0.74	

Notes:

1. Roof Landing VOC Emissions calculated from AP-42, Section 7.3.1.2.2 Roof Landings (2006).
2. VOC Emissions calculated from TANKS 4.0.9d
3. Concentration of HAPs determined from API Publication 1673 Table 3-1 (1998) and Radian (1995).

DETERMINING PRODUCT EVAPORATION LOSSES FROM TANK TURNS**FACILITY INFORMATION**

facility number, (dimensionless)	5
facility name, (dimensionless)	Hammond, IN

TANK AND OPERATIONAL PARAMETERS

tank number	New
diameter, D (ft)	180
number of days standing idle, n_d (days)	3
tank type:	
cone bottom (sloped down to center)	1
flat bottom (including those sloped up to sides)	
bottom slope, s (in/ft)	0.25
tank color	6
paint condition	1
elevation of fill/empty line, h_e (in)	NA
height of floating roof deck, h_d (ft)	1

effective stock liquid height, hle (ft)	0.000
vapor space outage Hvo(ft)	1.0
volume of liquid under floating roof (barrels)	5500.000
volume of liquid under floating roof (gallons)	231000.00
volume of vapor space, V_v (ft ³)	30884.70
solar absorptance, a (dimensionless)	0.17

METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS

daily maximum ambient temperature, T_{ax} (°F)	58.7
daily minimum ambient temperature, T_{am} (°F)	39.7
daily total solar insolation, I (Btu/ft ² day)	1215
average ambient temperature, T_a (°R)	508.9
daily temperature range, δT_a (°R/day)	19.0
stock liquid surface temperature, T_{la} (°R)	510.1
stock liquid surface temperature, T_{la} (°F)	50.4
vapor space temperature range, δT_v (°R/day)	19.5

STOCK PROPERTIES

stock number	2
stock name	Motor Gasoline
stock Reid vapor pressure, RVP	#REF!
stock ASTM-D86 distillation slope at 10 vol% evap., S	3.0
stock true vapor pressure, P (psia)	5.282
stock vapor molecular weight, M_v (lb/lb-mole)	64
density of condensed vapor stock, W_v (lb/ft ³)	0.06176
vapor space expansion factor, K_E (day ⁻¹)	0.1452

SATURATION FACTORS

standing idle saturation factor, K_{sb} (dimensionless)	0.781271258
refilling saturation factor, K_{sf} (dimensionless)	0.5

ROOF LANDING EVAPORATION LOSSES

standing idle losses, L_s (lb)	650.78
filling losses, L_f (lb)	953.78
total losses, L_t (lb)	1604.56
roof landings per year, RL (no./yr)	3
total losses per year, L_{ta} (lb/yr)	4813.68
total losses per year, L_{ton} (ton/yr)	2.41

DETERMINING PRODUCT EVAPORATION LOSSES FROM TANK TURNS				
FACILITY INFORMATION				
facility number, (dimensionless)	5	select facility number from table 4 on met data sheet		
facility name, (dimensionless)	Hammond, IN			
TANK AND OPERATIONAL PARAMETERS				
tank number	41			
diameter, D (ft)	63			
number of days standing idle, n_d (days)	2			
tank type:				
cone bottom (sloped down to center)	1	typical for pipeline facilities		
flat bottom (including those sloped up to sides)		typical for marketing terminals		
bottom slope, s (in/ft)	0.25	0.25 in/ft for cone bottom, 0.0 in/ft for flat bottom		
tank color	6	(1=spec alum, 2=dif alum, 3=lt gray, 4=med gray, 5=red, 6=white)		
paint condition	1	(1=good, 2=poor)		
elevation of fill/empty line, h_e (in)	NA	not applicable for cone bottom, 12 in. for flat bottom		
height of floating roof deck, h_d (ft)	3	if not known use 3 feet		
effective stock liquid height, h_{le} (ft)	0.000			
vapor space outage H_{vo} (ft)	3.0			
volume of liquid under floating roof (barrels)	#####			
volume of liquid under floating roof (gallons)	#####			
volume of vapor space, V_v (ft ³)	#####			
solar absorptance, a (dimensionless)	0.17			
METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS				
daily maximum ambient temperature, T_{ax} (°F)	58.7			
daily minimum ambient temperature, T_{am} (°F)	39.7			
daily total solar insolation, I (Btu/ft ² day)	1215			
average ambient temperature, T_a (°R)	508.9			
daily temperature range, δT_a (°R/day)	19.0			
stock liquid surface temperature, T_{la} (°R)	510.1			
stock liquid surface temperature, T_{la} (°F)	50.4			
vapor space temperature range, δT_v (°R/day)	19.5			
STOCK PROPERTIES				
stock number	3	select stock number from table 5 on stock data sheet		
stock name	Motor Gasoline			
stock Reid vapor pressure, RVP	7.4	A= 11.82	B= 5460	
stock ASTM-D86 distillation slope at 10 vol%	3.0			
stock true vapor pressure, P (psia)	3.042	2.9	This second value is from stock data table. It is for comparison only.	
stock vapor molecular weight, M_v (lb/lb-mol)	68			
density of condensed vapor stock, W_v (lb/ft ³)	0.03780			
vapor space expansion factor, K_E (day ⁻¹)	0.0915			
SATURATION FACTORS				
standing idle saturation factor, K_{sb} (dimensionless)	0.67397			
refilling saturation factor, K_{sf} (dimensionless)	0.5	Cone down bottom, empty tank		
		All others, $K_{sf}=K_{sb}$		
ROOF LANDING EVAPORATION LOSSES				
standing idle losses, L_s (lb)	50.09			
filling losses, L_f (lb)	202.69			
total losses, L_t (lb)	252.78			
roof landings per year, RL (no./yr)	0			
total losses per year, L_{ta} (lb/yr)				
total losses per year, L_{ton} (ton/yr)	0.00			

DETERMINING PRODUCT EVAPORATION LOSSES FROM TANK TURNS				
FACILITY INFORMATION				
facility number, (dimensionless)	5	select facility number from table 4 on met data sheet		
facility name, (dimensionless)	Hammond, IN			
TANK AND OPERATIONAL PARAMETERS				
tank number	89			
diameter, D (ft)	63			
number of days standing idle, n_d (days)	2			
tank type:				
cone bottom (sloped down to center)	1	typical for pipeline facilities		
flat bottom (including those sloped up to sides)		typical for marketing terminals		
bottom slope, s (in/ft)	0.25	0.25 in/ft for cone bottom, 0.0 in/ft for flat bottom		
tank color	6	(1=spec alum, 2=dif alum, 3=lt gray, 4=med gray, 5=red, 6=white)		
paint condition	1	(1=good, 2=poor)		
elevation of fill/empty line, h_e (in)	NA	not applicable for cone bottom, 12 in. for flat bottom		
height of floating roof deck, h_d (ft)	3	if not known use 3 feet		
effective stock liquid height, h_{le} (ft)	0.000			
vapor space outage H_{vo} (ft)	3.0			
volume of liquid under floating roof (barrels)	#####			
volume of liquid under floating roof (gallons)	#####			
volume of vapor space, V_v (ft ³)	9035.18			
solar absorptance, a (dimensionless)	0.17			
METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS				
daily maximum ambient temperature, T_{ax} (°F)	58.7			
daily minimum ambient temperature, T_{am} (°F)	39.7			
daily total solar insolation, I (Btu/ft ² day)	1215			
average ambient temperature, T_a (°R)	508.9			
daily temperature range, δT_a (°R/day)	19.0			
stock liquid surface temperature, T_{la} (°R)	510.1			
stock liquid surface temperature, T_{la} (°F)	50.4			
vapor space temperature range, δT_v (°R/day)	19.5			
STOCK PROPERTIES				
stock number	2	select stock number from table 5 on stock data sheet		
stock name	Motor Gasoline			
stock Reid vapor pressure, RVP	12	A= 11.67	B= 5103	
stock ASTM-D86 distillation slope at 10 vol%	3.0			
stock true vapor pressure, P (psia)	5.282	5.2	This second value is from stock data table. It is for comparison only.	
stock vapor molecular weight, M_v (lb/lb-mol)	64			
density of condensed vapor stock, W_v (lb/ft ³)	0.06176			
vapor space expansion factor, K_E (day ⁻¹)	0.1452			
SATURATION FACTORS				
standing idle saturation factor, K_{sb} (dimensionless)	0.54351			
refilling saturation factor, K_{sf} (dimensionless)	0.5	Cone down bottom, empty tank		
		All others, $K_{sf}=K_{sb}$		
ROOF LANDING EVAPORATION LOSSES				
standing idle losses, L_s (lb)	88.30			
filling losses, L_f (lb)	279.02			
total losses, L_t (lb)	367.32	Potential Emissions		
roof landings per year, RL (no./yr)	0.5	15		
total losses per year, L_{ta} (lb/yr)	183.66	#####		
total losses per year, L_{ton} (ton/yr)	0.09	2.75		

API Document 2518 - Evaporative Losses from Fixed Roof Tanks					
Meteorological Data for Selected U.S. Locations					
	Buckeye	Nearest	Annual Average		
Number	Facility	Location	T_{ax} ($^{\circ}$ F)	T_{an} ($^{\circ}$ F)	I (Btu/ft ² day)
1	East Hartford, CT	Providence, RI	59.3	41.2	1112
2	New Haven, CT	Providence, RI	59.3	41.2	1112
3	Miami Airport, FL	Savannah, GA	76.7	55.1	1365
4	Clermont, IN	Indianapolis, IN	62.0	42.2	1165
5	Hammond, IN	Chicago, IL	58.7	39.7	1215
6	Griffith, IN	Chicago, IL	58.7	39.7	1215
7	Huntington, IN	Indianapolis, IN	62.0	42.2	1165
8	Ludlow, MA	Providence, RI	59.3	41.2	1112
9	Springfield, MA	Providence, RI	59.3	41.2	1112
10	Dearborn, MI	Detroit, MI	58.2	38.9	1120
11	Detroit, MI	Detroit, MI	58.2	38.9	1120
12	Novi, MI	Detroit, MI	58.2	38.9	1120
13	Owosso, MI	Detroit, MI	58.2	38.9	1120
14	Woodhaven, MI	Detroit, MI	58.2	38.9	1120
15	Linden, NJ	Newark, NJ	62.5	45.9	1165
16	Newark Airport, NJ	Newark, NJ	62.5	45.9	1165
17	Auburn, NY	Buffalo, NY	55.8	39.3	1034
18	Brewerton, NY	Buffalo, NY	55.8	39.3	1034
19	Inwood, NY	New York, NY	61.0	47.5	1171
20	JFK Airport, NY	New York, NY	61.0	47.5	1171
21	Long Island City, NY	New York, NY	61.0	47.5	1171
22	Marcy, NY	Buffalo, NY	55.8	39.3	1034
23	Rochester, NY	Buffalo, NY	55.8	39.3	1034
24	Syracuse, NY	Buffalo, NY	55.8	39.3	1034
25	Utica, NY	Buffalo, NY	55.8	39.3	1034
26	Vanburen, NY	Buffalo, NY	55.8	39.3	1034
27	Verona, NY	Buffalo, NY	55.8	39.3	1034
28	Vestal, NY	Buffalo, NY	55.8	39.3	1034
29	Booth, PA	Philadelphia, PA	63.4	45.1	1169
30	Chelsea, PA	Philadelphia, PA	63.4	45.1	1169
31	Coraopolis, PA	Pittsburgh, PA	59.9	40.7	1069
32	Dupont, PA	Philadelphia, PA	63.4	45.1	1169
33	Fullerton, PA	Philadelphia, PA	63.4	45.1	1169
34	Indianola, PA	Pittsburgh, PA	59.9	40.7	1069
35	Inglenuok, PA	Philadelphia, PA	63.4	45.1	1169
36	Macungie, PA	Allentown, PA	60.8	41.2	1138
37	Pittsburgh, PA	Pittsburgh, PA	59.9	40.7	1069
38	Cincinnati	Dayton, OH	61.5	41.9	1249
39	Cleveland, OH	Cleveland, OH	58.5	40.7	1091
40	Lima, OH	Mansfield, OH	58.7	40.3	1123
41	Mantua, OH	Cleveland, OH	58.5	40.7	1091
42	Toledo, OH	Toledo, OH	58.8	38.3	1133

Solar Absorptance (α) for Selected Paints				
Determining Product Evaporation Losses from Tank Turnovers				
API Document				
			Paint Factors (α)	
Paint No.	Paint Color	Paint Shade	Good	Poor
1	Aluminum	Specular	0.39	0.49
2	Aluminum	Diffuse	0.60	0.68
3	Gray	Light	0.54	0.63
4	Gray	Medium	0.68	0.74
5	Red	Primer	0.89	0.91
6	White	N/A	0.17	0.34

Stock	Stock	RVP	M_v^1	A	B	True Vapor Pressure, P (psia), at Selected Temperatures, T_L (°F)											Distillation
Number	Name	lb/in ²	lb/lb mole	dim'less	dim'less	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	slope
1	Motor Gasoline	13.8	62	11.644	5043.6	4.7	5.2	5.8	6.4	7.0	7.7	8.4	9.2	10.0	10.9	11.9	3
2	Motor Gasoline	12.0	64	11.644	5043.6	4.3		5.2		6.4		7.7		9.1		10.9	3
3	Motor Gasoline	7.4	68	11.833	5500.6	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.7	5.2	5.7	6.2	3
4	Ethanol	7.0	46	8.321	1718.2	0.2		0.4		0.6		0.9		1.2		2.3	2
5	Jet Naphtha (JP-4) ³	2.7	80	11.368	5784.3	0.82	0.92	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5
6	Jet Kerosene (JP-8 & Jet A)	0.029	130	12.390	8933.0	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.010	0.012	0.013	0.016	0.018	0.021	0.001
7	Distillate Fuel Oil No. 2 ²	0.022	130	12.101	8907.0	0.003	0.004	0.005	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.009	0.011	0.012	0.014	0.017	0.001
						7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Source: [1] U.S. EPA Report AP-42, Fifth Edition, Supplement A, Table 7.1-2, except:																	
[2] from the EPA 114 survey of petroleum refineries.																	
[3] API 2518 Table 6																	



INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

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Thomas W. Easterly
Commissioner

100 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204
(317) 232-8603
Toll Free (800) 451-6027
www.idem.IN.gov

SENT VIA U.S. MAIL: CONFIRMED DELIVERY AND SIGNATURE REQUESTED

TO: Richard Raiders
Buckeye Terminals, LLC
5 TEK Pk, 9999 Hamilton Blvd
Breinigsville, PA 18031

DATE: June 14, 2011

FROM: Matt Stuckey, Branch Chief
Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

SUBJECT: Final Decision
Title V
089-30229-00239

Enclosed is the final decision and supporting materials for the air permit application referenced above. Please note that this packet contains the original, signed, permit documents.

The final decision is being sent to you because our records indicate that you are the contact person for this application. However, if you are not the appropriate person within your company to receive this document, please forward it to the correct person.

A copy of the final decision and supporting materials has also been sent via standard mail to:
OAQ Permits Branch Interested Parties List

If you have technical questions regarding the enclosed documents, please contact the Office of Air Quality, Permits Branch at (317) 233-0178, or toll-free at 1-800-451-6027 (ext. 3-0178), and ask to speak to the permit reviewer who prepared the permit. If you think you have received this document in error, please contact Joanne Smiddie-Brush of my staff at 1-800-451-6027 (ext 3-0185), or via e-mail at jbrush@idem.IN.gov.

Final Applicant Cover letter.dot 11/30/07



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June 14, 2011

TO: Hammond Public Library

From: Matthew Stuckey, Branch Chief
Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

Subject: **Important Information for Display Regarding a Final Determination**

Applicant Name: Buckeye Terminals LLC
Permit Number: 089-30229-00239

You previously received information to make available to the public during the public comment period of a draft permit. Enclosed is a copy of the final decision and supporting materials for the same project. Please place the enclosed information along with the information you previously received. To ensure that your patrons have ample opportunity to review the enclosed permit, **we ask that you retain this document for at least 60 days.**

The applicant is responsible for placing a copy of the application in your library. If the permit application is not on file, or if you have any questions concerning this public review process, please contact Joanne Smiddie-Brush, OAQ Permits Administration Section at 1-800-451-6027, extension 3-0185.

Enclosures
Final Library.dot 11/30/07



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Indianapolis, Indiana 46204
(317) 232-8603
Toll Free (800) 451-6027
www.idem.IN.gov

TO: Interested Parties / Applicant

DATE: June 14, 2011

RE: Buckeye Terminals LLC / 089-30229-00239

FROM: Matthew Stuckey, Branch Chief
Permits Branch
Office of Air Quality

In order to conserve paper and reduce postage costs, IDEM's Office of Air Quality is now sending many permit decisions on CDs in Adobe PDF format. The enclosed CD contains information regarding the company named above.

This permit is also available on the IDEM website at:
<http://www.in.gov/ai/appfiles/idem-caats/>

If you would like to request a paper copy of the permit document, please contact IDEM's central file room at:

Indiana Government Center North, Room 1201
100 North Senate Avenue, MC 50-07
Indianapolis, IN 46204
Phone: 1-800-451-6027 (ext. 4-0965)
Fax (317) 232-8659

Please Note: *If you feel you have received this information in error, or would like to be removed from the Air Permits mailing list, please contact Patricia Pear with the Air Permits Administration Section at 1-800-451-6027, ext. 3-6875 or via e-mail at PPEAR@IDEM.IN.GOV.*

Enclosures
CD Memo.dot 11/14/08

Mail Code 61-53

IDEM Staff	CDENNY 6/14/2011 Buckeye Terminals, LLC 089-30229-00239 (final)		CERTIFICATE OF MAILING ONLY	AFFIX STAMP HERE IF USED AS CERTIFICATE OF MAILING
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1		Richard Raiders Buckeye Terminals, LLC 5 TEK Pk, 9999 Hamilton Blvd Breinigsville PA 18031 (Source CAATS)										
2		Jeremiah Ashcroft VP, Field Ops Buckeye Terminals, LLC 5 TEK Pk, 9999 Hamilton Blvd Breinigsville PA 18031 (RO CAATS)										
3		East Chicago City Council 4525 Indianapolis Blvd East Chicago IN 46312 (Local Official)										
4		Gary - Hobart Water Corp 650 Madison St, P.O. Box M486 Gary IN 46401-0486 (Affected Party)										
5		Lake County Health Department-Gary 1145 W. 5th Ave Gary IN 46402-1795 (Health Department)										
6		WJOB / WZVN Radio 6405 Olcott Ave Hammond IN 46320 (Affected Party)										
7		Hammond City Council and Mayors Office 5925 Calumet Avenue Hammond IN 46320 (Local Official)										
8		Hammond Public Library 564 State St Hammond IN 46320-1532 (Library)										
9		Laurence A. McHugh Barnes & Thornburg 100 North Michigan South Bend IN 46601-1632 (Affected Party)										
10		Shawn Sobocinski 3229 E. Atlanta Court Portage IN 46368 (Affected Party)										
11		Ms. Carolyn Marsh Lake Michigan Calumet Advisory Council 1804 Oliver St Whiting IN 46394-1725 (Affected Party)										
12		Mark Coleman 9 Locust Place Ogden Dunes IN 46368 (Affected Party)										
13		Mr. Chris Hernandez Pipefitters Association, Local Union 597 8762 Louisiana St., Suite G Merrillville IN 46410 (Affected Party)										
14		Craig Hogarth 7901 West Morris Street Indianapolis IN 46231 (Affected Party)										
15		Lake County Commissioners 2293 N. Main St, Building A 3rd Floor Crown Point IN 46307 (Local Official)										

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1		Anthony 2006 E. 140th Street East Chicago IN 46312 (Affected Party)										
2		Barbara G. Perez 506 Lilac Street East Chicago IN 46312 (Affected Party)										
3		Mr. Robert Garcia 3733 Parrish Avenue East Chicago IN 46312 (Affected Party)										
4		Ms. Karen Kroczek 8212 Madison Ave Munster IN 46321-1627 (Affected Party)										
5		Calumet Township Trustee 31 E 5th Avenue Gary IN 46402 (Affected Party)										
6		Joseph Hero 11723 S Oakridge Drive St. John IN 46373 (Affected Party)										
7		Gary City Council 401 Broadway # 209 Gary IN 46402 (Local Official)										
8		Ron Novak Hammond Dept. of Environmental Management 5925 Calumnet Ave. Hammond IN 46320 (Local Official)										
9		Mr. Larry Davis 268 South, 600 West Hebron IN 46341 (Affected Party)										
10		Gitte Laasby Post Tribune 1433 E. 83rd Ave Merrillville IN 46410 (Affected Party)										
11		Susan Severtson City of Gary Law Dept. 401 Broadway 4th Floor Gary IN 46402 (Local Official)										
12		Mark Zeltwanger 26545 CR 52 Nappanee IN 46550 (Affected Party)										
13												
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